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GENEALOGY COLLECTION









## PEERAGE

OF

## SCOTLAND:

A

Genealogical and Historical Account

PEERS of that ANCIENT KINGDOM;

THEIR

Descents, Collateral Branches, Births,
Marriages, and Issue.

TOGETHER WITH

A Like ACCOUNT of all the

## ATTAINTED PEERS;

ANDA

COMPLETE ALPHABETICAL LIST

### NOBLES OF SCOTLAND,

Whole TITLES are EXTINCT.

COLLECTED FROM

Parliament Rolls, Records, Family Documents, and the Personal Information of Many NOBLE PEERS.

#### ALSO THE

PATERNAL COATS of ARMS, CRESTS, SUPPORTERS, and MOTTOES, most elegantly engraved.

P34a

#### L O N D O N:

Printed for J. Almon, opposite Burlington-House in Piccadilly; T. Cadell, in the Strand; R. Baldwin, S. Crowder, Robinson and Roberts, S. Bladon, and Johnson and Daverport, in Pater-noster-Row.

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# PREFACE.

THE nobility of Scotland yield to no other in Europe, for antiquity, illustrious actions in peace and war, and that patriotism they have displayed from the earliest ages. From the old form of their government, they were many of them a kind of fovereign lords, as well as from the nature of the country, its division into clans, the smallness of their number, and consequently the large extent of their possessions. They were so great a bar to, and so jealous of the encroachments of their monarchs, that even in peaceable times they had a watchful eye upon all their actions. frequent contests with England, we view them performing the most heroic exploits, and bringing into the field numerous armies of vaffals, whom they directed even with an absolute sway. In proportion as the manners of their country were refined, arts and sciences flourished, and the feudal fystem was departed from; though their dangerous influence was abridged, yet we fee them the support of the throne, and the protectors of the people; and the clearness of their redigrees, few of them supported by fanciful descents, will prove the noble blood that fills the veins of the present illustrious nobility, to whom the united kingdom is so much indebted in politics, in arts and arms.

It is ftrange that so many years elapsed after the union, when they became a part of the second legislative order of Great Britain, before any thing like an authentic account of these illustrious families were offered for the gratification of the public curiosity, which is so naturally directed to such a subject. Those published in Scotland were prolix, confused and erroneous;

### PREFACE.

and the only piece of any reputation in England, for extremely defective and faulty, as even to fcandalize the authors.

AT length the Peerage of the indefatigable and judicious Douglas appeared, but with all the difadvantages of prolixity, and a large price, fo that few, fave perfons of fortune, could purchase it. This rather increased than abated the desire of the editors of the present work, as it afforded them satisfaction in many particulars which otherwise they could not have obtained, and they therefore gratefully return thanks to the author for his truly valuable production, which nevertheless, in another edition, must undergo a thorough revisal.

They profess to have given, in the ensuing pages, the clearest, most authentic, and best digested account of the noble families of Scotland hitherto published in these kingdoms; and, by omitting unnecessary digressions and oltentatious quotations from histories and biographical memoirs, which only serve to increase the expence, without contributing to the purpose of such a work, have exhibited their genealogies clear and explicit; so that every collateral branch is seen with great facility and exactness, and sew, even of the gentry of Scotland, who have intermarried with the nobility, but may here discover by what degree of consanguinity they are allied.

They have nothing further to offer by way of preface, but to wish the public may survey their labours with that candour and indulgence their industry and assiduity will be found to deserve.

Any mistakes (which must arise merely from the fallibility of human endeavours) that may be discovered by the purchasers, upon notice being sent of them to the publisher, Mr. Almon, in Piccadilly, will be rectified in the next edition.





Hamilton Duke of Hamil







Gordon Duke of Gordon



























Hay Earl of Errol



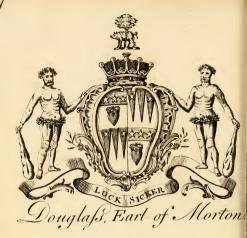
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Poningham, Earl of Glencairn.



Montgomery, Earl Eglintoun.



















Hamilton Earl of Abercorn



Erskine Earl of Helly

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29 Stuart, Earl of Galloway .



30 Hamilton, Earl of Haddington.



31 Maitland, Earl of Lauderdale.



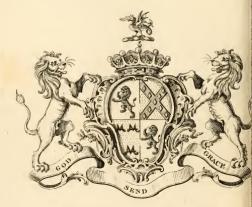
62 Campbell, Earl of Loudon.



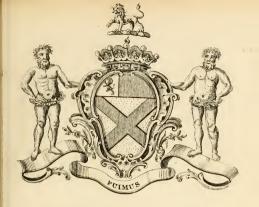
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88 Hay, Earl of Kinnoul.



34 Crighton , Earl of Dumfries & Stair



35 Bruce, Earl of Elgin .



of Ramfey, Earl of Dalhousie.



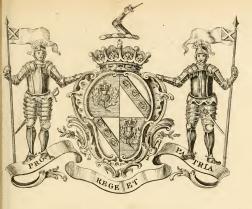




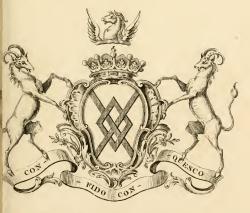
37 Stenart Earl of Traquair



88 Ogilov, Earl of Findlater.



30 Lefley , Earl of Leven .



40 Talmash , Earl of Dysert .



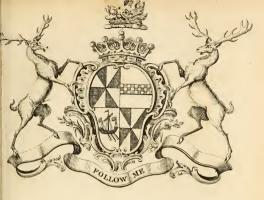




45 Gordon , Earl of Aboyn .



46 Cockran, Earl of Dundonald.



47 Campbell, Earl of Breadalbane.



48 Gordon, Earl of Aberdeen.



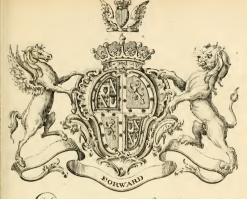




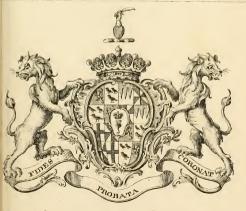
19 Murray, Earl of Dunmore.



so Obrien, Count. of Orkney.



51 Douglas, Earl of March.



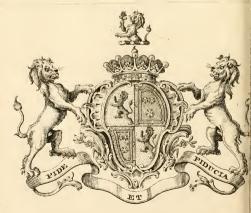
52 Hume, Earl of Marchmont.







58 Carmichael,Earl of Hyndford.



54 Primrose, Earl of Proseberry.



ss Boyle, Earl of Glasgow.



so Stuart Earl of Bute.







57 Hope, Earl of Hopton.



58 Collier, Earl of Portmore.



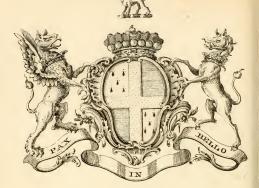
50 Scot, Earl of Deloraine.



60 Carey , Vifc ! Falkland .







os Osborne, Vifc. Dumblain.



66 Borthwick, Lord Borthwick.



of Forbes, Lord Forbes.



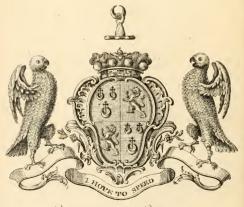
68 Fraser, Lord Saltoun.







o, Gray,Lord Gray.



70 Catheart, Lord Catheart.



71 Somerville, Lord Somerville.



72 Sempill, Lord Sempill







41 Douglas, Earl of Selkirk.



42 Carnegy, Earl of Northefk .



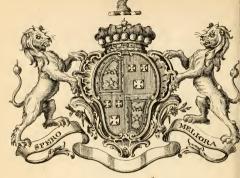
43 Lindfay, Earl of Balcarras.



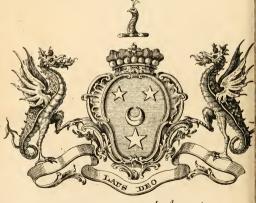
4 Alexander, Earl of Stirling.







or Murray, Vife. t Stormont.



02 Arbuthnot Vifc. Arbuthnot.



63 Macgill, Vifc. O. venford.



64 Ingram, Vifc. Grnin.



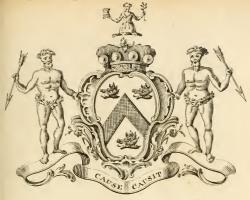




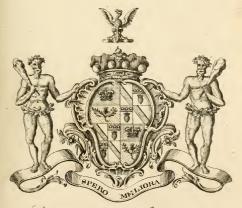
73 Douglas, Lord Mordington.



Oliphant,Lord Oliphant.



75 Elphinston, Lord Elphinston.



Sandilands, Lord Torphichen.









Napier Lord Napier





Fairfax Lord Fairfax

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Mackay Lord Rac











Falconer, Lord Halkertoun.



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Bellenden Lord Bellenden



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THE

## P E E R A G E

O F

## SCOTLAND.

## D U K E S.

## HAMILTON, Duke of HAMILTON.

HIS antient and illustrious family is descended for the earls of Leicester, in England.

The first of this name on record is Sir

The first of this name on record is Sir William de Hambleden, or Hambleton, in the county of Bucks in England, of which manor he was possessed, who was third fon of Robert third earl of Leicester, descended from

the earl of Mellent in Normandy, who came into England with William the Conqueror; for Robert de Bellamont, after the death of his uncle, Hugh earl of Mellent, was by king Henry I. of England, created earl of Leicefter in 1103, and was the first earl of Leicefter after the conquest. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Hugh the Great, earl of Vermandois, a younger son of Henry I. king of France, and by her had, amongst other children,

Robert, fecond earl of Leicester, who in the year 1118 succeeded his father, and was also chief justiciary of England. He married Amicia, daughter of Ralph de Guader, earl of

Norfolk, and by her had a fon,

Robert Bellamont, who in the year 1168, became the third earl of Leicester; and marrying Petronella, daughter and heir of Hugh de Grandmefnil, with her had the honour of Hinkley in the county of Leicester, and was high fleward of B

England in fuccession to his father-in-law; they had iffue Robert, the fourth earl of Leicester, whose iffue is long fince extinct,

Sir William de Hambleden above-mentioned, and Roger

archbishop of St. Andrews, chancellor of Scotland.

This Sir William was born at the manor of Hambleton, in Buckinghamfhire, from whence he affumed his firname; and coming into Scotland, in the year 1215, was well received by king Alexander II. who conferred many favours upon him. He married Mary, daughter and heir of Gilbert, earl of Stra-

thern, by whom he had a fon,

Sir Gübert, from whom all the Hamiltons, in Scotland, are defeended. He was a man of valour and prowefs, was in great favour with king Alexander III. and marrying Ifabel, daughter of Sir James Randolph, fifter of Thomas earl of Murray, governor of Scotland, by her had two fons, Walter his heir, and Sir John Hamilton of Roffaven, anceftor of the families of Fingaltom and Preston, from whom branched the Hamiltons of Mount-Hamilton, in Ireland.

Sir Walter, who succeeded, was a man of great fame and character; and in the 9th of Robert I. for his merit and service had a grant of the baronies of Hamilton, &c. &c. and was knighted. In 1324, king Robert bestowed on him the lands of Kenneil, &c. &c. He married Mary, daughter of Adam, lord Gordon, and had issue by her two sons &ir David and John, from whom are descended the Hamiltons of Innerwick, the earls of Haddington, and the Hamiltons of Priest-

field, Redhouse, &c.

Sir David succeeded his father, served king David Bruce in his wars against the English, and was taken prisoner with him, at the battle of Durham, in the year 1346. He married Margaret, daughter of Walter Lesly, earl of Ross, by Euphemia his wife, daughter and heir of William earl of

Rofs, and by her had iffue,

Sir David, who was knighted by Robert II. He married Janet, daughter and heir of Sir William Keith, of Galfton, in Airfhire, and by her had five fons, whereof Sir John the cldeft continued the line; from Sir William, the fecond fon, the Hamiltons of Bathgate defcended; from Andrew, the third fon, fprung the Hamiltons of Bruntwood, from whom branched the families of Burnclaugh, Rofehaugh, Pancaitland, Bangour, and Wifhaw. From George, the fourth, the Hamiltons of Boreland, and from David, the fifth, the Hamiltons of Bardowie. His daughter, Elizabeth, was married to Sir Alexander Frazer of Cowie and Dores, anecter of the lord Salton. He died in 1395, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon Sir John lord of Cadzow, who married Janet, daughter of Sir James Douglas of Dalkeith, ancestor of the

earl of Moreton, by whom he had Sir James, his fucceffor; David, anceftor of the Hamiltons of Dalferfe, Blackburn, Allershaw, Ladyland, Green, &c. and Thomas, from whom the earls of Clanbrazil, and the lords Limerick of Ireland, are descended.

Sir John, heir to his father, was fent into England as an hoftage for the ranfom of king James I. and was afterwards knighted by the faid king, and made one of his privy-council; and in 1445 all his lands were erected into a lordthip called Hamilton, by king James II. In 1409, he was joined in commission with John Bishop of Dunkeld, Andrew Abbat of Melrois, and Alexander Livingston of Calender, to negociate with the English a peace between the two nations, which they concluded. Upon the rebellion of the earl of Douglas, he was sent, with the earl of Angus, to command against the rebels, and intirely routed them, for which and other fignal services, he was rewarded with the lands of Drumshargard and Carmonock, and made heritable she iff of Cliddesdale.

He married first Janet, daughter of Sir Alexander Livingfton of Calendar, ancestor of the earls of Linlingow, by whom he had iffue James second lord Hamilton, and three other sons; secondly, Euphemia, daughter of Patrick Graham, earl of Strathern, and widow of Archibald, earl of Douglas, by whom he had one daughter married to David earl of Craw-

ford, afterwards duke of Montrose.

James, fecond lord Hamilton, was in high favour with king James II. and king James III. and in 1474, marrying the princefs Mary, eldeft fifter of that king, and widow of Thomas Boyd earl of Arran, by her had iffue James his fuccessor, and a daughter Elizabeth; who being married to Matthew Stewart earl of Lenox, by him was grandmother of Henry lord Darnley, father of king James VI. the first monarch of Great Britain. He died in November 1479, and was fucceeded by his faid fon James, third lord Hamilton, who was one of the privy-council to king James IV. before he was of age; and was fent into England to negotiate the marriage between that king and the princess Margaret, eldest daughter of king Henry VII. which having concluded, it was folemnized in the most pompous manner; for which the king gave him the county or island of Arran, and created him earl thereof, by patent, dated August 10, 1503.

In 1512, he was fent with a confiderable force to the affiftance of France, and had a penfion for life. In 1520, he was appointed warden of the South Marches, and was regent of

Scotland in the minority of James V.

He married first, Beatrix, daughter of John lord Drummond, by whom he had a daughter, married to Andrew Stew-B 2 art, art, lord Ochiltree. His fecond wife was Janet, daughter of the lord Home, and fifter of Alexander, first earl of Home, who also died without issue. His third wife was Janet, daughter of Sir David Beaton, comptroller of Scotland, by whom he had two sons, James his successor, and Sir John Hamilton of Cliddesdale, whose daughter Margaret married David earl of Douglas; also two daughters, lady Helen, the wife of Archibald the fourth earl of Argyll, and lady Jane, of Alexander, fifth earl of Glencairn. This first earl of Arran died in the year 1530, and was succeeded by James his eldest son; which James, second earl of Arran, was in 1543 declared by the three estates of the kingdom, tutor to the young queen Mary, and regent of the kingdom during her minority, as also declared next immediate heir to the crown, failing the queen, and her lawful issue.

On the 10th of September 1547, he commanded the Scots army at Pinkey-Cleugh, near Muffelburgh, but was defeated by the duke of Somerfet regent of England; the Scots lofing

14,000 flain, and 1500 taken prisoners.

He was afterwards one of the knights of St. Michael, and by Henry II. of France, created duke of Chatelherault in Poitou, to him and his heirs, in the year 1552; but neither he

nor his descendents ever enjoyed the duchy.

This earl, in that great and difficult office of regent, gained the efteem of all the Scots nation; for though he had been declared next heir to the crown, if the queen died without iffue, and protector during her minority, yet he refigned the regency to the queen mother, at the defire of the young queen and parliament; fo that it appeared he was not ambitious of power, except when his fervices might contribute to the profperity of the kingdom, which he generously preferred to his own private interest: but in 1571, for his great adherence to queen Mary, and zeal for her cause, he suffered both imprifonment and forseiture, and died January 22, 1573.

By his wife, the lady Margaret Douglas, daughter of James the third earl of Moreton, he left four fons and four daughters, whereof Barbara the eldest was the wife of James, lord Fleming, lord high chamberlain of Scotland. 2. Lady Anne, the wife of George fish earl of Huntley. 3. Lady Margaret, of Alexander, lord Gordon. And, 4. Lady Jane, of Hugh,

earl of Eglington.

Of the fons, 1. James, third earl, died without issue. 2. Lord John succeeded his brother. 3. Claud, lord Pasely, was ancestor to the earl of Abercorn viscount Strabane in Ireland.

4. Lord David died young.

John, fourth earl of Arran, whose estate and titles were forseited by himself and his sather, to avoid the storm that threatened him, sted into France; and notwithstanding the troubles he met

met with, he ever continued faithful to the queen, and her caufe; of which her majefly was so fensible, that when senence of death was past upon her in England, she took a ring off her finger, and giving it to one of her servants, ordered him to carry it to her cousin John lord Hamilton, and tell him, that was all she had to witness her great sense of his family's constant fidelity, and their sufferings for her interest; and defired it might be kept in the samily, as a lasting evidence of her kindness; and the same is preserved to this day with a grateful regard.

In the reign of James VI. he was reftored to all the titles and estates, lost either by the attainder of himself, or of James earl of Arran his father; and was also made one of his magesty's privy-council, governor of Dumbarton Castle; and in 1509 created marquis of Hamilton, being the first in Scot-

land who bore that title.

He deceased in the year 1604, leaving issue by Margaret, widow of Gilbert the fourth earl of Cassils, and daughter of John the ninth lord Glamis, ancestor of the earl of Strathmore, one fon and one daughter, Margaret, married to John lord Maxwell, elder brother of Robert the first earl of Nithsdale. To him succeeded his fon James, second marquis of Hamilton, who in June 1606, in a parliament held at Edinburgh, had Arbroath, on the coast of Forfarshire, erected into a lordship, with the dignity of a lord of parliament, to be held of his majesty in free barony; and on the 16th of June 1619, the seventeenth of James I. he was created baron of Innerdale in Cumberland, and earl of Cambridge in England; and was also lord steward of his majesty's houshold, high commissioner to the parliament in Scotland, and in 1623, knight of the garter. He married lady Ann Cuninghame, daughter of James earl of Glencairn, by whom he left iffue three fons, the two eldeft of whom were dukes of Hamilton, and the third, lord John, died unmarried. Also three daughters. whereof the lady Ann was married to Hugh earl of Eglington; lady Margaret to John earl of Crauford; and lady Mary to James the second earl of Queensberry.

His lordfhip deceafed on March 3, 1624, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon James, third marquis of Hamilton, who affifted at the coronation of king Charles I. carrying the fiword of flate, and by that prince, for his fidelity to him and fufferings in his fervice, was created duke of Hamilton, April 12, 1643, to him and the heirs male of his body; and failing thereof, to those of his brother the earl of Lanerk, which failing, to the eldest heir semale of his own body, &c. &c. He was in that reign, also, high commissioner to the general affembly of the church, master of the horse, gentleman of his majesty's bed-chamber, privy-counsellor in both kingdoms,

B-3

and knight of the garter; and at the baptism of king Charles II. represented Frederick king of Bohemia, as one of the godfathers; but in 1643, he, and his brother, then earl of Lanerk, waiting upon the king at Oxford, the marquis of Montrose, and others, made complaint to his majesty against them, blaming their conduct in the king's cause in Scotland; and though the informations were groundless, yet the king was so far influenced by their enemies, that the earl was obliged to make his escape to Edinburgh; but the duke was sent prisoner to Bristol, then to Exeter, and after to Pendennis Castle, where he remained till April 1646; after which he was released, and very well received by the king, who excused his imprisonment caused by the advice and persuasion of those who were about his court.

In 1648, he prevailed so far with the Scotch parliament, that it was agreed to raise an army for the king's service, commanded by himself, with which he marched directly into England, was attacked by the parliament forces near Preston, defeated, and taken prisoner. After several months confinement, he was tried before the then high court of justice, and agreeable to their sentence, was beheaded in Palace-yard, Westminster, March 9, 1649, a sew weeks after the king.

He married lady Mary Fielding, daughter of William earl of Denbigh, by Sufannah his wife, fifter of George Villies the great duke of Buckingham; and by her had iffue, three fons and three daughters. The fons, lords Charles, James, and William, died young; as did the eldeft daughter lady Mary; lady Ann lived to be duchefs of Hamilton, of whom hereafter; and lady Sufannah married John the feventh earl of

Cassils. He was succeeded by his brother

William earl of Lanerk, as fecond duke of Hamilton, who was born in December 1616. Which William had been created earl of Lanerk, lord Machandhire and Polmont; and was likewise secretary of state for Scotland. He married Elizabeth, daughter and coheir of James Maxwell, earl of Dirleton, and had issue a son, who died an infant, and four daughters; viz. 1. Lady Ann married to Robert earl of Southesk. 2. Lady Elizabeth first to James lord Kilmaurs, son of the earl of Glencairn, and secondly to Sir David Cuninghame, Bart. 3. Lady Mary, married first to Alexander, earl of Calendar; secondly to Sir James Livingston, Bart. and thirdly to James, earl of Finlater. 4. Lady Margaret, to William Blair, of that llk, in the shire of Air. His grace having raised a troop of horse at his own charge for the service of Charles II. in order to his restoration, in the fatal battle of Worcester on the 3d of September 1651, received a shot in his leg, of which he died, and was buried in the cathedral of Worcester.

Upon the death of this duke without furviving male iffue, the estates and titles descending by the several patents to the heirs general, he was succeeded by his nicce the lady Ann, duchess of Hamilton, eldest furviving daughter of his brother, James duke of Hamilton, who married William Douglas earl of Selkirk, eldest son of William first marquis of Douglas, by his second wife lady Mary Gordon, daughter of George the first marquis of Huntley; and in consequence of this marriage, upon a petition from his duches, he was created duke of Hamilton in 1660, for life, and took that name, and son after was made knight of the garter, and a privy counsellor.

In the reign of king James VII. (the IId of England) he dinary lord of feffion, and alfo a privy counfellor in England; in which offices he continued till 1688, when king James abdicated the throne and government, and upon the prince of Orange's coming over to England, he was chosen by divers Scots nobility and gentry in London to be their president, when they addressed that prince to take upon him the administration of all affairs civil and military. He was chosen president of the convention of estates which settled the crown on that prince, who being crowned, the duke was continued president, and constituted extraordinary lord of session, and high admiral of Scot-

land. His grace deceased in the year 1694.

He had iffue by the faid Ann his duchefs, feven fons and three daughters, viz. 1. James earl of Arran, his successor. 2. Lord William, who died in France without iffue. 3. Charles earl of Selkirk. 4. John earl of Ruglen. 5. George earl of Orkney. 6. Lord Basil, who was drowned in the ford of Minnock, endeavouring to fave his fervant, who had an only daughter, married to Thomas earl of Dundonald. And, 7. Lord Archibald, who was governor of Jamaica, a lord of the admiralty, cofferer to the prince of Wales, surveyor general of the duchy of Cornwal, and a slag officer. He represented the shire of Lanerk in three parliaments, Queenborough in Kent in one, and in 1742, was elected for Dartmouth in Devonshire. He married the lady Jane Hamilton, youngest daughter of James earl of Abercorn; and dying April 6, 1754, left iffue by her (who died in 1752, at Paris) two fons. Of the duke's three daughters, lady Katharine married John duke of Athol; lady Sufanna, first, John earl of Dundonald, and, secondly, Charles marquis of Tweeddale; and lady Margaret, James Maul earl of Panmure. James earl of Arran succeeded his father, and was fourth duke of Hamilton. In the reign of Charles II. he was envoy extraordinary to the court of France, and gentleman of his majesty's bedchamber. When king James VII. came to the crown, he was made master of the wardrobe, knight of the thiftle, and colonel of the royal regiment of horse. After the revolution revolution he was twice sent to the Tower, on suspicion of corresponding with the abdicated king, but was never prosecuted. In the year 1698, he being then earl of Arran only, his mother the duches made a surrender of her titles, and a patent was passed, creating him duke of Hamilton, with the same precedence as if he had succeeded thereto by his mother's death. In 1708, he was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, made lord lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county palatine of Lancasser, ranger of the forests therein, and one of her majesty's privy council.

On 10 September 1711, he was created baron of Dutton, and duke of Brandon in England. But the validity of these English titles was solemnly debated in the house of lords, December 20, 1711, together with that of duke of Dover, conferred on the duke of Queensberry, and the patents for them were declared illegal: As the prerogative could not operate when barred by an act of parliament; as the act of union had made all the peers of Scotland peers of Great Britain, with the same dignities and privileges (except sitting and voting in the house of peers, otherwise than by sixteen representatives) and as, therefore, to admit more than sixteen, was plainly absurd, and contrary to the words of that act or treaty.

In 1712, he was appointed mafter general of the ordnance, and foon after elected a knight of the garter, but was never inftalled; for during the treaty of peace in 1712, he was nominated ambaffador to the French court; but fighting a duel with Charles leved Mohun, they were both killed on Sunday morning, the 15th of November that year. His grace's mother, Anne

the duchess dowager, died at her seat in Lanerkshire, 17 October 1716, aged 80.

James duke of Hamilton, of whom we have been treating, married, first, lady Ann Spencer, daughter of Robert earl of Sunderland, by whom he had two daughters, ladies Ann and Mary, who both died young. His fecond wife was Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Digby lord Gerard of Bromley, by Elizabeth, youngest daughter of Charles Gerard the first earl of Macclesheld, by whom he had iffue three fons and four daughters. 1. Lady Elizabeth, who died young. 2. Lady Katharine died in a week after her father. 3. James marquis of Cliddesdale, who succeeded as duke of Hamilton. 4. Lady Charlotte married to Charles Edwin, Esq; 5. Lord William, who in 1734 was chosen representative for the shire of Lanerk, and died the fame year. He married Ann, daughter and heir of Francis Hawes, receiver general of the customs, and a South-sea director in 1720; after whose death, without iffue, she married William late viscount Vane of Ireland.' 6. Lady Susan married in August 1736, to Anthony Tracy Keck of Great Tew in Oxfordshire, Esq. and died June 3, 1755. 7. Lord Ann, so named

named from queen Ann, who was his godmother, who married Miss Pownel, an heiress, and died on Christmas day 1748,

leaving iffue by her.

James, the eldeft fon, who fucceeded as 5th duke of Hamilton, was, in September 1726, elected a knight of the ancient order of the thiftle, and installed at Holyrood house the following October. In May 1727, he was appointed a gentleman of the bedchamber to king George I. and so continued by king George II. He married first lady Anne, daughter of John Cochran, earl of Dundonald, by whom he had an only fon, Tames, marquis of Cliddefdale. His fecond wife was Elizabeth, daughter and co-heir of Thomas Strangeways of Dorfetthire, Esq; a great fortune, by whom he had no issue. By his third, Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Edward Spencer of Rendilsham in Suffolk, Esq; he had issue a daughter Ann, born in 1739, and two fons, lord Archibald, born 27 July 1740, and lord Spencer in June 1742. His grace dying in March 1742, was fucceeded by his eldeft fon

James, fixth duke of Hamilton, who married, Feb. 14, 1752, Elizabeth, second daughter of John Gunning, Esq; by Bridget, his wife, daughter of John viscount Mayo in Ireland, by whom he had iffue a fon James, marquis of Cliddefdale, born February 18, 1755, lord Douglas, born July the 25th, 1756; and a daughter, lady Elizabeth, born on January 26, 1753; and his grace dying the 17th of January 1758, was succeeded

by his eldeft fon,

James-George, present and seventh duke of Hamilton, who upon the death of Archibald duke of Douglas, without iffue, fucceeded to the titles of marquis of Douglas, earl of Angus, &c. as heir male. His mother the duchess married, secondly, March the 3d, 1759, John marquis of Lorn, eldest fon and heir apparent of the duke of Argyle, by whom he has iffue.

TITLES.] The most noble James Hamilton, duke of Hamilton, Chetelherault and Brandon, marquis of Hamilton, Douglas, and Cliddefdale, earl of Arran, Angus and Lanerk, lord Machanshire, Polmont, and Aberbrothick, baron of Dutton, and hereditary keeper of the king's palace in Edinburgh, called

Holyrood house.

CREATIONS.] Summoned to parliament in 1374, 4. Robert II. Earl of Arran in the county of Bute, 10 August 1503, 15 James IV. Duke of Chatelherault in Poitou in France in 1552. Marquis of Hamilton in the county of Lanerk, 19 April 1599; baron of Aberbrothick, June 1606, marquis of Douglas and earl of Angus, 17 June 1633, and April 18, 1703; earl of the county of Lanerk, lord Machanshire and Polmont, 31 March 1639, duke of Hamilton, 12 April 1643, and baron of Dutton in Cheshire, and duke of Brandon in Suffolk, 10 September 1711, 9 Ann.

ARMs.] Four grand quarters: First quarterly, 1st and 4th

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ruby, three cinquefoils pierced ermine, for Hamilton, being part of the arms of Robert de Bellamont; 2d and 3d pearl, a fhip with its fails furled up, diamond, for the earldom of Aran. The 2d grand quarter is pearl, an human heart imperially crowned proper, on a chief fapphire, three mullets of the field, for the name of Douglas. 3d grand quarter as the 2d, 4th as the first.

CREST.] In a ducal coronet topaz, an oak fructed and penetrated transversly in the main stem, by a frame saw, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two antelopes pearl, their horns, ducal collars, chains and hoofs, topaz.

Motto.] Through.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Hamilton on Clyde in the county of Lanerk, nine miles from Lanerk, and 32 from Edinburgh, being a noble feat, with a fine park, the river Aven running through it.

### SCOT, Duke of BUCCLEUGH.

THE sirname Scot is of great antiquity in Scotland, as appears by many authentic records, traced as far back as the year 1107.

In the reigns of Alexander III. and Robert I. this family of Scot was very powerful on the borders toward England, of

which they were often wardens; and in 1296,

Sir Richard Scot, knight, (who then fwore fealty to king Edward I. of England, as baron of Lanerkshire) marrying the heires of Murdiston in Cliddesdale, by her obtained that barony; and thereupon laid asside his paternal arms, which were argent, three lions heads erased, gules; and took the arms of Murdiston, as borne by the present duke. He was succeeded by Sir Michael Scot, who was of Murdiston and Ranelburn, in the reign of king David Bruce, and lost his life at the unfortunate

battle of Durham, in the year 1346.

His fon Robert performed many actions of honour and courage in the fervice of the crown, and was nobly rewarded by king Robert II. To him fueceeded his fen, Sir Walter, also a faithful fervant of that prince, who gave him the barony of Kirkude, and made him a knight in 1390. He was killed at the battle of Homildon, in the year 1402, and was fucceeded by his son Sir Robert Scot, who died in 1425, and was fucceeded by his son Sir Walter Scot, who died in 1426 obtained from the earl of Douglas a charter of the lands of Lempetlaw, for his fervice done to that earl; and afterwards, in 1446, exchanged his lands of Murdifton, with Thomas Inglis of Maner, for the lands of Broxholm. In the reign of James II. he was frequently employed in negotiations of peace between the two nations; and also exerted his valour to an eminent degree, in suppressing the rebellion of the earls of Douglas, Murray, and Ormond; for

which he had a grant from the crown of the lands of Abington, Pharholm, Glendonory, &c. He left islue three sons, Sir David, his heir, Sir James and Sir Alexander; which Alexander in 1483 was director of the chancery, and was slain with king James III. in the battle of Bannockburn in 1488. In this reign, and that of James IV. Sir David the eldest son, who succeeded his father, made a great figure, and was often a commissioner to manage the several treaties between the two nations. He was one of the Scotch nobles that fat in the parliament held by that prince in 1487, and was then stilled dominus de Buccleugh, which is the first time we hear of that title in the family. He had a daughter Janet, married to Sir James Douglas of Drumlanrig, and one son who died before him; and dying in 1491, was succeeded by

Sir Walter his grandfon, who was famous for his bravery in the reign of king James IV. whose great favourite he was. He accompanied that prince to the unfortunate field of Floddon, and in that battle distinguished himself greatly, but came off alive, and died in 1510. By his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Walter Ker of Cessford, he had a son, Sir Walter Scot, who performed many great actions in the minority of James V. In 1544, the third of queen Mary, he greatly signalized himself against the forces of king Henry VIII. as likewise at the battle of Pinkey in 1547; and was made warden of

the west marches.

He married first a daughter of the family of Carmichael, ancestor of the earl of Hyndsord, and by her had Sir Walter Scot, and two other sons: and by Janet his second wife, daughter of John Bethune of Creich, he had three daughters, Grizel, married first to William lord Borthwick, and secondly to Walter Craincrofs, Esq; Jane married to John Cranston of that ilk, ancestor of lord Cranston, and Dorothy to James Crichton.

Sir Walter his heir married Grizel, another daughter of the faid John Bethune; and dying before his father, by her left Sir Walter, fucceffor to his grandfather, and three daughters; whereof Jane was married to Sir Thomas Ker of Fernyhirft, Margaret to Sir John Johnfton of that ilk; and Elizabeth to John Carmichael of Meadowflat, captain of Crawford.

Sir Walter, who succeeded his grandsather in 1552, was a man of excellent parts and reputation; he married lady Margaret, daughter of David earl of Douglas and Angus, by whom he had Sir Walter his heir, and two daughters; Margaret, married to Robert Scot of Thirleston, from whom the lords Napier, and Mary, to William Elliot of Lairiston.

Sir Walter his heir being in great favour with king James VI. was knighted, and made warden of the marches toward England; and being also a person of a warlike genius, carried over a regiment to the Netherlands, where he served under the famous general, Maurice prince of Orange, and there gained fuch honour, that the aforesaid king, to reward his merit, advanced him to the dignity of lord Scot of Buccleugh, by patent, dated March 16, 1606. He married Mary, daughter of Sir William Ker of Cessford, fisher of Robert first earl of Roxburgh, and had issue by her Walter his successor, and two daughters; Mary, married to James lord Ross, and Elizabeth, to John master of Cranston. He died in 1611, and was succeeded by his said son,

Walter, fecond lord Scot, who was created earl of Buccleugh in 1619, and who being a nobleman of a warlike temper, had the command of a regiment under the flates of Holland against the Spaniards, where he served with singular honour and reputation. He married lady Mary, daughter of Francis Hay earl of Errol; and by her had Francis second earl of Buccleugh, and two daughters; lady Mary married to John earl of Mar, and lady Jane to John marquis of Tweeddale. He deceased in

1633, and was fucceeded by his fon

Francis, fecond earl, who was a nobleman of great character and merit; and for his loyalty to king Charles II. Cromwell imposed a large fine (150001.) on his heir.

He married the lady Margaret Lefley, daughter of John earl of Rothes, and widow of the lord Balgony, and by her had

two daughters, whereof

Lady Mary, the eldeft, was countefs of Buccleugh; and she marrying Walter Scot of Highchester, he was thereupon created earl of Terras for life; but she dying in 1662 without if-

fue, her estate and honour came to her fister the

Lady Ann Scot, who in 1665 was married to James Fitzroy duke of Monmouth, eldeft natural fon of king Charles II. by Lucy daughter of Richard Walters of Haverford in the county of Pembroke, Esq; upon which marriage he took the name of Scot, and they were created duke and duchess of Buccleugh, by letters patent, to their heirs in general, dated April 20, 1673. The actions and fad catastrophe of this great man are too well known to make the mention of them necessary here. Suffice it then just to observe, that he was beheaded on Towerhill, July 15, 1685, leaving iffue by his faid duchefs four fons, viz. 1. Charles earl of Doncaster, born in August 1672, died in February 1673. 2. James earl of Doncaster, born in May 1674, who after his father's attainder in England, was called earl of Dalkeith, by which title, on the 7th of February 1703, he was elected a knight of the ancient order of St. Andrew, or the Thiftle. 3. Henry, who was born in the year 1676, and was created earl of Deloraine. 4. Francis, born in 1678, and died the next year: Also two daughters; 1. Lady Charlotte, who died voung in 1683. And, 2. Lady Ann, who was born in after her father.

Ann the duchefs dowager of Monmouth and Buccleugh, in May 1688, married Charles lord Cornwallis, and by him had a fon named George, and two daughters, Ann and Ifabel, who all

died young. Their mother died in 1732, aged 81.

James earl of Dalkeith, fecond fon, married the lady Henrietta, fecond daughter of Laurence Hyde earl of Rochester, by whom he had three fons and two daughters; Francis his heir, James and Henry, who both died young; ladies Ann and Charlotte, who died unmarried. And his lordship dying in March 1704, was buried at Westminster. To him succeeded Francis earl of Dalkeith, his only furviving fon, who was made a knight of the thiftle in 1724, and succeeded to the honours and title of duke of Buccleugh, upon the death of his grandmother the duches in 1732; and in the next parliament was one of the fixteen peers. In 1743 he was restored to the titles of earl of Doncaster and baron Scot of Tyndale, the attainder for those titles being reversed by act of parliament, in consideration of his fidelity to the royal family, and zeal for the protestant cause. In the year 1720 he married the lady Jane Douglas, daughter of James duke of Queensberry; and by her, who died 31 August 1729, his grace had two fons and three daughters, viz. 1. Francis earl of Dalkeith, born in February 1720-21. 2. Lord Charles, who died a fludent at Oxford in 1747. 3. Lady Jane died in 1743. 4. Lady Ann in 1737. And 5. Lady Mary in 1739. His grace deceased April 22, 1751, and his eldeit fon.

Francis earl of Dalkeith, who was chosen member of parliament for Boroughbridge in Yorkshire in April 1746, and rechosen at the general election in 1747, married in 1742, lady Caroline Campbell, eldest daughter of John duke of Argyll; and by her (who married secondly, in September 1755, the right honourable Charles Townshend, second son of the late lord viscount Townshend) he had issue four sons and two daughters, viz. Lady Caroline Scot, born in 1743; John lord Whitechester in 1745, who died young; Henry, born in 1746 Campbell Scot, born in 1747; James in 1748, who died young; and lady Frances, born in July, 1750. His lordship deceasing in April 1750, before his father, was succeeded by Henry, his eldest surviving son, who also the next year succeeded his grandsather, and is the third and present

duke of Buccleugh, &c. &c.

TITLES.] The most noble Henry Scot, duke of Buccleugh, earl of Dalkeith, baron Scot of Buccleugh and Eskdale: also an English peer, by the title of baron Scot of Tindale in Northumberland, and earl of Doncaster in Yorkshire.

CREATIONS. ] Created lord Scot of Buccleugh, March 16,

1605; earl of Buccleugh, March 16, 1618; baron of Erkdale in Roxburghshire; earl of Dalkeith and duke of Buccleugh in the county of Edinburgh, April 20, 1673.

the county of Edinburgh, April 20, 1673.

ARMS.] Topaz, on a bend fapphire, a flar between two crescents of the field for Murdifton. His grace also bears the arms of king Charles II. surmounted with a battoon sinifer.

CREST.] A stag passant, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two maidens richly attired in antique habits, their under robes fapphire, and the uppermost emerald, and on their heads a plume of three feathers pearl.

Motto.] Amo.

CHIEF SEATS: At Dalkeith and East-Park, four miles fouth-east of Edinburgh; at Smeaton, one mile from Dalkeith; at Melross in Roxburghshire on the Twede, between Selkirk and Roxburgh; and at Hallplace in Berkshire.

### LENNOX, Duke of LENNOX.

THE descent, &c. of this noble family being given in Collins's English Peerage, Vol. I. page 187, I shall not recapitulate them here; but rehearse his grace's titles, &c.

TITLES.] The most noble Charles Lenox, duke of Richmond, Lennox and Aubigny; earl of March and Darnly;

and baron of Settrington and Torbolton.

CREATIONS.] Created baron of Torbolton and earl of Darnly, in the county of Air, and duke of Lennox or Dun-

britonshire, 9 September 1675.

ARMS.] Quarterly, the 1st and 4th grand quarters, France and England quarterly, the 2d Scotland, and the 3d Ireland, the arms of king Charles II. within a border goboné or componed pearl and ruby, the pearl charged with roses of the 2d, barbed and seeded proper, being marks of illegitimacy.

CREST.] On a cap of maintenance, a lion of England, crowned with a ducal coronet ruby, and gorged with a collar

goboné, as the border round the coat.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide an unicorn pearl, his horn, mane, tufts, and hoofs, topaz; on the finifer an antelope pearl, attired and unguled of the fecond; each gorged with a collar, as the creft.

Moтто. ] En la rose je sleurie.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Goodwood in the county of Suffex, three miles from Chichefter, and fifty from London.

#### GORDON, Duke of GORDON.

THIS antient and potent family took their firname from the barony of Gordon in the county of Berwick, given by Malcolm Canmore, to a valiant knight, who came into Scotland with him, and made use of it to diffinguish his

his possessions. Ricardus de Gordon, his grandson, slourished in the reigns of Malcolm IV. and William the Lion, in 1160 and 1165. 'Tis plain the name was of great repute in France about these times; but I shall not puzzle my readers with dark

and uncertain accounts.

In the reign of king Robert Bruce, Sir Adam de Gordon had from that king the lordship of Strathbogy in Aberdeenshire, which was then in the crown, by the forfeiture of David de Strathbogy, earl of Athol; upon which occasion he removed thither from Berwickshire, and gave these lands and lordships the name of Huntley. Sir Adam was killed at the battle of Halidon-Hill, in 1333, and was succeeded by his fon Sir Alexander Gordon, who lost his life at the battle of Durham in 1346, in behalf of king David II. and was fucceeded by Sir John Gordon his fon, who, in the year 1358, obtained a confirmation of all his lands in Strathbogy. He was fucceeded by his fon Sir John, who was flain in the year 1388, at the battle of Otterburn. To him fucceeded his fon, Sir Adam Gordon, who by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Keith, had an only daughter Elizabeth, who, on his being flain at the battle of Homildon, in 1402, became his heir: and she in the year 1408, marrying Alexander Seton, fecond fon of Sir William Seton of that ilk, (to whom Robert duke of Albany, in the third year of his government, gave a charter and confirmation of the lands and baronies of Gordon, Huntley, Strathbogy, and feveral others) by him had iffue Alexander Seton, who fucceeded William Seton of Meldrum, and a daughter Elizabeth, the wife of Alexander earl of Ross.

Alexander their eldeft fon was one of the hoftages for the ranfom of king James I. and in 1431, was joined in commission with John Bishop of Glasgow, Sir Walter Ogilvy, and Sir John Forretter, Knts. to treat of a peace with England,

which they happily concluded for nine years.

In the reign of James II. he was created earl of Huntley, and took the firname of Gordon, to preferve the memory of the family. He placed the arms of that family in the first quarter; and had divers manors given him, particularly at

Badenoch, which the family now enjoys.

This earl married first Jane, daughter and heir of Robert Keith, son of William Keith, sirst earl marshal of Scotland, but by her had no issue; secondly, Giles, daughter and heir of John Hay, of Tullibody, by whom he had issue Sir Alexander Seton, Knt. the first of the family of Touch; and by his third wife, Margaret, daughter of William lord Crichton, chancellor of Scotland, he had issue three sons, George, his heir; Sir Alexander, of Milmar, ancestor of the Gordons of Abergeldie, and Adam, dean of Caithness. Also three daughters,

Jane, married to James Dunbar earl of Murray; Elizabeth to William Keith third earl marshal; and Christian to William lord Forbes. He died at a great age, in 1470, and was fucceeded in his honours and possession by his eldest son, by his third wife, George, second earl of Huntley. Which George was one of the privy-council to king James III. as he was to king James IV. by whom he was made lord chancellor of Scotland, and lieutenant of the north in 1408.

cellor of Scotland, and lieutenant of the north in 1498. He married first lady Jane Stewart, daughter of king James I. and widow of James, earl of Angus, by whom he had four fons and fix daughters, viz. Alexander, his heir; Sir Adam Gordon, lord of Aboyne, who by marriage with the countess became earl of Sutherland; Sir William, ancestor of the Gordons of Guight; Sir James, of Letterfary, admiral of the king's fleet in 1513. Of the daughters, Catharine was the wife of Perkin Warbeck, and fecondly of Sir Matthew Badock, ancestor of the earl of Pembroke: Janet, of Alexander lord Lindsay, son and heir of David earl of Crawford; and fecondly of Patrick, lord Grey: Mary, of Sir William Sinclair, of Westerhall: Sophia, of Sir Gilbert Hay, of Killmallock: Agnes, of Sir James Ogilvy, of Finlater; and Eleonora, of —— Crichton, of Innernytie. By his fecond wife, Elizabeth, daughter of William Hay, earl of Errol, he had no iffue. He died in the year 1507, and was fucceeded by his eldest son, Alexander third earl of Huntley, who was one of the privy-council to king James IV. which prince he accompanied to the battle of Flodden, and com-nuanded the right wing of his army; and furviving that fatal day, was, in the minority of James V. made lord lieutenant of the north beyond the river Forth, and in the year 1517, one of the king's governors. He married Janet, daughter of John earl of Athol, and by her had three fons and four daughters, 1. John, who died before him, leaving iffue by the lady Jane his wife, natural daughter of king James IV. by Margaret, daughter of John lord Drummond, two fons; whereof George succeeded his grandfather, and Alexander was bishop of Galloway. 2. Alexander, ancestor of the Gordons of Clunie. 3. William, bishop of Aberdeen. 4. Janet, the wife of Colin, earl of Argyll. 5. Jean, of Patrick, fourth lord Gray. 6. Isabel, of —— lord Innermeath. 7. ——, of —— Menzies of Weem. His lordship dying in the year 1523, was succeeded by George, his grandson, fourth earl of Huntley, who was a nobleman of great and eminent parts; and in 1535 became one of the privy-council, and lord lieutenant of Scotland, during king James V.'s being in France to espouse the princefs Magdalen; and, upon the death of his mafter, was one of the peers who figned and fealed that affociation, to oppose the intended match between queen Mary and king Edward VI. of England.

In the fifth of queen Mary 1546, he was appointed lord chancellor of Scotland; and afterwards, in confideration of his extraordinary fervices at the unfortunate battle of Pinkey against the English, and other fervices to the crown, he had a grant of the carldom of Murray, which he enjoyed for divers

years.

He married Elizabeth, daughter of Robert lord Keith, son and heir of William third earl Marshal, and by her had issue seven sons and three daughters, viz. 1. George his heir; 2. James, a clergyman; 3. Sir John, of whom by-and-bye; 4. Sir Adam, who died fine proset; 5. Sir Patrick, slain at the battle of Glenlivet, in 1594; 6. Robert; 7. Thomas; 8. Margaret, the wise of John, eighth lord Forbes; 9. Jane, of James earl of Bothwell; secondly of Alexander earl of Sutherland; and thirdly of Alexander Ogilvy, of Boyne; 10. Elizabeth, the wise of John, earl of Athol. Their father was slain in the skirmish at Correchie, in the year 1562, between the forces of queen Mary, and the earl of Murray; his son Sir John Gordon was executed the next day at Aberdeen, and his estate and honours forfeited. He was succeeded by his eldest son.

George, fifth earl of Huntley, who was reflored to the eftates and honours of his anceftors, in the year 1567. Before his refloration he was in great favour with queen Mary; for in 1565, he was one of her privy-council, lord high chancellor of Scotland, and lieutenant-general of all the forces in the north. He married Anne, daughter of the regent, James Hamilton the fecond earl of Arran, by whom he had iffue, George his fuccesfor, and a daughter Jane, wife of George earl of Caithness; and his lordfhip dying in the year 1576,

was fucceeded by his faid fon,

George, fixth earl of Huntley, who was a person of great accomplishments, and, at length, much in savour with king James the VIth, by whom he was made lord lieutenant of the north, and created marquis of Huntley, on the 17th of

April 1599, which title he lived to enjoy 35 years.

He married lady Henrietta, daughter of Efme Stewart, duke of Lennox, and by her had four fons and four daughters; lady Ann, married to James Stewart earl of Murray, lady Elizabeth to Alexander Livington earl of Linlithgow, lady Mary to William marquis of Douglas, and lady Jane to Claud Hamilton the fecond lord Strabane of the kingdom of Ireland. Of the fons, 1. George lord Gordon, the eldeft fucceeded his father; 2. Sir John, was created vifcount Meldum, and lord Aboyne, by king Charles I. in 1627, and married lady Sophia Hay, daughter of Francis ninth earl of Errol, but was unfortunately burnt to death. 3. Lord Francis, who died in 1620; and 4. Lord Adam, laird of Auchincis, who died in 1620; and 4. Lord Adam, laird of Auchinchen.

down. The marquis deceased in the year 1636, and was suc-

ceeded by his eldest fon,

George, fecond marquis of Huntley, who, while he was lord Gordon, was a captain in the Scots guards of Louis the XIIIth of France; and upon breaking out of the troubles in the reign of king Charles I. being very firm to that prince's interest, had a commission to be lieutenant of the north, during the height of the civil war, and was forfeited by parliament in 1645. At the end of the war, on the 30th of March 1649, he was executed at Edinburgh for his loyalty.

He married Ann, daughter of Archibald the feventh earl of Argyll, by whom he had five fons and five daughters, viz. 1. George lord Gordon, killed at the battle of Aldford in 1645, in his father's life-time 2. Lord Lewis, his fucceffor. 3. Lord Charles, created earl of Aboyn. 4. Lord James, who after the fatal death of Charles I. retired to France and died there. 5. Lord Henry. Ann, the eldest daughter, married James the third earl of Perth; Henrietta, the fecond, first, George lord Seton, and secondly, John Stewart earl of Traquair; Jane, Thomas Hamilton earl of Hadington; ladies Mary and Catherine died unmarried.

He was succeeded by Lewis his second son, third marquis of Huntley, who married Isabel, daughter to Sir James Grant of that ilk, and by her had a fon George, his heir, and three daughters; lady Ann married to the count de Crolly; lady Mary first to Adam Urquhart of Meldrum, and secondly, to James Drummond earl of Perth; and lady Jane to Charles Seton earl of Dumfermline; and the marquis not long furvi-

ving his father, was fucceeded by his only fon,

George, fourth marquis of Huntley, who was by king Charles II. created duke of Gordon, November 1, 1684; and by James the VIIth conflituted one of the lords of the treafury, one of the privy-council, governor of Edinburgh Castle, and knight of the thiftle; but at the revolution in 1688, holding out the faid cattle for his majesty's interest, and feeing no hopes of relief from his mafter, he furrendered it, at length, to the troops of king William, and lived retired at home till his death, in 1716.

He married lady Elizabeth Howard, fecond daughter of Henry duke of Norfolk, by lady Ann Somerfet his wife, eldeft daughter of Edward marquis of Worcefter, and by her, who died in July 1732, had iffue one fon, Alexander marquis of Huntley, and one daughter, lady Jane, married to James

Drummond earl of Perth.

He was succeeded by his son Alexander, second duke of Gordon, who, in 1706, married lady Henrietta Mordaunt, daughter of Charles earl of Peterborough and Monmouth, by whom he had iffue four fons, Cofmo-George, marquis of Huntley, lord Charles. Charles, lord Lewis who died in 1754, and lord Adam, a colonel in the army and member for Aberdeenshire. Aldo feven daughters, lady Henrietta, lady Mary, lady Ann, the third wife of William earl of Aberdeen; lady Betty, wife of the Rev. Mr. Skelly; lady Jane; lady Catherine, wife of Francis Charteris, of Ampsfield, Efg; and lady Charlotte.

His grace departing this life in the year 1728, was succeeded by his eldest son Cosmo-George, third duke of Gordon; he was then about nine years of age, being the first of the family who had been educated in the protestant religion, which he was, under the inspection of his mother. In regard of his loyalty during the rebellion in 1745, the king was pleased to honour him with the green ribbon of the order of St. Andrew: foon after which he was elected one of the fixteen peers for North Britain in the parliament of 1747. In 1741, he married lady Katharine Gordon, daughter of William earl of Aberdeen, by whom he had issue three sons, Alexander, marquis of Huntley; lord William, and lord George. Also three daughters, ladies Susan, Anne, and Catharine. His grace dying in France in August 1752, was succeeded by his eldest son.

Alexander, now fourth duke of Gordon. His grace's mo-

ther married fecondly, colonel Morris.

TITLES.] The most noble Alexander Gordon, duke of Gordon, marquis and earl of Huntley, earl of Enzie, and

baron Gordon of Strathbogy.

CREATIONS.] Created lord Gordon of Strathbogy, in the county of Aberdeen 16 June 1376, earl of Huntley, in the county of Berwick in 1449, marquis of the fame place 17 April 1599, by James VI. and duke of Gordon, in the county of Bamff, I November 1684, by Charles II.

ARMS.] Quarterly, first fapphire, three boars heads erazed topaz, for Gordon; 2d, topaz, three lions heads erazed ruby, for Badenoch; 3d, topaz, three crescents within a double tressure ruby, for Seton; 2db, fapphire, three cinquesoils pearl,

for Frazer.

CREST.] In a marquis's coronet topaz, a stag's head gar-

dant proper.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide a greyhound pearl, gorged with a collar ruby, and three buckles topaz. On the finister a senator of the college of justice, proper.

Motto. Bydand; that is, abiding or lafting; and animo

non astutia.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Strathbogy, 26 miles northwest of Aberdeen; and at Gordon Castle in Bamsshire, one of the finest mansions in the north.

## DOUGLAS, Duke of QUEENSBERRY.

HE barony of Drumlanrig, in the county of Dumfries, antiently belonged to the earls of Mar. Thomas earl of Mar gave these lands to William lord Douglas, who had married his fifter lady Margaret, which king David the IId did by charter confirm to him, who was thereafter earl of Douglas, and was succeeded by his fon James earl of Douglas and Mar, flain in the battle of Otterburn, in the year 1388, who

gave the barony of Drumlanrig to his fon,

Sir William, the first lord Drumlanrig, and the heirs of his body; and in case of failure, to Archibald, another son, and his lawful heirs. This Sir William, the first lord Drumlanrig, fignalized himself in the wars against the English: In the year 1411, he retook the town of Roxburgh, then in their poffession. In 1412, he was sent ambassador to England to solicit the release of king James the first, then prisoner in that realm, from whom he obtained a charter, all written with the king's, own hand, on vellum, confirming to him and his heirs the feveral baronies of Drumlanrig, Hawick in Tiviotdale, and Selkirk, 30 November 1412. In all the public transactions during the king's absence, we find him a great sharer; and when the English carried over the said king James into France, to try if his prefence would draw the Scots in the French fervice over to the English; he went there to wait on his master, and on the 25th of October 1415, lost his life in the famous battle of Agincourt. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Robert Stewart of Durisdeer and Rosyth, and by her had William, fecond baron of Drumlanrig, who in 1427, was one of the hostages sent to England for the redemption of the aforefaid king; and being, like his father, a military man, fignalized himself in most of the actions between the Scots and English, particularly at the battle of Sark near Solway, where the Scots, according to their account, gained a great victory under his cousin Hugh earl of Ormond, brother to the earl of Douglas. Dying in 1458, he left iffue by Jane his wife, daughter of Sir Herbert Maxwell, lord of Calaverock, ancestor to the earl of Nithfdale,

William, third baron of Drumlanrig, who gave many fignal proofs of his valour in feveral actions, as at the fiege of Roxburgh in 1460, where king James the IId loft his life, and another at Alnwick, where, in 1462, the French garrison was relieved by his cousin the earl of Angus, in the fight of a numerous English army, double to that the earl had under his command. He married Margaret, daughter of Roger Carlile lord

Torthorold, and dying in 1464, by her left iffue, William the fourth baron of Drumlanrig, who treading in the steps of his brave ancestors, was slain in the service of his maffer

## DUKE OF QUEENSBERRY. 21

mafter king James III. at the battle of Kirkconnel near Sanquhar, againft Alexander duke of Albany, the king's brother, He married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Robert Crichton of Sanquhar, anceftor of the earl of Dumfries, and by her had four fons; James, his heir; Archibald, anceftor of the Douglaffes of Cafhory and Dalony; George, anceftor of the Douglaffes of Pinziere; and John, vicar of Kirkconnel. Alfo three daughters; Margaret, wife of John lord Cathcart, and fecondly, of Sir Robert Dalziel, anceftor of the earl of Carnwarth; Janet, of William lord Somerville, and fecondly, of Alexander Gordon, fon and heir of John Gordon of Lochinvar, anceftor of the vifcounts Kenmure; and Elizabeth, of John Campbell, fon and heir of James of Loudoun, anceftor of the earl of Loudoun. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

James, fifth lord, who married Janet, daughter of David Scot of Buccleugh, ancestor of the duke of Buccleugh; and by

her had a fon,

William, fixth lord of Drumlanrig; and one daughter, Janete, wife of Roger Grierfon of Lag. Which William, fixth lord, lofing his life with king James the IVth at the battle of Flodden, 1513, left iffue by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Sir John Gordon of Lochinvar, ancestor of the viscount Kenmure, James his successor, and Robert, from whom, by a natural son, is descended the family of Douglas of Bursord; and three daughters, Janet, married to Robert the fourth lord Maxwell; Agnes to Andrew Cunningham of Kirkshaw; and Margaret to John lord Cathcart.

Sir James, his eldeft son, the seventh lord, was one of those loyal persons who in the year 1526 attempted to deliver the young king James the fifth from the nobility who kept him in the condition of a captive; for which, and his loyalty to queen Mary, the duke of Chatelherault, who was regent, made him a knight. In 1553, the queen made him warden of the east marches, which office he discharged with great conduct and reputation for many years, till in his old age he resigned it.

He married first Margaret, daughter of George Douglas, son and heir of Archibald earl of Angus, by whom he had two daughters; Janet, married first to Sir William Douglas of Costogle, and secondly, to John Charteris of Ampssield; and Margaret the wife of John Jardin of Applegirth. Being divorced from his faid lady, he married secondly Christian Montgomery, daughter of John, son and heir of Hugh the first earl of Eglinton, and by her he had an only son, Sir William, and four daughters, vize. 1. Margaret, married first to Edward lord Sanquhar; secondly, to Sir William Graham, fifth earl of Mentieth; and thirdly, to Mr. Wauchop of Niddery. 2. Helen, married to Roger Grierson of Lag. 3. Janet, married first to James Tweedie of Druntelzier, and, secondly, to Sir William

C

## DUKE OF QUEENSBERRY.

Ker of Cesford, ancestor of the duke of Roxburgh. 4. Chritlian, the wife of Sir Alexander Stewart of Gairlies, ancestor

of the earl of Galloway.

William, his only son and heir, was seated at Hawick, and died before his father in 1572. He was one of the king's party in the minority of James VI. When queen Mary's forces were deseated. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir James Gordon of Lochinvar, by whom he had a son, Sir James, who succeeded his grandsather, and three daughters; Margaret, married to Sir Robert Montgomery of Skemorly; Janet, to Sir James Murray of Cockpool; and Christian, first, to Sir Robert Dalziel, second earl of Carnwath; and secondly, to Sir Alexander Stewart of Gairlies, father of the first earl of Galloway.

Sir James, the eighth lord, who succeeded his grandfather, was greatly instrumental in reconciling the parties at court, and other disorders in the nation which disturbed the reign of king James the V.th before he came to the crown of England. He married Mary, daughter of John lord Fleming, and fifter of John earl of Wigton, by whom he had iffue four sons and two daughters; Sir William, who succeeded him, Sir James, David, and George: Janet, married to William Livingston, ancestor of the viscount Feviot; and Helen, to John Menzies of Casslehill. His lordship deceasing in August 1615, was suc-

ceeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir William Douglas, who married lady Isabel, daughter of Mark Ker earl of Lothian, and by her had four fons; James Douglas, who succeeded him; Sir William Douglas of Kilhead, great grandfather of Sir John Douglas of Kilhead, baronet; Archibald Douglas of Dornick; and Robert, who died unmarried. Also two daughters; lady Margaret, married to James Johnson earl of Hartfield, grandfather to the first marquis of Anandale; and lady Janet, who married Thomas Maclellan lord Kirkcudbright. This lord was much in the favour of king James, whom he had the honour to entertain at his manfion of Drumlanrig in his majesty's return to England 1617. On 1 April 1628, by a patent dated at Whitehall, he was created lord Douglas of Hawick and Tibbers, and viscount Drumlanrig, by king Charles I. who, while he was in Scotland, on 13 June 1633, created him also earl of Queensberry by a patent past in that kingdom. He dying in 1639, was succeeded by his eldeft fon,

James second earl of Queensberry, who was a great sufferer in the royal cause of Charles I. and designing to join the marquis of Montrose before the battle of Philiphaw 1645, he was intercepted and taken prisoner; whereupon he was fined an hundred thousand marks, which he paid, and died at Drumlanrig in the fixty third year of his age, 1671. He married first the lady Mary, youngest daughter of James marquis of Hamil-

ton,

ton, and earl of Cambridge, but by her had no iffue: and, secondly, lady Margaret Stewart, daughter of John earl of Traquair, lord treasurer of Scotland, and by her had issue four son and five daughters, viz. 1. William, who succeeded him. 2. James, lieutenant-general, who died at Namur, 1691. 3. John, killed at the siege of Treves, 1673. 4. Robert, slain at the siege of Maestricht, 1676. 5. Lady Mary, married to Alexander Stewart the third earl of Galloway. 6. Lady Katharine, married to Sir James Douglas of Kilhead, baronet. 7. Lady Henrietta, married to Sir Robert Griesson of Lag, baronet. 8. Lady Margaret, first, wife of Sir Alexander Jardin of Applegirth, baronet; and secondly, of Sir David Thoirs. And 9. Lady Isabel, wife to Sir William Lockhart of Carstairs, baronet. He was succeeded by his eldest son.

William, third earl of Queensberry, who having fuffered much in his father's fortune during the civil wars, was, in 1667, fworn one of the privy council in Scotland to king Charles II. and by a commission under the great seal, dated at Windfor, I June 1680, was constituted justice general of that kingdom. On 11 February 1681, he was created lord Douglas of Kilmount, Middlebie, and Dornick, viscount of Nith, Torthorald and Ross, earl of Drumlarnig and Sanquhar, and marquis of Queensberry; and in April 1682, by the king's warrant to Sir Alexander Erskine lyon king of arms, he had an addition to his coat armorial, for him and his heirs for ever, of the double tresure, as it is in the royal atchievement.

On the 12th of May following he was conflituted lord high treasurer of Scotland; and by two other committons, dated 21 September 1682, he was made governor of Edinburgh caftle, and one of the extraordinary lords of fession. And that no honours might be wanting which his prince could beflow upon him, he was, on 3 February, 1683, created marquis of Dum-fries and duke of Queensberry; and afterwards made privy counsellor in both kingdoms. In the beginning of the reign of king James VII. he was appointed high commissioner for Scotland; and, with his fon James earl of Drumlanrig, was conftituted his majesty's lieutenant in the counties of Dumfries, Wigton, and Kirkcudbright; but the measures which were foon after taken at court, not fuiting with his principles, he was removed, and in 1686 made prefident of the privy council in Scotland; but in fix months after, not complying with the project of taking away the penal laws and test, he was entirely laid aside. Amongst his other excellent qualities, he was a great mafter of economy; for having come to a fortune much impaired through the iniquity of the times, he not only retrieved it, but acquired an ample estate in Tweeddale, which he gave his fecond fon William.

He

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He likewise at a great expence rebuilt the castle of Drum-

lanrig, the feat of his family.

In 1657 he married lady Isabel, daughter of William marquis of Douglas, by whom he had issue, 1. James, his succefor. 2. William, created earl of March. 3. Lord George, who died unmarried. And, 4. Lady Ann, who in 1697 was married to David earl of Wemys, and died in 1699. His grace

dying in 1694, was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, fecond duke of Queensberry, who in 1684, was by king Charles II. made one of the privy council in Scotland, and lieutenant-colonel of a regiment of horfe commanded by John Graham, vifcount Dundee. He continued in these posts till the year 1688, about which time he quitted them on account of the arbitrary measures at court. After the revolution, which he arpeared in very early, he was by the prince of Orange made colonel of the Scots guard of horse, which commission was renewed to him immediately after the prince was declared king of that realm; and at the same time he was made one of the lords of the privy council and exchequer, and one of the gentlemen of his majesty's bedchamber.

In 1690 king William fent him into Scotland, to command a feparate body of troops under lieutenant general Mackay. Two years after he was made one of the lords of the treafury; and in 1693 he had a patent to fit and vote in the parliament of Scot's nd, being lord high treafurer, though his father was alive, and himfelf no peer. When his father died he laid afde all thoughts of military employments, quitted his commission, and was by the same king made lord privy feal in Scotland, and

one of the extraordinary lords of fession.

In the year 1700 he was appointed lord high commissioner in two selfions of parliament; and on the 14th of June 1701, in a chapter held at Kensington, was elected a knight of the garter, and on the 10th of July following was installed at Windsor. Queen Ann made him secretary of state for Scotland; and appointed him her high commissioner in 1702. He was appointed first commissioner on the part of Scotland, to treat of the

union, and was high commissioner in 1703.

On the 3d of September 1706, his grace was again appointed high commissioner, and was one of the commissioners who compleated the union between the two kingdoms, after which he was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland to ferve in the first parliament of Great Britain. He soon after had an honourable pension of 3000 l. out of the post office; and in 1711 was created duke of Dover. He continued secretary of state for North Britain till his death, which happened at London in July 6, 1711, in the 49th year of his age.

In December 1685 he married Mary, fecond daughter of Charles lord Clifford, eldest son of Richard earl of Burlington and Cork, by the lady Jane Seymour, daughter of William duke of Somerfet, and by her had four fons and three daughters, viz. 1. William earl of Drumlanrig, who died an infant. 2. James, who alfo died young. 3. Lord Charles, born at Edinburgh 24 November 1698, and in 1707, for the great fervices of his father and anceftors, was created earl of Solway, and is now duke of Queensberry. 4. Lord George, born at London in February 1700, and died at Paris in 1724.

Of the daughters, 1. Lady Isabel, the eldest, died unmarried.

2. Lady Jane married Francis duke of Buccleugh, then earl of Dalkeith, and died of the small-pox in the year 1720, 3. Lady Ann married the right honourable William Finch, late his majesty's envoy at the Hague, member for the university of Cambridge, and brother of the earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, but died in 1741. His grace departing this life, as before

observed, was succeeded by his third son,

Charles, now third duke of Queensberry. He was gentleman of the bedchamber to king George I. in 1720; and to Frederick late prince of Wales in 1738. His grace, in 1719, married the lady Catharine Hyde, daughter of Henry earl of Clarendon and Rochefter, by whom he had a daughter, Catharine, who died young; and two fons, Henry earl of Drumlanrig, born 30 October 1722, and married, July 10, 1754, lady Elizabeth Hope, daughter of John earl of Hopeton; but was killed by the accidental going off of his own piftol on his journey from Scotland to London, October 20 following; and lord Charles, earl of Drumlanrig, who was born 17 July 1726, and reprefented the county of Dumfries in parliament, but died in October 1756, in the 30th year of his age, unmarried.

TITLES.] The most noble Charles Douglas, duke of Queensry and Dover; marquis of Queensberry, Dumfries, and Beverly; earl of Queensberry, Drumlanrig, Sanquhar, and Solway; viscount Drumlanrig, Nith, Torthorald, Tibbers, and Ross; baron Douglas of Hawick, Kilmount, Middleby, Tibbers, Dornick, and Rippon, one of his Majetty's privy council.

CREATIONS.] Created lord Douglas of Hawick and Tibbers, and viícount Drumlanrig, 1 April 1628; earl of Queensberry, 13 June 1633; lord Douglas of Kilmount, Middleby, and Dornick; viícount Nith, Drumlanrig, Torthorald, and Roís; earl of Drumlanrig and Sanquhar, and marquis of Queensberry, 11 February 1682; marquis of Dumfries, and duke of Queensberry, 3 February 1684; viícount Tibbers, and earl of Solway in 1707, all Scotch honours: baron of Rippon; and marquis of Beverly in the county of York, and duke of Dover in Kent, English honours, 26 May 1708; which English titles, duke of Dover and the rest, were disallowed by the house of lords in December 1711, and voted illegal.

ARMS. ]

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ARMS.] Quarterly, 1ft and 4th pearl, a heart ruby imperiable rowned proper, on a chief fapphire, three mullets of the first for Douglas. 2d and 3d fapphire, a bend between fix cross crosses crosses, and and 3d fapphire, a bend between fix cross crosses fitchy, topaz, for the earldom of Mar; the whole within a border of the latter, charged with a double tressure fixed and 4th quarters, being used in memory of the pilgrimage made by Sir James Douglas, ancestor of his grace, to the holy land, with the heart of king Robert Bruce, which was there interred at the said king's request in the year 1330; and the double tressure ruby was added by king Charles II. when he honoured the family with the marquisate of Queensberry, before which the border was only plain.

CREST.] On a wreath, a heart as in the coat, between two

wings expanded topaz.

SUPPORTERS ] Two pegasus's, or slying horses, pearl, their manes, wings, tails, and hoofs topaz.

MOTTO.] Forward.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Drumlanrig in the county of Dumfries, a flately palace, with noble gardens, avenues, and terras walks, eighteen miles from Dumfries, and forty four from Edinburgh.

At Middleton Stoney in Oxfordshire, and at Amesbury in

Wiltshire.

## CAMPBELL, Duke of ARGYLL.

THE noble and illustrious name of Campbell is of very great antiquity in Scotland.

Camden derives their pedigree from the ancient kings of Argyll, in the fixth century. The first appellation they used, was O Dubhin, which, according to an early custom, they asfumed from Diarmed O Dubhin, one of their ancestors, who was a brave and warlike man, and from him, in the Irish language, they are called to this time Siol Diarmed, that is, the posterity or offspring of Diarmed. From the aforesaid Diarmed O Dubhin, the bards have recorded a long feries of the barons of Lochow, whose actions they tell us were very renowned both for conduct and courage; and to him succeeded Paul O Dubhin, who was lord of Lochow, and was denominated Paul Inspuran, from his being the king's treasurer; but he having no male iffue, his effate went to his daughter Eva; who being married to Gilespick O Dubhin, a relation of her own, he got the name changed to Campbell, thereby to perpetuate the memory of a noble and heroic piece of service performed by him for the crown of France, in the reign of Malcolm Canmore. By Eva, the faid Gilespick O Dubhin, or Campbell, had a fon named Duncan, who was father of Colin, and he of Archibald, the father of another Duncan, whose

fon Sir Gilespick Campbell, knight, and lord of Lochow, was father of Sir Colin-More Campbell, who was one of those great men fummoned to Berwick in August 1292, on the part of Robert Bruce, when king Edward I. of England came there to decide the dispute between the said Robert and John Baliol, for the crown of Scotland.

He married a lady of the family of Sinclair, by whom he had two fons, Sir Donald Campbell of Redhoufe, from whom is descended the family of Loudon, and Sir Neil his successor, who was honoured with knighthood by Alexander III. and affisted

at the coronation of the aforesaid king Robert in 1306.

In 1315 he was one of the barons in the parliament held at Air, where they made an entail of the crown to king Robert and his heirs; and for that fignal loyalty, and other his good fervices, the king made him a grant of feveral lands, then in the crown; and also gave him in marriage his own fifter, the

lady Mary Bruce.

By the faid lady he had two fons, Colin and John, which John was 'dignified with the title of earl of Athol, and dien without iffue; and Sir Colin, who fucceeded his father in 1316, being in the expedition made into Ireland, in behalf of Edward Bruce, king of that realm, who was routed and flain in battle by the English, he there behaving himself with great gallantry, was rewarded with a grant of divers lands in the county of Argyll.

In the minority of king David Bruce, raifing 400 men for that prince, and taking therewith the callle of Dunoon, then in possession of the English, he rewarded him with the heretable government thereof, and gave him a yearly pension.

He married a daughter of the family of Lennox, and dying in 1340, by her left Archibald, who succeeded him; John, ancestor of the Campbells of Barbeck, of whom Succoth, & are descended; and Dougal, who lost his estate for joining with Baliol; which Sir Archibald also constantly adhering to king David's interest, during his captivity in England, his majeries bestowed on him sundry lands, which are still in the family; and he marrying Mary, daughter of Sir John Laumont, by her had issue,

Sir Colin his heir, who was employed by king Robert II. in reftraining the incursions of the Highlanders, who had then infested the western parts of the realm; and reducing them to his majesty's obedience, had thereupon a grant of divers lands

and lordships, still in the family's possession.

He married Margaret, daughter of Sir John Drummond of Stobhall, and by her had iffue Colin, ancestor of the Campbells of Ardkinlas, &c. and Donald; beside,

Sir Duncan, his fucceffor, who being a person of great parts,

arrived to high advancements, both in honour and effate; for in the reign of king James I. he was made his majesty's justice general, one of his privy council, and lieutenant within the thire of Argyll; all which offices were confirmed to him by James II. whom he helped to fettle on the throne, and was thereupon made high chancellor of Scotland, with the gift of feveral lands, and had fummons to parliament by the title of lord Campbell in 1445. He married, first, the lady Margaret Stewart, daughter of Robert duke of Albany, governor of Scotland; and by her had three fons; Celestine, who died young; Archibald, from whom is derived the male line of this noble family; and Sir Colin Campbell, ancestor of the earl of Breadalbane. He married, secondly, Margaret, daughter of Sir John Stewart of Blackhill, by whom he had also three sons, viz. Duncan, who was ancestor of the family of Auchinbreck, &c. &c. Neil, ancestor of the family of Elbongreg, Ormandle, &c. and Arthur, ancestor of the Campbells of Otter, &c.

Archibald, who was the eldeft furviving brother, dying in his father's life-time, left iffue by Elizabeth, daughter of Sir John Somervile of Carnwath, ancestor of the lord Somervile, a son,

Colin, fecond lord, who fucceeded his grandfather, and was created earl of Argyll in 1457. In the reign of James III. he was employed in the higheft offices of flate, as lord privy feal, mafter of the houshold, and lord high chancellor; and remained chancellor till he died, which was in the year 1493. He married lfabel, daughter and coheir of John Stewart lord Lorn, by whom he had two fons, Archibald his heir, and Thomas, anceftor of the Campbells of Lundie in Angus: also feven daughters, whereof Margaret was married to George lord Seton, anceftor of the earl of Winton; slabel to William, son and heir of John lord Drummond, ancestor of the earls of Perth; Helen to Hugh Montgomery, earl of Eglinton; Elizabeth to John lord Oliphant; and Mary to Æneas Macdonald; to Alexander Mackenzie of Kintail, ancestor of the earl of Seaforth; and Catharine to Torquil M-Leod of Lewis. On his decease his cleeft son

Archibald became the second earl of Argyll, who was by king James IV. promoted to be chancellor and chamberlain of Secotland, and mafter of the king's houshold; but on the 9th of September 1513, commanding the van of the army at the battle of Floddon, where he behaved with great valour, was killed with his royal mafter. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John Stewart earl of Lennox, and had issue by her four sons and five daughters; Margaret married to John lord Erskine, afterwards earl of Mar; Habel to Gilbert Kennedy, earl of Caffills; Mary to John Stewart, earl of Athol; Jane to Sir John Lamont; Anne to Simon, master of Lovat. The sons were, 1. Colin. 2. Archibald, who left only one daughter. 3. Sir John Lamont

John Campbell of Calder, whose daughter Jane married Alexander, the fourth lord Lovat. And 4. Donald, ancestor of the

Campbells of Cythaik in Angus.

Colin, the eldest fon, succeeded his father, and was the third earl, and one of the council to king James V. as also in his reign made lord lieutenant of the borders, warden of the marches, heretable sheriff of Argylshite, justice general of Scotland, and master of the king's houshold. He married lady Japet Gordon, daughter of Alexander earl of Huntley, and by her had iffue Archibald, John, and Alexander; and a daughter, Margaret, who was married to James Stewart earl of Murray; and fecondly, to John earl of Sutherland. He died in 1542, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Archibald, fourth earl of Argyll, who was lord chancellor of Scotland, and one of those peers who, upon the death of king James V. Itrongly opposed the intended match between queen Mary and king Edward VI. of England; upon which a war happening with that kingdom, he remarkably distinguished himself both at the unfortunate battle of Pinkie, and the siege of Haddington, for his queen and country. This noble lord was the first of his quality who embraced the protestant religion. He married Helen, daughter of James Hamilton the first earl of Arran, by whom he had issue, Archibald his heir; and by a second wife, Mary, daughter of William Graham earl of Menteith, he had Sir Colin Campbell of Buchan, of whom hereafter; and two daughters, Margaret, married to James Stewart, lord Down; and Janet, to Hector Mi Lean of Dowart. His lordship dying in 1558, was succeeded by his eldest fon,

Archibald, fifth earl, a person of singular accomplishments, who entered into an essociation with the earls of Glencairn, Moreton, and others, faithfully to assist one another in advancing the cause of the protestant religion, which in 1560 they happily established by act of parliament. In 1571 he was appointed high chancellor of Scotland, which office he held till 1575, the time of his death; and leaving no issue by his two wives, the lady Jane Stewart, natural Jaughter of king James V. and lady Jane Cunningham, daughter of Alexander earl of Glencairn, his estate and honour descended to his brother,

Colin, the fixth earl, who was also lord chancellor of Scotland, and one of the privy council of king James VI. and dyng in 1584, left issue by Agnes his second wife, daughter of William Keith earl Marishal, Archibald his heir, and Sir Co-

lin Campbell of Lundie, baronet.

Which Archibald, feventh earl, was commander of the forces fent againft the earls of Huntley and Errol at the battle of Glenlivet, 1594. He reduced the Mac Gregors in 1603, and the Macdonalds in the Western slands, in 1614; for which

great fervices he had a grant of all Kintyre, which was confirmed by parliament in 1617. He married first lady Anne Douglas, daughter of William earl of Moreton, by whom he had Archibald, who succeeded him; and four daughters, Ann, married to George second marquis of Huntley; Annabel to Robert Ker, second earl of Lothian; Jane to John Gordon, first viscount Kenmure; and Mary to Sir Robert Montgomery of Skemorly. By his second wise Ann, daughter of Sir William Cornwallis of Brome in the county of Suffolk, ancestor of the earl Cornwallis, by Lucy his wife, third daughter and co-heir of John Nevil lord Latimer, he had iffue a fon, James, who in 1622 was created baron of Kintyre, and in 1642, earl of Irvine; but dying without heirs male, his titles became extinct; as also a daughter, Mary, married to James lord Rollo. His lordship deceasing in the year 1638, was succeeded by

Archibald, his eldeft fon, and eighth earl, who was of the privy council to king Charles I. into whose hands he resigned the jufficiaryship of all Scotland in 1628, which had been in his family for two hundred years, referving to himself and his heirs the jurisdiction of Argyll, and the western isles, and wherever else he had lands in Scotland; all which in 1633 was ratified by act of parliament; and in 1641 he was created marquis of

Argyll.

He was one of the ablest statesmen of his time, and joined with the parliament of Scotland in the Presbyterian government then established. He contributed much to the reception and coronation of king Charles II. and on 1 January, 1650, put the crown on his head at Scoon; but after the restoration, 1661, he was accused by the earl of Middleton, then made high commissioner, of a multitude of crimes, especially in complying with Oliver as to the death of the late king; for which he was condemned in parliament, and 27 May 1661, beheaded at the market-cross of Edinburgh, being, more truly, facrificed for his zeal in promoting the protestant interest and church government of Scotland.

He married lady Margaret, daughter of William Douglas earl of Moreton, and by her had iffue two fons, lord Archibald his heir, and lord Neil; also three daughters, the ladies, Ann, who died unmarried; Jane, married to Robert Ker marquis of Lothian; and Mary, first to George Sinclair earl of Caithness, and afterwards to John Campbell earl of Breadal-bane. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Archibald, the ninth earl, who was, when lord Lorn, commander of king Charles II's foot guard, and fignalized himfelf against Oliver, never capitulating till he was ordered by his majesty so to do, yet was forseited by his father's misfortune; but in 1663 was reftored by the faid king to the honours and effate of his ancestors, as earl of Argyll only. He was also by

the faid king appointed one of his privy council, and one of the commissioners of the treasury, which office for many years he discharged with great fidelity; but in 1681, opposing the duke of York, who promoted popery in Scotland, the duke was fo enraged against him, that all methods imaginable were proposed to ruin him; which at last was effected, on pretence of putting his own meaning upon the test when he took it. (though others had done it as well as he) and because he declared he would take no oaths to bind himself up from making fuch amendments in church and flate as were necessary for the public fafety. His enemies thereupon accused him of disloyalty; and incenfing the king against him, he was confined prisoner in the castle of Edinburgh; after which, being tried before the justice court, he was found guilty of high treason, and sentenced to fuffer death. Some days after his estate was disposed of to others; and he getting out of prison in the dress of a lady's page, went into Holland, and fo escaped his destiny at that time, though afterwards he fell a facrifice to the fame rage that first made him unhappy; for in 1685, having got together fome officers and foldiers in Holland, he put them on board three ships, and landed in Argyllshire; and published two declarations; one in the name of all those who had taken up arms; the other in his own.

In June 1685, being defeated, and taken, he was sent prifoner to the castle of Edinburgh, and beheaded on the 30th at

the market-cross on his former illegal sentence.

He married lady Mary Stewart, daughter of James earl of Murray, by whom he had four fons and two daughters; lad Ann, first married to Richard Maitland earl of Lauderdale, and secondly to Charles earl of Murray; and lady Jane to William Ker marquis of Lothian. Of the sons, Archibald, John, Charles and James: The youngest, who was a captain in the army, married Margaret Lesly, daughter of David lord Newark. Charles was a colonel in the army. John Campbell of Mamore, the second son, married a daughter of John lord El-

phingston, of whom hereafter; and

Archibald, the eldeft, first duke of Argyle, was one of those few Scots peers who came from Holland with the prince of Orange, and 5 November 1688, landed with him at Torbay, and very much promoted the revolution in Scotland; he was owned as earl of Argyll by the parliament before they took off the attainder against his father, which, by the claim of right, was declared to be a scandal on the justice of the nation. It his earl was fent from the nobility to London, with Sir James Montgomery and Sir John Dalrymple, from the barons and boroughs, to offer the crown of Scotland, in the name of the convention of estates, to their majesties king William and queen Mary; for whose service he after sent over a regiment to Flan-

ders, of which the officers were all of his own name and fa-

mily.

On 11 April 1689, the day that their majesties were crowned king and queen of England, he, with the other commissioners, presented the act of settlement to their majesties, and taking their oath, they were the fame day proclaimed king and queen of Scotland; and on the 11th of May following, the commissioners tendered them the coronation oath, which was diffinelly pronounced by the earl, while their majesties repeated the fentences after him, holding up their right hands all the while, according to the custom of Scotland. On this their advancement to the throne, he was appointed one of the privy council, one of the lords of the treafury, colonel of the Scots guard of horse, one of the extraordinary lords of session, and at length created duke of Argyll in June 1701. reign of queen Anne he was one of the commissioners for uniting the two nations; and marrying Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Lionel Talmath of Helingham in Suffolk, Bart, and fifter of Lionel earl of Dyfart, by Elizabeth his wife, daughter and heir of William Murray earl of Dyfart, by her had iffue two fons, John marquis of Lorn, and Archibald earl of Ila; also a daughter, lady Anne, married to James Stewart, second earl of Bute. His grace deceafing in the year 1703, was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, second duke of Argyll, who was born in 1680; and in 1701 had the command of a regiment of foot, and foon after was made an extraordinary lord of session, and a knight of the thistle. He distinguished himself through the whole course of the queen's war, by his bravery and intrepitity, particularly at the battles of Ramillies, Oudenarde, and Malplaquet, and at the steges of Menin, Fort Plassendale,

Oftend and Tournay.

In 1705 he was her majefty's high commissioner to the parliament of Scotland, and was afterwards general of her army in Spain, general and commander in chief in North Britain, governor of Minorca, and one of the privy-council in England.

In 1705 he was created baron of Chatham and earl of Greenwich, and in 1710 elected a knight of the most noble

order of the garter.

On the death of queen Anne he was one of the lords juffices till the arrival of king George I. pursuant to his majestly's former appointment; and on the 19th of the said month was appointed first gentleman of the bed-chamber, or groom of the stole, to his 19th of the said month was appointed first gentleman of the bed-chamber, or groom of the 27th he was appointed commander in chief of his majestly's forces in Scotland, and soon after sworn of the privy-council. In 1715, a rebellion breaking out in Scotland, and

land, his grace attacked and routed the enemy at Dumblain, on the 13th of November, with a force not half their number. In February 1718, he was declared lord fteward of the king's houshold, and on the 30th of April created duke of Greenwich. He was feveral times one of the regency during the king's absence; was appointed governor of Portsmouth by king George II. was colonel of the queen's regiment of horse, and afterwards had the royal blue regiment of horseguards. At length he was master-general of the ordnance, and field-marshal of Great Britain. And was as conspicuous for his patriotism and eloquence in parliament, as he had been

for bravery and conduct in the field. He married first, Mary, daughter of John Brown, Esq; and niece of Sir Charles Duncombe, Knt. lord mayor of London; but she dying in 1716, without iffue, his grace married secondly, Mrs. Jane Warburton, one of the maids of honour to queen Anne, as also to queen Caroline, when princess of Wales, and by her had five daughters, lady Caroline, married first to Francis earl of Dalkeith, eldest son of Francisduke of Buccleugh; and fecondly, to the right hon. Charles Townshend, Esq; second son of the late lord viscount Townshend. Lady Ann married to William earl of Strafford. Lady Jane died in her twelfth year. Lady Betty married to James Stewart Mackenzie, brother of John earl of Bute. Lady Mary married to Edward viscount Coke, heir apparent of Thomas earl of Leicefter, and to his mother Margaret baroness Clifford, who left her a widow without iffue. His grace dying in October 1743, the titles of duke and earl of Greenwich, and baron of Chatham, expired with him; but he was fucceeded in his other titles by his brother,

Archibald, third duke of Argyll, who was in 1705, at 23 years of age, conflittuted lord treasurer of Scotland, and the next year appointed one of the commissioners for the union treaty, during which he was created a peer of Scotland, by the titles of lord Ornsay, Dunoon, and Aros, also viscount and earl of Ila, 29 October 1706. On the happy conclusion of the said treaty, he was elected one of the fixteen peers to represent Scotland in the first British parliament, as he was in

every one after except the fourth.

In October 1715, during the rebellion, he, by his great vigour and diligence, fecured Inversry, the capital town of Argyllshire, when general Gordon came with near 3000 men to force or surprize it. He was then in the office of lord register in Scotland; and on the death of William marquis of Annandale in 1721, was appointed keeper of the privy seal, which office being renewed to him by king George II. he held it till 1733: After which his grace was in the several high posts of justice general of Scotland, an extraordinary lord of

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fession, keeper of the great seal, and chancellor of the uni-

verfity of Aberdeen.

He married the daughter of Mr. Whitfield, Pay-mafter of the marines, but by her, who died in 1723, he had no iffue, and his grace dying the 15th of April 1761, in the 79th year of his age, was succeeded, in his titles and estate, by

John Campbell, now fourth duke of Argyll, fon of the hon. John Campbell of Mammore, fecond fon of Archibald, ninth earl of Argyll. His grace is a general and colonel of the Scots Grays, governor of Milford Haven and Limerick, one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, a lord of the privy-council, and a

knight of the antient order of the thiftle.

In the year 1720, he married the hon. Mis Bellenden, daughter of John, lord Bellenden, by whom he has isflue four fons and one daughter, viz. 1. John marquis of Lorn, a lieutenant-general and colonel of the first regiment of foot, who in March, 1759, married the duches dowager of Hamilton, by whom he has issue three children. 2. Henry, killed at the battle of La Feldt. 3. Lord William, who in May 1763, married Mis Sarah Izard of Charles-Town in South-Carolina, and in January 1764, was chosen knight of the shire for the county of Argyll. He is a captain in the navy, and governor of Nova-Scotia. 4. Lord Frederick, member in the present parliament for Rensrew, and a counsellor at law. 5. Lady Mary, who was the third wife of Charles Bruce earl of Aylesbury, who dying in 1746, she married the right hon. Henry Seymour Conway, brother of Francis earl of Hertford, one of his majesty's principal secretaries of state, by whom she has two daughters.

TITLES.] The most noble John Campbell, duke, marquis, and earl of Argyll; marquis of Kintyre and Lorn; earl of Campbell and Cowal; viscount Lochow and Glenilla; lord of Inverary, Mull, Morvern, and Tyric. Lord-lieutenant of Argyllshire, admiral of the Western Isles, hereditable master of the king's houshold, hereditable keeper of Dunstaffnage

and Carricl

CREATIONS.] Lord Campbell, by fummons to parliament, in 1445, the 8th of James II. and by the fame king in 1457, created earl of the county of Argyll; marquis of the fame 15 November 1641, the 17th of Charles I. duke of Argyll, marquis of Kintyre and Lorn, earl of Campbell and Cowal, vifcount Lochow and Glenilla, lord of Inverary, Mull, Morvern, and Tyrie, 23 June 1701, the 13th of William III.

ARMS.] Quarterly, iff and 4th girony of eight pieces topaz and diamond, for Campbell; 2d and 3d pearl, a lymphad, or old fashioned ship with one mast, close fails, and oars in action, all diamond, with slag and penants slying ruby, for

the lordship of Lorn.

CREST.] On a wreath, a boar's head couped proper, topaz. SUPPPORTERS.] Two lions gardant ruby.

Motto.] Ne obliviscaris.

Note, That behind the arms are two honourable badges in faltire, which his grace's ancestors have borne a long time as great masters of the king's houshold, and justiciaries of Scotland. The first is a batoon topaz, semee of thistles emerald, enfigned with an imperial crown proper; and thereon the crest of Scotland, which is a lion sejant guardant ruby, crowned with the like crown he fits on; having in his dexter paw a fword proper, the pomel and hilt topaz; and in the finister a scepter of the last. The other badge is a sword, as that in the lion's paw.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Inverary in Argyllshire, seventy miles from Edinburgh; at Campbelton in Kintyre; and at Rofneath

in the county of Dunbarton.

# MURRAY, Duke of ATHOL.

THE firname of Murray is, undoubtedly, amongst the most antient in Scotland, and the family of very remote fettlement in the county of Perth, and were descended from Sir Malcolm Murray, whose fon Sir William in the year 1282, marrying Adda, daughter of Malyss Seneschal of Strathern, thereby became possessed of the barony of Tullibardin, as appears by a charter dated that year.

In 1292, he was one of the barons fummoned to Berwick by king Edward I. of England, when that prince was to determine the controverfy about the fuccession to the crown of Scotland, then disputed between John Baliol and Robert Bruce.

By the faid Adda his wife he had

Sir Andrew Murray, his heir, who having joined the interest Baliol, against David Bruce, was beheaded at Perth in 1332. To him fucceeded his fon, Sir William, third baron of Tullibardin, whose fon John succeeded him, and he was succeeded by his fon, Sir Walter, who died in 1390, and to him fucceeded his fon, Sir David, fixth baron, who was knighted by king James I. and founded the collegiate church of Tullibardin; and he dying in 1446, was succeeded by his son Sir William. Which Sir William was knighted by king James III. made steward of Strathern, and marrying Margaret, daughter of Sir John Colquhoun of Luss, by her had many sons, from whom different families of the Murrays are descended.

Sir William, his eldest fon, succeeded him, and married Katharine, daughter of Andrew, lord Gray, by whom he had four fons and two daughters, viz. Sir John, who died without iffue, Sir William his heir, Sir Andrew of Arngosk, ancestor of viscount Stormount, and David: Christian, married to George lord Seton; and Elizabeth to Thomas Stewart of

D 2 Grantully. Grantully. He died in 1509, and was succeeded by his second

William, ninth baron of Tullibardin, who married lady Margaret, daughter of John, earl of Athol, and had iffue by her three fons and one daughter. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon.

William, tenth baron, who by his wife Catherine, daughter of Sir John Campbell, of Glenurchy, ancestor of the earl of Breadalbin, had issue four sons and four daughters, and dying

in 1562, was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

To him fucceeded his eldeft fon,

Sir William Murray, éleventh baron, who was a great fatefman, and deceafed in 1583. He married Agnes, daughter of William Gritham earl of Montrofe, by whom he had three fons and two daughters, Sir John his fucceffor, Sir William of Pitcairly, and Mungo Murray of Dornock; Margaret married to Sir Robert Bruce of Clackmanan, and Jane to Sir

John Hepburn.

Sir John, who succeeded, was one of the privy-council to king James VI. in 1592, by whom he was created lord Muray, and earl of Tullibardin, July 20, 1606. He married Katharine, daughter of David lord Drummond, and by her had issue five fons and four daughters, viz. William his heir; captain John, Sir Patrick, knight of the Bath; and Sir Mungo, who succeeded pursuant to the limitation of the patent as viscount Stormont; and Robert. Of the four daughters, Ann, the eldest, was married to Patrick Lyon, earl of Kinghorn, ancestor of the earl of Strathmore; Lilias, to Sir John Grant; Margaret, to James Haldane; and Katharine, to David Ross.

William, fecond earl, who being the happy rescuer of his majesty from a tumult of the citizens of Perth in 1600, when John earl of Gowry their provoft was killed, had thereupon a special grant of the sheriffship of Perthshire, which continued in his family till the suppression of all heritable jurisdictions, by act of parliament, in 1747. He married Dorothy, daughter and coheir of John Stewart, fifth earl of Athol, by Mary his wife, daughter of William Ruthven, the first earl of Gowry; and by her had a fon, John, of whom hereafter, and one daughter, lady Anne, wife of Sir John Moncrief, of that Knowing that his faid fon was heir of line to the earldom of Athol, and being unwilling the two honours of Athol and Tullibardin, with the estates, should be conjoined in the fame person, he surrendered his title of Tullibardin into the king's hands in favour of his brother Patrick, which was confirmed by a patent, in 1628, and the faid Patrick, hereby, third earl of Tullibardin, married Elizabeth Dent, by whom he had iffue James, fourth earl of Tullibardin, and Wiliam of Red-caftle, a brave youth, executed for his adherence to

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king Charles I. in 1646, at St. Andrews. Which James, fourth earl; had two fons, who both died unmarried, whereby the effates and honours of Tullibardin devolved on his coufin, and neareft heir male, John, fifth earl, fon of William, fecond earl, and his lady Dorothea Stewart, as above.

Which John, who had also succeeded to the title of earl of Athol, was by that match related to the royal family. He was a faithful friend to king Charles I. from the beginning of his troubles in 1640, when he raised a body of near 2000 men for his service. He married Jane, daughter of Sir Duncan Campbell of Glenurchy; and dying in 1642, was succeeded by his son,

John, the fixth earl, who in the year 1653, when but eighteen years of age, loyally took up arms in defence of king Charles II. and had several encounters with the English insurgents in the north of Scotland; for which his majesty, after the restoration, made him justice general, lord privy seal, captain of his guard, one of the extraordinary lords of fession, and created him marquis of Athol, February 7, 1676. On the 11th of June 1685, the first of James VII. he defeated a party of the earl of Argyll's men; after which he was constituted lord lieutenant of the county of Argyll, and made knight of the thiffle. He dying in May 1703, left iffue by lady Amelia-Sophia, daughter of that loyal nobleman James Stanley earl of Derby, and baron Strange of Knockyn, who was beheaded in 1651, fix fons and one daughter; John, his heir; Charles, created earl of Dunmore; lord James, married to lady Lillie Drummond, daughter of John the second carl of Perth; and left two daughters, one married to Andrew lord Rollo; the other to Mr. Farquharfon of Invercauld; William, the fourth fon, was lord Nairn, by marrying the heiress of Robert Nairn lord Nairn; lord Edward and lord Mungo; and the daughter, Amelia, was married to Hugh Fraser lord Lovat. His lordship was succeeded by his eldeft fon.

John, fecond marquis, who was made fecretary of state in the reign of William III. high commissioner to the parliament, chancellor of the university of St. Andrews, and in 1697 cre-

ated earl of Tullibardin, and viscount Glenalmond.

On the 30th of June 1703, he was created marquis of Tullibardin and duke of Athol, and on the 7th of February following he was elected a knight of the thiftle: In 1706, when the twenty fecond article of the union came to be debated concerning the number of representatives for Scotland in the parliament of Great Britain, his grace thought fit to protest against the number as insufficient and unreasonable.

He was elected one of the fixteen peers in the 3d and 4th Britith parliaments; and in 1712 was fworn one of her Majeth's privy council; appointed privy feal in 1713, and the next year was high commissioner to the general assembly of the church.

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He married, first, lady Katharine Hamilton, daughter of William and Ann duke and duchess of Hamilton; and by her had iffue fix fons, and one daughter, Susanna, married to William Gordon earl of Aberdeen. Of the fix sons, the first called marquis of Tullibardin, was a colonel in the Dutch fervice, and was flain at the battle of Mons in 1709. The fecond fon, William, marquis of Tullibardin, was attainted in 1716 for being a party in the rebellion of that time; and being taken in the last rebellion in 1746, was sent to the Tower, where he died the year after. James the third fon succeeded as duke of Athol. Lord Charles died without issue. Lord George married an heirefs of his own name, by whom he left a daughter, Amelia, who in 1750 became the fecond wife of the Hon. John Sinclair, who would have succeeded his father as lord Sinclair, but was attainted in 1716: Alfo three fons, John, now duke of Athol, James and George. This lord George Murray presumptuously acted with the rebels in 1745 as a lieutenant general, and after the defeat at Culloden escaped into France, but was attainted in 1746, and died in November 1760. The fixth fon, lord Bafil, died unmarried.

He married fecondly, Mary, daughter of William lord Rofs, by whom he had three fons, lord John Murray, member in the late parliament for Perthfhire, colonel of the Highland regiment, and a lieutenant general; lord Edward, who had iffue a fon, now an officer in the army, and a daughter; lord Frederick, a captain in the royal navy. He had also one daughter by this fecond wife, lady Mary, married to James lord Defkford. His grace dying in 1724, was fucceded by his third fon James, above noticed, on whom the titles forfeited

by his brother were fettled by act of parliament.

Which James, fecond duke of Athol, was at his father's death a commoner for the county of Perth, and a colonel in the third regiment of guards. In 1726 he married dame Jane Lanoy, widow of Sir Timothy Lanoy of Hammerfmith in Middlefex, Bart. and fifter of Sir John Frederick of Weftminfter, baronet. By her he had a fon in 1735, who died the fame year; and two daughters, lady Jane, wife of John earl of Crawford, and died without iffue; and lady Charlotte, the wife of her coufin, John Murray, Efg; knight of the fhire for the county of Perth, and fon of lord George, as above.

His grace became an English peer by the title of lord Strange, as alfo lord of the Isle of Man on the decease of James Stanley the 10th earl of Derby, who died without issue on the 1st of February 1733-6; which dignities he derived from his grandmother Amelia-Sophia, daughter of James earl of Derby, beheaded in 1651, as above recited. In April 1763 he resigned the privy seal of Scotland, and succeeded the duke of Queensberry as keeper of the great seal. He departed this life on Ja-

nuary 8, 1764, and the titles of duke of Athol, &c. &c. devolved on his nephew, the honourable John Murray, Esq, it having been found, that the attainder of lord George his father could operate only against himself, and conveyed no corruption

of blood to his children.

Which John, now third duke of Athol, having married his coufin lady Charlotte, now baroness Strange, the heirs male and of line of this illustrious family are conjoined. They have iffue four fons and three daughters, viz. John marquis of Tul-libardin, born on June 30, 1755; lords James, George and William; ladies Charlotte, Emilia and Rachael. In 1764, a contract was made with the government for the fale and furrender of the Isle of Man, together with its regalities, franchises and fea-ports; all which were annexed by act of parliament to the crown, on payment of 70,000l. Referving to his grace, his effate therein, manor-rights, patronage of the bishoprick, honorary service at the coronation, &c. And his majesty was further pleased, in consideration of the said surrender, to grant, by his letters bearing date July 10, 1765, a penfion of 2000 l. per annum upon the Irish establishment, for the lives of the prefent duke and duchefs.

TITLES.] The most noble James Murray, duke, marquis, and earl of Athol, marquis and earl of Tullibardin, viscount Glenalmond, and lord Murray; one of the fixteen peers for

Scotland.

CREATIONS.] Lord Murray of Tullibardin in the county of Perth, 25 April 1604, 3 James VI. earl and marquis of Athol in the county of Perth, 17 February 1675, 28 Charles II. viscount Glenalmond, and earl of Tullibardin, 27 July 1697, 9 William III. and marquis of Tullibardin and duke of Athol,

30 April 1703, 2 Ann.

ARMS. ] Quarterly, first sapphire, three mullets pearl, within a double treffure flowered and counterflowered with fleurs de lis topaz, for Murray. 2d grand quarter is quarterly, 1st and 4th topaz, a fefs cheque, pearl and fapphire, for Stewart; 2d and 3d pally of fix, topaz and diamond, for the title of Athol. In the third quarter ruby three legs armed proper, conjoined in the centre; at the upper part of the thighs, flext in triangle, garnished and spurred, topaz for lord of the Isle of Man. The 4th as the 1st.

CREST.] On a wreath, a demi favage, wreathed about the head and waift, emerald; holding in his right hand a dagger proper, the pomel and hilt topaz; and in his left a key of the

latter.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a lion ruby, gorged with a collar fapphire, and thereon three mullets pearl, being the supporter of Tullibardin. On the finister, a savage wreathed about the head and wailt as the creft, his feet in fetters of iron, D 4

and the chain over his right arm; which supporter and crest, with the motto, were obtained by John Stewart, earl of Athol, for his fervice in reducing the rebel Donald, lord of the ifles, and bringing him to submission, in the reign of James III.

MOTTO.] Furth fortune and fill the fetters.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Dunkell near the river Tay; at Blair castle in Athol; at Huntingtowr; the castle of Tullibardin in Perthshire; and at Cassleton in the Isle of Man.

### GRAHAM, Duke of MONTROSE.

THIS noble and great family is descended from the re-nowned Græme, who, in the year 404, was general of king Fergus Il's army; and in 420, making a breach upon the trench or wall, which the emperor Severus had made between the rivers Forth and Clyde, as the utmost bounds of the Roman empire, to keep out the Scots from molesting them in their possessions, the said trench has ever since been called Græme's dyke; and during the minority of Eugene II. the fon of Fergus I. he was governor of Scotland, married a lady of the royal house of Denmark, and was progenitor of all the Grahams

In the year 1225, William de Græme, now spelt Graham, was one of the witnesses to the foundation of the abbey of Holy100d-house, by king David 1. He had a son, John de Græme, who had a fon William, and William a fon, Sir David Graham, who obtaining from king William the lion a grant of the lands of Charleton and Barrowfield near Glafgow, and the lord(hip of Kinaber in the county of Kincardin in 1214, was therein succeeded by Sir David his son, who had also a grant from Waldwin earl of Lenos, of the lands of Strathblane in Stirlingshire, and Mugdok in Lenos, and from the carl of Dunbar got the lands of Dundaff, His fon David fucceeding, obtained particular charters of his whole lands, and had them ratified to him under the great feal of Alexander III. He married Annabel, fifter of Malife earl of Strathern, with her had the barony of Kincarn, or Kincardin of Strathern, in the county of Perth, and by her had iffue three fons, Sir Patrick, his heir, who was fireriff of Stirling; Sir John, a constant com-panion and bosom friend of the brave Sir William Wallace, who was killed at the battle of Falkirk in 1298; and Sir David Græme.

In the year 1296, Sir Patrick his successor strenuously afferting the independence of his country against king Edward I. of England, was killed at the battle of Dunbar in 1296, and left issue two sons, Sir David his heir, and Sir John, who married the heir of Robert de Avenel, and with her had the lands of Eskdale in the fouth.

Sir David, who succeeded his father, being also a very great

patriot, and zealous loyalift in behalf of king Robert Bruce, he, upon that king's accession to the throne, had a grant of divers lands, for his good fervices before that time performed; and in the year 1320 was one of the barons who wrote that notable letter to the pope, asserting the independence of Scotland, and extolling the said king as the nation's deliverer; to which record his seal now remains entire. His son Sir David succeeded, and in the year 1346, when king David was taken prisoner at the battle of Durham, he was one of the barons of Scotland, appointed to treat with the English for the king's redemption: He had issue a fon, Sir Patrick, and a daughter, married to William earl of Ross.

Which Sir Patrick was lord of Dundaff, and one of the hoflages for the faid king's ranfom, 1357. By his first wife he had William lord Graham; and a daughter, Matilda, the wise of Sir John Drummond of Concraig; and by his second, Euphemia, daughter of Sir John Stewart, brother of king Robert II. and fifter of Walter Stewart lord of Raleston, he had Sir Patrick, from whom descended the earls of Menteith; as also Robert, David and Alexander. He died before the year 1404,

and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir William Graham of Kincardin, who was joined in embaffy to king Henry IV. of England, with the earls of Crawford and Mar, to negociate and fettle a peace. He married, firft, Mariot, daughter of Sir John Oliphant, by whom he had two fons, Alexander, who died before him, and John. His fecond wife was lady Mariot Stewart, daughter of king Robert III. widow of James Kennedy of Denure, and of George earl of Angus; by her he had iffue five fons, Sir Robert, who was anceftor of the Grahams of Fintry; Patrick, bifnop of St. Andrews; William, from whom are descended the Grahams of Garvock, Balgoun; Harry and Walter, ancestors of the Grahams of Knockdolien. Dying in 1424, he was succeeded by Patrick, eldest fon of Alexander his eldest fon, who died in his life-time.

Which Patrick, lord Graham, was chosen one of the governors of the realm, during the minority of king James II.

and died in 1465, leaving iffue,

William, his fon and heir, who married Ann, daughter of George Douglas fourth earl of Angus, by whom he had iffue two fons and two daughters; Jane, married to John the fecond lord Ogilvy; and Christian, married first to James Haldane of Gleneagles; and secondly, to Sir Thomas Maul, ancestor of the earl Panmure. Of the sons, William succeeded him, and George was ancestor of the Grahams of Calender. He died in the year 1472, and was succeeded by his said eldest son,

William, who adhered to the party of king James III. ag: inft that of the nobles, and was a commander for him at the b. ttle of Bannockburn 1488, wherein the king loft his life. In return for his loyalty, king James IV. was pleased to create him earl of Montrose, March 3, 1504. He married first Annabel, daughter of John lord Drummond, by whom he had a son and heir, William, lord Graham; and secondly, Janet, daughter of Sir Archibald Edmondson of Duntreath, by whom he had three daughters, Margaret, the wise of John Stewart master of Lennox; Elizabeth, married to Walter, the grandson and heir of John the first lord Drummond; and Nicola, married to William Murray of Abereainy. His third wife was Christian Wavane, by whom he had Patrick, ancestor of the Grahams of Instraco and Gorthy, and Andrew, who became the first Protestant bishop of Dunblain, 1575. This earl was killed at the battle of Floddon 1513. To him succeeded his eldest son,

William, second earl of Montrose. He was appointed governor to king James V. by the regent, John duke of Albany. He married lady Janet, daughter of William Keith the first earl Marishal, and by her had issue four sons and five daughters; Robert, lord Graham, who was killed at the battle of Pinkie in 1547, leaving a posthumous son, John, by his wife, daughter of Malcolm lord Fleming, who succeeded his grandsather; Alexander, pensioner of Cambuskeneth; Mungo, ancestor of the Grahams of Killen; and William, ancestor of the Grahams of Orchi! Margaret, married to Robert master of Erskine, who was also killed at the battle of Pinkey; Elizabeth, to George the third earl of Caithness; Agnes, to Sir William Murray of Tullibardin, ancestor of the duke of Athol; Janet, to Andrew Murray of Balvaird; and Katharine, to John Graham of Knokdolan. His lordship died in 1571, and was succeeded by his grandson,

John, third earl, who in 1584 was conflitted lord high treasurer, and in 1597 was lord chancellor till the year 1604; after which he was declared viceroy of Scotland during his life, and held that great office till his death. He married Lilias, daughter of David lord Drummond, by whom he had iffue three sons and one daughter, viz. John lord Graham, who succeeded him; Sir Robert Graham of Innermeath; Sir William Graham of Braco in Strathern; and his daughter Lilias married John Fleming, the first earl of Wigton. Dying in 1608, he was

fucceeded by

John lord Graham, fourth earl of Montrose, who was ambassador from king James VI. to several foreign courts; and after the accession of king Charles I. was president of the council in Scotland, but died in 1626; and by his wise, lady Margaret, daughter of William earl of Gowry, had issue James, who succeeded him; and sour daughters; lady Lilias, married to Sir John Colquhoun, Bart. lady Margaret, to Archibald lord Napier; lady Dorothy, to James first lord Rollo; and lady Beatrix,

Beatrix, to David Drummond, lord Maderty, elder brother of William the first viscount Strathallan. On his decease, as a-

bove, he was fucceeded by his faid fon,

James, fifth earl and first marquis of Montrose, born in 1612, who was but young when his father died; and the transcations of this great and unfortunate nobleman being faithfully recorded in our histories of the reign of Charles I. we shall not enter upon them here, but observe, that he was sentenced to be hanged, 21 May 1650, at the cross of Edinburgh, on a gibbet thirty feet high, for the space of three hours; then to be beheaded and quartered, and his head fixed on the tolbooth prison: If he repented, and was absolved of excommunication, his body might be buried in St. Giles's church, but otherwise it should be buried in the place where he was to suffer. He expected his sate with great calmness of mind, being satisfied in the justice of his own actions for the royal cause, and met death with uncommon resolution.

His body being interred at the place of execution, it there remained till the reftoration, when by his majefly's own appointment all the parts were collected and laid together in the church of Holyrood houfe, from whence his corpfe was with great folemnity carried to St. Giles's church, and there deposi-

ted near the remains of his grandfather.

While this nobleman was at the Hague with the king in the year 1649, he was nominated and defigned for a knight of the garter; but his own tragical death prevented his obtaining the three requisites for a companion of that most noble order, namely, election, knighthood, and installation.

He married lady Magdalen Carnegie, daughter of David earl

of Southesk, and by her left iffue an only son and heir,

James, fecond marquis of Montrofe, who immediately on the king's return being reftored to his eftate and honours, was admitted one of his majefty's privy council; but dying in 1660, with the title of a worthy honeft man, by his wife lady Ifabel, daughter of William Douglas earl of Moreton, had iffue two fons, James, who fucceeded him, and lord Charles, who died young; and three daughters: Lady Ann married to Alexander Livingston earl of Calender; lady Grizel to William, second fon of William lord Cochran, ancestor of the earls of Dundonald; and lady Jane to Sir Jonathan Urquhart of Cromerty. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, third marquis, who was first made captain of his majethy's horse guard, and then president of the council; but died in 1684, in the prime of his years, to the general regret of the nation, leaving issue by the lady Christian, his wise,

daughter of John Lesley duke of Rothes,

James, fourth marquis, who foon after he came of age, was by queen Ann made admiral of Scotland in 1705.

and in the year following president of the council. On 24 April 1707, in regard of his inviolable zeal for the protestant fuccession, and his hearty concurrence in the union of the two kingdoms, her majesty was pleased to create him duke of Montrose, &c. which dignity was to descend not only to his male iffue, but also to his heirs of entail. He was appointed lord privy feal in room of the duke of Queensberry 1709, and continued fo till 1713, when he was removed for not complying with the court measures, under the ministry of Robert earl of Oxford. His grace on the decease of queen Ann in 1714, made a speedy journey to Edinburgh, and affisted at the proclaiming king George I. and on his return to London, being one of the regency, concurred chearfully with the rest in securing the public tranquillity till his majesty's arrival: Upon which he was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, in the first parliament of that reign, and made secretary of state in the room of John earl of Mar. He was foon after appointed keeper of the great feal for North Britain, which post he held about fix years: He was also chancellor of the univerfity of Glasgow, and one of the representatives for the peerage of Scotland in the first, second, fifth, fixth and seventh parliaments of Great Britain, and died in 1741.

He married lady Christian Carnegie, daughter of David earl of Northesk, and by her, who died in 1744, he had issue four sons, James marquis of Graham, who died in his infancy; David, William, now duke, and lord George, a brave officer in the navy, who died in 1746, without issue; and one

daughter, Margaret, who died unmarried.

In confideration of the fervice and constant loyalty of this noble duke, his majesty king George I. was pleased to advance his cldest surviving son, David marquis of Graham, to the dignity of a peer of South Britain, by the stile and title of earl and baron Graham of Belford in the county of Northumberland, 23 May 1722, with remainder to his two brothers, William and George: But the aforesaid David dying in 1731 unmarried, and lord George as above, the third surviving son,

William, fucceeded as fecond duke of Montrofe, and earl Graham of Belford, who in October 1742, married lady Lucy Manners, daughter of John the fecond duke of Rutland, by whom he has a fon and heir, stilled marquis of Graham, born February 8, 1755, and a daughter lady Lucy, born in July 1751. His grace is chancellor of the university of Glasgow,

and governor of the bank of Scotland.

TITLES.] The most noble William Graham, duke, marquis, and earl of Montrose, marquis and baron of Graham, Dundasts, Kincarn, Mindoc, and Kinaber, chancellor of the university of Glasgow, and governor of the royal bank.

CREATIONS.

\*\*CREATIONS.] Earl of Montrose in the county of Forsar, 3 March 1504, 5 James IV. marquis 16 May 1644, 20 Charles I. and marquis Graham and duke of Montrose, 4 April 1707, 6 Ann. He is also an English peer, by the titles of earl and baron Graham of Belford in the county of Northumberland, fo created by king George I. 23 May 1722.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th topaz, on a chief diamond, three escallop shells of the 1st, for the name of Graham; 2d and 3d pearl, three roses ruby, barbed and seeded proper, for

the title of Montrole.

CREST.] On a wreath, an eagle topaz talloning a flork

SUPPORTERS. ] Two florks of the latter.

Motto.] Ne oublie.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Glasgow in the county of Lanerk; at Kincairn in the county of Perth; and at Myndock-castle in the county of Dunbarton.

### KER, Duke of ROXBURGH.

THE firname of Ker or Car, is of great antiquity, and fome think the founder of the family came originally from France, with William the Conqueror, who gave him great grants of lands in the north of England, and that from him all the Kers, in Great Britain, are defeended. Of his defeendants, was Ker of Ker-Hall in the county of Lancaster; from whom descended two brothers, Ralph and Robert, in the county of Roxburgh, who made the two branches of Cesford and Ferniherst, about the time of king David II. 1340; and Robert having obtained the lands of Smellholme, was ancestor to the house of Cesford, of whom we are treating. The other branch of Ferniherst, is the marquis of Lothian. Leaving their remoter ancestors, we shall begin with

Sir William Ker of Cesford, who married Janet, daughter of James Douglas of Drumlanrig, widow of James Twedie

of Drumelzer, and had iffue

Sir Robert Ker of Cesford, who was knighted at the coronation of queen Ann, confort of king James VI. in 1590, and was a gentleman of the bed-chamber to that king. He was also created lord Ker of Cesford, and was one of those barons, who in 1603, by his majesty's appointment, accompanied him into England; and in 1607, had a grant of the dissolved abeis of Lesso and Lesson his which were then erecked into a barony by authority of king and parliament, for his service as warden of the widdle Marches, in well ordering and quieting the borders; after which he was created earl of Roxburgh in 1616. In the reign of Chartes I. he was appointed lord privy seal, which office he held the space of twelve years. The married, first, Mary, daughter of bir Wilham Matland, of Lethington,

thington, by whom he had iffue a fon William, mafter of Roxburgh, who died without iffue in 1625. Also three daughters, Jane married to John Drummond, second earl of Perth, Mary to James viscount Dudhope, and Isabel to James Carnegie, second earl of Southesk: And secondly, Jane, daughter of Patrick lord Drummond, by whom he had a fon,

Henry, lord Ker, who died before him; but having married lady Margaret, daughter of William Hay, tenth earl of Errol, by her left three daughters, Jane heir to her grandfather, Ann married to John Fleming the fourth earl of Wig-

ton, and Margaret to Sir Harry Innes of Innes, Bart.

The lady Jane who was heir, by her grandfather's appoint-

ment, married her cousin german

Sir William Drummond, fon of his eldest daughter lady Jane, before-mentioned, and thereupon became fecond earl of Roxburgh, and took the name and arms of Ker, and dying in 1675, left two sons, Robert who succeeded him, John who became lord Bellenden, and one daughter Jane, who was the fecond wife of Colin earl of Balcaras. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, third earl of Roxburgh, who was a privy-counfellor to king Charles II. but accompanying the duke of York from London to Scotland, in the flip Gloucefter, he was loft on the coast of Yarmouth, with above a hundred persons more, the ship, after striking on the sands, foundering on the 5th of May 1682. He married lady Mary Hay, daughter of John marquis of Tweedale, and by her, who lived a widow seventy years, and died in January 1753, he left three sons, viz. Robert, who succeeded as fourth earl of Roxburgh, but

Robert, who fucceeded as fourth earl of Roxburgh, but died abroad in his travels 1696; John who was created duke of Roxburgh, and William who was a colonel of dragoons, and groom of the bed-chamber to his majefty when prince of Wales. In the first and fifth parliaments after the union, he was returned for the burghs of Kinghorn, &c. In the fixth he was returned for the burghs of Aberdeen, &c. and was voted not duly elected, but was foon after chosen for the town of

Berwick, and was a general officer, in the army.

The faid earl Robert dying unmarried was succeeded by John, his next brother, as fifth earl of Roxburgh, who was by queen Ann made secretary of state for Scotland 1704; and being very faithful in promoting the union, was advanced to the dignity of marquis of Beaumont and Cessord, and duke of Roxbugh, 27 April 1707, and elected one of the fixteen peers in the fift pailiament of Great Britain. Being a hearty friend to the protestant succession he was previously nominated one of the regency, in supposition of the queen's death, till the next heir should arrive; and in the fift year of king George I. he was sworn of the privy-council, lord-lieutenant

of

of Selkirk and Roxburghshires, and keeper of the privy seal for Scotland. He was also one of the fixteen peers in the second, fifth, and fixth parliaments of Great Britain, and three times one of the lords justices during the king's absence abroad. In October 1722, he was elected a knight of the most noble order of the gatter, and in November following installed at Windsor. He was secretary of state for North Britain from 1716 to 1725, but after the death of king George I, his grace chose to retire from court for the remainder of his days, and died February 24, 1741.

He married lady Mary Finch, daughter of Daniel earl of Winchelsea and Nottingham, and widow of William Savil

marquis of Halifax, by whom he had iffue an only fon

Robert, fecond duke of Roxburgh. On 24 May 1722, he was created an English peer by the stile and title of baron and earl Ker of Wakefield in the county of York. In 1739 he married Essex, eldest daughter of Sir Roger Mostyn, of Mostyn in Flintshire, Bart. by lady Essex Finch, his aunt, by whom he had issue John marquis of Beaumont, born in April 1740; lord Robert Ker, born in March 1745; lady Mary, born March 1741, and died in June 1758; and lady Essex. His grace dying August 20, 1755, was succeeded by his eldest fon,

John, now third duke of Roxburgh.

TITLES.] The most noble John Ker, duke of Roxburgh, marquis of Beaumont and Cesford, earl of Roxburgh and Kelso, viscount Broxmouth, baron Ker of Roxburgh, Cefford and Caverton; also a peer of England by the stile and title of baron and earl Ker of Wakefield in the county of York.

CREATIONS.] Lord Ker of Cesford in 1603, earl of Roxburgh and Kelfo 19 Sept. 1616, by James VI. and marquis of Beaumont and Cesford, and duke of Roxburgh, 27 April

1707.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th emerald, on a cheveron between three unicorns heads erazed pearl, horned and mained topaz; as many mullets diamond, for the name of Ker. 2d and 3d ruby, three macles topaz, for Weepont, as being defeended from that family.

CREST.] On a wreath, a unicorn's head as those in the

coat.

SUPPORTERS.] Two favages, wreathed about the waift with laurel, each holding a batoon over his fhoulder, all proper.

Morro.] Pro Christo & Patria dulce periculum.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Floor in Roxburghfhire; at Friers in the fame county; at Broxmouth in the county of Hadington, near Dunbar on the sea-coast; and at Bray in the county of Bucks.

# MARQUISSES.

## HAY, Marquis of TWEEDDALE.

HAVE undoubted authority for afferting, that the name of this illustrious family was derived from France. That there were lands and a lordship of that denomination in Normandy, long before the time of William the Conqueror, as is made appear by Mr. Douglas, in his Peerage of Scotland; and that the Hays in Normandy had the fame armorial bearings with those in Scotland. And there is sufficient proof that William de la Haya, ancestor of the family of Tweeddale, was fettled in Lothian, about the reigns of David I. and Malcolm IV. In the reign of William the Lion, about the year 1200, John the fon of William Hay, marrying the heir of Robert de Lyne, with her had the barony of Lockhart; and from him descended Sir Gilbert Hay, who was a person much effeemed by king Robert Bruce; and marrying Mary, daughter and coheir of Simon Fraser, lord of Oliver Castle, with her obtained a fair estate in the county of Tweeddale, and thereupon the family hath continued to quarter the arms of Fraser. He died about 1320, leaving by the said Mary his wife, Sir Thomas Hay, who on the 17th of October 1346, was taken prisoner with king David II. at the battle of Durham; and in 1357 his fon Sir William Hay was one of the hoftages for that king's ranfom.

His son, Sir Thomas, who died in 1400, was succeeded by Sir William Hay of Lockhart, who married Joanna, eldest daughter and coheir of Sir Hugh Gifford, lord of Yester, with whom he got the lands and barony of Yester, which he assumed for his chief title, and added the arms of Gifford, to his former bearing, in 1421; by her he had issue Sir Thomas his heir, and other children; also by a second marriage, Edmund, ancestor of the Hays of Bara and Linplum in the North, owhom those of Adderston, Mordington, &c. in the South, are

descended.

Sir Thomas, his heir, was one of the hoftages for the ranfom of king James I. in 1423, but he dying without iffue, Sir David, a third fon, became lord Yester, and was father of John, and he of another John, who was falin on the 9th of September 1513, at the battle of Floddon, with king James IV. and to him succeeded his son John, third lord Hay, of Yester, who married Elizabeth, daughter of George Douglas, son of Archibald earl of Angus, and by her had a fon John, and a daughter Elizabeth, who was married to George lord Scton. John who succeeded being taken prisoner at the battle of Pinkey, 1547, was carried to the Tower of London, where he continued till the pacification was concluded between the two nations; and dying in the year 1557, left issue the wife Margaret, daughter of William lord Livingston, ancestor of the earl of Linlithgow, William his successor, and Thomas; and a daughter Mary, married to — Congalton of that ilk.

William, his eldest son, fifth lord Yester, was one of the peers that joined with great zeal for the reformation in the reign of queen Mary; and marrying Margaret, daughter of Sir John Ker of Ferniherst, by her had two sons, whereof William the eldest was fixth lord Yester; but he dying in 1591, without male issue, bis brother James became seventh lord Yester, and at the coronation of king James VI. was made knight of the Bath. He married lady Margaret, daughter of Mark Ker earl of Lothian; by whom he had John his heir, Sir William Hay of Linplum, and a daughter Margaret, who was first married to Alexander Seton carl of Dumferline, and afterwards to James Livingson earl of Calendar. He died in the year 1600, and was succeeded by his cleen fon,

John, eighth lord Yester, who in the beginning of the troubles of king Charles I. had the command of a regiment in the royal army, for which and other his good services, he was created earl of Tweeddale on December 1, 1646; and dying in 1653, left issue by Jane his first wife, daughter of Alexander earl of Dumferline, John his heir and successor; and by his second wife Margaret, daughter of Alexander Montgomery earl of Eglington, he left William Hay of Drumelzer, whose daughter married and had issue. He died

in 1653, and was succeeded by his faid eldest son,

John, fecond earl, who was a nobleman of fine parts, and of great experience in affairs. King Charles II. on his refloration, appointed him to be one of the privy council, a commillioner of the treafury, and one of the extraordinary lords of feffion, in which pofts he was continued by king James VII. till the revolution; and then having complied with the government under king William and queen Mary, their majesties had so great a regard for his wisdom and conduct, that they were pleased to make him one of the lords of the treasury, lord chancellor of Scotland, and in 1694 created him marquis of Tweeddale.

He married the lady Jane, daughter of Walter Scot, first earl of Buccleugh, and by her had issue seven sons and seven daughters, viz. John his successor; lord Francis, who died young; lord David, of Belton; lord Charles, who also died young; lord Alexander, of Spoc; lord Gilbert, and lord William: Of the daughters, lady Margaret was married to Robert Ker,

third

third earl of Roxburgh; and lady Jane, to William Douglas earl of March. The other daughters died young. He deceased

in 1697, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, second marquis of Tweeddale; who was one of the privy council to king William III. in whose reign he was also high commissioner to the parliament of Scotland, and first commissioner of the treasury. In the reign of queen Ann he was made high chancellor of Scotland, and in 1704 was high commissioner to the parliament, when the act of security was confirmed and past into a law: after which, in 1707, he was elected one of the fixteen peers to the first parliament of Great Britain. He married lady Ann, only daughter of John Maitland, duke of Lauderdale; by whom he had iffue three fons and two daughters; lady Ann, third wife of William lord Ross; lady Jane, wife of John Lesley earl of Rothes; and of the sons, which were Charles lord Yester, the lords John and William; the fecond was colonel of the royal regiment of Scots dragoons, and brigadier general in the army, and acquired great honour by his bravery under the duke of Marlborough at Schellenburg and Ramellies; but in 1706 he died of a fever at Courtray, much lamented, leaving iffue by the lady Elizabeth, daughter of James fourth earl of Carnwath, a fon John, who died December 10, 1755. And his lordship deceasing in 1713, was succeeded by his eldest fon,

Charles, third marquis. In the first of king George I. he was made lord lieutenant of the county of East Lothian, and in March 1714 was elected one of the sixteen peers for Scotland; but dying on the 15th of December 1715, left is the but the lady Susan, daughter of William and Ann duke and duches of Hamilton, and widow of John Cochran earl of Dundonald, four sons and three daughters, viz. John his successor; lord James, who died young; lord Charles, a volunteer at Gibraltar in 1727, as likewise with prince Eugene on the Rhine in the campaign 1735; he was afterwards a major general, and colonel of a regiment of foot, and died the first of May 1759; and lord George. The daughters were lady Susan, who died unmarried; ladies Catharine and Anne.

John, lord Yester, the eldest son, succeeded his father as fourth marquis, and was chosen one of the fixteen peers in the sixth, seventh, ninth, tenth, and eleventh parliaments of Great Britain. In 1742 he was appointed secretary of state for Scotland, which office he resigned in 1746. In 1761 he was appointed justice general of Scotland. He married lady Frances Carteret, youngest daughter of John earl Granville, in April 1748, and by her had one son, George, and two daughters, ladies Grace and Catharine. His lorship departing this life December the 9th, 1762, was succeeded by his son,

George, now fifth marquis of Tweeddale.

TITLES.] The most honourable John Hay, marquis and earl of Tweeddale, viscount Pebles, and lord Yester.

CREATIONS.] Earl of Tweeddale, 1 December 1646, 22 Charles I. and marquis, 26 December 1694, 7 William III.

ARMS.] Quarterly, Ist and 4th sapphire, three cinquesoils pearl for Fraser; 2d and 3d ruby, three bars ermine for Gifford of Yester; and over all, by way of surtout, pearl, three

escutcheons ruby, being the paternal coat of Hay.

CREST.] On a wreath a stag's head erazed pearl, horned topaz.

Supporters.] Two bucks proper, attired and unguled to-

paz; each having a collar tapphire, charged with three cinque-

foils as in the coat.

Motto.] Spare nought.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Pinkie in Mid-Lothian, and at Yester in East-Lothian.

## KER, Marquis of LOTHIAN.

THE antiquity of the name of Ker has been already noticed under the duke of Roxburgh's pedigree. Sir George McKenzie, that learned antiquary, is of opinion, that the Kers fettled in the fouth parts of Scotland about the year 1330; but it is certain they were numerous and flourishing long before that time; for many of that name swore fealty to Edward I, king of England, between the years 1291 and 1297. However, I shall not enter into these remote times, but deduce my account from Mark Ker, second son of Sir Andrew Ker of Cessord, who in the year 1564 was abbot of Newbottle, and in 1569 an extraordinary lord of session. He married lady Helen, daughter of George Lesley earl of Rothes, and by her had issue four sons and one daughter; Katharine, married to William Maxwell lord Herries. The sons were, Mark, who succeeded him; Andrew Ker of Fenton, George and William Ker, Esgrs. He died in 1584, and

Mark, the eldeft son, succeeded, and was a judge in the court of session, and master of requests; and in his savour the abbacy of Newbottle was erected into a temporal barony, by

authority of king and parliament, 1591.

On June 10, 1606, he was created earl of Lothian. He married Margaret, daughter of John lord Herries, by whom he had iffue four fons, Robert, William, Mark, and James; and feven daughters, Jane married to Robert mafter of Boyd, Janet to William Coningham earl of Glencairu, Margaret to James Hay lord Yester. Isabel to William Douglas first earl of Queensberry, Lilias to John lord Bothwick, Mary to Sir James Richardson of Smeaton, and Elizabeth to Sir Alexander Hamilton of Innerwick.

E 2

Robert, his eldest fon, succeeded him, and was second earl. He married lady Annabel, daughter of Archibald Campbell the feventh earl of Argyll, by whom he had two daughters, ladies Ann and Joanna, but leaving no male issue, he, with the king's approbation, made over his estate and titles to his faid daughter lady Ann; and upon his decease in 1624, she succeeded thereto accordingly; and marrying Sir William Ker, fon and heir of Robert first earl of Ancram, king Charles I. conferred those titles upon him. They had iffue three fons and feven daughters; lady Ann married to Alexander Fraser master of Salton; lady Elizabeth to John lord Bothwick; lady Mary to James Brodie of that ilk; lady Margaret to Sir James Richardson of Smeaton; lady Vere to lord Neil Campbell, second son of the marquis of Argyll; and lady Henrietta to Sir Francis Scot of Thirlestane. The sons were, Robert, their heir; Sir William, director of the chancery in 1661; and Charles, ancestor of the Kers of Abbotrule. His lordship was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, fourth earl of Lothian. He was one of the privy council to king William, and by him made justice general of Scotland, and marquis of Lothian; and married lady Jane, daughter of Archibald Campbell marquis of Argyll. by whom he had issue four sons and one daughter, viz. William earl of Ancram; lord Charles Ker, director of the chancery, who lest a numerous issue, and his eldest son, Robert Ker, Esq; is now director of the chancery; lord John, a colonel in the army; and lord Mark, general of sot, colonel of a regiment of dragoons, and governor of Edinburgh castle, who died unmarried February 2, 1752. The daughter, lady Mary, married James marquis of Douglas, and was mother of Archibald, late duke

of Douglas.

His lordship departing this life in the year 1703, was fuc-

ceeded by his eldest fon,

William, fecond marquis of Lothian, who was by queen Ann appointed one of the commissioners to treat of the union between England and Scotland; in November 1705, he was elected a knight of the ancient order of the thille, and one of the fixteen peers to sit in the first and second parliaments of Great Britain: he was afterwards made colonel of the third regiment of soot guards, and major general of the forces in Scotland; and in March 1714-15, he was again chosen of the fixteen peers. He married lady Jane, daughter of Archibald Campbell, the unfortunate earl of Argyll, who was beheaded in 1685, and by her had slike William his heir, and four daughters; lady Jane, married to William lord Crandson; lady Ann, to Alexander the seventh earl of Hume; lady Elizabeth, to William lord Rofs; and lady Mary, to Alexander Hamilton of Innerwick, Efg; postmaster general of Scot-

William, third marquis of Lothian, who was elected one of the fixteen peers to the eighth, ninth, tenth, and eleventh British parliaments. He was elected a knight of the thistle in 1734, and foon after appointed his majesty's high commissioner to the general affembly of the church of Scotland; as also lord register in the court of fession, which last he resigned in 1760. He married first, Margaret, daughter of Sir Thomas Nicolfon, Bart. and by her, who died 27th of September 1759, had two fons; I. William earl of Ancram, who was lieutenant colonel to his great uncle lord Mark Ker's dragoons, and is now colonel of a regiment of dragoons, and a lieutenant-general of his majefty's forces. He married lady Louisa-Carolina, only daughter of Robert Darcy earl of Holderness, by whom he hath a son, William lord Newbottle, born in 1737, who married, the 20th of July 1762, Miss Fortescue, niece of the earl of Mornington of the kingdom of Ireland; and two daughters, lady Louisa, wife of lord George Lennox, brother of the duke of Richmond, and lady Wilhelmina-Emilia. 2. Lord Robert, a captain in the army, flain at the battle of Culloden, April 16, 1746. He married, fecondly, Jane, daughter of his coufin, lord Charles Ker of Cramond.

TITLES. ] The most honourable William-Henry Ker, marquis and earl of Lothian, earl of Ancram, baron Ker of Newbottle and Jedburgh, and knight of the ancient order of the

thistle.

CREATIONS. ] Baron of Newbottle in the county of Edinburgh, 15 October 1587; baron of Jedburgh in the county of Roxburgh in February 1621; earl of Lothian, 10 July 1605; earl of Ancram in the fame county, all by king James VI.

and marquis of Lothian, 23 June 1701, by William III.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th sapphire, the sun in its fplendor, as a coat of augmentation for Lothian; 2d and 3d ruby; on a chevron pearl, three mullets of the field for the

name of Ker.

CREST. ] On a wreath, the fun, as in the coat.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, an angel apparelled fapphire, its hair and wings topaz. On the finisher, a unicorn pearl, horned, mained, and unguled, topaz,

MOTTO. ] Sero fed Serio.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Newbottle, in the fhire of Edinburgh ; and Monteviot lodge, in the shire of Roxburgh.

# JOHNSTON, Marquis of ANNANDALE.

HE Johnstons are an ancient and warlike family, and derive their firname from the barony of Johnston, their patrimony in Annandale. This family were often wardens of the west borders before the union of the two crowns, and laid the foundation of their grandeur by their remarkable services against the English, the Douglasses, and other borderers. They also suppressed the thieves, who during the war between the two nations committed great ravages on the borders; and thereupon took for a device a winged spur, to denote their diligence; and for their motto, Alight Thieves All, signifying their authority in commanding them to surrender.

In the reign of Robert II. Sir John Johnston of that ilk, on the faid king's secession to the crown in 1370, defeated the English who invided Scotland from the marches. He was succeeded by his son Sir John Johnston, who died about the year

1420, and was succeeded by his fon,

Sir Adam Johnston, who was allo remarkable for his loyalty to his prince, and love to his country, and was particularly instrumental in suppressing the rebellion of William earl of Douglas; for which eminent service to the crown he had a gift of the lands of Pitenen in the county of Lanerk from king James II. and was succeeded by his son, by his sirst wife,

John, who in 1457 was one of the confervators of the peace with England. He married Mary, a daughter of the family of Maxwell, and by her had James his heir, and John. By a fecond wife he had Sir Gilbert Johnston, who obtained the lands and barony of Elphingston, by the daughter and heir of Sir Alexander Elphingston. James, eldest son of John, lived in the time of king James IV. and had one fon, Adam, who died in 1488, and left iffue James, who was in great favour with James IV. and V. He was succeeded by his eldest fon John, who fignalized himself at the battle of Pinkey, in 1547. fucceeded about 1568, by his eldest fon James, who was fucceeded by his fon John, who married Margaret, daughter of Sir William Scot of Buccleugh, by whom he had a fon, James, and two daughters, Elizabeth, wife of Alexander Jardin; and Grizel, of Sir Robert Maxwell. He died in 1586, and was fucceeded by his faid fon,

James, who was in great favour with king James VI. who made him warden of the marches, and knighted him; but in 1608, being in a family difpute with the lord Maxwell, hethereby loft his life, which was much regretted, being a gentleman of great wifdom, and very well inclined. He married Sarah, daughter of John lord Herries, and by her had

Sir James his heir, who, by king Charles I. was created lord Johnston, and earl of Hartfield, but afterwards, for his loyalty to the king, he suffered imprisonment and the sequestration of his estate. He had issue by Margaret his first wise, daughter of William Douglas the first earl of Queensberry, James his successor, and three daughters; Mary, married to Sir George Graham of Netherby, ancestor of the viscount Preston; Margaret, to Sir Robert Dalziel of Glenay, ancestor of the earl of Carnwath; and Janet, to Sir William Murray of Stanhope. He was succeeded by his said son,

James, fecond earl, who after the reftoration changed his title of Hartfield to Annandale with the king's approbation, and was one of his majefty's privy council. He married lady Henrietta, daughter of William marquis of Douglas, by the lady Mary his fecond wife, daughter of George Gordon marquis of Huntley, and by her had tiflue William his heir, John, and three daughters; lady Mary, married to William Lindfay earl of Crawford; lady Margaret, to Sir James Montgomery; and lady Henrietta, to Sir John Carmichael, baronets. He died

July 7, 1672, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, who was one of the privy council to king William III. by whom, in 1696, he was also made one of the commisfioners of the treasury, and created marquis of Annandale in 1701. In the reign of queen Ann he was made fecretary of state, prefident of the council, one of the extraordinary lords of fession, knight of the thiftle, and one of the commissioners for the treaty of union; but in the parliament 1706, his lordship opposed the union, and delivered feveral speeches and protestations containing the reasons of his diffent, which were all entered in the records of parliament: he was however elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, to fit in the third parliament of Great Britain. On the 12th of October 1714, he was fworn one of his majesty's privy council, and appointed keeper of the privy feal in Scotland; after which he was lord lieutenant of the counties of Dumfries, Peebles, and Kirkcudbright, was again elected in the fifth parliament one of the fixteen peers, and died January 14, 1721. He married first copbia, daughter and fole heir of John Fairholm of Craigiehall in the county of Stirling, Efq; by whom he had iffue two fons, James late marquis of Annandale, and lord William, who died in 1722 unmarried; and a daughter, Henrietta, who was married to Charles Hope, earl of Hopeton: and secondly, Charlotte, daughter of John Vanden Bempden of Westminster, Esq; by whom he had issue two fons, lord George, born in 1720, fo named, the king being his godfather; and the lord John, who was elected to parliament for the burghs of Dumfries, &c. in 1721, and died unmarried in 1742; and the faid marquis was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

James, fecond marquis of Annandale, who was returned to the fecond parliament of Great Britain for the shires of Dum-

E 4 frie

### 6 MARQUIS OF ANNANDALE:

fries and Linlithgow; but being the eldest son of a peer, was declared incapable of fitting for either of them by the laws of Scotland. The said lord being a valetudinary man, travelled much abroad for his health, and died at Naples. He was succeeded by his only surviving brother,

George, now third marquis of Annandale, who has been declared a lunatick ever fince the year 1745, by commissioners

appointed for that purpose.

TITLES.] The most honourable George Johnston, marquis and earl of Annandale, vifcount Annan, and lord Johnston of Lockwood, Lochmaban and Mossat in Annandale, hereditary keeper of Lochmaban.

CREATIONS.] Lord Johnston 20 June 1633, and earl of Hartfield in 1643, by Charles I. earl of Annandale in 1661, by Charles II. and marquis of Annandale 24 June 1701, by

William III.

ARMS.] Quarterly, Ist and 4th pearl a faltire diamond; on a chief ruby three cushions topaz; 2d and 3d topaz, an an-chor in pale ruby.

CREST.] On a wreath a fpur crect topaz, winged pearl.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide a lion pearl, armed and langued fapphire, and imperially crowned topaz: on the finifter a horse pearl furnished ruby.

Motto.] Nunquam non paratus.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Lockwood of Annandale in Dumfriesfhire, neat the famous well of Moffat.

# E A R L S.

# CRAWFURD, Earl of CRAWFURD and LINDSAY.

THE immediate ancestor of the ancient and noble family of Lindsay, which came first to Scotland with Edgar Atheling and Margaret his stitter, queen of king Malcolm Cammore, was Sir David Lindsay, lord of Crawfurd and Glanesk, who flourished in the reign of king David Bruce, and was the eighth generation of the illustrious house of Crawfurd, in a direct male line. He was succeeded by his third son Sir William Lindsay of Crawfurd, who in the time of king David Iliam Lindsay of Crawfurd, who in the time of king David Iliam to him and the heirs male of his body, &c. dated January 17, 1366, was created lord Lindsay of Byres, by king Robert II. about the year 1376, and raised further his fortune by marriage with Christian, daughter and sole heir of SirWilliam, daughter and sole heir of SirWilliam.

liam Muir of Abercorn in the county of Linlithgow; and having with her that lordship, and several others, he thereupon added to his arms three mullets; and afterwards changed his lands of Dunotter in the county of Kincardin, with Sir William Keith marshal of Scotland, for his lands of Struthers in the county of Fife, which then became the principal feat of this noble family. He died in the year 1424, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon John, who in the 20th of James II. was constituted chief justiciary north of the river Forth, and one of his privy council, and was appointed to treat of a peace with the English in the year 1451. He married a daughter of Robert Stewart, lord Lorn, by whom he had nine fons and four daughters; whereof Christian was first married to Alexander Seton of Parbroath, Efq; and another Christian, married to John, son and heir of John lord Seton, and afterwards to Robert Coningham lord Kilmaurs: Of the fons, Walter, the fifth, was made lord St. John; and in 1480 David, the eldeft, succeeding his father affisted king James III. at the battle of Bannockburn; but in 1490, dying without issue, John his next brother became heir, who dying also without male issue in 1498, Patrick the third brother succeeded, and by James V. was made theriff of the county of Fife; which office he had till 1531, when it was heretably con-ferred upon George Lesley earl of Rothes. He married Isabella, a daughter of - Pitcairn of that ilk, by whom he had three fons, John, his heir; Patrick, lord of Kirkfothar, ancestor of the Lindsays of Kirkfothar, and others; and William of Pyotstown, of whom are descended the Lindsays of Pitscottie, Wilmerston, and others. He died in 1526, and his eldest fon, Sir John Lindfay of Piteruvie, marrying Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Robert Lundy of Balgony, by her had two fons, John who fucceeded his grandfather, and David of Scotfloun; and a daughter Janet, wife of Sir David Murray, of Belvaird. John, his eldeft fon, was the fixth lord Lindfay, of Byres, and married lady Helen, daughter of John Stewart earl of Athol, by whom he had iffue three fons and fix daughters, Isabel married to Norman Lesley, son of George earl of Rothes; Catharine to Thomas Myreton of Cambo; Margaret to David Beaton of Meldrum, fon of Cardinal Beaton; Janet to Henry mafter of Sinclair, and fecondly to Sir George, ion of Sir Robert Douglas of Lockleven; Helen to Thomas Fotheringhame of Pacorie; and Elizabeth to David Kinier of that ilk: Of the fons, Patrick was his heir, John died in France, and Norman was ancestor of the Lindsays of Newton of Nydie, now extinct. He died in the year 1563, and was fucceeded by his eldest fon Patrick, who was active for the reformation of religion, and on the king's fide in the minority of James VI. He married Eupheme, daughter of Sir Robert Douglas Douglas of Lochleven, and by her had iffue James his heir, and two daughters, Margaret married to James lord Lefley, eldelf fon of Andrew the fifth earl of Rothes, and Maulflie to William Ballingall of that ilk. He died on January 11, 1580,

and was fucceeded by his faid fon,

James, eighth lord, who married lady Eupheme, daughter of Andrew earl of Rothes, and by her had iffue two fons and three daughters; Jane, wife of Robert Lundie, of Balgony; Catharine, of John Lundin, of that ilk; and Helen, of John, lord Cranstoun. He died in 1601, and his eldest fon Robert succeeded him, and marrying Ann, daughter of Laurence lord Oliphant, by her had only a daughter married to Alexander Falconer the first lord Halkerton, and dying Nov. 9, 1609, his brother John, tenth lord, succeeded to the estate. He married lady Christian Hamilton, daughter of Thomas earl of Haddington, by whom he had issue John his heir, and a daughter, Helen, married to Sir William Scot of Ardross.

Dying in 1616, he was succeeded by his faid son,

John, eleventh lord, who by king Charles I. in 1633, was created earl of Lindsay, and succeeded to the title of earl of Crawfurd, in consequence of an intail made by Lodowic, the last earl, and became fourteenth earl of Crawfurd. In 1641, he was constituted lord high treasurer of Scotland, which office he held for eight years; but in 1649, was laid afide by the estates of parliament, for his vigorous appearance in raising the army, which was intended to relieve the king in the Isle of Wight, After the death of the king he adhered to king Charles II. at whose coronation at Scoon, on the first of January 1650, he carried the scepter; but the same year receiving a commission from his majesty to raise forces for his fervice, in order to his restoration, he, with several other lords, was surprized at Elliot in Angus by the English, and fent prisoner to the Tower of London, where he suffered a tedious imprisonment, till the restoration 1660, whereupon, in confideration of his loss and fufferings, his majesty was pleased to restore him to the treasurer's office, January 9, 1661, which he refigned in favour of his fon-in-law, the earl of Rothes, in 1664.

He married lady Margaret, fecond daughter of James the fecond marquis of Hamilton, by whom he had iffue two fons and four daughters; William his fucceffor; Patrick, of whom hereafter, as anceftor of the prefent earl of Crawfurd; lady Ann married to John Lefley duke of Rothes; lady Christian to Thomas Hamilton earl of Haddington; lady Helen, to Sir Robert Sinclair of Stevenson, Bart. and lady Elizabeth to David earl of Northesk. He died in the year 1676, and was

succeeded by his eldest son,

William, fifteenth earl of Crawfurd, and fecond of Lindfay, who was prefident of the privy council, and one of the lords of the treasury 1689, having been a great promoter of the revolution. He married first lady Mary, daughter of James Johnston earl of Annandale, by whom he had iffue three sons, John his heir; James who was a colonel, and unfortunately flain at the battle of Almanza in 1707, and Patrick; and a daughter, lady Henrietta, wife of William Baillie, of Lamington, Esq; and secondly, lady Henrietta, daughter of Charles Seton earl of Dumferline, by whom he had a fon Thomas, and fix daughters, ladies Anne, Christian, Margaret, Helen, Susan, and Catharine, married to Patrick Lindsay, Esq; descended of the family of Kirkforthar, who was governor of the Isle of Man, and provost of Edinburgh. His lordship died in 1698, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, fixteenth earl, who chusing a military life, had several confiderable commands in the army; and in 1702 was one of the privy council to queen Ann. In 1707 he was made brigadier-general; and on the conclusion of the union, was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, to fit in the first parliament of Great Britain; being likewise in April 1708, made major-general, and again chosen one of the fix-

teen peers for North Britain.

On the 5th of May 1710, he was made a lieutenant-general, and in 1713, was appointed colonel of the second troop of horse grenadier guards, and one of her majesty's privy council. He married Emilia, daughter of James Stewart lord Down, eldest son and heir apparent of Alexander the fixth earl of Murray, by whom he had iffue two fons and two daughters, John and William, which last died in the post of a captain in the royal navy; lady Catharine married to John Wemyss, Esq; an officer in the army, and lady Mary to

- Campbell of Glenfaddel. He died in 1714, and was

fucceeded by his fon,

John, feventeenth earl, who betook himself early to a military life, and was feveral years colonel of a company in the third regiment of foot guards. In 1733 he was a gentleman of the bed chamber to the prince of Wales, and the next year had the command of a regiment of foot. In 1734 he was a volunteer in the imperial army on the Rhine; and also in a battle against the Turks in 1739, when he received a dangerous wound in his thigh. In 1740 he had the command of the second troop of horse grenadier guards, after which he was colonel of the royal Scots dragoons. He was one of the fixteen peers for North Britain in three parliaments, the eighth, ninth, and tenth. After flruggling some years with his wound, his lordship languished and died in the year 1749. He married in 1747 lady Jane Murray, daughter of James duke of Athol, who foon after died without iffue at the baths of Aix in Germany; and leaving no iffue, the feveral dignites of earl of Crawfurd and Lindfay, devolved on his coufin and heir male, George vifcount Garnock, defeended of Patrick, fecond fon of John, first earl of Lindfay and fourteenth earl of Crawfurd, to whom we now return. Which Patrick married Margaret, daughter and coheir of Sir John Crawfurd, of Kilbirnie, in the shire of Air, upon whom Sir John fettled his whole estate, to them and their heirs whatever, they being obliged to bear the name and arms of Crawfurd. By her he had iffue three fons and three daughters; John his heir, Parick, and Archibald; Margaret wife of David, earl of Glafgew; Anne of Mr. Henry Maule, brother and heir of James earl of Pammure; and Magdalen of George Dundas of Dudcingstone, Esq; He was succeeded by his eldest son.

John, who was by queen Anne in 1703, made one of the privy council, and created viccount Garnock. He married lady Margaret Stewart, daughter of James earl of Bute, by whom he had iffue five fons and three daughters; whereof Patrick, the fecond viccount, married Mis riome, daughter of George Home, of Kelly, Efq; by whom he had iffue two fons and three daughters; John who died before his father; George his fucceffor; Margaret and Janet, who died infants; and Chrittian-Graham, the wife of Patrick Bogle, Efq; He died in the year 1737, and was fucceeded by his only furvi-

ving fon,

George, third viscount, who on the decease of John Lindfay earl of Crawfurd, without issue, as before observed, succeeded also as eighteenth earl of Crawfurd and fifth of Lindsay. His lordship married December 26, 1755, Jane, daughter of Robert Hamilton of Bourtreehill, Esg; by whom he has three sons and two daughters; George lord Lindsay, born February 4, 1758; Robert and Bute; ladies Jane and Mary.

TITLES.] The right honourable George Lindsay Crawfurd, earl of Crawfurd and Lindsay, viscount and baron Garnock,

baron Crawfurd and Spinzy.

CREATIONS.] Earl of Ćrawfurd in the county of Lanerk 1399, by Robert III. baron of Spinzy in 1590, by James VI. carl of Lindfay in the county aforefaid by Charles I. baron and vifecunt Garnock 1c April 1703, by queen Ann.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th ruby, a fess cheque pearl and fapphire; 2d and 3d topaz, a lion rampant ruby, sup-

prest with a ribband diamond.

CREST.] On a wreath, an offrich proper, holding in its heak a key, topaz.

SUPPORTERS.] Two lions fejant ruby.

Motto.] Indure furth.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Struthers in the county of Fife, and at Kilbirney in Airshire. HAY,

### HAY, Earl of ERROL.

IN the year 980, and the reign of Kenneth III. when the Danes had invaded Scotland, and prevailed in the battle of Loncarty near Perth, the Scots were worsted and gave way; and in their flight through a narrow pass were stopt by a countryman and his two fons, who encouraged them to rally and renew the fight; telling them, it was better and more honourable to die in the field fighting for their king and country, than to fly and be afterwards killed by the merciles Danes; and upbraided those who would fly like cowards, when all lay at stake: The more timorous stood still, and many of the flout men, who fled more by the defertion of their companions, than want of courage, joined with the old man and his fons to stop the rest, till there was a good number together: The countrymen, who were armed only with what their ploughs furnished, leading them on, and returning upon the Danes, made a furious onset, crying aloud, Help is at hand; the Danes believing that a fresh army was falling on them, the Scots thereby totally defeated them, and freed their own

country from fervitude.

The battle being over, the old man, afterwards known by the name of Hay, was brought to the king, who affembling a parliament at Scoon, gave to the faid Hay and his fons, as a just reward of their valour, so much land on the river Tay in the district of Gowry, as a falcon from a man's hand flew over till it fettled; which being fix miles in length was afterwards called Errol, and is still possest by the family of Hay, which is lineally descended from the faid valiant Hay: And the king being willing to promote the faid Hay and his fons from the rank of plebeians to the order of nobility, he affigned them a coat of arms, which was argent three escutcheons gules, to intimate that the father and the two fons had been the three fortunate shields of Scotland. Thus all ancient Scotch authors and tradition speak; but it appears there were families of the name of Hay in Italy and France, before the battle of Loncarty; and it has been afferted, that the Hays, both of Scotland and Italy, came first from Armenia. Be this as it may, however, I shall begin my account of this noble family with the mention of William de Haya, who had a grant of the lands of Errol from William the Lion. In the charters of Malcolm IV. William, and Alexander II. frequent mention is made of Gulielmus de Haye, and Johannes de Haye, as witnesses; and at Berwick, in the dispute between John Baliol and Robert Bruce, before king Edward I. of England, Nicholas de Haye is one of the arbitrators. Since the beginning of king Robert Bruce's reign in 1305, the pedigree is very clear and uninterrupted.

Gilbert de Haye, lord of Errol, adhered to king Robert I. whom he affifted in retrieving the independence of his native country, then subject to the English; and in consideration of that his great loyalty and faithful fervices, he had a grant of divers crown lands: And the king, being further defirous to give him a lafting mark of effecm, was pleased, by a charter bearing date the 12th of November 1308, to grant unto him and his heirs for ever, the office of high conftable of Scotland; which for feveral generations had been held by the family of Strathbogy, being then forfeited. He was killed at the fatal battle of Halidon-hill, July 19, 1333, and was fuc-ceeded by his fon, Sir David, who was killed at the battle of Durham, Oct. 16, 1346, and was fucceeded by his fon, Sir Thomas, who married the princess Elizabeth Stewart, daughter of king Robert II. in whose reign he became possessed of the barony of Instuthill in the county of Perth, at which place he died in the year 1406, leaving iffue two fons, Sir William his heir, and Sir Gilbert of Dronlaw; and two daughters of their mother's name, one married to Sir George Lefley, ancestor of the earl of Rothes; and the other to John Leslie, of that ilk.

His eldeft fon, Sir William, fucceeded, and was one of the commifioners deputed by the estates of Scotland to treat with the English court touching the redemption of king James I. who was detained prisoner in that realm, for whom he was also one of the hostages, in 1424, and thereupon was knighted. He married Margaret, daughter of the lord Graham, and dying at Turriss in 1426, left two sons, Gilbert and

William.

Gilbert, the eldeft, died in his father's life-time, and having married Alicia, daughter of Sir William Hay of Yefter, anceftor of the marquis of Tweeddale, by her had William his

heir, and died in 1436.

Which William, being a person of singular merit, was by king James II. in 1452, in recompence of his faithful services, created earl of Errol, and died at Slanes in 1470. He married Beatrix, daughter of James Douglas lord Dalkeith, and by her had Nicholas his heir, William and Gilbert; and two daughters, lady Elizabeth, first the wife of Patrick, son and heir of Andrew lord Grey, and secondly of George lord Gordon, after earl of Huntley; and lady Margaret, married to William Fraser of Philorth, ancestor of lord Salton. His son,

Nicholas, fecond earl of Errol, was one of the privy council to king James III. and married lady Elizabeth Gordon, daughter of Alexander earl of Huntley, but died without iffue, January 6, 1476, and was fucceeded by his next brother,

William, third earl of Errol, and ninth high conftable of Scotland. He married first lady Isabel Gordon, daughter of George

George earl of Huntley, by whom he had iffue three fons and one daughter, viz. William his fucceffor; Thomas of Logyalmond, of whom hereafter; and John of Broganlish. The daughter, lady Beatrix, was the wife of Alexander Keith. fon and heir of Sir William Keith of Ihnerugie, His feeond wife was lady Elizabeth Leslie, daughter of George earl of Rothes, by whom he had a daughter lady Mariana, wife of David Lindsay, son and heir of Sir Alexander Lindsay, of Auchtermonzie, afterwards earl of Crawfurd. He died in 1400, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon William, the fourth earl, who married lady Janet, daughter of John Stewart earl of Athol, by whom he had iffue his fuccessor, William fifth earl of Errol, who in the year 1510, was sheriff of Aberdeen; but on the 9th of September 1513, he was flain with king James IV. as were 87 gentlemen of his own family name, at the battle of Floddon. He married Elizabeth, daughter of the first lord Ruthven, by whom he had iffue lady Marian, married to William earl of Crawfurd; lady Isabel, to Sir William Forbes of Tolquhoun, and a fon, William, fixth earl of Errol, who was one of the privy council to king James V. and his particular favourite; and marrying lady Helen, daughter of John earl of Lennox, by her had iffue William his heir, and Jane, of whom hereafter. Which William, feventh earl, dying without issue, about 1535, his estate and honour devolved upon George of Logie Almond, fon and heir of Sir Thomas Hay of the faid place, who was fecond fon of William, the third earl of Errol, as before observed.

Which George, eighth earl of Errol, married first Margaret, daughter of Sir Alexander Robertson, laird of Strowan, and by her had issue four fors and two daughters, whereof Elizabeth was married to William lord Keith, son of William fifth earl Marshal, who died before his father, and lady Margaret to Laurence lord Oliphant; the sons were Andrew, John, George, and Thomas; the latter was parson of Turress in the county of Aberdeen; the third dwelt at Ardlethan, the secondly, Helen, daughter and coheir of Walter Bryson, of Pitcullen, by whom he had one daughter, lady Jane, married first to John Leslie of Balquhair, and secondly to Sir James Balsour, brother of Michael first lord Burleigh, and created lord Glenaly in Ireland, by James VI. He deceased in 1503, and

was fucceeded by his eldeft fon

Andrew, ninth earl of Errol, and one of the privy council to queen Mary. He married lady Jane, only daughter and heir of William fixth earl of Errol, before-mentioned, in whom the heirs male and of line of this noble family were united, and by her had iffue three fons and one daughter, lady Eleanor, married to Alexander Livingston earl of Linlithgow; of the

fons, Alexander died before his father; Francis was his fueceffor, and Thomas died without iffue. He married fecondly lady Agnes, daughter of George third earl of Caithnefs, by whom he had Sir George Hay of Killour, in the county of Perth. He died in 1585, and was fueceeded by his eldeft furviving fon,

Francis, tenth earl of Errol. He was a nobleman of great spirit, but in his religion a zealous Romanist, on which account he was a great fufferer in his estate and liberty. On the 3d of October 1594, he, with George the first marquis of Huntley, fought the battle of Glenlivet, and routed the forces of the earl of Argyll, who was fent against them. He was afterwards much in favour with king James VI. and was one of the Scots noblemen, who in the year 1604 were commissioners to treat of uniting the two kingdoms. He married first, lady Anne Stewart, daughter of John earl of Athol; and, fecondly, lady Margaret Stewart, daughter and coheir of James earl of Murray, the regent, but had no iffue by either: He married, thirdly, lady Elizabeth, daughter of William Douglas earl of Moreton, and by her had iffue three fons and eight daughters, viz. William his fuccessor, George, and Francis, who died without iffue; lady Ann, married to George fecond earl of Winton; lady Christian, to John earl of Mar; lady Elizabeth, to Hugh lord Semple; lady Mary, to Walter Scot earl of Buccleugh; and lady Sophia, to John viscount Melgrum; ladies Elizabeth, Margaret and Helen. Dying at Bowness in Buchan in 1631, he was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, eleventh earl of Errol, who affifted at the coronation of king Charles I. and was in great favour with that prince. He married lady Ann Lyon, daughter of Patrick earl of Kinghorn, ancestor of the earl of Strathmore, and by her had issue Gilbert his heir, and a daughter, lady Margaret, first married to Henry lord Ker, son of Robert first earl of Roxburgh, and afterwards to John Kennedy earl of Cassils. He died in 1626,

and was fucceeded by his fon,

Gilbert, twelfth earl, who was very active and ferviceable in the reftoration of king Charles II. and in the following parliament gave great proofs of his loyalty and moderation, and was afterwards one of that king's privy council. He married lady Katharine, daughter of James Carnegy earl of Southefk; but dying at Slanes in 1674 without iffue, the male line of the first marriage of Andrew, ninth earl of Errol, thus ended, and the effate and honours devolved upon the next heir male, Sir John Hay of Killour, lineally defeended from Sir George, beforementioned, whose son, Sir Andrew Hay, married Margaret, daughter of Patrick Kinnaird of Inchture, fifter of George first lord Kinnaird, and had iffue, the fail

Sir John Hay, who fucceeding to the earldom, was the thirteenth earl of Errol, and the nineteenth high conflable of Scotland of this family. He married the lady Ann Drummond, daughter of James earl of Petth, and by her had three fons, Charles his heir; James and Thomas, who both died without iffue; and two daughters, lady Mary, who fucceeded to the earldom of Errol; and lady Margaret, who continued the line. He died in 1705, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Charles, fourteenth earl, who being one of the peers in the parliament 1706, diffented to every article of the union, and

entered a protestation as follows:

Land the rights and privileges of the same belonging to me here-

tably, and depending upon the monarchy, fovereignty, and antient conflictions of this kingdom, may not be prejudiced by the treaty of union between Scalland and England, nor

by the treaty of union between Scotland and England, nor any article, clause, or condition thereof; but that the said heretable office, with all the rights and privileges thereof, may

retable office, with all the rights and privileges thereof, may remain to me and my fuccessors, entire and undurt by any votes or acts of parliament whatever relating to the said uni-

on; and I crave that this my protestation may be recorded in

the registers and rolls of parliament.'

In April 1708 he was brought prisoner to London, with many other lords and commons, on account of the French invation, and dying unmarried in 1717, was succeeded by

Lady Mary, his eldeft fifter, counters of Errol, who married Alexander, fon of Sir David Falconer, lord prefident of the feffion in 1682, brother of Alexander lord Halkerton, who on his marriage with the counters of Errol took the name of Hay, but had

no issue. The other fister,

Lady Margaret, having married James carl of Linlithgow and Callendar, had a daughter, lady Ann, who married William earl of Kilmarnock, and by her had iffue three fons, James, lord Boyd, Charles and William; but the faid earl was attainted and beheaded in 1746, upon which the title of Kilmarnock became extinct; and the countefs of Errol dying in 1747, was fucceeded by her grandfon,

James lord Boyd, fifteenth earl of Errol, who took the firname of Hay, and officiated as lord high conflable of Scotland at the coronation of his prefent majefly. His lordfhip married Rebecca, daughter of Alexander Lockhart, Efq; brother of George Lockhart of Carnwath, Efq; by whom he hath one

daughter, lady Mary Hay.

TITLES.] The right honourable James Hay earl of Errol, baron Hay of Slanes, and heretable high constable of Scotland.

CREATIONS. 1

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CREATIONS.] Baron Hay of Slanes, and earl of Errol in the county of Perth, 17 March, 1452, by James II.

ARMS.] Pearl, three efcutcheons ruby.

CREST.] On a wreath, a falcon proper. Supporters.] Two men in country habits, each holding an ox yoke over his shoulder.

Motto.] Serva jugum.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Dalgety and Slanes, both in the county of Aberdeen.

### SUTHERLAND, Countels of SUTHERLAND.

THIS illustrious family yields to none in the kingdom for antiquity. Historians mention thanes and earls of Sutherland, as soon as those dignities were known in Scotland. Allan, thane of Sutherland, gave a very fignal defeat to part of the Danish army in 1031, who had invaded his country, and afterwards was treacherously murdered by the usurper Macbeth, for adhering to his rightful sovereign Malcolm, the son of king Duncan. He was succeeded by his son,

Walter, who by the faid king Malcolm was created earl of

Sutherland in the year 1057, and was succeeded by

Robert his fon, fecond earl, who built the castle of Dunrobin, which he called after his own name, and is still the principal seat of this noble family. He was succeeded by his son, brother or cousin, 'tis uncertain which, Hugh, third earl, who slew the Danish general who had in-

vaded his country of Sutherland, at Embo, and was fucceeded by William his fon, fourth earl, who gained a remarkable victory over the Danes in the reign of Alexander II. He was fuc-

ceeded by his fon,

William, fifth earl, (but Mr. Douglas makes him only the third) who was one of those great men summoned to Berwick on the part of Scotland, when the competition happened about the succession to the crown, between John Baliol and Robert Bruce, which was then and there to be determined by king Edward I. of England. He was also one of those peers who in the year 1320 wrote that memorable letter to the pope, afferting the independency of Scotland, to which all of them put their feals: To him succeeded his elder fon,

Kenneth, fixth carl, a person very faithful to kings Robert and David Bruce, in whose service, and that of his country, he lost his life at the battle of Halidonhill, against king Edward III. of England in 1333, leaving two sons, William his hejr, and Nicol, from whom descended the family of Suther-

land lord Duffus. His eldeft fon,

William, feventh earl, fucceeded, and was one of those loyal peers who accompanied king David to the battle of Durham, where,

# COUNTESS OF SUTHERLAND. 67

where, with that prince, he was taken prisoner, but afterwards being released, he sent his son John to England, as one of the holtages for the ransom of the said king. He married the princess Margaret, sister-german of king David, and by her had issue,

John, eighth earl, who in the reign of Robert II. fignalized his courage during the war between the two nations. He married lady Mabilla Dunbar, daughter of Patrick tenth earl of March, by whom he had iffue Robert and Nicholas, fucceffively earls of Sutherland, and Hector, ancestor of the Sutherlands of Daldrid, of whom are descended most of the Sutherlands of the county of Sutherland. He died in 1389, and was succeeded by his eldest son, Robert, ninth earl, but he dying without issue, was succeeded by his brother,

Nicolas, tenth earl of Sutherland, who married Elizabeth, daughter of John MDonald, lord of the ifles, by whom he had iffue, Robert his fucceffor, John-Beg, anceftor of the Sutherlands of Berrifdale, &c. and Kenneth, anceftor of the Sutherlands of Torie. He died in 1399, and was fucceeded

by his eldeft fon,

Robert, eleventh earl, who fignalized himfelf at the battle of Homildon, and on many other occasions. He married lady Mabilla, daughter of John Dunbar, second earl of Murray, of that firname, by whom he had issue three sons, and deceasing

in 1442, was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, twelfth earl of Sutherland, who married Margaret, daughter of Sir William Bailey of Lamington, and by her he had iffue four fons and two daughters; Alexander, who died wita patris; John, his fucceffor; Nicholas, and Thomas-Beg; lady Jane, wife of Sir James Dunbar of Cumnock; and lady Elizabeth, of —— Meldrum of that ilk. He died in 1460, and

was fucceeded by his faid eldest furviving fon,

John, thirteenth earl, who by his wife, lady Margaret Macdonald, daughter of Alexander earl of Ross, and lord of the isles, had issue John his heir, and Alexander, who died unmarried; also a daughter, Elizabeth, afterwards countess of Sutherland, of whom hereafter. He died in 1508, and was fucceeded by his faid fon John, fourteenth earl, who dying without iffue, his estate and honours devolved on his faid fifter Elizabeth, his undoubted heir of line; and the marrying Sir Adam Gordon, lord of Aboyne, fecond fon of George fecond earl of Huntley, by lady Jane Stewart his wife, daughter of king James I. and widow of James earl of Angus, he, in his wife's right, became fifteenth earl of Sutherland; and by her had iffue four fons and two daughters, viz. Alexander, John, Adam, and Gilbert; Beatrix and Eleanor, who both married. The countess dying in 1535, and the earl in 1537, and their eldest fon, Alexander, who married lady Janet Stewart, daughter of John.

John, fecond earl of Athol, dying before them, the honours and estates devolved on the eldest fon of the said Alexander,

John, fixteenth earl, who was in the reign of queen Mary made governor and lieutenant of the kingdom, from the river Spey northward; and attending the faid queen into France, was there, by king Henry III. of that realm, made a knight of the order of St. Michael, in 1550. He was likewise made governor of Murray and Ross, and supported queen Mary in her marriage with the lord Darnley, against the opposite party, especially the earl of Murray. He married lady Helen, fifter of Matthew Stewart earl of Lenox, by whom he had iffue two fons and four daughters, viz. John, who died an infant; Alexander, his fuccessor; lady Margaret, who died unmarried; lady Janet, the wife, first, of --- Innes of that ilk; and fecondly, of Thomas, a younger fon of the earl of Huntley; lady Eleanora, who died unmarried; and lady Beatrix, the wife of William Sinclair of Dunbeath. He died in 1567, and was fucceeded by his eldeft furviving fon,

Alexander, the seventeenth earl of Sutherland, who married first, Barbara, daughter of George Sinclair the third earl of Caithness, by whom he had no iffue; secondly, lady Jane Gordon, daughter of George the fourth earl of Huntley, and countess dowager of Bothwell, by whom he had iffue five fons and two daughters; one of whom, Jane, was married to Hutcheon Mackay, ancestor of lord Rae. The sons were, John, his successor; Alexander and Adam, who died infants; Sir Robert, created baronet, and Sir Alexander of Navisdale, knight. He

died in 1504, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, eighteenth earl, who procured a new infeoftment of the faid earldom, with feveral additional privileges. He married Ann, daughter of Alexander fourth lord Elphingston, lord high treasurer of Scotland, and by her had three fons and two daughters; lords John, Adam and George; lady Elizabeth, the wife of Sir James Crichton of Fendraught; and lady Anne, of Sir Gilbert Menzies of Pitfoddils. He died in 1615, and was

fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, nincteenth earl, who strenuously opposed the innovations king James VI. would have made in the church of Scotland in 1616. He was made lord privy feal in 1649, and married lady Jane Drummond, fole daughter and heir of James

earl of Perth, and by her had iffue,

George, twentieth earl, who was a nobleman of great goodnels, and throughout his whole life was effected a person of fingular integrity, continuing the zeal of his father for the protestant interest; and dying in 1703, left issue, by lady Jane his wife, daughter of David earl of Wemys, John his heir, and a daughter, lady Ann, married to Robert viscount Arbuthnot. He was fucceeded by his fon, John,

### COUNTESS OF SUTHERLAND. 69

John, twenty-first earl of Sutherland, who was one of the privy council to king William III. during whose reign he had the command of a regiment of foot; and in that of queen Ann, was one of the commissioners for the treaty of union, which, when concluded in 1707, he was one of the fixteen peers elected for Scotland, to the first parliament of Great Britain; and having at all times strenuously and boldly maintained the Protestant succession in the house of Hanover, his majesty king George I. upon his accession to the throne, made him president of the board of trade and manufactures; and in March 1714-15, the first of that reign, he was again chosen one of the fixteen peers for North Britain. He was also by that king made lord lieutenant of the counties of Inverness, Elgin, Nairn, Cromarty, Rofs, Sutherland, and Caithness, with the isles of Orkney and Shetland; and in the year 1715, for his good fervices in the north, when the pretender invaded Scotland, his majesty wrote him a letter of thanks, figned with his own hand.

On the 22d of June, 1716, he was elected a knight of the ancient order of the thiftle, and in September following the king fettled on him a yearly pension of 12001. His lordship married, first, Helen, daughter of William lord Cochran, son of William the first earl of Dundonald, and had issue by her, William, his heir apparent, and two daughters; lady Jane, married to John lord Maitland, fon of John earl of Lauderdale; and lady Helen, who died unmarried. His fecond wife was Katharine Talmash, sister of Lionel earl of Dysart, and widow of James Stewart lord Down, eldest son of James earl of Murray; and his third, the widow of Sir John Travel, a lady of great fortune; but by the two last he had no issue. He died in 1733, and his fon and heir, William lord Strathnaver, having married Katharine, daughter of William Morrison of Preston Grange, Esq; had iffue by her four sons and two daughters; George and John, who died young; William and Charles; Helen, the wife of Sir James Colquhoun of Luss, Bart, and Jane, of George Sinclair of Ulbster, Esq; and the said William lord Strathnaver dying in 1720, vita patris, his third fon, William, fucceeded his grandfather, and was the twenty-fecond earl. He was representative in the first parliament of king George II. for the county of Sutherland. In the eighth British parliament he was also one of the fixteen peers, and for fome time the first commissioner of trade and manufactures at Edinburgh. His behaviour in the unnatural rebellion in 1745 will always be remembered to his honour. He married lady Elizabeth, daughter of David earl of Wemyfs, by whom he had issue a son, William lord Strathnaver, and a daughter, lady Elizabeth, wife of James Wemys, Esq; son of James earl of Wemyss. He deceased in France, in the year 1750, and was succeeded by his faid fon,

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### 70 COUNTESS OF SUTHERLAND.

William, twenty-third earl, who was made a captain in the fifty-fixth regiment of foot in January 1756, and was a lieutenant colonel and aid de camp to the king; and in 1763, was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland. In April 1761, his lordship married Mary, eldest daughter of William Maxwell of Reston, Esq; by whom he had issue a son, who died an infant, and a daughter, now countefs of Sutherland, as undoubted heir of line. His lordship and his countess were illustrious patterns of conjugal worth and felicity, and feemed only to live for each other. The decease of their infant son had fuch an effect upon his lordship, that he was advised to repair to Bath, with a view that the waters might benefit his health, and the entertainments of the place divert his mind; but there he was feized with a fever, and his amiable confort, who could not be prevailed to leave his bed-fide, by watching and anxiety of mind, quite overcome, funk down, and expired of the same disorder, on June 2, 1766. The earl survived her only a fortnight, dying on the 16th of the same month. Their remains were carried to their feat in Scotland, for interment, and the honours and estates devolved upon their faid infant daughter, who is now countefs of Sutherland.

Note, The family of Sutherland chose the sirname of Gordon, and quartered their arms ever since Adam Gordon married the heires; but John the nineteenth earl quitted the name of

Gordon, and refumed the old name of outherland.

TITLES.] The right honourable Elizabeth, countess of Sutherland, and baroness of Strathnaver, in the county of Sutherland.

CREATIONS. | Earl and baron, in 1057, by king Malcolm

Canmore.

ARMS.] Ruby, three muliets topaz, within a border of the latter, charged with a double treflure, flowered and counter-flowered with fleurs de lis of the first.

CREST.] On a wreath, a cat sejant, proper.

Supporters ] Two favages, wreathed about their heads and waifts with laurel, each holding a batoon over his shoulder, all proper.

Motto.] Sans peur.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Dunrobin, Dornock castle, and the island of Brora, all in Sutherlandshire.

### LESLEY, Earl of ROTHES.

O Scottish sirname (says Douglas) has made a greater figure in Europe, than that of Lessey. There are, at this time, several counts of the name in Germany, besides considerable samilies in France, Muscovy, Poland, &c.

There were at one time three general officers of this name, to three feveral crowned heads; count Walter Lesley to the

emperor;

emperor; Alexander earl of Leven to king Charles I. of Fngland; and David Lefley, afterwards lord Newark, to Gustavus

Adolphus king of Sweden.

But to deduce the unquestionable descent of this family, I must observe, that Bartholomew de Leslyn was proprietor of the lands and barony of Leflyn, in Aberdeenshire, in the reign of William the lion, who afcended the throne of Scotland in 1165, and died in 1214. He was succeeded by his son Malcolm, and Malcolm by his fon Norman, who by a daughter of a lord Lorn, had Sir Leonard de Lesley, who made a considerable figure in the reign of Alexander III. He married Catharine More, heiress of Taces in Fife, which barony continued long in the possession of this family. By her he had iffue Sir Norman, who was theriff of Aberdeen in 1305. He was fucceeded by his fon, Sir Andrew, who marrying Mary, daughter and coheir of Sir Alexander Abernethy of that ilk, with her got the baronies of Rothes and Ballinbreack, of which he had a charter from the faid king; and thereupon his descendants have quartered the arms of Abernethy with their own. In the year 1320, he was one of those barons who figned that memorable letter to the pope, afferting the independency of Scotland. By his faid wife he had iffue, Norman his heir; Sir Walter, earl of Ross, by marriage with Euphemia, counters of Ross; but their only fon, Alexander, earl of Ross, died without issue male. The third fon was Andrew, of whom hereafter; and the fourth George, ancestor of the Leslies of Balquhain. He was succeeded by his eldest fon, Norman, who married Margaret Lainberton, heir to her uncle Alexander de Lamberton, by whom he had iffue a fon, David, his fucceffor, who was one of the Scots nobles appointed hostages for the ransom of king James. I. in 1424. He remained in England seven years, not returning to Scotland till 1431. But dying without iffue male, the lands and barony of Ballinbreich, &c. &c. devolved, according to entail, upon his coufin and heir male, Norman, grandfon of Andrew, third fon of Sir Andrew Lefley, above-mentioned; which Andrew obtained, in patrimony, the barony of Rothes, being a part of his mother's estate; and dying before his father, left iffue Sir George Lefley of Fatekill, who was taken prisoner at the battle of Homildon in 1402. He married Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Sir Thomas Hay of Errol, by the princess Elizabeth, daughter of king Robert II. and by her had iffue,

Norman, lord Lefley of Rothes, who on the death of David lord Lefley, before-mentioned, fucceeded him. He married Christian, daughter of William lord Seton, ancestor of the earls

of Winton, by whom he had issue a fon,

George, first earl of Rothes, so created by James II. He married Margaret, daughter of — Lundin of that ilk, by whom he had a daughter, lady Margaret, wise of George Lei-

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ley of that ilk, in Garioch; his fecond wife was Christian, daughter of Sir, William Haliburton, laird of Dirleton, and by her he had issue a fon, Andrew, and a daughter, lady Elizabeth, married, first, to William lord Sinclair; and secondly, to Wil-

liam Hay; third earl of Errol; and his faid fon,

Andrew, dying before him, left by Marjory, daughter of William earl of Orkney, three fons; John, mafter of Rothes, who died without iffue; George, fucceffor to his grandfather; William, fucceffor to his brother. The old earl was in great favour with kings James II, III, and IV. lived to a great age, and died in 1502. He was fucceeded by his faid grandfon,

George, fecond earl, who dying without iffue,

William his brother succeeded as third earl, and on the 10th of September 1513, was flain at the battle of Floddon. He married Margaret, daughter of Michael Balfour of Montquhany, and by her left two fons, George and John Lefley of Parkhill, who died without male iffue. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon, George, fourth earl, who being a nobleman of great wifdom and prudence, was much esteemed by king James V. who in 1537 took him over to France with the earl of Mar and others, when he espoused the princels Magdalen, a daughter of that crown; and afterwards he was fent ambaffador to Denmark. In 1557 he was one of the commissioners sent to the court of Paris to conclude a marriage between Mary queen of Scots and the dauphin of that realm; and the next year died of a fever at Diep, in his return to Scotland. He married first Nico-Ia, daughter of Sir John Somervil of Cambufnethan, and by her had iffue a fon, Andrew, and two daughters; lady Janet, the wife of - Crichton, laird of Naughton; and lady Helen, of Mark, commendator of Newbottle. His fecond wife was Margaret Crichton, daughter of William lord Crichton, by whom he had a fon, Robert, of Finrasse, and sour daughters; lady Agnes, wife of Sir William Douglas of Lochleven, afterwards earl of Morton; lady Beatrix, of - Beaton of Creich; lady Eupheme, of - Learmont of Balcolmlie; and lady Margaret, of Archibald eighth earl of Angus. He was succeeded by his fon,

Andrew, fifth earl, who was very faithful to queen Mary, to whom he was one of the privy council, and was much elected by her fon king James VI. He married Jane, daughter of Sir John Hamilton of Evendale, and had iffue three fons and two daughters, viz. James his heir, Patrick lord Lindores, and Andrew, who died without iffue; lady Euphemia, wife of James, eighth lord Lindfay of Byres, anceftor of the earl of Crawfurd; and lady Margaret, first, of David, son and heir of Sir John Wemys of that ill; and secondly, of James earl of Finlater. By his second wife, who was Jane, daughter of Patrick third lord Ruthven, he had two daughters, lady Eliza-

beth.

beth, wife of Sir William Cunningham of Caprington; and lady Mary, of Robert lord Melville. His third wife was Janet, daughter of David Durie of that ilk, by whom he had three fons and one daughter, viz. George, who died unmarried; Sir John Lesley of Newton, lineal ancestor of the lord Lindores; Robert, who died without iffue; and Isabel, wife of James mafter of Sinclair.

James, his eldest son, dying before his father, left islue by Margaret his first wife, daughter of Patrick Lindsay, seventh lord Lindsay of Byres, ancestor of the earl of Crawfurd, four daughters, Margaret, wife of the Rev. John Murray of the family of Abercairny; Isabel, of the laird of Newhall; Agnes, of Andrew Wardlaw of Torrie; and Grizel, of Alexander earl of Dunfermline: and by Katharine his fecond wife, daughter of Patrick lord Drummond, he had a fon, and a daughter,

Jane, wife of Alexander Menzies of Weem.

John, his only fon, fucceeded his grandfather, and was fixth earl of Rothes. He was a nobleman of fuch excellent parts and address, that in the year 1637 he was the principal governing person in the nation, and at the treaty of Rippon was the first commissioner; in which treaty and others, he was so much for redreffing his majesty's grievances, that dying at London in 1641, his death was a fenfible loss to the king. He had a penfion of 10,000 l. per annum, fettled on him for life by parliament, in 1640. He married lady Anne, daughter of John Erfkine the fixth earl of Mar, and by her had iffue John his fuccessor.

Which John, feventh earl, carried the fword of state when king Charles II. was crowned at Scoon, 1651; but on the 3d of September the same year, being in arms for his majesty, was taken prisoner at the battle of Worcester, and, by the powers then in authority, confined till the reftoration; after which his majesty, to reward his merit and sufferings, was pleased to make him prefident of the council, and general of the forces in Scotland; and on the 2d of June 1663, he was appointed his maje. fty's high commissioner to the parliament.

He was also in that year made lord high treasurer of Scotland; and the year after lord keeper, and foon after lord high chancellor, which last post was during life: And in 1680, as a farther mark of his majesty's favour, he was honoured with the titles of duke of Rothes, marquis of Bambreigh, earl of Lesley, viscount Lugtoun, and baron of Achmuty and Caskieberry,

and to the heirs male of his body for ever.

He married lady Ann, daughter of John Lindsay earl of Crawfurd, by whom he had only two daughters, ladies Margaret and Christian; of which the youngest was married to James Graham the third marguis of Montrofe; and fecondly, to Sir John Bruce of Kinrofs, Bart. Dying without male iffue, in July 1681, the title

title of duke became extinct, but the earldom of Rothes de-

volved on his eldest daughter,

Lady Margaret, who married Charles Hamilton the fifth earl of Haddington, and by him had iffue, besides Thomas earl of Haddington, a son John, who took the arms and sirrame of Lesley, and was the eighth earl of Rothes; and Charles, who died young.

Which John, eighth earl who fucceeded, exercifed many great offices in the kingdom; being in the reign of queen Ann lord privy feal, and one of the fixteen peers for North Britain, in the fecond, fifth, and fixth parliaments after the union. In November 1714, he was appointed vice admiral of Scotland; and in April 1717, was appointed his majesty's high commiffioner to the general affembly of the church. He was also a colonel of foot, governor of Stirling caftle, first commissioner of trade, and lord lieutenant of the shires of Fife, Kinrofs, and Aberdeen. He married lady Jane, fecond daughter of John Hay fecond marguis of Tweeddale, by whom he had iffue eight fons and four daughters; ladies Jane, Mary, Margaret, and Anne. The fons were John, his fuccessor; Charles, a colonel in the Dutch service; Thomas, his majesty's chamberlain of Strathern and Fife, and barrack mafter general of Scotland; Tames, an advocate, &c. who died September 4, 1761, without iffue; David, who died young; William, major commandant of invalids in Ireland; Francis, who died young; and Andrew, equerry to the princess dowager of Wales. His lordship deceasing in 1723, was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, the present and ninth earl of Rothes, who is now colonel of the third regiment of soot guards, governor of Duncannon fort in Ireland, commander in chief and privy counfellor in that kingdom, a general of his majesty's forces, a knight of the ancient order of the thistle, and one of the fixteen peers elected for Scotland in the seventh, tenth, eleventh, and present parliaments. His lordship married in 1740, Mis Hannah Howard, second daughter and coheir of Matthew Howard of Thorpe in Norfolk, Esq. (who died in April 1761) and by her had issue two sons and two daughters, viz. John, lord Lesley, born in October 1744; and Charles Howard Lesley, who died in April 1762, aged fitteen; lady Jane-Elizabeth, born in 1741; and lady Mary, in May 1750. He married, secondly, in July 1763, Mis Lloyd, daughter of the countess

of Haddington, by whom he has iffue.

TITLES.] The right honourable John Lesley earl of Rothes, lord Lesley and Bambreigh, knight of the ancient order of the thissel, and general of his majethy's forces, colonel of the third regiment of foot guards, governor of Duncannon fort in Ireland, and commander in chief of the army in that kingdom; and also one of the fixteen peers for Scotland in parliament.

CREATIONS.]

CREATIONS.] Created earl of Rothes in the county of El-

gin, in 1457, the 19th of James II.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th pearl, on a bend sapphire, three buckles topaz, for Lesley. 2d and 3d topaz, a lion rampant, ruby, suppressed by a ribband diamond, for Abernethy.

CREST.] On a wreath, a demi griphon, proper. SUPPPORTERS.] Two griphons, party per fefs, pearl and

ruby.

MOTTO. ] Grip fast.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Lesley in the county of Fife.

### DOUGLAS, Earl of MORTON.

S IR James Douglas of Loudon was the first of this collateral branch of the great and illustrious family of Douglas. He obtained from the king a grant of the lands of Kincavel and Calderclear, to him and his heirs; and was succeeded by his son, Sir William, laird of Liddesdale, who for his bravery was called the Flower of Chivalry; but he dying without issue, his brother Sir John Douglas became heir, and was captain of the castle of Lochleven in Fife, the property of which was 300 years in the family. He married Agnes Monfode, by whom he had six sons and two daughters; Sir James his heir in his paternal estate; Sir William who died without issue; Sir Henry of Lugton; Thomas, John, Nicholas, ancestor of the Douglasses of Mains; Helen and Margaret.

Sir James, who fucceeded his father, fucceeded also his uncle the laird of Liddesdale in the baronies of Dalkeith and Aberdour. He married lady Agnes Dunbar, daughter of Patrick earl of March, and by her had iffue two fons and four daughters; James lord Dalkeith; William lord of Mornington; Janet wife of Sir John Hamilton of Cadzow, ancestor of the duke of Hamilton; Margaret of Philip Arbuthnot, of that ilk; Agnes of Sir John Livingston; and - of - Tweedie of Drumelzier. His second wife was Giles, daughter of Walter, lord high steward of Scotland; by whom he had a fon James Douglas of Roberton. He died in 1420, and was fucceeded by his eldest fon James, second lord Dalkeith, who married the princess Elizabeth, daughter of king Robert III. by whom he had issue three sons, William, James, and Archibald, ancestor of the Douglasses of Netherdale, of whom those of Tillywhilly, &c. are descended. His second wife was Janet, daughter of Sir William Borthwick, of that ilk, ancestor of lord Borthwick, and by her he had issue a son, Sir William de Douglas of Whittingame, from whom was descended Robert Douglas, who went into the service of Gustavus Adolphus king of Sweden, and commanded a regiment of horse in his service; in queen Christina's reign he was crown

crown general of Sweden, and governor of Riga: His fon, who was governor of East Gothland, married a sister of count Steinbock, by whom he had three fons; the eldeft William was count Douglas in Sweden, aid de camp to Charles XII. and taken prisoner at the battle of Pultowa 1709; the second had a regiment at that battle and was taken prisoner, but not being ransomed, he entered into the Muscovite service, where he was a general officer; the third was a captain in the king of Sweden's guards. This lord dying in 1446, and his eldeft fon, William, dying in his life-time, without iffue, he was fucceeded by his fecond, James, third lord, who married, first, lady Margaret, daughter of James, earl of Douglas, by whom he had a daughter Beatrix, wife of William, first earl of Errol. His fecond wife was Elizabeth, daughter of - Gifford, of Sheriffhall, by whom he had two fons, James, afterwards earl of Morton, and Henry, ancestor of the Douglasses of Core-head, Long Niddery, &c. of whom those of Harwood, Garvelfort, &c. &c. are descended. He died in 1457, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon, James, lord Dalkeith, who being in high favour with James II. was by him created earl of Morton, in the year 1458. He married the princess Jane, daughter of king James I. by whom he had a fon and fuc-cessor, and a daughter, lady Janet, wife, first, of Patrick Hepburn, first earl of Bothwell; and secondly, of Thomas lord Erskine, ancestor of the earl of Mar. He was succeeded by his fon,

John, fecond earl, who married Janet, daughter of —— Crichton, of Cranston-Riddal, by whom he had issue two sons, James and Richard, and two daughters, Elizabeth married to Robert lord Keith, ancestor of the earl Marshal, and Agnes to Alexander lord Livingston, ancestor of the earl of

Linlithgow. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, who married Katharine, natural daughter of king James IV. and by her had three daughters; lady Margaret, wife of James the fecond earl of Arran; lady Beatrix, of Robert lord Maxwell; and lady Elizabeth, of James Douglas, brother of David, earl of Angus, afterwards earl of Morton, and regent of Scotland. And the faid earl, having no male iffue, made an intail of his honour and effate in favour of his coufin, Sir Robert Douglas, of Lochleven; but afterwards made a conveyance of his effate and honour to his faid fonin-law,

James, who thus became the fourth earl of Morton, in 1553, and dying without lawful illue, made an intail of the earldom in favour of his nephew Archibald earl of Angus, and in cafe of failure of male iffue, to Sir William Douglas of Lochleven, before-mentioned, which fettlement afterwards took place upon the death of the earl of Angus. This Sir William was

the

the fon of Sir Robert, before-mentioned, the fon of Thomas, the fon of Sir Robert, the fon of another Sir Robert Douglas, of Lochleven, who was the fon of Sir Henry, the fon of Sir William, the eldeft fon of Sir Henry Douglas, of Lugton and Lochleven, third fon of Sir John Douglas and Agnes Monfode, before-mentioned, Upon the death of Archibald, earl of Angus and Morton, those honours devolved upon the said Sir William.

But to return, in the reign of queen Mary the faid James fourth earl of Morton, who succeeded his father-in-law, was one of the privy council, and by her majesty fent ambassador to England, and made lord high chancellor of Scotland; but in the same reign the earl of Bothwell having a design to murder Henry lord Darnley, the queen's husband, in order to marry the queen, and craving the earl of Morton's assistance therein, the earl, who abhorred fuch a detestable enterprize, left the court and retired into the country, during which time that scandalous and bloody tragedy was acted. When the earl of Bothwell had married the queen, it greatly alarmed the nation, as suspecting the earl to be the murderer of her former husband, and that by fuch an union the young prince was in great danger; whereupon the earl of Morton was one of the nobility who made an affociation to preferve him; and on the 29th of July 1567, which was the day of his coronation, took the oath to the infant king.

In this new turn of affairs the earl of Morton's fhare was very confiderable; and he was foon after declared high chancellor of Scotland, then high admiral, sheriff of the county. of Edinburgh, and on the 24th of November 1572, regent of the kingdom during the king's minority: but being difagreeable to the other party, who had the young king in their hands, they at length brought about his ruin; for by accusing him as accessary to the murder of the king's father, he was thereupon fent prisoner to Dunbarton Castle, from whence, on the 1st of June 1581, he was brought to his trial at Edinburgh, where he was found guilty by his peers, of being a party in the faid murder, by not revealing it when the earl of Bothweil proposed it to him, and was sentenced to be hanged and quartered; but by the favour of the king he was the next day beheaded at the Market Cross of Edinburgh; and what was remarkable, the execution was performed by an engine of his own inventing for that use, called The Maiden, and he was the first who suffered by it.

Upon the death and forfeiture of the regent, the title of earl of Morton was foon after fettled by parliament on the

earl's nephew.

Archibald earl of Douglas and Angus, fifth earl of Morton; but he dying without iffue, as before observed, Sir William Douglas Douglas of Lochleven, before noted, fucceeded as heir of intail, and was the fixth earl of Morton; and marrying lady Agnes, daughter of George Lesley, earl of Rothes, by her had four fons and fix daughters, viz. Robert, James, Sir Archibald, ancestor of the Douglasses of King-glassie and Strathendrie, and Sir George of Keilor. Of the daughters, lady Margaret was married to Sir John Wemys, ancestor of the earl of Wemyss; lady Christian first married to Laurence, mafter of Oliphant, and afterwards to Alexander earl of Hume; lady Mary to Walter Ogilvy lord Deskford, ancestor of the earl of Finlater; lady Eupheme to Sir Thomas Lyon of Auldbar, then lord treasurer of Scotland; lady Agnes to Archibald Campbell the feventh earl of Argyll; and lady Elizabeth to Francis Hay the ninth earl of Errol. Robert, the eldest fon, dying before his father, left iffue by Jane his wife, daughter of John Lyon lord Glamis, ancestor of the earl of Strathmore who married to her fecond husband Archibald the fourteenth earl of Douglas, and to her third Alexander Lindsey lord Spinzy) a fon

William, feventh earl, who in 1606, fucceeded his grand-father, and being a nobleman of great reputation, was by Charles I. made lord treasurer of Scotland, one of his privy council, captain of his guards, and knight of the most noble order of the garter. He married lady Agnes, daughter of George Keith, fifth earl Marshal, by whom he had issue four sons and five daughters; lady Agnes was married to George Hay earl of Kinnoul; lady Margaret to Archibald Campbell marquis of Argyll; lady Margaret to Archibald Campbell marquis of Argyll; lady Margaret to Archibald Campbell marquis of Argyll; lady Margaret to Archibald Campbell marquis of James Graham marquis of Montrose earl of Dumferling; lady Jane to James the third earl of Hume; lady liabel to James Graham marquis of Montrose. The sons were, Robert, who succeeded him; Sir James of Snitfield, of whom afterwards; John killed at the battle of Carbardale, in 1650, and George was an officer in the Dutch fervice. The earl dying on October 7, 1648, was

fucceeded by his faid eldest fon,

Robert, eighth earl of Morton, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Edward Villiers, fifter of William the fecond vifcount Grandison in Ireland, and niece of George the great duke of Buckingham in England, and by her had issue William his heir, and Robert who died without issue, in 1661; also two daughters, lady Ann married to William Keith earl marshal, and lady Margaret to Sir James Macdonald of Slate, Bt. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, ninth earl, who married Grifel, daughter of John Middleton earl of Middleton, by whom he had a fon, who died before him, and therefore leaving no iffue, his eftate and

honour devolved on his uncle

Sir James Douglas of Snitfield, before-mentioned, fecond

ion

fon of William the feventh earl, who married Anne, daughter and heir of Sir James Hay of Sniffield, by whom he had iffue five fons and one daughter, viz. Charles Jord Aberdour, who was drowned; James and Robert earls of Morton; William who died without iffue; and George afterwards earl of Morton; the daughter died unmarried. He died in 1686, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

James, eleventh earl, who having no iffue, and dying in

1715, was fucceeded by his brother

Robert, twelfth earl, who also dying unmarried, was suc-

ceeded by his brother

George, thirteenth earl, who was feveral times elected to parliament for the flewarty of Orkney and Zetland, and for the burghs of Selkirk, &c. and was alfo a colonel in the army. He died in the year 1737, being then one of the reprefentatives for the peerage of Scotland, and by his fecond wife, Frances, daughter of William Adderley, of Halftow, had iffue three fons, James who fucceeded him, William who died young, and Robert Douglas, Eq. who was a captain of foot, and fucceeded his brother as reprefentative of the flewarty of Orkney and Zetland till his death; he ferved fome time as a volunteer in the imperial army 1735; after which, being in the poft of lieutenant colonel under his royal highness the duke of Cumberland, he was flain in the battle of Fontenoy, 1th of May 1745, N. S. This earl dying in January 1738, was succeeded by his eldeft fon

James, fourteenth earl, and ninth of the house of Lochleven, who was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland in 1739, in the room of Charles Hamilton earl of Selkirk deceased; and hath been chosen in every parliament since. In October 1760, his lordship was appointed lord register of Scotland, in the room of the late honourable Alexander Hume Campbell. His lordship married first, Agatha, daughter of James Haliburton of Pitcur, and by her had five fons and two daughters, viz. Charles who died young; Sholto-Charles lord Aberdour, commissioner of the police, who married Catharine, daughter of John Hamilton, Esq; by whom he has issue a son; James, George and Robert, who died young; lady Frances, who died in her infancy, and lady Mary. He married fecondly, Bridget, daughter of Sir John Heathcote, of Normanton, Bart. in July 1755, by whom he hath a fon John Douglas, Esq; born in July 1756, and a daughter, lady Bridget, born in April 1758. His lordship is president of the royal fociety, and knight of the antient order of the thiftle.

Titles.] The right honourable James Douglas earl of Morton, and lord Aberdour in Fife; hereditary steward and justice general of the Orkney Islands; knight of the order of

the thiftle, lord register of Scotland, president of the royal society, and one of the commissioners for sorfeited estates in Scotland.

CREATIONS.] Created earl of Morton in the county of

Edinburgh, 14 March 1456, the 20th of James II.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th pearl, a man's heart enfigned with an imperial crown, all proper; on a chief fapphire three mullets of the field being his paternal coat. 2d and 3d pearl, three piles issuing from the chief ruby, the exteriors charged with a mullet topaz, for Douglas of Dalkeith and Lochleven.

CREST.] On a wreath, a wild boar sticking between two

stems of oak, a chain and lock holding them together.

SUPPORTERS.] Two favages, wreathed about their heads and waiffs with oak leaves, each holding a batoon in his hand, the great end to the ground, all proper.

Motto.] Lock ficker, or fecurely.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Aberdour in the county of Fife; Dal-mahoy and Belfield, in the Lothians.

#### ERSKINE, Earl of BUCHAN.

THE defcent of the noble family of Erskine will be set forth under the title Earl of Mar; therefore I shall in this place only observe, that Christian, daughter of John, master of Buchan, son of John Stewart, earl of Buchan, in 1551 succeeded her grandfather in the earldom; and marrying Robert Douglas, second son of Sir Robert Douglas, of Lochleven, and brother-german of William, sixth earl of Morton, he in her right became earl of Buchan, and by her had a son James, who succeeded; and married Margaret, daughter to Walter Ogilvy lord Deskford, ancestor of the earl of Finlater, and had an only daughter Mary; who marrying Sir James Erskine, eldest son of John earl of Mar, high treasurer of Scotland, by his second wife, lady Mary Stewart, daughter of Esme duke of Lennox, he in her right became earl of Scotland limited to the said James Erskine her hulband, and his lawful heirs male by her, or on failure, to his heirs male whatever.

Which James, first earl of Buchan, being a person of great accomplishments, was much in the favour of king Charles I. to whom he was a gentleman of the bed-chamber; and by the said Mary, countess of Buchan, his wife, had issue Jiames his heir, and John who died without issue, and two daughters, lady Mary married to Alexander Forbes, the second lord Pitssingo; and lady Margaret married to Sir James Graham, son of John earl of Menteith. And their mother dying in England, the earl married, secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Philip

Philip Knevill, of Bucknam-Caftle in Norfolk, Bart. by whom he had a daughter, the wife of Mr. Walker, and other children, who died young. He died before 1630, and was fuc-

ceeded by his eldeft fon,

James, fecond earl, who married lady Mary, daughter of William Ramfay, the first earl of Dalhouse, and by her had sifue William his heir, and five daughters; lady Margery, married to Charles lord Fraser; lady Anne to James Canaries, M. D. lady Henrietta to Thomas Forbes of Tolquhoun; and lady Jane to George Gray of Halkerton, Esq; He was succeeded by his said son, William, the third earl, who was a man of great honour and integrity, and much in favour with James VII. (II. of England) in whose cause he suffered, and dying prisoner in Stirling-Cassle, in 1695, without issue, the estate and title devolved on David Erskine, lord Cardross, his next heir male; which David was son of Henry, third lord Cardross, who was son of David, second lord, who was son of Henry, second son of John, earl of Mar, before-mentioned,

by his fecond wife lady Mary Stewart.

Which David lord Cardrofs, fourth earl of Buchan, having upon all occasions, when employed in the public service, gained a general efteem, was by king William appointed one of his privy council, as he was to queen Ann; by whom he was also constituted one of the commissioners of the Exchequer, and governor of the castle of Blackness; but when the treaty of union was near concluded, he opposed it in parliament, being always of opinion, as he then declared, that feveral of the articles were inconfistent with the honour of his country. Upon the acceffion of king George I. to the crown, he was made one of the commissioners of trade, lord lieutenant of the fhires of Stirling and Clackmannan, and elected one of the fixteen peers to the first parliament after his majesty's arrival, and in the two fucceeding parliaments. In the year 1729, he was high commissioner to the church of Scotland. He married Frances, daughter, and at length fole heir, of Henry Fairfax of Hurst in the county of Berks, Esq, only son of Henry, second son of Thomas lord Fairfax in Ireland, by whom he had nine fons and feven daughters, Henry-David; David lord Aucterhouse, who both died young; Henry-David his fucceffor; Fairfax-Erskine; George-Lewis; George-Augustus, and three more, who all died young. Lady Catharine, wife of William Fraser of Fraserfield, Esq; son of Alexander lord Salton; lady Frances of the brave colonel Gardner, flain at the battle of Preston-pans; lady Althea, lady Wilhelmina-Carolina, and three others, who died infants. He married, fecondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Blacket, Bart-who died in May 1763, by whom he had no iffue. The earl dying October 14, 1745, was fucceeded by his eldest fon,

Henry-

Henry-David, now fifth earl of Buchan, born in 1699, who in March 1738, married Ann, daughter of Sir James Stewart of Goodtres, Bart. by whom he hath iffue three fons and two daughters, viz. Stewart lord Cardrofs, born in March 1740, Henry, Thomas, lady Agnes, and lady Ifabella.

TITLES. The right honourable Henry-David Erskine earl of Buchan, and baron Cardross of Menteith in the county of

Perth.

CREATION. ] Created earl of Buchan, being part of Aber-

deenshire, in 1469, by James III.

ARMS.] Quarterly, ift fapphire, three garbs topaz, for the earldom of Buchan; 2d grand quarter, 1ft and 4th fapphire, a bend between fix crofs croflets fitchy, topaz for the earldom of Mar; 2d and 3d pearl, a pale diamond, for the name of Erfkine; 3d grand quarter, 1ft and 4th topaz, a fefs cheque pearl and fapphire for the name of Stewart; 2d and 3d Burchan; 4th pearl, three lions gemel ruby. Surmounted of a lion rampant diamond, for the name of Fairfax; and over all, by way of furtout, an efcutcheon ruby, charged with an eagle displayed, topaz, looking towards the sun in his splendor, placed in the dexter chief point, for the title of Cardross.

CREST.] On a wreath, a dexter arm couped below the shoulder, and erect, grasping a batoon or ragged club, both

proper.

Supporters.] Two offriches of the latter.

Morro.] Judge nought.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Uphall, in West-Lothian.

## CUNNINGHAME, Earl of GLENCAIRN.

THIS noble family, according to Sir George Mackenzie, took their firname from the land of Cunninghame, which is the north division of Airshire; and being by office, master of the king's stables and horses, took for their armorial figure the instrument whereby hay is thrown up to horses, which in blazon is called a shake-fork, with over-fork, over, for their motto.

But it is not my purpose to enter into these traditionary accounts, and I shall therefore observe, that in the year 1162, lived Robert de Cunninghame; who marrying Rescinda, daughter and heir of Sir Humphrey de Barclay, by her was father of Sir Robert Cunninghame, whose son Robert was succeeded by his son Henry, of Kilmaurs, a brave warrior, who behaved valiantly at the battle of Largo, under Alexander III. in 1263, who was succeeded by his eldest son, William, and his second Galfridus, was ancestor of the Cunninghames of Glengarnock, and others. The said William was succeeded by his son Edward, who died in 1290, and whose

whose second fon Richard was ancestor of the Cunninghames of Polmais, &c. His eldest, Gilbert, succeeded him, and left iffue three fons, of whom the youngest, Sir Donald, was ancestor of the Cunninghames of Skuloch, Auchtermarker, Caddel, Quarrelton, Bellheartim, Newton, &c. The second Sir James, of those of Belton, and Hassenden, and whose son Nigel was the first of the family of Barns. The eldest Sir Robert succeeded his sather, and swore sealty to Edward I. of England in 1296. He had two fons, Sir Andrew the youngest was ancestor of the Cunninghames of Drumwhistle, Ballindalloch, Balbougie, &c. and his eldest Sir William succeeded him in 1330. Which Sir William had four sons, Robert who died before him; Sir William his heir; Thomas ancestor of the Cunninghames of Caprington, from whence those of Enterkin, Legland, &c. are descended; and Sir Andrew. His fecond wife was Helen Bruce, countels of Carrick, in whose right he was earl of Carrick, but she dying without lillue, that title fell to the crown. He died before 1384, and was succeeded by Sir William his eldest surviving son, who married Elizabeth, daughter and coheir of Sir Robert Deniston of that ilk, with whom he had the lands of Finlaston in the county of Renfrew, Kilmarnock in the county of Dunbarton, Redhall and Collington in Lothian; and in the year 1403 founded the collegiate church of Kilmaurs. He had three fons, Sir Robert his heir; William ancestor of the branch of Cunninghame-head, and Henry. Sir Robert his fuccessor was one of the hostages for the ransom of king James I. when he was released from his confinement in England, by whom he was honoured with knighthood. He married Janet, daughter of Alexander lord Montgomery, and by her had two fons, Alexander and William, ancestor of the Cunninghames of Waterstoun, &c. His eldest, Alexander, lord of Kilmaurs, was one of the privy council to king James III. and by him created earl of Glencairn. He married Margaret, daughter of Patrick lord Hepburn of Hailes, by whom he had four fons, Robert his fucceffor; Williams ancestor of the Cunninghames of Craigends, of whom those of Robertland, Camcarne, Bedlane, and Auchinturvy, Balquhain and Auchinyards, are descended; Alexander and Edward. He loft his life with king James III. at the battle of Bannockburn, June 11, 1488, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Robert, fecond earl, who marrying Elizabeth, daughter of

John lord Lindfay, of Byres, had iffue his fucceffor, Cuthbert, third earl, who was one of the privy council to king James IV. He married lady Marjory Douglas, daughter of Archibald earl of Angus, ancestor of the dukes of Douglas, by whom he had iffue,

#### 4 EARL OF GLENCAIRN.

William, fourth earl of Glencairn, who was of the privy council to king James V. and in 1542 was taken prisoner at the battle of Solway by the English. In 1543 he was one of the commissioners appointed to treat with the English about a marriage between queen Mary and king Edward VI. He married, first, Catharine, daughter of William lord Borthwick; and secondly, Margaret, daughter and heir of John Campbell, of West-Loudon, by whom he had issue five sons and one daughter, of whom William the youngest was bishop of Argyll, whose grandson dean Cunninghame settled in Ire-land, and left a son Sir Halbert Cunninghame, who raised a regiment of dragoons at his own expence, with which he joined king William at the battle of Boyne, and was foon after killed near Killoony in the county of Sligoe. He married a daughter of Dr. Lesley, bishop of Raphoe, of the fa-mily of Rothes, by whom he had Henry his heir, who mar-ried a lady of the family of Sir John Williams, of the county of Carmarthen, Bart. widow of Charles lord Shelburne, and had iffue a fon Henry, created baron of Mount-Charles in Ireland, September 8, 1573. Robert, the fourth fon, was ancestor of the Cunninghames of Montgrenan; Hugh, the third, of these of Curlung; Andrew, the second, of those of Corfehill; and Alexander lord Kilmaurs, the eldest succeeded him, and was fifth earl; commonly, for his great piety and benevolence, called the good earl. He married, first, lady Jane, daughter of James Hamilton, earl of Arran, by whom he had two fons and one daughter; William lord Kilmaurs, Andrew prior of Lefmahagoe, and lady Margaret, wife of John Wallace of Cragie; and fecondly, Janet, daughter of Sir John Cunninghame of Caprington, by whom he had a ton Archibald, and a daughter lady Jane, who married Archibald Campbell earl of Argyll; and fecondly, Sir Humphrey Colguhoun of Luss. He died in 1574, and William the eldest succeeded in the earldom, and was sixth earl. He married Janet, daughter of Sir James Gordon of Lochinver, anceftor of the viscount Kenmure, and by her had two sons and four daughters; James his successor, John of Ross, ancestor of the Cunninghames of Aikenbar. Lady Jane, wise, first, of George Haldane, of Gleneagles; fecondly, of - Kilpatrick of Closeburn; and thirdly, of - Ferguson, of Craigdarrock; lady Margaret, of Sir Hector Maclean, of Dowart, Bart. lady Elizabeth, first, of James Crawford, of Auchinanes; and fecondly, of Alexander Cunninghame, of Craigends; and I dy Jane, of John Napier, of Kilmahew. He was fucceeded by his clock fon,

James, the feventh earl, who was one of the privy council to king James VI. and in 1604 one of the commissioners for a treaty to unite England and Scotland; and by his first wife.

Margaret, daughter of Sir John Campbell, of Gienorchie, anceftor of the earl of Breadalbane, had iffue two fons and fix daughters, viz. William his heir; John of Camfkeith; lady Jane died unmarried; lady Catharine, wife of Sir James Cunninghame, of Glencarnock; lady Margaret, first, of Sir James Hamilton, of Evandale; and fecondly, of Sir James Maxwell, of Calderwood; lady Ann. of James the fecond marquis of Hamilton; lady Mary, of John Crawfurd, of Kilbirnie; and lady Susan, of Sir Alexander Lauder, of Hattón. He was fucceeded by his eldest fon,

William, eighth earl, who married lady Janet, daughter of Mark Ker the first earl of Lothian, by whom he had two son and five daughters; William lord Kilmaurs; colonel Robert Cunninghame, usher to Charles II. Lady Margaret, wife of Sir Ludowic Stewart, of Minto; lady Elizabeth, first, of David Beaton, of Creich; and secondly, of — Chisolm, of Cromlich; lady Jane, of — Blair, of that ilk; lady Marian, of James, earl of Finlater, and lady Anne, who died unmarried. The earl died in 1631, and was succeeded by his

eldeft fon,

William, ninth earl, who putting himself in arms on behalf of king Charles II. had a commission from his majesty to be general of all the forces he could raise for his service; and upon the restoration, the king made him lord high chancellor of Scotland, January 19, 1661, which post he held till his death. He married Ann, daughter of James Ogilvy, earl of Finlater, by the lady Elizabeth Lesley, by whom he had issue four sons and four daughters, viz. William, lord Kilmaurs, who died in the 18th year of his age; James, lord Kilmaurs, who died ided before his father without issue; Alexander, his successor, and John who succeeded his brother. Lady Jane, wife of William, earl of Kilmarnock; lady Margaret, of John, lord Bargonie; lady Anne, who died unmarried, and lady Elizabeth, of William Hamilton, of Orbiston. His second wife was lady Margaret, daughter of Alexander, earl of Eglington, by whom he had no situe. He died in 1664, and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son.

Alexander, tenth earl of Glencairn; who mairied Nichola, daughter and coheir of Sir James stewart of Strabrock, by whom he had a daughter lady Margaret, marred to John Maitland, earl of Lauderdale, but died without male iffue, and

John, his next brother, succeeded as eleventh earl, who, upon the accession of king William to the crown, was appointed one of his privy council, and colonel of a regiment of foot. In the first of queen Anne, he was appointed captain and governor of the castie of Dunbarton. He married, first, lady Jane, daughter of John, earl of Mar; and secondly, Margaret, daughter and heir of John Napier of Kilmahea.

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By his first wife he had an only son, William, lord Kilmaurs,

and dying in 1703, was fucceeded by his faid fon,

William, twelfth earl, who was one of the privy council to queen Ann, and governor of the castle of Dunbarton. He married lady Henrietta, daughter of Alexander Stewart, earl of Galloway, (who died in October 1763) and by whom he had iffue eight fons and four daughters; the eldest fon died in infancy; William, lord Kilmaurs; John, James who died an infant, Malcolm Fleming; Alexander, a captain in the army, and died in 1739; Charles and James. Lady Margaret, married to Nicol Graham, of Gartmore, Efq; lady Henrietta, to John Campbell, of Shawfield, Efq; ladies Mary and Catharine. His lordship died in 1733, and was succeeded by his eldeft furviving fon,

William, thirteenth and present earl of Glencairn, who is a lieutenant-colonel in the army. In 1744, his lordship married Miss Macguire, by whom he hath iffue four sons and two daughters, viz. William, lord Kilmaurs, born in June 1748, James in June 1749, John in May 1750, Alexander in June 28,

1754; ladies Henrietta and Elizabeth.

TITLES.] The right honourable William Cunninghame, earl of Glencairn, and baron Kilmaurs.

CREATION.] Created earl of Glencairn in the county of Dumfries, 28 May 1488, the 21st of James III.

ARMS. Pearl, a shakefork, diamond.

CREST.] On a wreath, a unicorn's head couped pearl, horned and maned topaz.

Supporters. ] Two rabbits fejant, proper.

MOTTO. | Over fork over.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Kilmaurs in Cunninghame, and at Finlayston in the county of Renfrew.

#### MONTGOMERY, Earl of EGLINGTON.

HIS noble family is originally French, of which was Hugh de Mungegumbrie, a near relation of Robert duke of Normandy. His fon Roger de Montgomery accompanied William the Conqueror into England in 1066, and commanding the vanguard of his army, at the memorable battle of Hastings, where king Harold was slain, for that signal fervice the duke bestowed on him very large gifts, as the territory and honour of Arundel, with the earldom of Salifbury, where he founded the abbey of St. Peter's, and there died in He married Mabel, daughter of William de Talvaise, and had a fon Roger, who had a fon Philip, who came into Scotland with David I. and got a fair inheritance in the shire of Renfrew. His fon Robert died betwixt 1177 and 1180, leaving a fon and fucceffor, Sir John, who was fucceeded by

his

his fon Sir Allan, who died in 1234, and was succeeded by Sir Robert, who dying without iffue in 1260, was succeeded by his brother Sir John, who dying in 1285, was succeeded by his eldet fon, another Sir John, who was one of the great barons of Scotland that swore sealty to Edward I. king of England, in the year 1296: but he afterwards joined king Robert Bruce; and dying in 1316, was succeeded by his son Sir Alexander, who was knighted by king Robert Bruce, and adhered to his fon David II. His fon and fucceffor, Sir John, married a daughter and heir of Sir Hugh Eglington, by which marriage he became possest of the lordships of Eglington, Ardrossan, &c. in Cunninghame, and thereupon quartered the arms of Egling-ton with his own, and was afterwards called by that title. In 1388, being at the battle of Otterburn in Northumberland, he took prisoner with his own hand Henry lord Percy, named Hotfpur, who after killing James earl of Douglas, and mortally wounding the earl of Murray, still prest on too boldly among his foes; with his ranfom he built the castle of Punoon in the lordship of Eglesham. He had iffue Sir John, who was one of the hostages sent into England for the ransom of king James in 1423, and was made a lord of parliament, by the title of lord Montgomery, in 1427; and marrying Margaret, daughter of Robert lord Maxwell, by her had iffue,

Alexander, his heir, fecond lord Montgomery, who was one of the privy council to that king, and after his murder, to his fon James II. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir Thomas Boyd of Kilmarnock, and by her had iffue three fons and five daughters, viz. Andrew, his fucceffor, (by Scotch authors called Alexander) George, ancestor of the Montgomeries of Skelmorly; and Thomas, parson of Eglesham; Margaret, married to John Stewart earl of Lennox; Janet, to Sir John Cunning-hame of Kilmaurs, by whom the was mother of Alexander, created earl of Glencairn; Mary, to Sir Alexander Home of that ilk; Jane, to John lord Kennedy, ancestor of the earl of Cassils; and Agnes, to William Cunninghame of Glengarnock.

Andrew, third lord, succeeded his father, and married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Patrick Hepburn of Hailes, by whom he had iffue three fons, Alexander, his fucceffor; Robert Montgomery of Breadstane, of whom the earl of Mount Alexander in Ireland is lineally descended; and Hugh Montgomery of Islot. He died before 1459, and was succeeded by his eldest fon, Alexander, fourth lord, who married Catharine, daughter of Gilbert, lord Kennedy, by whom he had three fons, Hugh, his fuccessor; James, of Smithston; and John. He deceased in 1487, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Hugh, who was one of the privy council to king James IV. by whom he was created earl of Eglington in the year 1503; and marrying lady Helen, daughter of Colin Campbell the first G 4

earl

earl of Argyll, by her had iffue five fons and fix daughters, viz. John mafter of Eglington; Sir Neil of Linshaw, ancestor of the Montgomeries of that place; William of Greenfield, ancestor of the Montgomeries of Auchenhood, &c. Hugh, who married Jane, daughter and heir of Robert lord Lyle; and Robert, bishop of Argyle: Margaret, wife of William lord Semple; Marjory, of William lord Somerville; Maud, of Colin Campbell of Ardkinlass; Isabel, of John Muir of Caldwall; Elizabeth, of John Blair of that ilk; and Agnes, of John Ker of Kersland.

John, his eldest son, being killed in a fray in 1520, in his father's life-time, left by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Sir Archibald Edmondston of Duntreath, Hugh, successor to his grandfather, and a daughter, Christian, married to Sir William Douglas of Drumlanrig, ancestor of the duke of Queensberry. His son

Hugh, fecond earl, was one of the privy council to king James V. by whom, with the earl of Huntley, he was appointed governor of Scotland, while that prince went to France to espouse Magdalen the daughter of Francis I. king of France. He married Marian, daughter of George lord Seton, by whom he had iffue,

Hugh, third earl, a firm friend to queen Mary in her greatest distress; but afterwards submitted to her son James VI. He married Agnes, daughter of Sir John Drummond of Innerpeffry, and had iffue two fons and two daughters; lady Margaret, married to Robert Seton earl of Winton, of whom afterwards; and lady Agnes, to Robert lord Semple. The fons were, Hugh his heir; and Robert, who married Margaret, daughter of Sir Matthew Campbell of Loudon, by whom he had a daughter, Elizabeth, married to her coufin, Hugh earl of Eglington. He died in 1585, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Hugh, fourth earl, who married Giles, daughter of Robert lord Boyd, and by her had iffue, Hugh, the fifth earl, who, upon his father's being unfortunately murdered, in the flower of his age, by John Cunningham of Colneath and his accomplices, in 1589, fucceeded him, and married his cousin Elizabeth, be-fore-mentioned, and by her had iffue one fon, Robert, mafter of Eglington, who died before his father, leaving iffue only a daughter, lady Margaret, the wife of Robert lord Boyd, but died without iffue: And her grandfather dying in 1612, was fucceeded, according to a refignation and entail he made of his honours, by Sir Alexander Seton, fecond fon of lady Margaret, eldest day hter of Hugh third earl of Eglington, wife of the earl of Winton before-mentioned, who changed his name to Montgomery, and affirmed the arms of Eglington.

Which Sir Alexander, fixth earl, being a nobleman of great valour, was called Greysteel; and in 1642 had the command of a regiment fent to Ireland, to suppress the rebellion of the native Irish; but in 1650, when he was raising forces in the

western

western parts for his majesty's service, he was surprised at Dunbarton by a party of English horse, and sent prisoner to Ber-wick upon Tweed, where he remained ten years, till the restoration, during which time his estate was sequestered, but upon that event, was reftored. He married the lady Ann, daughter of Alexander Livingston the first earl of Linlithgow, and by her had iffue five fons and two daughters; lady Margaret, married to John Hay the first earl of Tweeddale; and secondly, to William earl of Glencairn; and lady Anne, who died unmarried. Of his fons, Robert the youngest was major general in the king's army at the battle of Worcester, in 1651, and was taken prisoner and confined in Edinburgh castle, whence he escaped, got beyond fea to his mafter Charles II, and being made a gentleman of his bedchamber, returned with him at the refloration. He married a daughter of James viscount Kilsyth, by whom he had James Montgomery, Esq his son and heir; James of Coalfield, the sourch son, was a colonel in the army, as was Alexander the third, who died in Ireland; Sir Henry of Giffen, the fecond, died without iffue; and his eldeft, Hugh, on the death of his father in 1661, succeeded as seventh earl. He married first, lady Ann, daughter of James the second marquis of Hamilton, by whom he had one daughter, lady Ann, married to James Ogilvy the third earl of Finlater; and by his fecond wife, lady Mary, daughter of John Lesley the fixth earl of Rothes, he had two fons, Alexander his successor, and Francis Montgomery of Giffen, who was of the privy council, and a commissioner of the treasury to king William and queen Ann; and married first, lady Margaret Lesley, daughter and sole heir of Alexander earl of Leven, by whom he had no iffue; and fecondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Robert Sinclair of Longformacus, by whom he had two fons and one daughter, viz. John, member for the county of Ayr; and colonel Alexander, who died of the wounds he received at the battle of Almanza in 1711. His daughter Elizabeth was married to Patrick Ogilvy of Lonmay. Of the earl's five daughters, lady Mary was married to George earl of Winton; lady Margaret, to James earl of Loudoun; lady Christian, to John lord Balmerino; lady Eleanor, to Sir David Dunbar of Baldoon, Bart. and lady Anne, to Sir Andrew Ramfay of Abbotfhall, Bart. The earl died in 1669, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Alexander, eighth earl, who was one of the privy council to king William III. in the last year of whose reign he died, leaving by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of William Crichton earl of Dumfries, one daughter, lady Mary, wise of Sir James Agnew of Lochnow, Bart. and three sons, Alexander his successor; Hugh, a major in the army; and John, also a major. He

was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Alexander, ninth earl, who was likewife one of the privy council to the aforefaid king, and one of the commiffioners of the treafury. He was elected one of the fixteen peers of Scotland in 1710 and 1713; was one of the privy council to queen Ann, and one of the commiffioners of the chamberlain's court. He married first, Margaret, daughter of William lord Cochran fon and heir of William earl of Dundonald, by whom he had two sons that died young, and four daughters, lady Katharine, married to James Stewart fixth earl of Galloway; lady Eupheme, to George Lockhart of Carnwath, Ess; lady Grace, to Robert Dalziel earl of Carnwath; and lady Jane, to Sir Alex-

ander Maxwell of Monreith.

By his second wife, lady Ann, daughter of George Gordon the first earl of Aberdeen, he had an only daughter, lady Mary, wife of Sir David Cunningham of Milcraig; and by his third, Susanna, daughter of Sir Archibald Kennedy of Colzean, Bart. he had three sons, James, lord Montgomery; Alexander, now earl of Eglington; and Archibald Montgomery; Esq; colonel of a highland regiment of soot, which served bravely in America in the late war, and governor of Dunbarton castle; and seven daughters, lady Elizabeth, wise of Sir John Cunningham of Caprington, Bart. lady Helen, of the honourable Francis Stewart, son of the earl of Murray; lady Susan, of John Renton of Lametton, Esq; lady Margaret, of Sir Alexander Macdonald of Macdonald, Bart. lady Frances; lady Christian, wise of James Murray of Abercairny, Esq; and lady Grace, of—
Boyne, Esq; Their father deceasing in the year 1729, was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

Alexander, now earl of Eglington, who is a lord of the king's bedchamber, and was elected in the prefent parliament

one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, and is unmarried.

TITLES.] The right honourable Alexander Montgomery, lord Montgomery, and earl of Eglington in the district of Cunningham in Ayrshire, a lord of the king's bedchamber, and one of the fixteen peers for Scotland.

CREATION.] Earl of Montgomery and Eglington in 1503,

the 15th of James IV.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th fapphire, three sleurs de lis topaz, for the name of Montgomery; 2d and 3d ruby, three annulets topaz, stoned fapphire, for Eglington; all within a border topaz, slowered and counterflowered, ruby.

CREST. ] On a wreath, a maid, holding in her dexter hand a

man's head, and in her finister an anchor.

SUPPORTERS.] Two wyverns emerald, vomiting fire, being the creft of the earl of Winton.

Motto.] Garde Bien.

CHIEF SEATS. ] At Eglington in Ayrshire, and at Ardiossan in the same county.

KENNEDY,

#### KENNEDY, Earl of CASSILIS.

A FAMILY of rank and figure in Carrick were the undoubted anceffors of the Kennedies of Cashilis, who affumed their firmme from their being head or chief of that family. All this is proved by Mr. Douglas, from authentic documents and charters. The term Kennedy comes from the Gallic or Celtic word Kean-na-ty, head of the bouse, or chief of the clan.

In the reign of David II. lived Sir John Kennedy of Dunnure, knight, who from that king got feveral lands, and added to his paternal inheritance of Dunnure, the barony of Caffilis, which he obtained by Marjory his wife, the daughter of Sir John Montgomery, and founded the church of Maybole in Carrick. He had three fons, of which Gilbert the eldeft fucceding, was one of the hoftages fent to England for the ranfom of king David in 1357, and was knighted by king Robert III.

He married first, Mary, daughter of Sir James Sandilands of Calder, by whom he had Gilbert, who died without isse; and Thomas, ancestor of the Kennedies of Bargony. He married secondly, Marian, daughter of Sir Robert Maxwell of Calderwood, by whom he had a son, Sir James, his heir, who married the princess Mary Stewart, daughter of king Robert III. by whom he had issue Gilbert lord Kennedy, and James bishop of St. Andrews, who was lord chancellor of Scotland; and from this marriage they were authorised to bear their arms in a double trefsure. He died on May 10, 1466, and was succeeded by his son,

Gilbert, who was by king James II. made heretable bailiff of the earldom of Carrick in the county of Ayr; and in 1460, was one of the fix governors of the kingdom, during the minority of king James III. In 1450 he was dignified with the title of lord Kennedy. He married Agnes, daughter of Herbert lord Maxwell, by whom he had John, his fuccessor in the honour, and two daughters, Katharine, married to Alexander lord Montgomery, ancestor of the earl of Eglington; and Marian, to Sir John Wallace of Craigie. He was succeeded by his son

John, fecond lord, who was one of the privy council to the aforefaid king, and died in 1508. He married Jane, daughter of Alexander lord Montgomery, by whom he had iffue David, afterwards earl of Cashiis. By his fecond, lady Elizabeth, daughter of George lord Huntley, he had also a son, Alexander, ancestor of the Kennedies of Gervan Mains and Barquhanny; and a daughter, Jane, wife of Archibald earl of Angus. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

David, third lord Kennedy, who was one of the privy council to James IV. and by him created earl of Cashilis in 1509. He married first, Agnes, daughter of William lord Borthwick,

by whom he had a fon, Gilbert; and fecondly, lady Margaret, daughter of Thomas Boyd earl of Arran, by the princess Mary, eldest daughter of king James II. but by her had no issue, He was killed on the 9th of September 1513, with king James IV. at the battle of Floddon, and was succeeded by his son,

Gilbert, fecond earl, who was one of the privy council to king James V. by whom, in 1524, he was fent ambaffador to England, to treat of a peace, but the next year he was murdered in attempting to rescue the king from the earl of Angus. He married lady Ilabel, daughter of Archibald earl of Angus, by whom he had two fons, of which Quintin the youngest was abbot of Crofragwel, and was canonized for a faint; and the

eldeff.

Gilbert, fucceeding his father, was third earl of Caffilis, and was by king James V, made lord treasurer of Scotland, and in 1588, was one of the peers fent over to France to affift at the marriage of queen Mary with Francis the dauphin, afterwards king Francis II. He married Elizabeth, daughter and heir of John Kennedy of Culzean, by whom he had iffue two fons and two daughters; Gilbert, his fuccessor; Sir Thomas of Culzean, ancestor of that family; lady Jane, wife of Robert Stewart earl of Orkney; and lady Catharine, of Patrick Vaus of Banburrow, knight. He died at Dieppe in France, November 28, 1558, supposed by poison, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Gilbert, fourth earl, who was one of the privy council to queen Mary. He married Margaret, daughter of John Lyon lord Glamis, ancestor of the earl of Strathmore, and by her had two fons, John and Gilbert, of whom hereafter. He died in 1576, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, fifth earl, who was also appointed lord treasurer of

Scotland in 1599, but dying without iffue,

John, the fon of his brother Gilbert, succeeded, and was the fixth earl. He married first, lady Jane, daughter of Thomas Hamilton the first earl of Haddington, and by her had iffue a fon, James, lord Kennedy, who died before his father; and two daughters, lady Margaret, wife of Dr. Gilbert Burnet, bishop of Salifbury; and lady Catharine, of William lord Cochran, fon and heir of William earl of Dundonald. His tecond wife was lady Margaret, daughter of William Hay earl of Errol, and widow of Henry lord Ker, by whom he had iffue John lord Kennedy, and two daughters, lady Mary and lady Elizabeth. He died in 1668, and was succeeded by his son,

John, feventh earl, who was one of the privy council to king William III. by whom he was also made one of the commitfioners of the treasury. He married lady Susan, daughter of James duke of Hamilton, who was beheaded in 1648, and by her had iffue John lord Kennedy, and a daughter, lady Ann, married to John Hamilton earl of Ruglen, (of whom the pre-

ient

fent earl of March is the heir and representative) who succeeded also as earl of Selkirk. His second wise was Elizabeth,
daughter of —— Foix, Esq; by whom he had a son, James,
who died without issue; and a daughter, lady Elizabeth; and
his eldest son, John lord Kennedy, dying in the year 1700, left
silue by Elizabeth his wise, daughter of —— Hutcheson, Esq;
who married to her second husband the faid earl of Selkirk and

Ruglen, a fon, John lord Kennedy, who, in 1702, fucceeded his grandfather, and was the eighth earl. He married lady Susan, daughter of John earl of Selkirk and Ruglen, who died in March 1763; and his lordship dying in August 1759, was succeeded, by his own destination, in his estate, by Sir Thomas Kennedy of Culzean, his undoubted heir male, now earl of Cassilis, lineally descended of Sir Thomas Kennedy of Culzean, beforementioned. Which Sir Thomas, fecond fon of Gilbert, third earl of Cassilis, by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of - M'Gill of Cranston Riddle, had issue two sons, James and Sir Alexander. James, the eldeft, had a fon, James, who died without iffue; but Sir Alexander's fon and fuccessor, John Kennedy of Culzean, was father of Sir Archibald Kennedy, a great favourite of Charles II. who created him a baronet in 1682. He left issue by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of David lord Newark, two fons and one daughter; Sir John and David Kennedy, Esqrs. His daughter Susan married Alexander earl of Eglington. He died in 1710, and was succeeded by his eldest son, Sir John, who by his wife, dame Jane Douglas, had three fons, Sir John, Sir Thomas, and David, an advocate. The eldeft, Sir John, died without iffue, and was fucceeded by his brother, Sir Thomas, who, on the death of John eighth earl of Cassilis, as above, became the ninth earl of Cassilis, after a contest with the earl of March, &c. which was decided in his favour.

TITLES.] The right honourable Thomas Kennedy earl of Caffilis, and lord Kennedy, bailiff of Carrick, and governor of

Dunbarton castle.

CREATION.] Earl of Cassilis in the county of Air, in 1509,

the 21st of James IV.

ARMs.] Pearl, a chevron ruby, between three cross croslets fitchy, diamond, all within a double treflure, flowered and counterflowered with fleurs de lis of the 2d.

CREST.] On a wreath, a dolphin Naiant, fapphire.

SUPPORTERS.] Two fwans proper.

Morro. ] Avise la fin.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Cassilis in Airshire, &c.

#### SINCLAIR, Earl of CAITHNESS.

WIlliam Sinclair, earl of Orkney, fon of Henry earl of Orkney, by Ægidia, daughter of William Douglas, lord of Nithisdale, and the princess Ægidia, daughter of king Robert II. was lord chancellor of Scotland in the reign of king James II. and got a grant of the earldom of Caithness. He married first, lady Margaret, daughter of Archibald earl of Douglas and duke of Turenne in France, by whom he had iffue, William lord Newburgh, from whom is descended the lord Sinclair; and a daughter, Catharine, wife of Alexander duke of Albany. His fecond wife was Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander Sutherland of Dunbeath, by whom he had iffue four fons; William, in whose favour he refigned the earldom of Caithness; Sir Alexander, ancestor of the Sinclairs of Roslyn; Sir David; and John bishop of Caithness. He died before the year 1480, and, according to the above-mentioned refignation, was fucceeded in the earldom of Caithness by his said son William, second earl, who married Mary, daughter of Sir William Keith of Innerugy near Buchaness, by whom he had iffue John, his fucceffor; and Alexander, ancestor of the Sinclairs of Dunbeath. He was flain on the 9th of September 1513, at the battle of Floddon, and was succeeded by his said eldest son,

John, third earl, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir

William Sutherland of Duffus, and by her had a fon,

George, fourth earl, who married lady Elizabeth, daughter of William Graham the second earl of Montrose, by whom he had two sons, John, mafter of Caithness; and George, ancestor of the Sinclairs of May; and three daughters, lady Beatrix, married to Alexander earl of Sutherland; lady Elizabeth, to Hutchen Mackay of Far in Strathnavern, ancestor of lord Rae; and lady Barbara, to Sir Alexander Innes of that ilk. John, master of Caithness, dying in 1577, before his father, left issue by lady Jane his wife, daughter of Patrick Hepburn earl of Bothwell, George, who succeeded his grandfather; James Sinclair of Murchill, of whom hereaster; John, ancestor of the Sinclairs of Greenland, now of Ratter; and David: Also one daughter, Agnes, second wise of Andrew Hay, ninth earl of Errol.

George, the eldeft son, fifth earl, succeeded his grandsather in 1583, and married lady Jane, daughter of George Gordon earl of Huntley, by whom he had issue William lord Berrendale, who married Mary, daughter of Henry lord Sinclair; and dying in his sather's life-time, left issue two sons, John lord Berrendale; and Francis, of whom by and bye. The said John lord Berrendale dying also in 1639, left issue by lady Margaret his wife, daughter of Colin Mackenzie earl of Scasorth, a son, George,

George, who in 1643 fucceeded his great grandfather, and was fixth earl of Caithness. He married lady Mary, daughter of Archibald Campbell marquis of Argyll; but dying without issue, she re-married with John earl of Breadalbane. Hereupon the honours devolved on George, fecond fon of the fourth earl, before noticed, who became feventh earl of Caithness, by allowance of parliament; but he dying also without issue, the estate and honours devolved on John Sinclair of Murchill, lineally descended from Sir James Sinclair of Murchill, grandson of the fourth earl, and brother of George the fifth earl. Which Sir James, by his wife lady Elizabeth Stewart, third daughter of Robert earl of Orkney, had iffue two fons, of whom the youngest, Francis, had a military command in Sweden, and the eldeft, Sir James, fucceeded his father; and by Jane, daughter of William Stewart of Mains and Burray, brother of Alexander first lord Garlies, had issue John, who succeeded as seventh earl of Caithness, as above recited; and by Jane Carmichael, of the family of Hyndford, had iffue three fons and one daughter, viz. Alexander, his fucceffor; John Sinclair of Murchill, a fenator of the college of justice; and Francis. Lady Janet, the daughter, was the wife of David Sinclair of South-Dun, Efg; He died in 1705, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alexander, ninth earl, who married lady Margaret Primrofe, daughter of Archibald earl of Roseberry, and had a daughter, lady Dorothea, born in 1739, and married to James viicount Mi Duff, eldeft son and heir apparent of William earl of Fise,

of the kingdom of Ireland.

TITLES.] The right honurable Alexander Sinclair, earl of Caithness and lord Berrendale.

CREATION. | Earl of the courty of Caithness, the 29th of

April 1556, the 14th of queen Mary.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st sapphire, a ship at anchor within a double tressure topaz, her oars erect in saltire, for Orkney; 2d and 3d topaz, a lion rampant ruby, for Far; 4th sapphire, a ship under sail topaz, for the title of Caithness; and over all a cross ingrailed dividing the four quarters diamond, for the name of Sipelair.

CREST.] On a wreath, a cock proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two griphons of the latter, armed and beaked topaz.

Motto. Commit thy work to God.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Castle-Sinclair and Thurso castle in the county of Caithness.

#### STEWART, Earl of MURRAY.

JAmes Stewart, natural fon of king James IV. by Jane, daughter of John lord Kennedy, was created earl of Murray by the faid king, in 1501; and marrying law Margaret, daughter daughter of Colin third earl of Argyll, by her had a daughter, lady Mary, married to John Stewart mafter of Buchan; but having no male iffue, the earldom reverted to the crown, and by queen Mary was bestowed, February 10, 1562, on

James Stewart, prior of St. Andrews, natural fon of king James V. by Margaret, daughter of John lord Erskine, who

by her was made one of the privy council.

He was also by the queen made lord lieutenant of the borders towards England; and after she was obliged to resign the government in savour of her son king James VI. he was chosen regent during the king's minority; but on the 23d of January 1570, as he was riding through the firect of Linlithgow, he was shot from a window with a musket ball into the belly, of which wound he died the same evening. The affassin was one James Hamilton of Bothwel, incited thereto by the Romish party. He married lady Anne Keith, daughter of William Keith earl Marshal, and by her had two daughters, lady Elizabeth, wife of James lord Down; and lady Margaret, married to Francis Hay the ninth earl of Errol; and having no male issue,

Elizabeth, his eldest daughter, became countess of Murray; and marrying, as before observed, James Stewart lord Down, he was, by James VI. in 1581, created earl of Murray, being the third earl of the name of Stewart; but there happening a misunderstanding about some matters of interest between him and the earl of Huntley, he was murdered on the 17th of February 1592. He had issue by his said countess, two sons, James, and Sir Francis, knight of the bath; and three daughters, lady Margaret, married first to Charles Howard, earl of Nottingham in England; and secondly, to Sir William Monson, viscount Castlemain; lady Mary, to Alexander lord Salton; and lady Grizel, to Sir Robert Innes of that ilk.

James, the eldest fon, succeeded as sourth earl; and, by the king's appointment, to remove the animosity between the families of Murray and Huntley, married lady Ann, daughter of George Gordon, fixth earl of Huntley, by whom he had a son, James, his successor, and a daughter, lady Mary, married to the laird of Grant. He died in 1633, and was succeeded by his son,

James, fifth earl, who married lady Margaret, daughter of Alexander earl of Home, by whom he had four fors and four daughters, James, lord Down, who died before his father, without iffue; Alexander, lord Down, his fucceffor; Francis, who died without iffue; and Archibald, anceffor of the Stewarts of Duncarn: Lady Mary was married to Archibald Campbell, the ninth earl of Argyll; lady Margaret to Alexander Sutherland, the first lord Duffus; lady Henrietta, to Hugh Campbell of Calder; and lady Anne, to David Rofs of Balnagowan. He died in 1053, and was succeeded by his eldest furviving son,

Alexander, fixth earl of Murray. He was made justice ge-

neral by king Charles II. alfo fecretary of flate; and by king James II. was appointed high commissioner to the parliament, and a knight of the thissel, in 1687. He married Amelia, daughter of Sir William Balfour of Pitcullo, and by her had iffue four sons, James, Charles, John, who died without issue four forns, James, Charles, John, who died without issue and Francis; whereof the eldest died in his father's life-time. He married Katharine, sister of Lionel Talmash earl of Dysart, and by her, who afterwards married John the nineteenth earl of Sutherland, had two daughters, Elizabeth, married to Brigadier Alexander Grant, and Amelia, first, to Thomas Fraser of Strichen; and secondly, to John Lindsay earl of Crawfurd. Whereupon, in 1700, on the death of his father,

Charles, fecond fon, fucceeded, and was feventh earl, and elected a knight of the order of the thiftle. He married the lady Anne Campbell, daughter of Archibald the ninth earl of Argyll, widow of Richard earl of Lauderdale, but dying with-

out issue in 1735, was succeeded by his surviving brother, Francis, eighth earl, who married Jane, daughter of John fourth lord Balmerino, by whom he had issue five sons, James lord Down; John, colonel of a regiment in the Dutch service; Francis, who married the lady Helen Montgomery, daughter of Alexander the ninth earl of Eglington, was a colonel in the army, and died in Germany; Archibald, captain of a ship of war; and Henry, major of dragoons, who died in Germany: Assume the Anne, wife of John Stewart of Blairhall, Esq; son of Dougal Stewart, brother german of James sirst earl of Bute; and lady Annelia, of Sir Peter Halker of Pitstren, Bart. colonel of a regiment of foot, killed in general Braddock's unfortunate engagement with the French near Fort Du Quesne, in North America, July 9, 1755. His lordship dying in 1730, was succeeded by his eldest son.

James, ninth and present earl of Murray, who was elected a knight of the thisse, and one of the sixteen peers for North Britain, in 1741, 1747, 1754, and 1761. He married first, Grace, countess dowager of Aboyn, daughter of George Lockhart of Carnwath, Esq. by whom he had iffue Francis lord Down, who in June 1763, married Mis Grey, eldest daughter of lord Grey; and lady Euphemia: He married secondly, lady Margaret, daughter of Lavid earl of Wemys, by whom

he hath two fons, James and David.

TITLES.] The right honourable James Stewart earl of Murray, and lord Down, of Down in Menteith, in the county of-Perth, one of the fixteen peers for Scotland in the prefent parliament, and a knight of the ancient order of the thiftle.

CREATION. ] Earl of the county of Murray, 10 February

1561, the 20th of queen Mary.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th topaz, a lion rampant within a double tressure, (being the arms of Scotland) all within a

border compone pearl and fapphire, for Stewart of the royal family; 2d topaz, a fels cheque pearl and fapphire, for Stewart of Down; 3d topaz, three escutcheons pendent by the corners, within a double tressure ruby, for Randolphearl of Murray.

CREST. | On a wreath, a pelican in her neft, feeding her

young.

Supporters.] Two greyhounds proper. Motto.] Salus per Christum redemptorem.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Dunibrifel on the coast of Fise; at Castle Stewart in the county of Inverness; and at the castle of Tarnaway in the county of Nairn.

#### HOME, Earl of HOME.

THIS family takes its firname from the castle of Home in the meric of Berwickshire, and derive their descent from William, a son of Patrick Home, earl of Dunbar; so that sew families in Scotland can boast of so high and princely an origin, the house of Dunbar, carls of March, being undubtedly sprung from the Saxon kings of England, and the princes and earls of Northumberland. Which William was succeeded by a son of his name, who lived in the reign of Alexander III. and the family, after several descents, became very eminent.

In the reign of Robert III. Sir Thomas Home of that ilk, taking to wife Nichola, heir of the family of Pepdie, in the county of Berwick, with her had the lordship of Dunglass, and thereby his fortune being much increased, he, in regard to that match, added to his paternal coat of arms, argent, three popinjays vert; and by the said Nicola his wife had Sir Alexander his successor; David Home, laird of Wederburn, and ancestor of that family; and Patrick, of whom hereaster.

Sir Alexander, who fucceeded him, was taken prisoner by the English at the battle of Hamildon 1402, and had by his wife Jane, daughter of Sir William Hay, of Lockhart, three fons, Sir Alexander, Thomas, ancestor of the Homes of Tynninghame, Ninewells, &c. and George, ancestor of the Homes of Spot. His eldest fon, Alexander, distinguished himself in the wars against the English. He married Mariota, daughter of Sir Robert Lauder, of Bass, by whom he had five sons, and dying in 1456, was succeeded by the eldest, Sir Alexander, who raised the grandeur of his family by the large estates he acquired, both by marriage and otherwise, and was created lord Home, Aug. 2, 1473. He married, first, Mariota, heirefs of Landel in the county of Berwick, and by her had three fons, viz. Alexander, mafter of Home; George, ancestor of the Homes of Ayton; and Patrick, of the Homes of Fastcastle: Also one daughter, Helen, wife of Adam, son and heir of Sir Patrick Hepburn, laird of Hailes. His fecond wife was Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander lord Montgomery, by whom he had iffue Thomas Home, of Langfhaw in the county of Air, and Nicholas. This lord died in 1490, and his eldeft fon, Alexander, dying in his life-time, by Elizabeth, his wife, daughter of Adam, fecond lord Hailes, left lifue two fons and four daughters, viz. Alexander, fucceffor to his grandfather; John, anceftor of the Homes of Coldingnows, and the prefent earl of Home; Elizabeth, wife of James, earl of Arran; Helen, of Alexander, lord Erfkine; —, of Patrick, third earl of Bothwell; and Margaret, of John, earl of Crawfurd.

Alexander, fecond lord, fon of Alexander, mafter of Home, fucceeded his grandfather, and was one of the privy council to king James IV. by whom he was confituted lord chamber-lain of Scotland for life, captain of Stirling-Caftle, warden of the East Marches, governor of the young king, and of John earl of Mar the king's brother then in minority. He married Nicola, daughter and heir of George Ker, of Samuelton, by whom he had iffue Alexander and George, lords Home; William and four other fons, who died without iffue. He died before January 26, 1506, and was succeeded by his eldeft fon.

Alexander, third lord, who was a man of understanding, and in great favour with James IV. who appointed him lord high chamberlain of Scotland. But in the minority of James's he was beheaded for high treason, with his brother William. He married Agnes Stewart, by whom he had only one daughter, Janet, wife of Sir John Hamilton. He was succeeded by his brother, George, fourth lord, who was a brave warrior, and remarkably diffinguished himself on many occasions, against the enemies of his country, particularly at the battle of Haldinggrig, in the year 1541. He married Marian, daughter and coher of Patrick lord Haliburton, and by her had issue Alexander his fuccessor, and Andrew; and a daughter Margaret, married to Sir Alexander Erskine of Gogar in Midlothian, ancessor of the earl of Kelly. He was succeeded by his eldest

Alexander, fifth lord Home, who was loyal to queen Mary, in the time of the civil war; and marrying, first, Margaret, daughter of Sir Walter Ker of Cesford, ancestor of the duke of Koxburgh, by her had a daughter Margaret, married to George Keith the fifth earl Marshal: And secondly, Agnes, daughter of Patrick lord Grey, by whom he had a daughter, Isabel, wife of Nir James Home, of Eccles; and a son, Alexander, his successfor, first earl of Home, who was in great favour with king James VI. by whom he was made one of the privy council, and created cast of Home. He married Mary, daughter of Edward Dudley, viscount Liste in England, by

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whom he had a fon James, and two daughters; lady Margaret, married to James Stewart, earl of Murray, and lady Ann to John Maitland duke of Lauderdale, and he dying in 1619, was succeeded by his son.

James, fecond earl, who married two wives, Catharine, daughter of Henry, vifcount Falkland, and lady Grace, eldeft daughter of Francis the first earl of Westmorland, but dying in 1634, without isue, his honour, by reason of an intail on the heirs male, descended to Sir James Home of Coldingnows.

Which Sir James, third earl, was the fon of Sir James, the fon of another Sir James, the fon of Sir John, the fon of Mungo, the fon of John, fecond fon of Alexander mafter of Home, eldeft fon of Alexander, first lord Home, as before observed. He married lady Jane, daughter of William earl of Moreton, and had issue three fons, Alexander, James, and Charles. He died in 1666, and his eldest fon,

Alexander, fourth earl, succeeded, and married lady Ann, daughter of Richard Sackvil, earl of Dorfet in England; but

dying without issue, in 1674, his brother,

James, became fifth earl. He married lady Anne Ramfay, daughter of George the second earl of Dalhousie; and dying without issue also, in 1688, was succeeded by the youngest brother.

Charles, fixth earl, who was a great opposer of the union. He married Ann, daughter of SirWilliamPurvis of that ilk, Bt. and dying in 1706, by her left issue Sir Alexander his heir, James and George, and three daughters; lady Jane married to Patrick Home lord Polwarth; lady Margaret to Alexander Bothwell, master of Holyrood-house.

James, the fecond fon, being taken in the rebellion in 1715, was fent prisoner to London, and secured with many others in Newgate; and on the 8th of May 1716, being tried, was found guilty of high treason; but happily received the benefit of his majestly's act of grace in 1717. The earl was succeeded

by his eldeft fon,

Alexander, seventh earl, who was in 1711, made general of the Mint, being then one of the sixteen peers for Scotland; and marrying lady Ann Ker, daughter of William the second marquis of Lothian, by her had siftue fix sons and two daughters; William lord Dunglass, Alexander, Charles, James, Alexander and George, the last four of which died infants; lady Jane and lady Anne, who died in insance. The earl died in 1720, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, eighth earl, who married Mrs. Laws in 1742, and the next year was made a captain and colonel in the third regiment of foot-guards. In the year 1750, his lordfaip was promoted to the command of a regiment of foot; and was elected one of the fixteen peers for North Britain in the ninth.

tenth,

tenth, and eleventh parliaments. On the 8th of March 1755, he was constituted a major-general of his majesty's forces; in Feb. 1759, promoted to the rank of lieutenant-general, and was appointed governor of Gibraltar, where dying on the 28th of April 1761, without iffue, he was succeeded by his brother,

Alexander, the prefent earl, who married Primrofe, daughter of Charles, ninth lord Elphingston, by whom he has a son William, lord Dunglass, and a daughter lady Elizabeth. His countefs deceafing, he married, fecondly, Marion, daughter of James Home, of Ayton, Efq;

TITLES.] The right honourable Alexander Home, earl of

Home, and baron of Dunglass.

CREATION.] Earl of Home and baron of Dunglass in the

county of Berwick, 4 March 1604, by James VI.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th emerald, a lion rampant pearl, armed and tongued ruby, for Home; 2d and 3d pearl, three popinjays emerald, beaked and membered ruby, for Pepdies of Dunglass, as being descended from the heiress of that family; and over all, by way of furtout, an eschutcheon topaz, charged with an orle fapphire, for the name of Landel.

CREST.] On a cap of dignity, a lion's head erazed, ruby.

SUPPORTERS. ] Two lions, as those in the arms.

MOTTO.] True to the end.

CHIEF SEAT. 1 At Home Castle and Hirsel, in the county of Berwick.

## FLEMING, Earl of WIGTON.

ALL the Scotch historians and antiquarians agree, that the firname of this family is derived from a person of distinction, who in the time of king David I. about the year 1140, transplanted himself from Flanders into this realm, and took his firname Fleming from the country of his origin. It appears that, for some time, they were promiscuously stiled Flandrenses, Flamang, le Flamang, and De Flamaticus, and after they had affumed Fleming for their firname, that, in

Latin, was called Flandrensis.

In the reigns of Malcolm IV. William I. Alexander II. and III. there are feveral of this name found witnesses to records of those kings, as Baldwin, Jordan, William, Duncan, and Simon le Fleming; and Sir Robert Fleming being one of those patriots, who in 1290, stood up for the interest of king Robert I. and the independence of Scotland, and never left his rightful fovereign, till he had fet the crown upon his head, in 1306, that prince, in recompence for that fignal fervice, and his other merits, rewarded him with the baronies of Lenzie and Cumbernauld in the county of Stirling, and with feveral other donations; in all which he was succeeded

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by his eldest son Sir Malcolm; and of Sir Patrick, the second

fon, we shall speak hereaster.

The eldest Sir Malcolm was in great favour with king Robert I. who, in memory of his father's services, and his own merit, made him a grant of divers lands in Dunbartonshire; as also sherist of that county, and governor of Dunbarton Castle; in both which offices he was succeeded by his son Sir Malcolm, who had the tuition of the young king David and the stoyal consort committed to his charge in the aforesaid castle, and afterwards waited on his majesty into France,

when Baliol's party became prevalent.

He had likewise the honour, after his return from France, in those evil times, to shelter and protest prince Robert Stewart of Scotland, afterwards king Robert II. from his great enemy Edward Baliol, who had usurped the crown from king David: But when the king's affairs took a more savourable turn, by Baliol's losing the sovereignty, he was sent again into France to attend king David home, in the year 1342. In reward of which faithful services, the king created him earl of Wigton, and bestowed upon him all the lands belonging to that earldom.

In 1346 he attended king David to the battle of Durham, where, with his royal mafter, he was taken prifoner; but being foon after releafed, was one of the committioners, who in 1354, were appointed to treat with the English at Newcastle about the king's redemption; which being concluded, Thomas his grandfon was one of the hostages for the ransom,

and afterwards succeeded to the Fleming estates.

Which Thomas, fecond earl of Wigton, received a new charter of his lands from the aforesaid king; but having no issue, he in his old age sold to Archibald Douglas, lord of Galloway, for the sum of 500 l. the whole earldom of Wigton, and refigned to his cousin and heir male, Sir Malcolm Fleming of Biggar, the baronies of Lenzie, Cumbernauld, &c. which were ratified to him by a charter under the great

feal.

Which Sir Malcolm was the fon of Sir Patrick, fecond fon of Sir Robert before-mentioned, by one of the daughters and coheirs of the brave Sir Simon Frafer, of Oliver-Caftle, with whom he got the lands and barony of Biggar, and quartered the arms of Frafer with his own. Sir Malcolm his fon having an opulent fortune, made no fmall figure in the time he lived. His brother Patrick was anceftor of the Flemings of Bord, &c. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon

Sir David, who at the battle of Otterburn, or Chevy-Chace, 1388, fignalized his valour in a diffinguishing manner, where the brave James earl of Douglas the general, and many other gallant men were slain. In the year 1405, he was knighted,

and fent ambaffador to England; and afterwards, for his good fervices there, had a grant of divers lands in Carrick in the county of Air, with the barony of Cavers, and sheriffship of Roxburgh; and marrying first Jane, daughter of Sir David Barclay, lord of Brechin, by her had a daughter Marian, who was the wife of Sir William Maul of Panmure. By Isabel his fecond wife, who was heiress of the baron of Monycabo, he had two fons, Sir Malcolm and David, ancestor of the Flemings of Boghall, and their father being flain at Longhermiston-muir, on February 24, 1405, was succeeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir Malcolm, who was knighted by Robert III. He married lady Elizabeth, daughter of Robert Stewart duke of Albany, by whom he had iffue a fon, Sir Robert, and a daughter, Margaret, wife of Patrick, fon and heir of Andrew, fecond lord Grey. He was barbarously murdered, with the earl of Douglas and his younger brother, by the contrivance of the lord chancellor Crichton, in the castle of Edinburgh, in 1441, and was fucceeded by Sir Robert his heir, who was created lord Fleming of Cumbernauld; and marrying lady Jane, daughter of James feventh earl of Douglas, by her had Malcolm his heir apparent, and two daughters, Elizabeth and Beatrix, of which the eldest was married to John lord Livingfton, and the youngest to Sir William Stirling of Keir. He lived to a great age, and dying in 1495, and his fon and heir dying in his father's life-time, left by Eupheme his wife, daughter of James lord Livingston,

John, his fon, fecond lord, who fucceeded his grandfather; and being an accomplished gentleman, was by James V. fent ambassador to France, and after his return, made lord chamberlain of Scotland. He married Eupheme, daughter of John the first lord Drummond, and by her had issue Malcolm, and another Malcolm prior of Whittern. Also three daughters, Elizabeth wife of James lord Crichton; Margaret of John Cunningham of Glengarnock; and Jane, first of John, eldest fon of Sir James Sandilands of Calder; and fecondly, of David Crawfurd, of Kerse. He had two other wives, but no issue by either; and being barbarously murdered by John Tweedie, of Drumelzier, and his accomplices, in 1524, was

fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Malcolm, third lord, who by king James V. was also constituted lord high chamberlain, which office he held to his death; and being flain at the battle of Pinkie or Muffelburgh, on September 10, 1547, left iffue by Janet his wife, natural daughter of king James IV. two fons, James and John, and four daughters; Janet married first, to John master of Livingfton; and fecondly to Andrew Brown, of Hartry, Efq; Agnes, to William, lord Livingston; Margaret, first to Robert, H A

master of Montrose; secondly, to Thomas master of Erskine; and lastly, to John Stewart earl of Athole; and Mary, to Sir William Maitland, ancestor of the earl of Lauderdale.

James the eldeft fon, fourth lord, succeeded his father, and by queen Mary was constituted lord high chamberlain during life; and when the marriage was to be solemnized between her majesty and the dauphin of France, he was one of the peers whom the parliament sent over upon that solemn occasion; and dying soon after at Paris, in 1558, left by lady Barbara his wife, daughter of James Hamilton duke of Chattelherault, ancestor of the duke of Hamilton, a daughter Jane, married to John Scot, lord of Thirlestan; and secondly, to Gilbert earl of Cassillis; but leaving no male issue, his estate and honour came to

John his brother, fifth lord, who by the aforefaid queen was continued in the office of lord chamberlain, and made governor of Dunbarton Castle. He married Elizabeth, daughter and sole heir of Robert master of Ross; and dying in 1572, of a wound received by a musket ball in his knee, he left issue John his successor, and three daughters; Mary, wife of Sir James Douglas, of Drumlanrig; Elizabeth, of Sir Alexander Bruce of Airth; and Margaret, of Sir Iames Forrest.

of Carden.

John his fon, fixth lord, who succeeded, was by James VI. created earl of Wigton, March 19, 16c6. He married lady Lilias, daughter of John Graham the third earl of Montrofe by whom he had iffue two sons, John and James, and five daughters; lady Jane, married to George Campbell, son of Hugh lord Loudoun, by whom she had Margaret, baroness of Loudoun, the wife of John Campbell, created earl of Loudoun; lady Anne, married to Sir William Livingston, of Kilfyth; lady Margaret, to Sir John Charteris, of Amisfield; lady Lilias, to Sir David Murray, of Stanhope; and lady Mary to Sir Archibald Stewart, of Castlemilk. By a second wife, Sarah, daughter of William lord Herries, he had one daughter, lady Rachael, wife of John Lindsay, of Caventon, Esq; He deceased in 1619, and was succeeded by his eldest fon.

John, seventh lord, and second earl, who married lady Margaret, daughter of Alexander the first earl of Linlithgow, and by her had John his heir, Sir William, who was gentleman-usher to king Charles I. and chamberlain of the houshold to king Charles II. and three daughters; lady Eleanor, married to David earl of Wemys; lady Ann, first to Robert, second lord Boyd, and after to George Ramsay the second earl of Dalhousie; and lady Jane, to Sir John Grierson of Lag.

His eldeft fon,

John, third earl, in 1650, fucceeded; and for his loyalty to king Charles I. was obliged to fly to the Highlands, where he lay concealed till his friends compounded for his delinquency; he dying in 1663, left issue by the lady Jane, daughter of John Drummond the second earl of Perth, fix sons and two daughters, viz. John; Sir Robert, Henry and James, who died unmarried; William, and Charles, who died young: ladies Margaret and Jane, who died unmarried.

John, the eldeft fon, fourth earl, fucceeded, and married Ann, daughter of Henry lord Ker, by whom he had a daughter, Jane, wife of George Maul, the third earl of Panmure; but having no male iffue, his estate and honour devolved upon

his brother,

William, the fifth earl, who was one of the privy council to king Charles II. by whom he was also made sheriff of the county of Dunbarton, and governor of that castle. He married lady Henrietta, daughter of Charles Seton earl of Dumferline, by whom he had issue, John his heir, Charles, and lady Mary, wife of Mr. Henry Maule of Kelly, father of the present earl of Panmure. He died in 1681, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, fixth earl, who married first lady Margaret, daughter of Colin Lindsay third earl of Balcarras, and by her had one daughter, lady Margaret, wife of Sir Archibald Primrose of Dunipace. He married secondly, lady Mary Keith, daughter of William earl Marshal, by whom he had one daughter, lady Clementina, married to Charles Elphingston, now lord Elphingston, by whom she hath islue three sons and four daughters, viz. John married to Anne, eldest daughter of James lord Ruthven; William, George-Keith, Mary, Eleanor, Primrose and Clementina. His third wise was Eupheme, daughter of George Lockhart of Carnwath, Esq; who died in December 1762, but he had no issue by her. He was committed to Edinburgh castle at the beginning of the rebellion in 1715, but was soon after discharged without trial; and dying in 1743, was succeeded by his brother,

Charles, seventh earl, who dying unmarried in 1747, the title was claimed by Dr. Charles-Ross Fleming, physician of Dublin, and was determined in his favour by the lords of seffon in Scotland, in 1748; and in 1752 he voted as such at the

election of a fixteenth peer. And the faid

Charles-Ross Fleming is the eighth and present earl of Wigton. TITLES.] The right honourable Charles-Ross Fleming earl

of Wigton, and lord Fleming.

CREATIONS.] Lord Fleming by James II. and earl of Wigton in the county of Wigton, 19 March 1605, the 38th of James VI.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th pearl, a chevron within a

## 106 EARL OF STRATHMORE.

double treffure, flowered and counterflowered with fleurs de lis ruby, for Fleming; 2d and 3d fapphire, three cinquefoils pearl, for Fraser.

CREST.] On a wreath, a goat's head erased pearl, armed

topaz.

Supporters.] Two flags proper, attired and unguled topaz; each gorged with a collar fapphire, charged with three cinquefoils pearl.

MOTTO.] Let deed shaw.

CHIEF SEATS ] At Cumbernald, in the county of Stirling; and at Boighall, in Clidderdale. But we believe they are now lord Elphingston's, in right of his wife.

# LYON, Earl of STRATHMORE.

THIS illustrious family is descended from that of Leonne in France, which derives its origin from the noble house of Leoni at Rome, a branch whereof came from France into England with William the conqueror in 1066, and from thence, in 1098, Sir Roger de Leonne came to Scotland with king Edgar, son of Malcolm Canmore. This Sir Roger, for the good fervices he had done against Donald Bane, the usurper, had a grant of considerable lands in Perthshire, which from him were called Glen Lyon.

Afterwards Sir John Lyon obtained a grant from king David II. in 1343, of the baronies of Forteviot and Fergundeny, in the faid county, with Drumgoven, and others in the shire of Aberdeen, and the grant was confirmed by king Robert II. Sir John Lyon, fon of the said John, was commonly called The White Lyon, from his complexion, and was secretary to the said king Robert II. who in the year 1379, granted him the thancdom of Glamis in Forsarshire, and not long after prefer-

red him to be great chamberlain of Scotland.

He also advanced him to the degree of a lord of parliament, by the title of lord Glamis, and gave him in marriage the princes Jane, his third and youngest daughter, by Elizabeth Mure, his first wife, together with the barony of Kinghorn in Fischhire, and from that match his family had the honour to sur-

round their arms with a double treffure.

He had likewise several grants of lands from the crown, to which he made a large addition by the purchase of many baronies.

In 1382, he was fent ambaffador to England; but in his return, having the misfortune to quarrel with Sir James Lindfay of Crawfurd, was by him most barbarously murdered at the moss of Balhall, which was highly referred by the king, who ordered the corpse to be buried in the abbey of Scoon, in 1383.

By his faid wife he had iffue an only son, John, second lord Glamis, who being very young, the king his grandsather took

him under his royal patronage, ftrictly forbidding any to harm him, under the highest penalty the law could inflict. He married lady Elizabeth, daughter of Patrick Graham earl of Strathern; and dying in 1435, was buried among the kings at Scoon, having had iffue three fons, Patrick, his heir; Michael and David. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Patrick, third lord, who was one of the hostages sent into England in 1424, for the return of king James I. and was one of the privy council to king James II. and mafter of his houshold; he married Isabel, daughter of Sir Alexander Ogilvy of Auchterhouse, by whom he had iffue three fons, Alexander, John, and William, ancestor of the Lyons of Ogil, easter and wester; also a daughter, Elizabeth, wife of Alexander Robinfon of Strowan. He died in 1459, and was succeeded by his eldeft fon,

Alexander, fourth lord, who married Agnes, daughter of William lord Crichton, chancellor of Scotland; but dying in 1485, without iffue, his estate and honour descended to his

brother.

John, fifth lord, who was one of the privy council to king James IV. by whom he was made justice general of Scotland. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir John Scrimgeor of Dudhope, constable of Dundee, by whom he had iffue four fons and nine daughters; John, his successor; David, first of the family of Cossin; William and George; which three last were killed at the battle of Floddon in 1513. The eldest daughter, Chri-flian, was the second wife of William earl of Errol; and the fecond, Margaret, of James Rind of Broxmouth. The names of the others I cannot find. He died in 1497, and was fucceeded by his eldest fon,

John, fixth lord Glamis, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew, third lord Gray, by whom he had iffue three ions, George, John, and Alexander; and a daughter, Elizabeth, first married to John mafter of Forbes; and secondly, to John

Crichton of Strathurd.

George, the eldeft fon, feventh lord, succeeded his father in 1500; but dying in 1505, unmarried, the effate and honour

came to his brother,

John, eighth lord, who married Janet Douglas, fifter to Archibald the twelfth earl of Douglas, and had John, his heir; and a daughter, Elizabeth, wife of - Ross of Craigy; and the faid John, ninth lord, being a minor at his father's death, was, with his mother, wrongfully accused of treason, and the latter tried, condemned, and executed, in 1538. Himself, though but a minor, was also condemned, and his titles and estates forfeited to the crown; but his execution was suspended. on account of his youth; however, he continued in prison till queen Mary's accession to the crown; and in her first parliament, 1543, his forfeiture was repealed, and he was reftored to his effates and honours. He married lady Jane Keith, daugher of William, third earl Marshal, by whom he had iffue John, his successor; Sir Thomas Lyon of Audbar, who was lord treasurer of Scotland, and died without issue. Also a daughter, Margaret, who was first married to Gilbert Kennedy, fourth earl of Cassilis; and secondly, to John, the first marquis of Ha-

milton. He was succeeded by his eldest fon,
John, tenth lord, who for his great parts and learning, was
in 1575 constituted lord high chancellor of Scotland. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander, fixth lord Abernethy of
Salton, by whom he had issue Patrick his heir; and two daughters, Jane, first married to Robert lord Douglas, heir apparent
of William earl of Moreton; secondly, to Archibald, the eighth
earl of Angus; and thirdly, to Alexander lord Spinzy, son of
David earl of Crawfurd; and Elizabeth was the wife of Patrick lord Gray. Their father being unfortunately shot, in a
squabble betwixt the earl of Crawfurd's servants and his own,
in 1578, was succeeded by his son,

Patrick, eleventh lord, who was made captain of the guard, and one of the privy council to king James VI. and lord treaturer of Scotland, and in 1606, was created earl of Kinghorn, lord Lyon and Glamis. He married lady Ann, daughter of John Murray, first earl of Tullibardin; and dying at Edinburgh in 1615, lest issue by the three sons, John, James, and Frederick, ancestor of the Lyons of Brigton; and a daughter, lady

Ann, married to William, tenth earl of Errol.

John, his eldest son, succeeded as second earl; and marrying first, lady Martha, daughter of John seventh earl of Mar; and feecondly, Elizabeth Maul, daughter of Patrick earl of Panmure; by the last had issue Patrick, his successor; and a daughter, lady Elizabeth, married to Charles earl of Aboyn. He

was fucceeded, in 1649, by his faid fon,

Patrick, third earl of Kinghorn, who, with the confent and approbation of king Charles II. changed his title from Kinghorn to Strathmore, and was one of the privy council in that reign, as also in that of king James VII. likewise one of the extraordinary lords of sefficion. He married lady Helen, daughter of John earl of Middleton, and by her had issue two sons, John, and Patrick, who joined the earl of Mar in 1715, and was killed at the battle of Sherifffmuir, November 13, that year. Also two daughters; lady Grizel, married to David Ogilvy, the third earl of Airly; and lady Elizabeth, to Charles, second earl of Aboyn; and, after his decease, to Patrick lord Kinnaird. He died in 1695, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, fourth earl, who was one of the privy council to queen Ann. He married lady Elizabeth, daughter of Philip, fecond earl of Chefterfield, by whom he had iffue fix fons, Patrick and

Philip,

Philip, who died young; John, Charles, James, and Thomas; and two daughters, lady Helen, married to Kobert Stewart lord Blantyre; and lady Mary. He died in 1712, and,

John, his eldeft son, succeeded him; and being in the rebellion in 1715, under the command of John earl of Mar, was killed in the battle of Sherismuir. To him succeeded

Charles, his next brother, fixth earl, who married lady Sufan Cochran, daughter of John the fourth earl of Dundonald; but being accidentally killed at Forfar in 1728, without iffue, he was fucceeded by his next brother,

James, seventh earl, who dying in 1735, without issue, was

fucceeded by

Thomas, the youngest brother, eighth earl, and then representative in parliament for the county of Forsar. In 1736, he married Jane, daughter and coheir of James Nicholson, of the county of Durham, Esq; by whom he had issue three sons and four daughters, viz. John, James, and Thomas; ladies Susan, Anne, Mary, and ——. His lordship deceased in 1755, and was succeeded by his eldest son, John, ninth and present earl of Strathmore, who is unmarried.

TITLES.] The right honourable Thomas Lyon, earl of

Strathmore, lord Glamis, and Kinghorn.

CREATIONS.] Lord Glamis in the county of Forfar, and Kinghorn in the county of Fife, by Robert II. and earl of Kinghorn, 10 July, 1606, the 39th of James VI. which title was changed to Strathmore in Angus, soon after the reftoration of Charles II.

ARMS.] Pearl, a lion rampant sapphire, armed and langued ruby, within a double tressure, slowered and counterslowered

with fleurs de lis of the latter.

CREST.] On a wreath, a lady to the girdle, holding in her right hand the royal thifle, inclosed with a circle of laurel proper, in honour of the family's marriage with the daughter of king Robert II.

SUPPORTERS ] On the dexter fide a unicorn pearl, armed,

mained, and unguled topaz; on the finister a lion ruby.

Morro.] In te Domine speravi.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Glamis, in the county of Forfar; and at Castle Lyon, in the county of Perth.

## HAMILTON, Earl of ABERCORN.

HE descent of this noble family will be found under the title of duke of Hamilton, where it is observed, that James, the second earl of Arran, was by king Henry II. of France created duke of Chatelherault; and marrying lady Margaret, daughter of James, third earl of Moreton, by her had iffue four sons, lords, James, earl of Arran and duke of Chatelherault,

EARL OF ABERCORN.

telherault, who died without issue; John, first marquis of Hamilton; Claud, and David. For the daughters, fee Duke of Hamilton.

Claud, third fon, in 1553 was promoted to be commendator of the abbey of Paisley, upon the relignation of John archbishop of St. Andrews, which was ratified and approved by pope Julius III. and upon the breaking out of the civil war, he, adhering to the interest of queen Mary, was by her constituted one of the principal commanders of her army at the battle of Langfide, 1568, where he performed the part of a brave and valiant general; and resolutely persisting in her majesty's service, his estate was thereupon forseited, and continued in other hands, till his majesty king James VI. in 1585, was pleased to restore the long injured family of Hamilton; and, in testimony of the great sense he had of that gentleman's sufferings for his loyalty to the faid queen, created him lord Paisley in 1587. He married Margaret, daughter of George lord Seton, and by her had four fons, and a daughter, Margaret, married to William marquis of Douglas. The fons were, James; Sir Claud, ancestor of the Hamiltons of Elicston, Monterlony, &c. Sir George, who behaved with great bravery in the service of king Charles I. and Sir Frederick, who acquired great honour under Gustavus Adolphus, king of Sweden, was colonel of a regiment in the service of Charles I. in Ireland, and was anceftor of the viscount Boyne of that kingdom. He was succeeded by

James, his eldeft fon, who being a man of great parts, and much in favour with king James VI. was by him made gentleman of his bedchamber, and created earl of Abercorn in 1606. He married Mariana, daughter of Thomas lord Boyd, and by her had iffue five fons and three daughters; lady Anne, married to Hugh lord Semple; lady Margaret, to Sir William Cunninghame of Caprington; and lady Lucy, who died unmarried. Of the fons, James was his fucceffor; Sir Claud was baron of Strabane; Sir William; Sir George, of whom hereafter; and Sir Alexander was father of count Hamilton, who fettled first at the court of Philip-William, elector Palatine, who fent him envoy extraordinary to king James II. of England. He accompanied the elector's daughter, Eleanor-Magdalena, to Vienna, who married the emperor Leopold, and by the favour of the empress was created a count of the empire, with a grant of the county of Newburgh near Passaw, and other estates in Moravia and Hungary. He had iffue a daughter, maid of honour to the empress Amelia, consort of the emperor Joseph; and a fon, count Julius, chamberlain to the emperor, who married Maria Ernestina, born countess of Starenberg, who died in 1724, and had iffue three fons and feveral daughters. The earl died in 1618, and was fucceeded by his eldett fon,

James, second earl, who was created lord Hamilton of Stra-

bane in 1616. He married Catharine, daughter and heir of Gervafe Clifton of Leighton-Bromfwold, (widow of Efme Sturt, duke of Richmond and Lennox, from whom the prefent lord Clifton and earl of Darnley is descended) by whom he had issue three sons, James lord Paisley, who died before him; and, by a daughter of William Lenthal, Esq. speaker of the house of commons in the long parliament, left issue an only daughter, Catharine, married first to William Lenthal of Bursord in Oxfordshire, Esq. her coussis, and secondly, to her coussis. Charles, the fisth earl of Abercorn. The second son, William, was colonel of a regiment, and killed in Germany.

George, the third, fucceeding to the title, was the third earl;

but dying unmarried at Padua in Italy, we return to Claud, fecond fon of James the first earl, to whom his brother James, the fecond earl of Abercorn, refigned the barony of Strabane. He married, in 1630, lady Jane, youngest daughter of George, the first marquis of Huntley, and by her had iffue two fons, James and George; and two daughters; Catharine, married first to James, eldest son of Sir Frederick Hamilton, fourth son of Claud, lord Paisley, before mentioned; secondly, to Owen Wynne of Lurganboy, in the county of Leitrim, Esq; and thirdly, to John Bingham of Castlebar, in the county of Mayo, Esq; Mariana, married to Richard Perkins of Listord, in the county of Donegal, Esq; all in Ireland. He died in 1638, and was succeeded by his eldest son.

James; who dying without iffue, June 16, 1655, was fuc-

ceeded by his brother,

George, the fourth lord, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Christopher Fagan of Filtrim, in the county of Dublin, Eq. and dying April 14, 1668, left issue of ons, Claud and Charles; and two daughters; Anne, married to John Browne of Neale, in the county of Mayo, Esq, and Mary, to Gerard Dillon, Esq; recorder of Dublin, and prime serieant to king

James VII.

Claud succeeded to the titles of lord Strabane and earl of A-bercorn, as heir male of George third earl, as before noticed; but attending king James II. from France, as colonel of a regiment in his army to Ireland, he was attainted, March 1, 1688-9. After the defeat at the Boyne, he embarked for France, and was killed in his voyage in 1690. He was out-lawed, and forfeited his estate and title of Strabane, but the earltom devolved on his brother,

Charles, fifth earl of Abercorn, who obtaining a revertion of his brother's attainder, fucceeded also to the title of Strabane. He married Catharine, only daughter of James lord Paisley, as before-mentioned; but having iffue only a daughter, Elizabeth, who died young, the title of lord Hamilton of Strabane became

extinct, and we return to

## 12 EARL OF ABERCORN.

Sir George, fourth fon of James, the first earl of Abercorn: who during the rebellion performed good fervices in Ireland for king Charles I. and II. being a colonel of foot, and governor of the castle of Nenagh, in 1649. In 1651, he retired to France, where he continued till the restoration of king Charles II. who created him a baronet. He married Mary, daughter of Thomas viscount Thurles, eldest son of Walter earl of Ormond, and fifter of James the first duke; and by her, who died in August 1680, had issue fix sons and three daughters; 1. James; 2. Sir George, made a count in France, and marshal du camp in that service, who married Frances, eldest daughter and coheir of Richard Jennings of Sandridge, in the county of Hertford, Efq; and fifter of Sarah duchefs of Marlborough; and dying in 1667, left issue by her, who re-married with Richard Talbot, duke of Tyrconnel, and died in Dublin, March 7, 1730-1, three daughters, Elizabeth viscountes Ross, Frances viscountess Dillon, and Mary viscountess Kingsland, all then in their infancy; 3. Anthony, who followed king James into France, and died a lieutenant general in that kingdom; 4. Thomas, a commander in the sea service, who died in New-England; 5. Richard, colonel of a regiment of horse in king James's army, and a brigadier general, fled also into France, where he died a lieutenant general; 6. John, a colonel in king James's fervice, lost his life at the battle of Aghrim; 7. Elizabeth, married to Philibert count of Gramont, by whom she had a daughter, Claude-Charlotte, married to Henry earl of Stafford; 8. Lucia, married to Sir Donogh O Brien of Lemineagh, Bart. 9. Margaret, to Matthew Ford of Coolgreny, in the county of Wexford, Eig; both in Ireland.

James, the eldeft fon, was groom of the bedchamber to king Charles II. and colonel of a regiment of foot; who being a volunteer on board the fleet with the duke of York, had one of his legs taken off by a cannon ball, of which wound he died, June 6, 1673, his father then living. He married Elizabeth, eldeft daughter of John lord Colepeper, and by her, who died in 1709, had three fons; 1. James; 2. George, who loft his life at the battle of Steenkirk in 1692, commanding a regiment of foot; 3. William, who was one of the five Kentish petitioners, of which county he was deputy lieutenant, and colonel of a regiment of militia. He married Margaret, second daughter of Sir Thomas Colepeper of Hollingburne in Kent, knight, and was anceftor of the Hamiltons of Chilson. He was succeeded

by his eldeft fon,

James, who was groom of the bedchamber to king Charles II. he alfo fucceeding to the titles of baron Strabane and earl of Abercorn, was the fixth earl of Abercorn, and was created baron of Mountcaftle and vifcount Strabane. In 1706, to pre-

ferve

ferve his Scotch peerage, he went over to that kingdom, and fat in the feffion of parliament which concluded the union.

In the reign of king James II. he had the command of a regiment of horse, and was one of that king's privy council, as he was to king William and queen Anne; and in September 1714, was appointed thereof to his majefly king George I. as he also was in 1727 to king George II. but died November 28, 1734. He married, in 1686, Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Sir Robert Reading of the city of Dublin, Bart. and by her had fix fons and four daughters; 1. Lady Elizabeth, married first, to William Brownlow of Lurgan, Esq; and secondly, to the count de Kearney in France; 2. Lady Mary, married to Henry Coolley, Efg; 3. Lady Phillippa, married first, to Benjamin Pratt, dean of Down; and secondly, to Michael Connel of London, Efq; 4. Lady Jane, married to lord Archibald Ha-milton, brother of James duke of Hamilton. The fons were, 1. James; 2. John, who died in 1714 unmarried; 3. George, who was deputy cofferer of Frederick prince of Wales's houshold. He married, in 1719, Bridget, daughter and heir of co-Ionel William Coward of the city of Wells, and had by her fix fons and fix daughters. He was chosen representative for that city in 1734 and 1747; 4. Francis, a clergyman, who married Dorothy, daughter and coheir of James Forth of Redwood, in King's County in Ireland, Efq; and dying in May 1746, left issue; 5. William, cast away in the Royal Anne galley, with the lord Belhaven, in November 1721; 6. Charles, in 1738, clerk of the green cloth to the prince of Wales; and in 1743, receiver general and collector of the revenues in the island of Minorca. He was chosen, in 1741, member of parliament for Truro in Cornwall, and re-chosen in 1743. The earl died in 1734, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, feventh earl. In 1737 he was appointed one of his majeffy's privy council for the kingdom of Ireland, and in 1738, for Great Britain. He married Anne, daughter of colonel John Plumer of Blakefware, in the county of Hertford; and by her, who died March 16, 1754, had iffue fix fons and one daughter; lady Anne, married August 16, 1746, to Sir Henry Mackert, lady Anne, married August 16, 1746, to Sir Henry Mackert, I. James; 2. John, who was drowned December 18, 1755, as he was going from the Lancaster man of war, of which he was captain, to Portsmouth, after having swam twenty minutes about his boat, which was overset, exhorting his men to refignation, and at the same time encouraging them to exert their strength to save their lives. He married, in November 1749, the widow of Richard Elliot, of Port-Elliot, in Cornwall, Ess; 3. William, who died young; 4. George, a clergyman; 5. Plumer, who died young; 6. William, lieutenant of the Victory man of war, in which he was unfortunately cast away, with Sir John Lachen,

Balchen, in the year 1744. His lordship dying January 13,

1743-4, was succeeded by his eldest fon, James, the present and eighth earl of Abercorn. He was

appointed one of his majesty's privy council for the kingdom of Ireland; and in 1761, was elected one of the fixteen peers to represent the Scots peerage in the present parliament.

TITLES.] The right honourable James Hamilton, earl and baron of Abercorn, and baron of Paisley; (viscount and baron

of Strabane in Ireland) and baronet.

CREATIONS. Baron of Paisley, in the county of Renfrew, in 1591; baron of Abercorn, in the county of Lanerk, in 1604; earl of the fame place, baron of Hamilton, Mount-caftle, and Kilpatrick, July 10, 1606, by king James VI. of Scotland, and I. of England; baronet by Charles I.

ARMS. ] Quarterly, 1st and 4th ruby, three cinquefoils pierc'd, ermine, for Hamilton. 2d and 3d pearl, a ship with its fails furl'd up, diamond, for the earldom of Arran.

CREST.] In a ducal coronet, topaz, an oak fructed, and penetrated transversely in the main stem by a frame saw, proper, the frame topaz.

Suppporters.] Two antelopes, pearl, their horns, ducal

collars, chains, and hoofs, topaz. Morro. | Sola nobilitat virtus.

CHIEF SEATS. ] At Stephen's-Green, in the city of Dublin; at Duddingston and Paisley, in the county of Renfrew; and at Witham, in the county of Essex, in England.

## ERSKINE, Earl of KELLY.

HE descent of the illustrious family of Erskine, will be

feen hereafter, under the title of earl of Mar.

Sir Alexander Erskine of Gogar in Midlothian, brother of John the fifth earl of Mar, who died in 1572, was intrusted with the custody of young king James VI. in the castle of Stir-He married Margaret, daughter of George, 4th lord Home, and by her had iffue three fons and three daughters, viz. Sir Alexander, killed at the furprize of Stirling, in 1578; Sir Thomas, and Sir George, of Innerteal, one of the fenators of the college of justice; Margaret the wife of James Crichton, of Ruthven, Efq. Joan, of John Lesley, of Balquhain; and Mary, of Sir Dougal Campbell, of Auchinbreck. He was fucceeded by his eldest furviving fon,

Sir Thomas, who being educated with king James VI. from nis childhood, thereby became a great favourite with that prince, who first made him a knight and gentleman of his bedchamber; and afterwards, in regard of his fignal merit, having with Sir John Ramfay, in the year 1600, rescued the said king from the ions of William Ruthven, earl of Gowry, was thereupon ho-

noured

noured with a coat of augmentation, and rewarded with the lordship of Dirleton, made captain of the English guarde, groom of the stole, created viscount Fenton in 1606, and earl of Kelly, and in 1615 elected a knight of the most noble order of the garter. He married Ann, daughter of Gilbert Ogilvy of Pourie, and by her had two fons, viz. Thomas and Alexander; and a daughter, lady Ann, wife of Sir Robert Mowbray, of Barnbougle. He died in 1639, and was succeeded by his eldeft fon,

Thomas, fecond earl; but he dying unmarried, the effate

and honour devolved on,

Alexander his brother, third earl, who faffered much for his loyalty during the usurpation, being in 1651 taken prisoner at the battle of Worcester; and dying in 1677, left issue, by his wife lady Ann Seton, daughter of Alexander, earl of Dumferlin, two fons and three daughters; lady Mary, married to Gavin Dalziel earl of Carnwath; lady Sophia, to Alexander Fraser lord Salton, and lady Margaret, to William lord Forbes. The fons were Alexander and Sir Charles, who was Lyon king at arms, and had iffue Sir Alexander, late Lyon king at arms, father of Sir William, also Lyon king at arms. died in 1677, and was fucceeded by his eldest son,

Alexander, fourth earl. He married first, Mary, daughter of colonel Kilpatrick, governor of the Bosch, in Holland, by whom he had a daughter, lady Ann, wife of Sir Alexander Erskine, of Cambo, Bart. And fecondly, Mary, daughter of Sir John Dalziel of Glenay, Bart. by whom he had a daughter, lady Elizabeth, wife of - Fraser, of Inneralachie, and a

fon,

Alexander, fifth earl, who married lady Ann Lindsay, daughter of Colin earl of Balcarras, and dying in 1710, by her left a fon, Alexander his fuccessor, and a daughter, lady Ann. He

died in 1710, and was fucceeded by his faid fon,

Alexander, fixth earl of Kelly. He married first Miss Murray, daughter of William Murray, of Abercairny, Esq; by whom he had no issue. His second lady was daughter of Dr. Archibald Pitcairn, of that ilk, by whom he had three fons and three daughters, Alexander, lord Fenton, born in 1732; Archibald, a captain in the army, and Andrew, also an officer in the army. And three daughters, lady Betty, wife of Walter Macfarlane, of that ilk; ladies Ann and Janet. His lordship being engaged in the rebellion 1745, his name stands first in the act of attainder 1746; but surrendering in due time, he prevented in part the penalties of that act. His lordship dying in March 1756, was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alexander, now feventh earl of Kelly, who is unmarried. TITLES.] The right honourable Alexander Erskine earl of

Kelly, vifcount Fenton, and baron of Dirleton.

CREATIONS. ] Baron of Dirleton in the county of Haddington 1603, vifcount Fenton in 1606, and earl of Kelly in the county of Fife, 12 March 1619, all by king James VI.

ARMS. ] Quarterly, 1st and 4th ruby, an imperial crown, within a double treffure flowered and counterflowered with fleurs de lis topaz, as a coat of augmentation before-mentioned; 2d and 3d pearl, a pale diamond for Erskine.

CREST.] On a wreath, a demi lion guardant ruby.

SUPPORTERS.] Two griphons topaz, charged on their breafts with a crescent diamond.

Morro.] Decori decus addit avito.

CHIEF SEAT. ] At the castle of Kelly in the county of Fife.

## HAMILTON, Earl of HADDINGTON.

E NOUGH has been faid of the antiquity of the family of Hamilton, under the title duke of Hamilton, for the pur-

pose of this work.

The immediate ancestor of the earl of Haddington, was Sir Thomas Hamilton of Byres in Haddingtonshire, descended from John Hamilton of Innerwick, fecond fon of Sir Walter Hamilton, ancestor of the first duke of Hamilton; and his son, Sir Thomas Hamilton of Priefffield, marrying Elizabeth, daughter of James Heriot of Trabrown, by her had a fon, Sir Thomas, who being bred to the law, was by king James VI. made one of the fenators of the college of justice, fecretary of state, lord advocate and register, baron of Binny and Byres in 1613, and earl of Melross in the county of Roxburgh in 1619; but he afterwards, with his majesty's approbation, changed the latter title to Haddington.

In 1627 he was conflituted lord privy feal, which office he held for ten years. He married first, Margaret, daughter of James Borthwick of Newbyres, by whom he had islue, two daughters, lady Christian, first married to Robert lord Lindsay, by whom she had John the fourteenth earl of Crawfurd; and fecondly, to Robert lord Boyd; and lady Isabel, to James, earl of Airly. He married secondly, Margaret, daughter of Sir John Foulis, of Collington, Bart. and by her had iffue three fons and two daughters; lady Margaret, married, first, to David, lord Carnegie, and fecondly to James, earl of Hartfield; and lady Jane, to John, fixth earl of Cassilis. The sons were Thomas, Sir James and Sir John. He married, thirdly, Juliana, daughter of Sir Thomas Ker, of Fernihurst, by whom he had a fon, Robert, killed at the blowing up of the house of Dunglas. Dying in 1637, he was fucceeded by his eldest son,

Thomas, fecond earl, who joining with the covenanters in the beginning of the civil war, was governor of the cattle of Dunglas, seven miles below Dunbar, on the eastern coast of

Haddingtonshire.

# EARL OF HADDINGTON. 117

Haddingtonshire. His servant, one Pariss an Englishman, was the storekeeper, who in August 1640, treacheroully set fire to the magazine, which blew up himself, the said earl, his brother Robert, the sheriff of Haddington, and nine other persons of quality, beside many that were wounded. He married first, lady Katherine, daughter of John the fixth earl of Mar, by whom he had issue two sons, Thomas lord Binny, and John; and secondly, lady Jane Gordon, daughter of George marquis of Huntley, by whom he had a daughter lady Margaret, married to John earl of Kintore. He was succeeded by his eldest fon Thomas, above-mentioned, who was third earl, but dying without issue, was succeeded by his brother,

John, fourth earl, who was one of those peers, who in the parliament of Scotland 1706, zealously promoted the union. He married lady Christian Lindsay, daughter of John the fourteenth earl of Crawfurd, and by her had issue a fon Charles, lord Binny, and three daughters; lady Margaret, married to John Hope, Esq; and was by him mother of Charles earl of Hopeton; lady Helen, to Sir William Anstruther, of that ilk, a senator of the college of justice; and lady Susan, to Adam Cockburn, of Ormiston, lord justice-clerk, in the reigns of king William III. queen Ann, and king George I. Dying in

1669, he was fucceeded by his faid fon,

Charles, the fifth earl, who married Margaret countes of Rothes, eldeft daughter of John duke of Rothes, and by her he had iffue, John, who took the name of Lesley, and was the eighth earl of Rothes, Thomas, and Charles, who died young,

His fecond fon,

Thomas, fucceeded as fixth earl, and was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland in the beginning of the year 1716, in the room of the marquis of Tweedale, deceased: he was also one of the fixteen peers in the two next parliaments, and on the first of March 1716, elected a knight of the antient order of the thiftle: in April following he was made governor of Edinburgh castle; and in March 1727, was appointed one of the privy council to king George II. and died in 1735. He married Helen, fifter of Charles Hope, earl of Hopeton, and had iffue two fons, Charles lord Binny, and John, and two daughters, lady Margaret, and lady Christian, wife of Sir James Dalrymple, of Hailes, Bart. His eldest fon, Charles, lord Binny, was elected a member of parliament for St. Germans in the county of Cornwall in the year 1722, and was a commissioner of trade in Scotland; and dying at Naples, in 1732, before his father, left iffue, by his wife Rachael, daughter of George Baillie, of Jerviswood, three fons and two daughters, viz. Thomas; George, who has taken the name of Baillie, as representative of his grandfather, above; Charles-James, a captain

#### 118 EARL OF HADDINGTON.

captain of dragoons; Grifel, married to Philip Earl of Stan-

hope, and Rachael.

Thomas, the eldeft fon, succeeded his grandfather, as seventh earl of Haddington; and in 1750, married Mary, daughter of Rowland Holt, of Redgravehall in Suffolk, Efg; nephew of lord shief justice Holt, by whom he hath iffue two fons, Charles, lord Binny, born July 5, 1753; and Thomas.

TITLES.] The right honourable Thomas Hamilton, earl of

Haddington, and baron of Binny.

CREATIONS. ] Baron of Binny, 30 November, 1613; and earl of Haddington, in East-Lothian, 20 March 1619, by king

Tames VI.

ARMS. ] Quarterly, 1st and 4th ruby, on a chevron between three cinquefoils pearl, two muchetors and a buckle fapphire, all within a border topaz, charged with eight thiftles emerald, for Hamilton of Innerwick; 2d and 3d pearl, a fess wavey, between three roses ruby, barbed and seeded proper, as a coat of augmentation, for the title of Melross.

CREST.] On a wreath, two dexter hands conjoined, isluing out of clouds proper, and holding between them a branch of

SUPPORTERS. ] Two talbots pearl, each gorged with a plain collar ruby.

Motto.] Præsto et persto.

CHIEF SEAT. ] At Tyningham in East-Lothian.

# STEWART, Earl of GALLOWAY.

A LEXANDER, fixth ford high fleward of Scotland, obtained from king Alexander III. in 1263, a grant of the lands of Gairlies and Glafferton, and therein was succeeded by Sir John his fecond fon, who after the death of Alexander III. joining Sir William Wallace against the English, was slain at the fatal battle of Falkirk, against king Edward I. in person, in the year 1298. By his wife Margaret, daughter and heir of Sir Alexander Bonkil, of that ilk, he became poffeft of the barony of Bonkil, and other lands, and had by her a numerous iffue, viz. Alexander, of Bonkil, afterwards earl of Angus. Alan, of Dreghorn, ancestor of the Stewarts of Darnley, earls and dukes of Lennox. Sir Walter, of Dalswinton, of whom hereafter. Sir John, of Jedburgh; Sir James, of Preston, and Isabel, wife of the brave Thomas Randolph, earl of Murray. Sir Walter Stewart, the third fon, always adhered to king Robert Bruce: and his fon and fuccessor, Sir John Stewart, of Dalfwinton, supported firmly the interest of king David Bruce. In 1357, he was one of the hostages for the ransom of the said king David, who was then a prifoner to king Edward III. of England. He had a fon Sir Walter, who fucceeded him, and

lived in the reign of king Robert II. and III. but having no male iffue, married his only daughter Marian to John Stewart, fon of Sir William Stewart, fheriff of Tiviotdale; and they having a fon Sir William, he had a fon and fucceffor Sir Alexander, Sir Thomas Stewart of Minto, anceftor of the lord Blantyre, and Sir Walter Stewart, of whom descended the branch

of Tongrie. Sir Alexander, who fucceeded his father, married Elizabeth Stewart, by whom he had a fon Alexander; and the faid Alexander marrying Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Archibald Douglas, of Cavers, by her he had Sir Alexander, a great favourite of king James IV, and was killed with his royal master, at the battle of Floddon, in 1513. He was fucceeded by his fon, Sir Alexander, in 1513, who was one of the privy council to king James V. who fent him ambassador to Henry VIII. of England; but in 1571, was flain at Stirling, when the regent, Matthew earl of Lennox, was basely murdered. He married Margaret, daughter and heir of Patrick Dunbar of Clugston, and by her had iffue two fons, Alexander and John, and a daughter Margaret, wife, first, of Patrick Agnew, of Lochnaw, and second, of Patrick Mackay, of Larg. By another wife, daughter of Walter Stewart of Barclay, he had three fons and a daughter; Robert, who died without iffue; Anthony, and William: his daughter Helen, was first married to William Gordon, of Murefode, anceftor of the viscounts Kenmure, and secondly, to John Glendoning, of Drumraik. Alexander, the eldest fon, was slain in his father's life-time at the surprise of the town of Stirling; but having married Katharine, daughter and coheir of William Maxwel lord Herries, by her left another Alexander, who fucceeded his grandfather, and was knighted at the coronation of queen Ann, wife of king James VI. in 1590. He married Christian, daughter of Sir William Douglas, of Drumlanrig, ancestor of the duke of Queensberry, by whom he had two fons, Alexander and William, ancestor of the Stewarts of Burray, in Orkney, and three daughters; Helen, wife of John Douglas, of Stanhouse; Jane, of John Kennedy, of Culzean, and Nicola, of John Dunbar, of Mochrum. He died in 1596, and was fucceeded by his eldest son, Sir Alexander, who was created lord Gairlies, and earl of Galloway, by James VI. and made one of the privy council to king Charles I. He married Grifel, daughter of John Gordon, of Lochinvar, ancestor of the vifcount Kenmure; and by her had Alexander his heir, Sir James Stewart, who was created a baronet, and a daughter Ann, wife of Sir Andrew Agnew, of Locknaw, Bart. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Alexander, the second earl, who in 1649 married lady Margaret, daughter of William Graham earl of Menteith, and by her had a son of his name; but he dying young, the estate and honour descended to his brother, 1 4 Sir

Sir James Stewart, Bart. aforefaid, third earl, who during the usurpation was very active for the royal cause, and a great fufferer in it; and dying in 1671, left iffue by Nicola his wife, daughter of Sir Robert Grierson of Lag, three sons, Alexander, Robert, and William; and a daughter, lady Grifel, mar-

ried to Alexander, viscount Kenmure.

Alexander, the eldest son, fourth earl, succeeded his father, and married lady Mary Douglas, daughter of James earl of Queensberry, by whom he had iffue fix fons and two daughters; Margaret, married to Sir John Clerk, of Penicuik, Bart. and lady Henrietta, to William earl of Glencairn. Of the fons, John, the third fon, was representative in several parliaments of queen Anne and king George I. for the shires of Dumfries and Wigton, and brigadier general of his majefty's forces; and

Alexander, the eldeft, succeeding his father, was fifth earl;

but dying in 1694, unmarried, his next brother,

James, became fixth earl of Galloway, and married the lady Katharine Montgomery, daughter of Alexander earl of Eglington, and by her had iffue Alexander lord Gairlies; James, lieutenant colonel of the third regiment of foot guards, twice elected to parliament for the shire of Wigton, and twice for the burghs of Wigton, &c. William, a captain of dragoons, and member for the burghs of Wigton, &c. in the ninth parliament of Great Britain, and George: also three daughters, lady Margaret, first married to James Carnegy, earl of Southefk; and secondly, to John lord Sinclair, who was attainted in 1716; lady Euphemia, married to Alexander Murray of Broughton, Esq; lady Ann, died March 12, 1755; and lady Catharine, who also died unmarried. Their father, the said

earl, dying in 1747, was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Alexander, now seventh earl of Galloway, who married first, lady Ann Keith, daughter of William earl Marshal, by whom he had iffue two fons and a daughter; of the fons, James, the youngest, died of the small-pox, and Alexander, the eldest, died on his travels, in the year 1738. His daughter, lady Mary, was the wife of Kenneth, lord Fortiofe, eldeft fon of the late earl of Seaforth. His lordship took to his second wife, lady Katharine, daughter of John Cochran, earl of Dundonald, and by her hath iffue four fons and fix daughters, viz. John, lord Garlies, member in the prefent parliament for Morpeth; George, a captain in the army, who was killed at Ticonderago, in America, in the year 1758; William, who died young; and Keith. Lady Catharine, the wife of James Murray of Broughton, Efq; member for Wigtonshire in the present parliament; lady Susanna; lady Margaret, wife of Charles earl of Aboyne; ladies Euphemia and Henrietta; and lady Charlotte, wife of William, earl of Dunmore. His lordship is a commissioner of the police in Scotland. TITLES. TITLES.] The right honourable Alexander Stewart, earl of Galloway, and lord Gairlies, a lord of the police.

CREATIONS.] Baron of Gairlies, in the county of Wigton, 2 April 1607, and earl of the county or province of Galloway, 10 September 1623, by king James VI.

ARMS.] Topaz, a fess cheque pearl and sapphire, surmounted of a bend ingrailed, ruby, within a double tressure flowered

and counterflowered with fleurs de lis of the last.

CREST.] On a wreath, a pelican feeding her young in the neft, all proper.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a favage wreathed with laurel about the temples and middle, holding a batoon over his shoulder, all proper; and on the finister, a lion rampant ruby.

Morto | Virescit vulnere virtus.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Gairlies, Glanish, Glasserton and Clary, all in Wigtonshire.

# MAITLAND, Earl of LAUDERDALE.

F this family, who probably came from Normandy with William the conqueror, and from England with king David I. was Richard de Mautland of Thirleftan, who gave divers lands to the monaftery of Dryburgh; all which were confirmed by his fon William, who died about 1315, and whose heir was Sir Robert, who also was a benefactor to the

faid abbey.

In the reign of king David II. 1346, this Sir Robert obtained a grant from Sir John Gifford, lord of Yester, of the lands of Leithington in East Lothian, and therein was succeeded by John his fon, and also in his lands of Thirlestan; and he marrying lady Agnes, daughter of Patrick Dunbar, earl of March, by her had Sir Robert his heir, who had iffue another Sir Robert, one of the hostages for the ransom of king James, 1424; but he dying before his father, his brother William fucceeded; which William was father of John, and he of another William, who being flain at the battle of Floddon, in his father's life-time, 1513, left iffue by Martha his wife, daughter of George lord Seton, a fon, Sir Richard, who fucceeded his grandfather; and a daughter, Janet, married to Hugh lord Somerville. In the reign of queen Mary, Sir Richard was one of the judges in the court of fession, and lord privy feal; and marrying Mary, daughter of Thomas Cranston of Crosby, by her had three sons, Sir William, his heir; Sir John, of whom hereafter; and Thomas: also four daughters, Helen, wife of Sir John Cockburn of Clerkington; Isabel, of James Herriot of Trabrown; Mary, of Alexander Lauder of Habton; and Elizabeth, of William Douglas of Whitinghame. Sir William, who fucceeded, was one of the privy council to the faid queen Mary, and in 1558, her fecretary of flate; He married Mary, daughter of Malcolm lord Fleming, and by her had iffue a fon, James; and a daughter, Mary, married to Robert, first earl of Roxburgh; but the fon James dying with-

out iffue, his estate devolved on his uncle,

Sir John, who was also made lord privy seal, a judge in the court of session, secretary of state, and lord high chancellor of Scotland, and was soon after created baron of Thirlestan. He married Jane, daughter and heir of James, the sifts lord Fleming, by lady Barbara his wise, daughter of James Hamilton, duke of Chatelherault, and by her had John his successor; and a daughter, Ann, who was the wise of Robert lord Seton, son and heir of Robert the first earl of Winton. He died in 1595, and was succeeded by his said son,

John, second lord, who was created a viscount, and earl of Lauderdale; and dying in 1645, left issue by Isabel his wise, daughter of Alexander Seton, earl of Dumserling, three sons, John, his heir; Robert, and Charles, of whom hereafter. He

was fucceeded by

John, his eldeft fon, fecond earl of Lauderdale, who being taken prisoner at the battle of Worcester in 1651, and committed to the Tower of London, for his loyalty to king Charles II. he there underwent a severe confinement for the space of nine years, till the restoration of the king, when he was releafed; and then, as a recompence for his sufferings, he was made secretary of state, president of the council, one of the extraordinary lords of session, first commissioner of the treasury, one of the gentlemen of his majesty's bedchamber, and high commissioner to the parliament; and on the 2d of May 1672, was created marquis of March and duke of Lauderdale; and on the 2d of June following, was likewise installed at Windsor, a knight of the most noble order of the garter. He was also by that king, on the 25th of June 1674, created a peer of England, by the titles of baron of Petersham, and earl of Guilsord; and made one of the privy council for the kingdoms of England, Scotland, and Ireland.

He married first, lady Ann, daughter and coheir of Alexandre earl of Home, and by her had a daughter, lady Ann, married to John Hay, marquis of Tweeddale; and secondly, Elizabeth, daughter and heir of William Murray, earl of Dysart, widow of Sir Lionel Talmash of Heylingham, in the county of Suffolk, Bart. by whom he had no issue. Dying on the 24th of August, 1682, his English titles, and those of marquis and duke, became extinct; but that of earl descended to his brother

Charles, third earl, who was general of the mint, deputy treasurer, and one of the senators of the college of justice. He married Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Richard Lauder of Hatton, Esq; by whom he had issue fix sons and two daughters,

# EARL OF LAUDERDALE. 1

viz. Richard and John, fucceffively earls of Lauderdale; Charles, who married Lilias, daughter of Sir John Colquhoun of Luís, and reliêt of Sir John Stirling of Keir; Alexander, who married Janet, daughter of —— Campbell; William, who married Chrittian, daughter and heir of Robert vifcount Oxenford, and father by her of Robert, the third vifcount; Thomas; lady Ifabel, wife of John lord Elphingston; and lady Mary, of Charles, earl of Southess. His lordship deceasing in 1691, was succeeded by his eldest fon,

Richard, fourth earl, who was a polite gentleman, a poet, and a favourite of Charles II. and being strongly attached to: James VII. followed him to France, where he died. He married lady Ann Campbell, daughter of Archibald earl of Argyll; but dying without issue by her, who married, secondly, Charles

earl of Murray, he was succeeded by his next brother,

John, fifth earl, who heartily joined in the revolution, and was a fenator of the college of juffice, till his death, in 1710. He married lady Margaret, daughter of Alexander, tenth earl of Glencairn, and by her had iffue three fons, James, Charles, and John, a colonel in the guards; and a daughter, lady Elizabeth, married to James Carmichael, earl of Hyndford James, the eldeft fon, married lady Jane, daughter of John earl of Sutherland, and leaving iffue only a daughter, Jane, married to Sir James Ferguson of Kilkerran, Bart. one of the lords of fession, his brother,

Charles, the fecond fon, fucceeeded to the estate and honour, in April 1739, and was fixth earl. He was one of the fixteen representatives for the peerage of Scotland, in the ninth parliament of Great Britain, 1741, and died in 1744. He was also prefident of the court of fession, and general of the mint. He married lady Elizabeth Ogilvy, daughter of James earl of Finlater and Seafield, by whom he had iffue eight fons and three daughters, viz. James, his fuccessor; Charles, married to -Barclay, heir of Towie; George, a dignitary in the church of Ireland; Richard, lieutenant colonel in the army; Alexander, colonel in the guards, and ufher to the princess dowager of Wales, who married -, daughter of colonel Maden; Frederick, a captain in the navy; Patrick, commander of an Eaft-India ship; and John, a captain in the army: Lady Elizabeth, wife of James Ogilvy of Rothmay, Efq; lady Margaret, who died unmarried; and lady Janet, wife of Thomas Dundas of Fingask, Esq; His lordship died in 1744, and was succeeded by his eldeft fon.

James, the feventh and prefent earl of Lauderdale, who was promoted, in 1745, to the rank of lieutenant colonel in the fixteenth regiment of foot. In the two last parliaments, being the tenth and eleventh of Great Britain, he was returned one of the fixteen peers for Scotland. He married Mary, daughter

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and coheir of Sir Thomas Lombe, alderman of London, by whom he had iffue four fons and four daughters; Valdave-Charles, who died in infancy; James, now lord Maitland, born in June 1759; James, John; lady Hannah, who died young; ladies Elizabeth, Mary-Julian, and Hannah-Charlotte.

TELLS, The right honourable James Maitland, each of

Titles.] The right honourable James Maitland, earl of Lauderdale, viscount Maitland, baron of Thirlestan, Mussel-

burgh and Bolton.

CREATIONS.] Baron of Thirlestan, in the county of Berwick, in 1590, and viscount Maitland, and earl of Lauderdale, in the aforesaid county, 24 March 1623, all by James VI.

ARMS.] Topaz, a lion rampant dechausse, within a double tressure, slowered and counterslowered with sleurs de lis ruby.

CREST.] On a wreath, a lion fejant gardant ruby, crowned with a ducal crown, holding in his dexter paw a drawn fword, pomelled and hilted topaz; and in the finifter, a fleur de lis fapphire; which royal creft was allowed to John duke of Lauderdale by king Charles II.

Supporters.] Two eagles proper.

Motto.] Confilio et animis.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Lauder Forth, in the county of Berwick; also at Hatton, in the county of Edinburgh, or Mid Lothian.

# CAMPBELL, Earl of LOUDOUN.

HE family of Loudoun feems to have taken its firname from the lord(hip of Loudoun, in the fhire of Air, where it hath long flourished; and thereof was James Loudoun, whose daughter and heir being married to Sir Reginald de Crawfurd, one of the branches of the noble family of Crawfurd, brought to him the faid barony, with many other lands, and by him had Hugh their heir, whose fon Hugh left issue Sir Reginald, and a daughter, Margaret, wife of Sir Malcolm Wallace, knight, and mother of the immortal Sir William Wallace. His son, Sir Reginald, swore fealty to Edward I. of England, in 1296, and was basely murdered at Air in 1297, leaving issue a content of the immortal Sir Duncan Campbell, who, with his said wife, got a charter in 1318, to erect the lands of Loudoun, Stevenston, &c. into one free barony, to them and their heirs, or failing, to the nearest heir of the said Susanna.

To Sir Duncan, and Susan his wife, succeeded Sir Andrew, their son, the father of Sir Hugh Campbell, who lived in the reign of James I. and had a son, Sir George, who was one of the hostages for the ransom of that king from his captivity in England, in 1424. To him succeeded another Sir George, his son, the father of a third Sir George, who marrying Agnes,

daughter

daughter of Gilbert lord Kennedy, had two fons and two daughters; Elizabeth, married to Robert lord Erfkine, anceftor of the earl of Mar; and Margaret, to Sir Allan Lockhart of Lee. The fons were, Sir Hugh, and George, anceftor of the Camp-

bells of Killoch.

Sir Hugh, the eldest, succeeded. He married Isabel, daughter of Sir Thomas Wallace of Craigie, and dying in 1508, left issue Sir Hugh, his successor, and five daughters; Annabella, married to Sir Thomas Boswell of Auchinleck; and secondly, to Sir John Cunninghame of Caprington; Helen, to Laurence Crawfurd, ancestor of the earl of Crawfurd; Isabel, to Mungo Muir of Rowallan; Janet, to — Campbell of Cefnock; and Margaret, to Thomas Kennedy of Bargony. He died in 1508, and was fucceeded by his faid fon, Sir Hugh, who marrying lady Elizabeth Stewart, daughter of Matthew, earl of Lennox, had a daughter, Marian, wife of James Carmichael of Hyndford; and Sir Matthew, his heir, who married Isabel, daughter of Sir John Drummond of Innerpeffry, by Jane his wife, natural daughter to king James IV. and by her had iffue two fons and feven daughters; Sir Hugh, his fucceffor; and Matthew, who fignalized himself in Germany, and from whom the famous marshal count Loudoun, or Laudohn, a chief general of the empress queen of Hungary, is descended: Margaret was wife of Robert Montgomery of Giffen; and fecondly, of Lodowic, duke of Lenox; Marian, of Thomas lord Boyd; Jane, of Sir John Wallace of Craigie; Agnes, of Sir William Cunninghame of Caprington; Isabel, of William Crawfurd of Lochnorris; Anne, of Robert lord Kirkcudbright; and Annabella, of Daniel Ker of Kersland; and secondly, of David Dunbar of Enterkin. The eldest fon, Hugh, succeeded, and was, by king James VI. created lord Loudoun, and made one of the privy council. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir John Gordon of Lochinvar, ancestor of viscount Kenmure, and by her had iffue, George, his heir apparent, and three daughters; Juliana, married to Sir Colin Campbell of Glenorchy, bart. ancestor of the earl of Breadalbane; Isabel, to Sir John Maxwell of Pollock; and Margaret, to John Kennedy of Blairquhan. His fecond wife was lady Isabel, daughter of William earl of Gowrie, by whom he had two daughters, one of them the wife of Sir William Cunninghame of Cunninghame-head, and the other of David Crawfurd of Kerse, Esq; George, his heirapparent, dying before his father, left by lady Jane Fleming, his wife, daughter of John, the first earl of Wigton, two daughters, Margaret, baroness of Loudoun; and Anne, wife of Sir Hugh Campbell of Cefnock. The eldest daughter succeeded her grandfather, and marrying

John Campbell, eldest son of Sir James Campbell of Lawers, fon of Sir John, son of Archibald, son of James, son of Sir

John Campbell of Lawers, who was fon of Sir Colin Campbell,

first baron of Glenorchy, by his last wife, Margaret, daughter of Sir Luke Stirling of Keir; he was, by king Charles I. created earl of Loudoun, and in 1641, was appointed lord high chancellor of Scotland. In 1648, when the king was beheaded, and the parliament met again, he was chosen president of that fession, which ordered the proclamation of king Charles II. but when his majesty was deseated at Worcester, his lordship was not only deprived of his office, but forced, for the fecurity of his person, to fly into the Highlands, where he lay concealed, being by the powers then prevailing outlawed and forfeited: And afterwards, when Cromwell granted an indemnity to the people of Scotland, he and his fon, lord Mauchlane, were particularly excepted. He lived, however, to be restored, at the coming of Charles II. and fat in the Scotch parliament in 1661. He had iffue James, his heir, and two daughters, lady Jane, married to George Maul, the fecond earl of Panmure; and la-

dy Ann, to John Elphingston, lord Balmerino. James lord Mauchlane, fecond earl, who fucceeded his father, married lady Margaret Montgomery, daughter of Hugh, feventh earl of Eglington; and dying in 1683, left iffue three fons, Hugh, lord Mauchlane; colonel John Campbell of Skanstoun; and Sir James Campbell of Lawers, knight of the bath, groom of the bedchamber to king George II. governor of Edinburgh castle, a major general, and colonel of the Scots Greys, who was killed at the battle of Fontenoy, in 1745, leaving iffue a fon, by lady Jane his wife, daughter of David, earl of Glasgow, who took the name of Muir: also four daughters, lady Margaret, the third wife of Colin Lindfay, earl of Balcarras; lady Jane, married to Sir James Campbell of Aberuchil, Bart. lady Christian, to George Ross of Galston, Efq; and lady Eleanor, first, to James viscount Primrose, and fecondly, to John earl of Stair. He died in 1683, and was

succeeded by his eldest fon,

Hugh, third earl of Loudoun, who was a privy counsellor to king William III. and by him made an extraordinary lord of fession; and in August 1704, was elected a knight of the ancient order of the thiftle, and appointed one of the principal fecretaries of flate. In March following, he was appointed one of the commissioners to treat of a union between the two kingdoms; which being concluded, he was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, and fo returned for the first feven parliaments of Great Britain. In November 1714, he was fworn of the privy council to king George I. and in 1722, appointed his majefty's high commissioner to the general assembly of the church of Scotland. In October 1727, king George II. was pleased to grant him a yearly pension of two thousand pounds for life. In March 1728, he was again appointed the king's EARL OF LOUDOUN. 127

high commissioner to the kirk of Scotland, and died in 1732. His lordship married lady Margaret Dalrymple, daughter of John earl of Stair, and by her had two daughters, lady Betty; and lady Margaret, wife of John Campbell of Shawsield, Efg;

and a fon,

John, the prefent and fourth earl, who hath been elected one of the peers for Scotland in the four last, as well as in the prefent parliament. He is also colonel of the thirtieth regiment of foot, and governor of Edinburgh castle, and was very active in his majethy's service during the rebellion 1745. On the eighth of March 1755, he was made a major general of his majethy's forces; in January 1756, governor of Virginia; and commander in chief of all his majethy's forces in America, in March following. In January 1758, he was made lieutenant general of his majethy's forces; and that year was, at his own request, recalled from his command in North America. His lordship is a fellow of the royal society.

TITLES. The right honourable John Campbell, earl and

baron of Loudoun, and lord Mauchlane, one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, governor of Edinburgh caftle, a lieutenant general, colonel of the thirtieth regiment of foot, and F. R.S.

CREATIONS.] Baron of Loudoun in Cunninghame, in the county of Air, 1604, by James VI. and earl of the same place,

12 May 1633, the 9th of Charles I.

ARMS.] Gyrony of eight pieces, ruby and ermine, being the field of Crawfurd of Loudeun, who bore gules, a fels ermine.

CREST.] On a wreath, an eagle displayed, with two heads ruby, in a slame proper, looking towards a sun with the dex-

ter head.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a chevalier in armour, plumed on the head with three feathers ruby, and holding a fipear in his right hand: on the finister, a lady nobly dreft, plumed on the head with three feathers pearl, and holding in her left hand a letter of challenge.

Motto.] I bide my time.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Loudoun castle, in Cunningham, in the shire of Air.

#### HAY, Earl of KINNOUL:

THIS noble family is a branch of the illustrious family of Errol, and is fprung from Sir William Hay, ancestor of the house of Leys, who was second son of Sir David, and brother german of Sir Gilbert Hay of Errol, who slourished in the reign of king Alexander III. From him was lineally descended Sir Edmund Hay of Melginch, who made a considerable figure in the reign of king James IV. He was father of Sir

Peter, the father of Sir Patrick, who was in much effimation with king James VI. George, his fecond fon, being, by the care of his father, well brought up, was, for the improvement of his education, fent to France, where he fpent fome years under the tuition of the learned Edmund Hay, his uncle: foon after his return, being about twenty-one years of age, he was introduced to the court of king James VI. (of England) by his kinfman James Hay, vifcount Doncafter, and carl of Carlifle; and in a very fhort time raifed to be one of the gentlemen of his majefty's bedchamber, and had a gift of the Carthufian priory at Perth.

priory at Perth.

He was by the faid king preferred to the office of clerk register, in 1616, and in 1622, made lord high chancellor of Scotland; in which post he was continued by king Charles I. who efteeming him a wife and able fervant, worthy of the trust reposed in him, was pleased to advance him to the dignity of the count Dupplin, and earl of Kinnoul; and the chancellor's case he kept till his death, December 16, 1634, being the space fourteen years. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir James Haliburton of Pitcur, and by her had issue Sir Peter, who cied unmarried; and George, his successor; and a daughter, lady Margaret, married to Alexander Lindsay, lord Spinzy. He was succeeded by his only surviving son,

George, fecond earl, who was made captain of the yeomen of the guard to Charles I. and one of his privy council; and upon the breaking out of the war in that reign, he a, plied himfelf to the king's fervice with great courage and conftancy; but loft most of his estate in the pursuit of his loyalty and duty to his majesty, in which he continued to the end of his life. He married lady Ann, eldest daughter of William, the seventh earl of Moreton, and had issue by her a son, William, and two daughters, lady Mary, married to.William earl Marshal; and

lady Catharine, to Sir James Baird of Auchmedden.

William, who fucceeded his faid father, and was third earl, marrying to his fecond wife, lady Elizabeth, daughter of Junes earl of Salifbury, by her had iffue two fons, George his fucceffor, and William; and dying in 1677, was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

George, fourth earl of Kinnoul, who died in Hungary,

1687, without issue, and was succeeded by his brother,

William, fifth earl, who dying a batchelor in 1709, the honour defeended to Thomas Hay of Balhufy, near Perth, the

next male heir.

Which Thomas, fixth earl, was the brother and heir of George Hay of Balbufy, fon of Peter Hay of the same place, third son of Sir Patrick Hay of Melginch, and brother of George, first earl of Kinnoul; and so succeeding, was elected one of the fixteen peers in the third and sourth British parliaments.

ments. In 1715, he was committed to Edinburgh castle, as a person concerned in the rebellion, but was soon after released without trial.

He married Elizabeth, daughter of William Drummond, vifcount Strathallan, and had iffue by her three fons and two daughters; lady Mary, married to John Erfkine, the laft earl of Mar; and lady Elizabeth, to James Ogilvy, earl of Finlater and Seafield. The youngeft fon, colonel John Hay of Cromlich, married Marjory, daughter of David Murray, vifcount Stormont. In 1715, he followed the pretender from Scotland, who gave him the title of earl of Inverness: William, the second, died without iffue; and

George-Henry, the eldest, viscount Dupplin, in 1711, and in his father's life-time, was one of the tellers of the exchequer, and created a peer of Great Britain by queen Anne, being

then representative for Fowey in Cornwall.

In 1718, he succeeded his father as seventh earl of Kinnoul, and was appointed ambaffador to Constantinople, where he refided till 1727. In 1709, he married lady Abigail Harley, youngest daughter of Robert earl of Oxford, and by her, who died July 15, 1750, had iffue four fons and fix daughters, ladies Margaret, Elizabeth, Ann, Abigail, and Henrietta, married July 30, 1754, to Robert Roper of Trimden, in the county of Durham, L. L. D. and lady Mary, the wife of Dr. John Hume, bishop of Salisbury. The sons were, Thomas, viscount Dupplin; Robert, the fecond fon, who took the name and arms of Drummond, as heir of entail to his great grandfather, William Drummond, viscount Strathallan, and being a chaplain to his majesty, was in 1748 elected bishop of St. Asaph, and in the same year married Henrietta, daughter of Peter Auriol, merchant in London, and has iffue fix fons and one daughter. In 1761, he was elected bishop of Salisbury, and the same year archbishop of York, and sworn of the privy council; John, rector of Epworth in the county of Lincoln, died unmarried in 1751; and Henry-Edward was conful general in Portugal, in May 1754, and in 1762, plenipotentiary to the fame king; who married Mary, daughter of Peter Flower, merchant in London, by whom he has three fons and three daughters. His lordship dying the 29th of June 1758, was succeeded by his eldest fon,

Thomas, the eighth and prefent earl, who was a commiffine revenue in Ireland, after which he was a committioner of the board of trade in England, one of the lords of
the treasury, and a member in the three parliaments for the
town of Cambridge, in the two last of which he had been
chairman of the committee of privileges and elections. In
December 1755, he was made joint pay-unafter of the forces
with the earl of Darlington. His lordship is a privy counsel-

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lor, recorder of Cambridge, and chancellor of the university of St. Andrews. In 1757, he was appointed first lord of trade; and in 1759, ambassador to the king of Portugal. He was soon afterwards appointed chancellor of the dutchy of Lancaster; but refigned all his employments in November 1762. In June 1741, he married Constantia, daughter of John Kirle Ernle, of Whetham, in Wiltshire, Esq; she died June 29, 1753, without furviving issue.

TITLES.] The right honourable Thomas Hay, earl of Kinnoul, viscount Dupplin, and baron of Kinfauns, in Scotland;

(and baron Hay of Pedwarden in England.)

CREATIONS.] Lord Hay of Kinfauns, and viscount Dupplin in Perthshire, 4 May 1627, earl of Kinnoul in the same county, 25 May 1633, by king Charles I. (and baron Hay of Pedwarden, in the county of Hereford, 31 December 1711, the

10th of queen Ann.)

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th fapphire, a unicorn rampant pearl, armed, mained, and unguled topaz, within a border of the laft, charged with eight half thiftles emerald, and as many half roses ruby, joined together by way of party per pale, given to the family when created earl, as a coat of augmentation, the unicorn and border being part of the royal atchievement, and the thiftles and rofes conjoined, reprefenting the union of the two kingdoms in the person of king James VI. The 2d and 3d pearl, three escutcheons ruby, for the name of Hav.

CREST.] On a wreath, a countryman couped at the knees, vefted in grey, his waiftcoat ruby, and bonnet fapphire, bear-

ing on his right shoulder an ox yoke proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two countrymen habited as the creft, the dexter holding over his shoulder the culter of a plough, and the finister the paddle, both proper.

Morro.] Renovate animos. CHIEF SEATS.] At Dupplin and Balhousie, adjoining, in

Perthshire; and at Brodesworth in Yorkshire.

# CRICHTON, Earl of DUMFRIES and STAIR.

HIS noble family is a branch of that of Mid-Lothian, who in the time of king Malcolm III. came, it is faid, from Hungary, of which was Sir William Crichton, knight, who in the reign of king Robert I. marrying Isabel de Ross, daughter and coheir of Robert de Ross, lord of Sanguhar, with her had half that barony; and from that match descended Sir Robert Crichton, knight, so made by king James II. to whom he was one of the privy council; and he marrying Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Sir William Erskine of Kinnoul, in the county of Perth, thereby greatly enriched himself, and by her

had issue, amongst other children,

Roberé, their heir, who fignalized himself greatly in the wars againft Alexander duke of Albany, and James earl of Douglas, in behalf of king James III. who thereupon rewarded him with several lands, and dignified him with the title of lord Crichton, or Crighton, about the year 1485. He married lady Marian Stewart, daughter of John earl of Lennox, by whom he had a son, Robert, and a daughter, Marian, married to Malcolm Crawfurd of Kilberny, ancestor of the earl of Crawfurd.

Robert, the son, second lord, marrying Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Cuthbert Murray of Cockpool, by her had a son and

fucceffor,

William, third lord, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Malcolm lord Fleming, and by her he had three fons, Robert, Edward, and John, of Rayhill, of whom hereafter; also a daughter, Agnes, wife of Sir Andrew Ker of Cessford, ance-ftor of the duke of Roxburgh.

Robert, the eldeft, fucceeding, was fourth lord; and dying

without iffue,

Edward, the fecond, became fifth lord Crichton. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir James Douglas of Drumlanrig, and by her had a fon, Robert, fixth lord, who being executed for the murder of one Turner, a fencing mafter, June 29, 1612, and leaving no male iffue, the title devolved on

William Crichton of Rayhill, the fon of his uncle John before-mentioned, who was created vifcount Ayr, and earl of Dumfries, by king Charles I. in 1623, and to the heirs male of his body for ever. He married Eupheme, daughter of James Seton of Touch; and dying in 1641, left. iffue by her, three fons and two daughters, viz. William, Sir James, and John, a colonel in Germany: lady Mary, wife of Edward, vifcount Carlingford, of Ireland, and lady Catherine, of Sir John Charteris, of Amisfield. He was fucceeded in 1641, by his cldeft fon.

William, fecond carl, who was one of the privy council to king Charles II. and married Penelope, daughter of Sir Robert Swift of the county of York, Knt. and by her had iffue two fons, viz. Robert lord Crichton, who died young; and Charles lord Crichton. Also three daughters; lady Elizabeth, wife of Alexander, earl of Eglington; ladies Penelope and Mary, who

died unmarried.

In the year 1690 the faid William, refigning his honour into the king's hands, got a patent to his heirs male and female, with precedency according to the former creation; and

Charles lord Crichton, his furviving fon, having married Sarah, daughter of James Dalrymple viscount Stair, and dying

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before him, by her left issue William successor to his grandfather, and four daughters, viz. Penclope, of whom hereaster; Margaret, Mary, and Elizabeth.

Which William, third earl, dying a minor in 1694,

Penelope, his eldeft fifter, became countefs of Dumfries, and married colonel William Dalrymple, fon of John earl of Stair, and brother of the late earl, and by him, who died in December 1744, had iffue fix fons and two daughters, viz. William now earl of Dumfries and Stair; John, captain of dragoons, who died unmarried; James, after earl of Stair, but died without iffue in 1761; Charles, Hugh, and George. Lady Betty, wife of John Mac Dowal, of Freugh, Eq; and lady Penelope. Her ladyfhip died in 1742, and was fucceeded by her eldeft fon,

William, fourth and prefent earl of Dumfries, who when a youth embraced the military profession, ferved in the earl of Stair's Inniskillin dragoons, and in the third regiment of guards twenty-fix years. He was aid de camp to the said earl, at the battle of Dettingen, in 1741; was elected a knight of the anient order of the thistle in February 1752, and was appointed the king's high commissioner, for investing James, late duke of Hamilton, with the same order, in March 1755. Upon the death of his late brother James, earl of Stair (who succeeded his uncle the renowned John Dalrymple, earl of Stair, in 1747.) he succeeded to that honour also in the year 1761, and is the fourth earl of Stair. He married lady Ann Gordon, daughter of William late earl of Aberdeen, and sister of the present, (who died 15 April 1755.) and by her had silue a son, William, lord Crichton, who died in the 10th year of his age. His lordship is now a widower.

TITLES.] The right honourable William Crichton earl of Dumfries and Stair, viccount Air, and baron Crichton of Crichton in Midlothian, viccount and baron Stair, and baron Dalrymple and Stranrawer, and knight of the antient order of the

thiftle.

CREATIONS.] Viscount Air in the county of Air, 1622, by James VI. and earl of Dumfries 10 June 1633, by Charles I. earl and viscount of Stair, lord Glentuce and Stranrawer,

April 1, 1690, 1 William III.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th topaz, on a saltire sapphire, nine lozenges of the first, for Dalrymple; 2d and 3d topaz, a chevron cheque pearl and diamond, between three water budgets of the last, for Ross; and over all, by way of surtout, an escutcheon pearl, charged with a lion rampant sapphire, for Crichton.

CREST.] On a wreath, a dragon's head couped emerald,

fpouting fire.

Supporters.] Two lions sapphire, each crowned with an earl's coronet, topaz.

Мотто.

Motto. ] God fend grace.

CHIEF SEAT. ] At Sanguhar in the county of Dumfries, forty miles fouth-west of Edinburgh.

# ALEXANDER, Earl of STIRLING.

THIS family, according to antiquaries, was a branch of that of Macdonald; for Alexander Macdonald, a younger fon of the lord of the Isles, obtaining from the family of Argyll the lands of Menstrie in the county of Clackmanan, where he fixed his residence, his descendants thereafter took the firname of Alexander. In the reign of James V. Andrew Alexander of Menstrie, marrying Catharine, a daughter of the family of Graham, by her had Alexander his heir, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Robert Douglas of Lochlevin; and was father of Andrew, who was father of another Alexander, whose fon

Sir William travelled abroad as tutor to the earl of Argyll, and after his return betaking himself to the court of king James VI. his majesty was pleased to prefer him to be master of the requests, and honoured him with knighthood, in 1604; after which, having by his own expence and management begun to fettle the colony of Nova Scotia in America, the king by his royal charter, dated Sept. 21, 1621, made him a grant

thereof.

In 1625, the first of Charles I. he was made chief governor of Nova Scotia; where his majesty, to encourage the Scots gentry to fettle, instituted an order of baronets, with a large track of land to each, for the advancement of that colony; gave Sir William the privilege of coining copper money, and

created him a viscount and earl, in 1633.

He was also by that king made secretary of state, in which office he continued till his death, being fifteen years; and his lordship marrying Janet, daughter and heir of Sir William Erskine, Knt. a cousin-german of the earl of Mar, by her had feven fons, William; Sir Anthony, who died without iffue; Henry, of whom hereafter; John, Charles, Ludowic, and James; and two daughters, lady Jane, married to Hugh vifcount Montgomery, whose fon Hugh was created earl of Mount-Alexander in Ireland, which title he assumed in honour of his mother's firname, and lady Mary, married to Sir William Murray, of Clermont, Bart. of whom is descended Robert Murray, Efq; receiver-general of the customs in Scotland. The eldest fon, William, viscount Canada, being his majesty's resident in Nova Scotia, died there in his father's lifetime. He married lady Margaret, daughter of William first marquis of Douglas, and had a fon William, and three daughters, Catharine, married to Walter lord Torpichen; Margaret,

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134 EARL OF STIRLING.

to Sir Robert Sinclair, of Longformacus; and Lucy, to Edward Harrington, Efq; page of honour to the prince of Orange, in 1630.

William, their brother, succeeded his grandfather, and was fecond earl, and dying without iffue, his estate and honour de-

fcended to his uncle Henry.

Which Henry Alexandér, third earl, who married a daughter of Sir Peter Vanlore, alderman of London, had a fon Henry, fourth earl, who married — Lee, by whom he had iffue four fons and three daughters, viz. Henry, William, Robert, and Peter, who all died without iffue; lady Mary, wife — Phillips, Efq; by whom the had William-Phillips Lee, of Binfield in Berkfhire, Efq; lady Judith, of Sir William Turnbull, of Eaft-Hamftead-Park, in Berks, Bart, and lady Jane, who died without iffue. The earl died in 1690, and was succeeded by his eldeft fon.

Henry, fifth earl, who dying without iffue, was fucceeded in his eftates in England by his two fifters, ladies Mary and Judith; but the title devolved upon William Alexander, fon of James, fecond fon of David, fon of Alexander, fon of John, fecond fon of Andrew, fourth baron of Menthrie, uncle

of Alexander, first earl of Stirling.

Which William, fixth and prefent earl of Stirling, was one of his majefty's council in, and furveyor-general of, New Jerfey, and married Sarah, daughter of Philip Livingston, Eq. by whom he has issue two daughters, ladies Mary, married to John, fon and heir of Alexander Robertson, of Stralochy, and Catharine.

TITLES.] The right honourable William Alexander, vifcount and earl of Stirling, lord Alexander and baronet.

CREATIONS.] Baronet of Nova Scotia 21 May 1625, baron Alexander and viscount Stirling in 1626, and earl of Stirling

14 June 1633, all by Charles I.

ARMS.] Quarterly, Iff and 4th party per pale, pearl and diamond a chevron, and in base a crescent, all counterchanged; 2d and 3d topaz, a ship with the sails surled up diamond, between three cross crostest stichy, ruby; and over all, in surtout, the badge of a baronet of New Scotland, which is pearl, on a saltire sapphire, the royal arms of Scotland, ensigned on the top with an imperial crown proper.

CREST.] On a wreath, a bear sejant erect, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, an Indian man, with long hair, and a dart in his right hand, having a plain circle or rim of gold on his head, beautified with a plume of feven feathers, topaz and fapphire; and round his waift a like circle and feathers. On the finisfer, a mermaid with her comb and mirror, all proper.

MOTTO.] Per mare per terras. CHIEF SEAT.] At New York,

## BRUCE, Earl of ELGIN and KINCARDIN.

THE immediate ancestor of this noble family was Sir George Bruce, of Carnock, third son of Sir Edward Bruce of Blairhall, and younger brother of Edward, lord Bruce, of Kinloss, who was knighted by king James VI. and appointed one of the commissioners to treat of an union with England, in 1604.

But as the Bruces are fuch an antient and noble family, and divided into fo many respectable branches, I shall go back to their origin, before I continue my account of this noble branch

of the family.

The first of this antient and illustrious family was Robert de Brus, a noble Norman, who came to England with William the Conqueror, from whom he obtained no less than ninety-four lordships in the county of York, among which was the barony of Skelton, which he made his chief residence. Robert de Brus his son was also one of the commanders for king Stephen in the English army, which deseated the Scots at the battle of Standard near Northallerton in Yorkshire 1138.

He likewise obtained from David I. king of Scots, all the land of Annandale; and dying in 1141, lest issue by Agnes his first wise, daughter of Fulco Poynell, a son Adam, and his second wise was Agnes Annand, with whom he got the lordship of Annandale, and had issue, William de Brus and Robert.

Adam, who was heir to his father, fucceeded him in the barony of Skelton, and the other large possessions thereunto belonging; but after the fourth generation, the male iffue of that line failing about the year 1300, the representation of this illustrious family fell to Robert earl of Carrick, afterwards king Robert Bruce, fon of Robert de Bruce, earl of Carrick, fon of Robert, fon of another Robert, fourth lord of Annandale, by the lady Isabella his wife, second daughter of prince David, son of Henry, prince of Scotland, eldest son of king David I. brother of Malcolm IV. and William the Lyon. Which Robert, fourth lord Annandale, was fon of Robert, third lord, who was fon of William, fecond fon of Robert, fecond lord of Skelton, above-mentioned. This title of earl of Carrick fell to the crown in 1344, and afterwards was given to the fons of the kings of Scotland, the last of the possessors of it, being Henry prince of Wales, fon of king James VI. (1st of England.) But the title is now claimed by John Peyto Verney, the present lord Willoughby de Broke, an english peer, as son of the Hon. John Verney, fon of George, late lord Willoughby de Broke, by Margaret Heath, daughter of Margaret Mennes, wife of Sir John Heath, who was the only child of lady Margaret Stewart, daughter of John Stewart, created earl of K 4 Carrick Carrick by Charles I. who was fecond fon of Sir Robert Stewart, of Strathdon, a natural fon of James V. But to return, the faid Sir George Bruce of Carnock, by his wife Margaret, daughter of William Primrose, of Burnbrae, Esq; ancestor of the earl of Roseberry, had three sons and four daughters, viz. Sir George, Robert, of whom hereafter, and Alexander; Ann, the wife of Sir James Arnot, of Farnie; Magdalen, of Sir John Erskine, of Balgony; Margaret, of Mercer, of Aldie; and Nicola, first of Sir John Morrison, of Dairsie; and secondly, of John Dick, of Braid, son and heir of Sir William Dick, some time provost of Edinburgh. His eldest son Sir George, was succeeded by Sir Edward, who was created earl of Kincardin and lord Bruce of Torry, Dec. 26, 1647, and dying unmarried, was succeeded by his brother,

Alexander, second earl of Kincardin, who had issue by Veronica, daughter of the baron Somersdyke, in Holland, Charles, lord Bruce, who died before his father; Alexander, lord Bruce; lady Mary, wife of William Cochran of Ochiltree, ancestor of the earl of Dundonald; lady Ann, of Sir David Murray, of Stanhope, Bart. and lady Betty, of Mr. James Boswel, of Auchinleck. He was succeeded by his only furviving fon Alexander, third earl, who died without iffue, whereupon the dignity devolved upon the heir male, Sir Alexander Bruce, of Broomhall, fon and heir of Robert, fecond fon of Sir George, of Carnock, before-mentioned.

Which Sir Alexander, fourth earl, was a great oppofer of the union, and married Christian, daughter of Robert Bruce, of Blairhall, by whom he had iffue three fons and five daughters, four of whom died unmarried, and lady Veronica was the wife of Duncan Campbell, of Kaims. He was succeeded by his eldest fon Robert, fifth earl; but he dying without iffue, was succeeded by his next brother, Alexander, fixth earl, who married; but having iffue only a daughter, lady Jane, wife of John Napier, jun. of Kilmahew, was succeeded by his youngest brother.

Thomas, feventh earl of Kincardin, who married Rachael, daughter of Robert Pauncefort, of Herefordshire, Esq; by whom he had iffue two fons and three daughters, viz. William, lord Bruce; Thomas, who died without iffue; ladies Sarah and Christian, and lady Rachael, wife of James Drummond, of Lundin, heir male and representative of the noble family of He died at Broomhall in 1739, and was succeeded by his eldeft fon,

William, eighth earl of Kincardin, who married Janet, daughter and fole heirefs of Mr. James Roberton, advocate, one of the principal clerks of fession, by whom he had issue three fons, Charles, his fuccessor; James, a clergyman, and Thomas, an officer in the army. And two daughters, ladies Ra-

chael

chael and Christian. He died at Brest, in France, in 17402

and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Charles, ninth and present earl of Kincardin, who, upon the death of Charles, the last earl of Aylesbury and Elgin, fucceeded to the title of earl of Elgin, and in failure of iffue of the Laird of Clackmannan, is the undoubted heir male and chief of all the Bruces in Scotland. His lordship married the only daughter and heir of Thomas White, Esq; banker in London, by whom he hath iffue two daughters, ladies Martha and Janet.

For the pedigree of the branch of the Bruces, lords of Kinloss, which failed in Charles the last earl of Aylesbury and Elgin, above-mentioned, fee Collins's Peerage of England,

from p. 325—p. 347.

TITLES.] The right honourable Charles Bruce, earl of Elgin and Kincardin, and baron Bruce of Kinloss and Torry. CREATIONS. ] Baron Bruce of Kinloss in the county of El-

gin, 8 July 1604, and earl of Elgin 21 June 1611, by James VI. earl of Kincardin and baron Bruce of Torry, 26 December

1647.

ARMS.] Topaz, a faltire and chief ruby, on a canton pearl, a lion rampant sapphire, being the original arms of Bruce of Skelton; and the field topaz, faltire and chief ruby, were the arms of king Robert I. they altering the field, from pearl as he bore it, to topaz.

CREST.] On a wreath, a lion paffant, fapphire.

SUPPORTERS.] Two favages regardant proper, wreathed about their temples and waists with laurel.

Morto.] Fuimus.

CHIEF SEATS. ] At Broomhall, near Dunfermline; and Dairsie, near Coupar, in the county of Fife.

#### RAMSAY, Earl of DALHOTSIE.

F this illustrious family, which is faid to have come ori-ginally from Germany, but which more probably came from England, and that the name is local, and first assumed from the lands and abbacy of Ramfay, in Nottinghamshire, was Simon de Ramsay of Dalhotsie, in Lothian, or county of Edinburgh, who in the reign of David I. 1140, was a witness to a grant of the church of Livingston, in West Lothian; and from him descended Sir William Ramsay of the same place, who was one of those barons, who in 1320 wrote and fealed that noted letter to his holiness the pope, afferting the independency of their country.

To him fucceeded Sir Alexander Ramfay, his fon, who was also of Dalhotsie; and he signalizing his loyalty to David Bruce, against Edward Baliol, who then usurped the crown of

Scotland.

Scotland, in confideration thereof, was conflituted warden of the middle marches; and in 1332, he was made conflable of the caftle of Roxburgh, which he had taken from the English. To him succeeded his son, Sir William, who treading in the steps of his father, and taking up arms for the service of his king and country, was rewarded with the lands of Nether Liberton, as appears by a charter still extant under the great feal, and therein was fucceeded by his fon Sir Patrick, who died in 1377, and was succeeded by his grandson, Sir Alexander, who in 1401, loft his life at the battle of Homildon-hill, against the Percies. His son Robert was succeeded by his son, Sir Alexander, whose son, another Alexander, died before his father, and left a fon, Sir Alexander, who lived in the time of king James IV. and loft his life at the fatal battle of Floddon, September 9, 1513. He was succeeded by his son, Nichol de Ramfay, who was a faithful and loyal fubject to king James V. and to his daughter, queen Mary. He died in 1554, and was succeeded by his eldest son, George, who was in great fayour with queen Mary, and firmly attached to her interest. By his wife, Elizabeth, daughter of - Hepburn of Waughton, he had four fons and two daughters; John; James, of whom hereafter; Alexander and William; Margaret, wife of Sir John Cranfton of that ilk; and —, of Sir Walter Riddel of that ilk. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon, John Ramfay, in 1579. He died without iffue, and was succeeded by his nephew, George, eldest son of his brother James, who had a brother, Sir John, who was created vifcount Haddington.

Sir George Ramfay was knighted by king James VI. and created a baron, by the title of lord Ramfay of Mel-rofs, which title he after changed to that of Dalhotfie. He married Margaret, daughter and fole heir of Sir George Douglas of Ellenhill, brother of William, earl of Moreton, and by her had iffue, William, his heir, and a daughter, Margaret, who was married to Sir William Livington of Kilfyth. His fecond wife was Margaret Ker, by whom he had two fons, John and James. Dying in 1629, he was fucceeded by his

eldeft fon

William, who was by Charles I. created earl of Dalhotsie. He married lady Margaret, daughter of David Carnegie, the first earl of Southess, by whom he had issue four sons; George; John, of whom hereafter; James and William: also three daughters; Jady Marjory, wife of James, earl of Buchan; lady Margaret, first, of John Scrimzcour, earl of Dundee; and secondly, of Sir Henry Bruce of Clackmannan; and lady Magdalen, who died unmarried. He died in 1674, and was succeeded by his eldest son.

George, fecond earl, who marrying lady Ann Fleming, daughter of John earl of Wigton, by her had iffue, William;

George,

George, a brave officer, lieutenant general of the forces, and commander in chief in Scotland, in 1705; and Robert: also three daughters, lady Jane, married first, to George, lord Ross, and secondly, to Robert Macgill, viscount Oxenford; lady Ann, to James, earl of Home; and lady Eupheme, to Mr. John Hay. He died in 1675, and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

William, third earl, who married lady Mary, daughter of Henry Moor, earl of Drogheda, in the kingdom of Ireland, by Alice his wife, daughter of William lord Spenfer, and fifter of Henry, earl of Sutherland, and by her (who afterwards married, fecondly, John, lord Bellenden, and thirdly, Samuel Collins, M. D.) had iffue two fons, George and William; and a daughter, lady Elizabeth, married to Francis lord Hawley, in Ireland. He was fucceeded by his fon, George, fourth earl, and he by his brother, William, fifth earl, who, as well as his brother, died without iffue, in 1710; whereupon the honour and estate devolved on colonel William Ramfay, fon of John, the fecond fon of William, the first earl of Dalhotfie, who was the fixth earl of Dalhotfie, He married Jane, daughter of George, lord Rofs, and by her had iffue three fons and two daughters; George, lord Ramsay, the eldest, (who died in March 1739) married Jane, daughter of the right honourable Henry Maul of Kelly, brother-german of James, earl of Panmure, by whom he had three fons, Charles; George Ramfay, Efq; advocate, now earl; and two daughters, ladies Ann and Jane. He died in October, 1739, and was succeeded by his grandson,

Charles, feventh earl of Dalhotfie, who on the 5th of Janury, 1754, was appointed captain of a company in the first regiment of foot guards, and to rank as lieutenant colonel; but dying in January 1764, was succeeded by his brother,

George, eighth and present earl of Dalhotsie.

TITLES. ] The right honourable George Ramfay, earl of

Dalhotfe, and lord Ramfay.

CREATIONS.] Lord Ramfay.

CREATIONS.] Lord Ramfay, the 25th of August, 1618, by James VI. and earl of the castle of Dalhotsie, in Mid-Lothian, 19 June, 1633, by Charles I.

ARMs.] Pearl, an eagle displayed, diamond, beaked and

membered suby.

CREST.] On a wreath, a unicorn's head couped, pearl, horned and mained topaz.

SUPPORTERS. ] Two griphons proper.

Motto.] Ora et labora.

CHIEF SEAT.] At the castle of Dalhotsie, near Dalkeith, in Mid-Lothian,

# STEWART, Earl of TRAQUAIR.

HE immediate ancestor of this great branch of the illustrious family of Stewart, was James Stewart, earl of Buchan, whose father was Sir James Stewart, commonly called The Black Knight of Lorn, and his mother Jane, daughter of John Beaufort, duke of Somerset in England, and window of king James I. fo that the said James, earl of Buchan, being uterine brother of king James III. was by king James III. constituted lord chamberlain of Scotland, and obtaining from him the lands and barony of Traquair, then in the crown, and marrying to his second wife, Margaret, a daughter of the family of Murray of Philiphaugh, by her had a son,

James, upon whom he beflowed the faid barony, which, on the 18th of May, 1491, was confirmed to him by the royal charter of king James IV. He marrying Christian, fisher and coheir of Richard Rutherfoord of that ilk, with her had the baronies of Rutherfoord and Wells, in the county of Roxburgh; and losing his life with king James IV. at the battle

of Floddon, in 1513, left a fon,

William, fecond baron of Traquair, who married Christian, daughter of John Hay, lord Yester, ancestor of the marquis of Tweeddale, and had four fons, Robert, Sir John, Sir William, and James, all fuccessively barons of Traquair, and all, except the youngest, died without issue, and he continued the line; and having three fons, John, who died before him; Sir Robert; and a daughter, Isabel, wife of William Rutherfoord of Quarrie Holes, father of Andrew, first lord Rutherfoord. He died in the year 1606, and his eldest fon, John, by his wife Margaret, daughter of Andrew, master of Ochiltree, left iffue a fon, who fucceeded his grandfather, and was knight of the shire for the county of Tweeddale. He was also one of the privy council to James VI. by whom he was knighted; and by king Charles I. made lord treasurer of Scotland, and created baron of Traquair, in 1628, and earl of Traquair, lord Linton, &c. in 1633. When the faid king was confined in the Isle of Wight, this lord, at his own charge, levied a regiment of horse in order for his releasement; but marching at the head of it to the battle of Preston, in 1648, he and his fon John, lord Linton, were taken prisoners, and fent to the castle of Warwick, where the old earl continued for the space of four years, and his estate was sequestered.

He married lady Katharine, daughter of David Carnegie, the first earl of Southess, and dying in 1659, lest issue John, the said lord Linton, and four daughters; lady Margaret, married to James Douglas, earl of Queensberry; lady Elizabeth, to Fatrick Murray, lord Elibank; lady Anne, to Sir John Hamilton

milton of Reidhouse; and lady Catharine, to John Stewart, Esq. The earl died in 1659, and was succeeded by his said son,

John, fecond earl, who married lady Henrietta, daughter of George marquis of Huntley, by whom he had no iffue; and fecondly, lady Anne Seton, daughter of George earl of Winton, by whom he had four fons and three daughters; William, his fuccessor; George, who died before his father, unmarried; Charles, earl of Traquair; and John, who died without issue: ladies Elizabeth, Isabel, and Lucy. He died in 1666, and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

William, third earl, who dying unmarried, his brother,

Charles, succeeded, and was fourth earl. He married lady Mary Maxwell, daughter of Robert, the fourth earl of Nithsdale, by whom he had iffue, Charles; John, who married Christian, daughter of Sir Philip Anstruther of Anstrutherfield. in the county of Fife, by whom he had a fon, Charles; and three daughters, Christian, Mary and Lucy; and fix daughters; ladies Lucy and Anne; Mary, wife of John lord Drummond, eldeft fon, by the fecond marriage, of James, fourth earl of Perth; lady Catharine, of William lord Maxwell, fon and heir of Robert earl of Nithsdale, by whom she has a daughter, the wife of William Constable of Effringham, in England, Efq; and had iffue, Marmaduke, William, and Catharine; ladies Barbara and Margaret. His lordship died in 1741, and was succeeded by his eldest son, Charles, fifth and present earl of Traquair, who married Terefa, daughter of Sir Baldwin Convers of Horden, in the county of Durham, Bart.

In the last rebellion, 1745, this lord was apprehended and committed to the Tower of London for a treasonable corre-

spondence, but was bailed out in the year 1747.

TITLES.] The right honourable Charles Stewart, earl and

baron of Traquair, and lord Linton.

CREATIONS.] Baron Linton, and earl of Traquair, in the

county of Peebles, 22d of June, 1633, by Charles I.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st topaz, a fess cheque pearl and sapphire, for Stewart, 2d sapphire, three garbs topaz, for Buchan; 3d diamond, a mullet pearl; 4th pearl, an orl ruby, and three martlets in chief diamond, for the name of Rutherfoord.

CREST. 7 On a wreath, a garb topaz, furmounted of a crow.

proper.

SUPPORTERS ] Two bears of the latter.

Morro. ] Judge nought.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Traquair, in the county of Peebles.

# OGILVIE, Earl of FINLATER and SEAFIELD.

CIR Walter Ogilvie, the eighth generation of the family of Ogilvie, marrying Isabel de Durward, heires of Lintre-than, by her had Sir Walter Ogilvie of Auchleven, and Sir John, ancestor of the earls of Airly. Which Sir Walter marrying Margaret, only daughter and heir of Sir John Sinclair of Deskford and Finlater, in the county of Bamff, with her had both these baronies; and thereupon assumed his arms, argent, a cross ingrailed, fable, which is now borne by his pofterity. In the 18th of James II. he got leave of the king to fortify his castle of Finlater, with an imbattled wall of lime and stone, and all other necessaries for a place of strength. He had two fons, Sir James, his heir; and Sir Walter, ancestor of the lord Bamff; and a daughter, Elizabeth, wife of Nicholas Dun of Rathey. His eldeft fon, Sir James, succeeded, and married Mary, daughter of Sir Robert Innes of that ilk, and by her had iffue four fons and five daughters, viz. Sir James; Gilbert; Alexander, killed at the battle of Floddon, in 1513; George; Margaret, wife of James Abercrombie of Birkenbog; Marian, of Patrick Gordon of Haddo, ancestor of the earl of Aberdeen ; Catharine, of William Crawfurd of Federat, in Aberdeenshire; Elizabeth, of John Grant of Freughie; and Mary, of Alexander Urquhart, theriff of Cromarty. He died in 1490, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir James, who married lady Agnes Gordon, daughter of George earl of Huntley, and by her had iffue Alexander, his heir, James, John, Patrick, and George; and two daughters, Elizabeth, wife of Sir James Dunbar of Welffield; and—, first, of the laird of McIntosh; secondly, of —— Monro of Foulis; and thirdly, of a son of lord Lovat. He died

in 1510, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

alexander, who got a charter from king James V. for e-recting his lands of Deskford, Finlater, and Cathmore, into one intire barony, called ever after the barony of Ogilvie. He married Janet, daughter of Alexander lord Salton, and by her had issue James, his only son, and a daughter, Elizabeth, wife of Alexander Irvine of Drum, Esq.; and by a second wife, Elizabeth, fifter of the earl of Huntley, had another daughter, Margaret, wife of John Gordon, third son of Alexander earl of Huntley, upon whom, by the evil council of his said wife, he settled his whole estate, in prejudice of his son; but the faid John Gordon being beheaded and sorfeited, in 1562, queen Mary restored the whole estate to the said son James, who married Janet, daughter of Sir Robert Gordon of Lochiuvar; and secondly, dame Marian Livingston, by whom he had issue fon.

fon, Alexander, who dying before him, left iffue by Barbara, daughter of Sir William Ogilvie of Boyn, ancestor of the lord

Bamff.

Sir Walter, who succeeded his grandfather, and was created a baron, by the title of lord Ogilvie of Deskford. He married first, Agnes, daughter of Robert lord Elphingston, by whom he had a daughter, Christian, married to Sir John Forbes of Pitfligo, and was mother of Alexander lord Pitfligo: And by his fecond wife, lady Mary, daughter of William earl of Morton, he had James, his heir, and two daughters; Margaret, first married to James Douglas, earl of Buchan, by whom she had a daughter, who married Sir James Erskine, fon of the earl of Mar, who in her right became earl of Bu-chan; and secondly, to Andrew lord Gray; and Mary, married to Sir John Grant of that ilk. He was fucceeded by his faid fon,

James, who was by king Charles I. created earl of Finlater. He married lady Elizabeth Lesley, daughter of Andrew earl of Rothes, and by her had two daughters; lady Elizabeth, of whom hereafter; and lady Anne, wife of William earl of Glencairn. And the faid earl having no male iffue, procured a patent from king Charles, on behalf of his daughter, lady Elizabeth, and her descendants, whereby the dignity and title of earl and countels of Finlater was conferred upon her and

Patrick Ogilvie of Inchmartin, her husband, second earl; which Patrick dying in 1658, left by the faid counters his wife,

one fon,

James, third earl, who married lady Ann Montgomery, daughter of Hugh the seventh earl of Eglington, by lady Ann his wife, daughter of James the fecond marquis of Hamilton, and by her had three fons, and one daughter, lady Ann, the wife of George Allardice, Efq; and died in 1735. The fons were, Walter lord Deskford, who died before his father; James; and Patrick, a colonel in the army. He died in 1711,

and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

James, fourth earl, who having in his youth accomplished himself by travels into foreign parts, and studying the law, on his return in 1685, was admitted advocate, and afterwards chosen burgess for the borough of Cullen, in the convention of states, where he made a remarkable speech in favour of king James VII. In 1701, he was created earl of Seafield, and made fecretary of state, in which office he was continued by queen Ann, and in February 1703, made a knight of the ancient order of the thiftle; and in March 1706, being then lord chancellor of Scotland, he was appointed one of the commissioners for the treaty of union, which being concluded, he was elected one of the fixteen peers for the first parliament of Great Britain, as he was also for several other parliaments.

He was one of her majesty's privy council, one of the extraordinary lords of fession, lord of the exchequer and treasury; and

in 1711, succeeded his father in the title of Finlater.

In March 1727, he was appointed by king George I. his majefty's high commissioner to the church of Scotland; and in October following, king George II. was pleased to grant him a yearly pension of two thousand pounds. His lordship married Ann, daughter of Sir William Dunbar of Durn, Bart. by whom he had iffue two fons and two daughters; lady Elizabeth, married to Charles Maitland, earl of Lauderdale; and lady Janet, first, to Hugh Forbes, Esq; son and heir apparent of Sir William Forbes of Craigyvar, Bart. and fecondly, to William Duff of Braco, Efq; now earl of Fife, of the kingdom of Ireland. The fons were, James, now earl of Finlater; and George, a very promifing lawyer, who died without iffue.

His lordship died in 1730, and was succeeded by James, his eldest son, fifth earl of Finlater, and second of Seafield, and was one of the fixteen peers in the four last parliaments, and vice admiral of Scotland. He married first, lady Elizabeth Hay, daughter of Thomas the fixth earl of Kinnoul, and had by her a fon, James lord Deskford, who in July 1754, was made a commissioner of the revenue, is trustee for manufactures, fisheries, &c. and a commissioner for the forseited estates. He married lady Mary, daughter of John duke of Athol, by whom he has iffue James, master of Deskford; and John Ogilvie, Esq; and two daughters, lady Margaret, married to Sir Ludovick Grant of that ilk, Bart. representative in parliament for the shire of Elgin; and lady Anne, to John earl of Hopeton. His lordship married, secondly, lady Sophia Hope, daughter of Charles earl of Hopeton, who died the 26th of April, 1762, without iffue.

TITLES.] The right honourable James Ogilvie, baron Deskford, and earl of Finlater, viscount Redhaven, and earl

of Seafield, theriff of the county of Bamff.

CREATIONS.] Baron of Deskford, 4 October, 1616, by James VI. earl of Finlater, 20 February, 1637, by king Charles I. both in the county of Bamff; vifcount Redhaven, 28 June, 1698, by king William III. and earl of Seafield, in the county of Fife, 24 June, 1701, by the same king.

ARMS. Quarterly, 1st and 4th pearl, a lion passant gar-

dant, ruby, crowned with an imperial crown, proper, for Ogilvie: 2d and 3d pearl, a cross ingrailed diamond, for Sinclair.

CREST. 1 On a wreath, a lion rampant ruby, holding between his paws a plumb rule erect, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two lions gardant, ruby.

Morro. ] Tout jour.

CHIEF SEATS. 1 At Cullen; and Deskford, in Bamfffhire.

LESLY,

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## LESLY, Earl of LEVEN.

THE immediate ancestor of this branch of the noble fa-mily of Lesly (fee earl of Rothes) was William Lesly, descended of the house of Balquhain, which yields for antiquity, to few in Scotland; which William Lefly, who flourithed in the reigns of James II. and III. had a fon, Alexander, whose eldest son Alexander succeeded him in the lands of Kininvie, and George, who by his wife, Mary Stewart, had a fon George, who had the command of the castle of Blair, in the reign of king James VI. and by Ann, daughter of - Stewart, of Ballechin, had Sir Alexander Lefly, who was the famous general under the great Gustavus Adolphus, king of Sweden. He returned to Scotland when the troubles broke out there, and in 1638 took the command of the army of the covenanters, with which, in 1640, he invaded England, defeated lord Conway, at Newburn, and took poffession of Newcastle. For these services he got an order from the parliament for 100,000 merks; and at the treaty at Rippon, being one of the Scots commissioners, so pleased king Charles I. by his conduct, that he created him lord Balgony, and foon thereafter earl of Leven, to him and his heirs whatfoever, in 1641. He afterwards commanded the Scots army of auxiliaries, and the victory at Marston Moor in 1644, was principally ascribed to his conduct. However, he was afterwards very ferviceable in the restoration of king Charles II. He was a vo-Junteer against Oliver Cromwell, at the battle of Dunbar, but, with others of the loyal party, having a meeting in Angus, they were surprised by general Monk at Alyth, and all fent prisoners to London, where they were confined in the Tower. The old earl had his estate sequestred, but was set at liberty through the mediation of the queen of Sweden, whose favours he went to acknowledge in person, and was received with great respect, according to his rank and the services he had performed for that crown. At length he returned to Scotland, and died at his feat of Balgony, at a great age, in 1662. He married Agnes, daughter of - Renton, of Billy, by whom he had iffue two ions and five daughters, viz. Guftavus, who died before his father, and James lord Balgony: lady Ann, first, the wife of Hugh, master of Lovat, and secondly, of Sir Ralph de Vall; lady Margaret, of James Crichton, viscount Fendraught; lady Mary, of William lord Cranfton; lady Barbara, of Sir John Ruthven, of Dunglas, and lady Christian, of Walter Dundass, jun. of that ilk. His son, James, lord Balgony, was a brave officer, and dying before his father, also, left issue by his wife, lady Margaret Leslie, daughter of John earl of Rothes; Alexander, afterwards earl of Leven, and Catherine, married to George, first earl of Melvil.

Melvil, of whom hereafter. Alexander his fon succeeded his grandfather, and was the second earl, who by his wise Margaret, daughter of Sir William Howard, and sister of Charles earl of Carlisse, had two daughters, lady Margaret, and lady Catharine; and dying in 1663, without male issue, was succeeded in the honours and estate by his eldest daughter, who married Francis, second son of Hugh earl of Eglington, but dying in 1674, without issue, was succeeded by her sister, lady Catharine, countess of Leven, who dying unmarried, the estate and honours devolved on her cousin-german, David, son of her aunt Catharine, to whom we now return.

Which Catharine, by her aforefaid husband, George earl of Melvil, had iffue three sons and one daughter, viz. Alexander lord Raith, who died without iffue; David, and James; and lady Margaret, wife of Robert lord Burleigh. Which David, her second son, thus in his mother's right, became third earl of Leven, and succeeded his father as second earl of Melvil; therefore it may not be improper to say somewhat of his pater-

nal family

Of this noble family of Melvil, which is faid to be Hungarian, and came to Scotland foon after the Norman fettlement in England, was Walter Melvil of Raith, of whom defcended Sir John Melvil of the county of Fife, who in the year 1296, was one of those barons who swore allegiance to king Edward I. of England; and from him descended another Sir John, who, in the time of king James II. marrying Margaret, daughter of Sir William Scot of Balweiry, had two sons, William

Melvil of Raith, and Alexander, of Finally.

William, eldest fon, married Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Lundy of Balgony, and had a fen, William, whose grandfon, Sir John, left issue Sir Robert, who betook himself to the court of France, where he was placed in an honourable station by king Henry II. and therein continued many years. Upon his return to Scotland, the great character he had acquired foon inclined queen Mary to call him to her privy council, who afterwards tent him ambassador to London, as he was again by king James VI. who also made him vice-chancellor of Scotland, treassurer depute, and one of the lords of session; and at last, to reward his services and merit, created him lord Melvil. He married lady Mary Lesly, daughter of Andrew, the sistence of the state of Rothes; and dying in 1621, left

Robert, his heir, fecond lord Melvil, who was one of the privy council to the aforefaid king; but he dying without ifflie, the honour, by reason of an intail, came to John Melvil of Raith, descended from John, who was eldest son of Sir John,

bother of Robert first lord Melvil.

John, who thus became third lord Melvil, married Ann, daughter

daughter and coheir of Sir George Erskine of Innerdale, bro-

ther of Alexander earl of Kelly, and by her had

George, his heir, who in the reign of king Charles II. retired to Holland, and there remained till the revolution; at which time coming to England with the prince of Orange, afterwards king William, he was made feeretary of flate, lord privy feal, high commissioner to the parliament, and created earl of Melvil. He married Katharine, daughter of James lord Balgony, son of Alexander Lesly, the first earl of Leven, as before observed, and we now return to the said David, their son.

In the reign of king William he was made governor of Edinburgh caille, and one of his majefty's privy council; and was continued in his former posts by queen Anne, who made him mafter of the ordnance; and being one of the commissioners who concluded the union, was thereupon elected one of the fixteen peers for North Britain, as he was in the next parliament. In 1706, he was constituted lieutenant general and commander in chief of all her majesty's forces in Scotland, after which he chose a retired life, and died in June 1728. He married lady Ann Wemys, daughter of Margaret countefs of Wemys, by whom he had two fons, George and Alexander; and a daughter, lady Mary, married to William Gordon, earl of Aberdeen. George lord Balgony, the eldest son, married lady Margaret, daughter of David Carnegie, earl of Northelk, and dying before his father, left a fon, David, who succeeded his grandfather, and was fourth earl; but he dying young, was fucceeded by his uncle,

Alexander, fecond fon of David, the third carl, and was faller and of Leven, who before his acceffion to the peerage, was one of the ordinary lords of fession, and was afterwards elected one of the fixteen peers in the parliaments of 1747 and 1754, and his majesty's high commissioner to the general assembly for thirteen years, viz. from 1741 to 17533 inclusive. He matried first, Mary, daughter of colonel John Erskine of Carnock, by whom he had David, his heir; and secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of David Monnypeny of Pitmilly, by whom he had issue colonel Alexander Lessy, and three daughters, viz. lady Anne, married to George carl of Northesk; lady Elizabeth; and lady Mary, married to Dr. James Walker of Innerdivot. And his lordship dying September 2, 1754, was suc-

ceeded by his eldeft fon,

David, fixth earl of Leven, and fifth earl of Melvil, who married Wilhelmina, daughter of William Nisbet of Dirleton, Efq; by whom he has iffue three fons and three daughters, viz. Alexander lord Balgony; William and David: ladies Jane, Mary-Elizabeth, and Charlotte.

TITLES.] The right honourable David Lefly, earl of Le-

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CREATIONS.] Lord McIvil, 30 April, 1616, by James VI. earl of Leven and lord Balgony, in the county of Fife, 15 November, 1641, by Charles I. and earl of McIvil, by William III.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th sapphire, a thistle proper, ensigned with an imperial crown of the last, as a coat of augmentation; 2d and 3d pearl, on a bend sapphire, three buckles

topaz, for Lefly.

crest.] On a wreath, a chevalier in complete armour, holding in his right hand a dagger erect, proper, the pomel and hilt topaz.

SUPPORTERS. ] Two chevaliers as the creft, each holding in

his exterior hand the banner of Scotland.

MOTTO.] Pro rege, et patria.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Balgony, and at Melvil, both in Fifethire.

# TALMASH, Earl of DYSART.

OF this noble family, whose extraction is English, there was, in the 25th of king Edward I. one Hugh de Talmath, who held of the crown the manor of Bentley, in the county of Suffolk, and in the 20th, had summons among the knights of the said county to attend the king at Berwick, for

an expedition into Scotland.

Sir Lionel Talmath of Bentley, marrying Ann, daughter and heir of the family of Helmingham, of Helmingham-Hall, in the county of Suffolk, with her had that inheritance, and therein was fucceeded by John their fon, who married Ann, daughter and heir of Roger Louth of Santry, in the county of Huntington, by whom he had five fons and four daughters; Lionel, the cldeft fon, fucceeding, he, in the 4th and 8th of Henry VIII. was fheriff of the counties of Norfolk and Suffolk. He married Edith, the heirefs of Joice of Creeks-Hall, in the county of Suffolk, and dying in 1553, by her left a fon, Lionel, who was knighted by queen Elizabeth; and marrying Dorothy, daughter of Richard Wentworth of Nettlefted, in Suffolk, by her was father of another

Sir Lionel, who succeeded him, and in 1592, was sheriff of Norfolk and Susiolk. He married Susanna, daughter of Sir Ambrose Jermyn of Rushbrook, in Sussolk, and by her had

Sir Lionel Talmash, who was created a baronet in 1617, and marrying Katharine, daughter of Henry lord Cromwell of Ockham, by the lady Mary Powlet, daughter of John marquis of Winchester, by her had

Sir Lionel, his heir, the fecond baronet, who was a burgefs in parliament for the town of Orford, in Suffolk. He married Elizabeth Elizabeth, daughter of John lord Stanhope of Harrington, in

the county of Northampton, by whom he had a fon, Sir Lionel, the third baronet, who succeeded him, and se-

Sir Lionel, the third baronet, who fucceeded him, and fewen daughters; and the faid Sir Lionel marrying lady Elizabeth, eldeft of the two daughters and coheirs of William Murray, earl of Dyfart, in Scotland, a cadet of the illustrious house of Tullibardin; which lady procuring letters patent in the 3d of Charles II. whereby the honour was granted to herfelf and her heirs, he by her (who afterwards married John Maitland, duke of Lauderdale) had Sir Lionel Talmath, afterwards earl of Dyfart; Thomas, the brave general in the reign of William III. and William; also two daughters, lady Elizabeth, married to Archibald Campbell, duke of Argyll; and lady Katharine, first, to James Stewart lord Down, son to the earl of Murray; and fecondly, to John, the nineteenth earl of Sutherland.

He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir Lionel, first earl of his family, who was elected knight of the shire in 1698, and the succeeding parliament for the county of Suffolk. When queen Anne ascended the throne, he was conflituted lord lieutenant, custos rotulorum, and vice admiral of that county. He had also the offer of a baron's patent, the first her majesty would create; but he declining that honour, was again elected to ferve in parliament for the faid county, in which post he continued till the union of the two kingdoms, being then incapable of fitting as a commoner, having in his mother's right, by virtue of the patent aforefaid, become a peer of North Britain, by the titles of lord Huntingtowr and earl of Dyfart. In the latter end of king Wilham's reign, this noble lord, who had few equals in goodness to the . poor and his tenants, married Grace, one of the two daughters and coheirs of Sir Thomas Wilbraham of Woodhey, in the county of Chester, Bart. and by her had an only son, Lionel, lord Huntingtowr, and four daughters, whereof ladies Mary and Grace died unmarried, but lady Elizabeth married Sir Robert Cotton of Cumbermere, in the county of Chefter, Bart. and lady Katharine, John Bridges, marquis of Carnarvon, heir apparent of James duke of Chandos, and died in January 1754. Lionel lord Huntingtowr, who died in his father's lifetime, 1712, left a fon,

Lionel, fecond earl, born in June 1707, who on the death of his grandfather in 1726, succeeded to the dignity, being now earl of Dysart, and a knight of the thisse. In 1713, he married lady Grace Carteret, eldest daughter of John earl Granville, and by her, who died July 23, 1755, he had a daughter, born in 1732, who died in 1744. Lady Harriot, who died 1733; lady Grace, born 1735, now living; and a fourth daughter, born in 1745. Also six sons, born severally in the

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years 1734, 39, 40, 43, 50, 51, whose names I could not procure; but the eldeth, lord Huntingtowr, married, on October 3, 1760, the youngest natural daughter of the right honourable Sir Edward Walpole, by whom he has issue.

TITLES.] The right honourable Lionel Talmash, earl of Dysait, and lord Huntingtowr, and knight of the ancient or-

der of the thistle.

CREATIONS.] Lord Huntingtowr, in the county of Perth, and earl of Dylart, in the county of Fife, by king Charles I. 1646.

ARMS. 7 Pearl, a fret diamond.

CREST.] On a wreath, a nag's head couped pearl, between two wings creft topaz.

Supporters.] Two antelopes proper, attired and unguled

topaz:

Morro.] Confido conquiesco.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Ham, in the county of Surry; at Harrington, in the county of Northampton; at Helmingham, in the county of Suffolk; and at Woodhey, in the county of Chefter.

## DOUGLAS, Earl of SELKIRK.

HE descent of this noble peer being set forth under the family of the duke of Hamilton, which is derived paternally from the house of Douglas, we shall here only observe, that William duke of Hamilton having, in the year 1687, refigned the honour of earl of Selkirk into the hands of king James VII. his majesty was pleased to confer it, with the first precedency, on the duke's third son, Charles, in 1687. Which

Charles Hamilton, first earl, was gentleman of the bedchamber to king William III. as in 1714, he was to king George I. and in 1727, to king George II. being likewise appointed sheriff of Lanerkshire. He was also one of the reprefentatives for the peerage of North Britain, in the fourth, fixth, feventh, and eighth parliaments, till his death. And dying a batchelor in 1739, was succeeded in the title by his next

brother,

John Hamilton. earl of Ruglen, who was third earl, and married firft, the lady Ann, daughter of John, the feventh earl of Caffilis, by whom he had William, lord Dair, and two daughters; lady Ann, married to William Douglas, earl of March; and lady Sufanna, to John Kennedy, the eighth earl of Caffilis. By his fecond lady, the widow of lord Kennedy, he had no iffue, and the faid William lord Dair dying unmarried in the life-time of his father, the titles of earl of Selkirk, &c. descended to his great nephew, Dunbar, grandson of lord Easil, his youngest brother.

Which lord Bafil, by his wife Mary, daughter and heir of Sir David Dunbar of Baldoon, Bart, had iffue a fon, William, who died young; Bafil, his heir; and two daughters; Mary, the wife of John Murray of Philiphaugh, Efg; and Catharine, of Thomas earl of Dundonald. Bafil Hamilton of Baldoon, Esq; his heir, married Isabella, daughter of colonel Alexander Mackenzie, son of Kenneth, third earl of Seasorth, by whom he had iffue Dunbar, now earl of Selkirk; Bafil, who died young; Mary, the wife of Ronald Macdonald of Clanronald; and Elizabeth, who died young.

Which Dunbar, now fourth and prefent earl of Selkirk, married Helen, third daugter of the honourable John Hamilton, Esq; son of Thomas, fixth earl of Haddington, by whom he has iffue two fons and two daughters, viz. Sholto-Bafil, who died an infant; Bafil-William, lord Dair; ladies Isabella and Helena. His lordship, upon his accession to his honours, refumed the name of Douglas, the paternal one of his fa-

milv.

TITLES. ] The right honourable Dunbar Hamilton, earl of Selkirk, and lord Dair.

CREATIONS. ] Earl of Selkirk, in the county of Selkirk, 14

August, 1646, by Charles 1. ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th argent, an heart gules, enfigned with an imperial crown, or, on a chief azure, three mullets of the first, for Douglas; 2d gules, three cinquefoils, ermine, for Hamilton; 3d gules, a lion rampant, argent, within a border of the second, charged with ten roses of the

first, for Dunbar of Baldoon.

CREST. ] A falamander in flames. SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter, a favage wreathed about the loins, with laurel; and on the finister an antelope, both proper.

Morro.] Jamais arriere.

CHIEF SEATS. ] At the castle of Crawfurd, in the county of Lanerk; at Baldoon, in the county of Galloway; and at St. Mary's Isle, in the stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

#### CARNEGIE, Earl of NORTHESK.

THE descent of this noble family will be taken proper no-tice of hereafter, under the forseited title of Southesk. Their immediate ancestor, Sir David Carnegie of Coluthie, was the tenth generation of that family. His fecond fon, John, had a fon and fuccessor, Sir John, who was created lord Lour by king Charles I. in 1639, and in 1647, call of Ethie, &c. which title, with the king's approbation, he afterwards changed to that of earl of Northefz, and lord Rosehill. He married Magdalen, daughter of Sir James Haliburton of Piteur, and LA

dying in 1667, left issue two sons, David, lord Rosehill; and Sir James, ancestor of the Carnegies of Boysack, &c. and sour daughters, lady Anne, wise of Sir Henry Wood of Bonnytoun; lady Magdalen, first, of George Lindsay, lord Spinzey; and secondly, of John Lindsay of Edzel; lady Margery, of James, son and heir of John Scot of Scotstarvet; and lady Jane, first, of William Graham of Claverhouse; and secondly, of Sir John Preston of Airdrie, Bart. And

David, the eldeft fon, fecond earl, fucceeding in the honour, married lady Jane Maul, daughter of Patrick earl of Panmure, by whom he had five fons and two daughters, lady Jane, married to Colin Lindfay, earl of Balcarras; and lady Magdalen, to John Moodie of Airdbikie, Efq; The fons were, David, lord Rofehill; James, anceftor of the Carnegies of Finhaven, &c. Patrick, of those of Lour; Alexander, of those of Kinfauns; and Robert, who died without issue. He died in 1677, and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

David, third earl, who married lady Elizabeth Lindfay, dapter of John earl of Crawfurd, by whom he had ifflue two fons and four daughters; lady Chriffian, married to James Graham, duke of Montrofe; ladies Jane, Margaret, and Anne, died unmarried. The fons were, David, lord Rofehill; and John Carnegie, Efg; He died in 1688, and was fucceeded by

his eldeft fon,

David, fourth earl, who was one of the privy council to queen Ann, in whose reign he was also sheriff of the county of Forsar, and chosen one of the fixteen peers for Scotland in the second, third, and fourth parliaments of Great Britain, He married lady Margaret, daughter of James lord Bruntisland, and Margaret counters of Wemyls; and by her, who died in March 1763, had two sons, David lord Rosehill; and George: Also five daughters, lady Margaret, married to George lord Balgony, eldest son of David, first earl of Leven and Melvil; lady Betty, to James lord Balmerino; lady Anne, to Sir Alexander Hope of Carie, Bart. lady Christian, and lady Mary; and the earl their father dying in 1729, was succeeded by his eldest son, David, fifth earl, who dying unmarried, in 1741, was succeeded by his brother,

George, fixth and prefent earl, who was made a captain in the royal navy, August 25, 1741; and on the 25th of June, 1746, being commander of the Preston man of war, in commodore Peyton's squadron, he behaved with great bravery against the French squadron commanded by Monsieur Bourdonnais, in the East Indies, and is now vice admiral of the white. He married lady Ann Lesly, daughter of the earl of Leven, and by her has issue, David, lord Rosehill, born in

May 1749; ladies Elizabeth and Margaret.

TITLES.]

TITLES. The right honourable George Carnegie, earl of Northesk, and lord Rosehill, and vice admiral of the white.

CREATIONS. ] Lord Rosehill, 20 April, 1639; and earl of Northesk, in the county of Forfar, first of November, 1647, by king Charles I.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th topaz, an eagle displayed fapphire, armed and membered ruby, for Carnegie; 2d and

3d pearl, a pale ruby, for the title of Northesk.

CREST.] On a wreath, a demi leopard proper. SUPPORTERS.] Two leopards regardant proper.

Motto.] Tache fans tache.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Ethie, in the county of Forfar.

## LINDSAY, Earl of BALCARRAS.

THIS noble family is descended of the branch of the Lindfays of Edzell, descended from Alexander, second earl of Crawfurd, (see that family) whose third son was Walter Lindfay of Edzell, whose son, Sir David, was succeeded by Walter, and he by another Sir David, his eldest fon, who made a great figure in the reign of James V. to whom David earl of Crawfurd conveyed his estate and honour in 1541, occasioned by the cruel usage of his sons; but he afterwards conveyed them back again to that earl's grandfon, referving to himself the title for life, &c. &c. He was succeeded by his eldest son, Sir David, one of the fenators of the college of justice. To him succeeded his eldest fon, another Sir David, in the year 1520, and he dying without iffue in 1648, was fucceeded by his nephew, for of Alexander Lindsay of Canterland, second son of Sir David Lindsay of Edzell and Glenesk. To him succeeded his eldest fon, David, and to him his fon David, who dying without iffue, the eftate devolved on Sir David Lindfay of Balcarras, fon of John, fecond fon of Sir David, earl of Crawfurd, abovementioned. Which David was created lord Lindfay of Balcarras. He married lady Sophia, daughter of Alexander Seton, earl of Dumferlin, and left iffue a fon,

Alexander, lord Lindsay, who was created earl of Balcarras; and dying in 1659, left issue by his wife, lady Ann Mackenzie, daughter of Colin earl of Seaforth, two fons and two daughters; lady Sophia, wife of colonel Charles Campbell, fon of Archibald earl of Argyll; and lady Henrietta, of Sir James Campbell of Auchinbreck. Of his fons, Charles, the eldeft, fucceeded in the earldom, and dying unmarried, was fucceeded by

his brother,

Colin, third earl, who was a privy counfellor to king Charles II. and James VII. by whom he was appointed one of the commissioners of the treasury. He married three wives, and by the fecond, lady Jane, daughter of David earl of Northesk,

#### EARL OF BALCARRAS.

he had a daughter, lady Ann, married to Alexander Erskine, earl of Kelly. By his third, lady Jane Ker, daughter of William, the fecond earl of Roxburgh, he had iffue a daughter, lady Margaret, married to John Fleming, fixth earl of Wigtoun; and a fon Colin, lord Cumbernald, who died unmarried. And by his fourth wife, lady Margaret, daughter of James earl of Loudoun. he had iffue two fons, Alexander and James; and two daughters, lady Eleanor, married to James Frafer of Lonnay, third fon of William lord Salton; and lady Elizabeth, who died unmarried. He deceafed in 1722, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Alexander, fourth earl, who was elected one of the fixteen peers for North Britain in the parliament beginning 1734; but dying in 1746, without issue, was succeeded by his brother,

James, now fifth earl of Balcarras, who in 1749 matried Anne, daughter of Sir Robert Dalrymple, fon of Sir Hugh, lord prefident of the feffion, by whom he has iffue fix fons and two daughters, viz. Alexander lord Cumbernauld; Robert, Colin, James, William, and Charles; ladies Anne and Margaret.

TITLES.] The right honourable James Lindsay, earl of Bal-

carras, and lord Lindfay of Cumbernauld.

CREATIONS.] Lord Lindfay, 7 June, 1633, by Charles I. and earl of Balcarras, in the county of Fife, by Charles II.

1651.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th ruby, a fess cheque pearl and sapphire, for Lindsay; 2d and 3d topaz, a lion rampant ruby, debruised with a ribband diamond, for hebrnethy; all within aborder of the 3d, semée of stars topaz.

CREST.] On a wreath, a tent proper, semée of stars as the

arms.

Supporters.] Two lions fejant gardant ruby, each having a collar fapphire, charged with three stars as the crest.

Motto.] Astra, castra, numen, lumen.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Balcarras, in Fifeshire.

### GORDON, Earl of ABOYNE.

THE immediate ancestor of this noble family was
Charles, the third and youngest son of George, second
marquis of Huntley, who having highly manifested his loyalty
to king Charles I. in the time of the civil war, as also to king
Charles II. during the usurpation, was, in recompence of
those services, raised to the dignity of earl of Aboyne, &c.
and dying in 1680, left issue by his wife, lady Elizabeth,
daughter of John earl of Strathmore, three sons, Charles,
George, and John; and a daughter, lady Elizabeth, married

to John, fon and heir of George earl of Cromarty. He was

fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Charles, fecond earl, who dying in 1705, left by lady Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Patrick earl of Strathmore, a ion, John, his heir, and three daughters, lady Helen, wife of George Kinnaird, Efq; and mother of Charles lord Kinnaird; lady Elizabeth, who died unmarried; and lady Grace, wife of James Grant of Knockando, Efq; He was succeeded by his son,

John, third earl, who married Grace, daughter of George Lockhart of Carnwath, Efq; and by her, who married fecond-ly, James earl of Murray, had three fons, Charles, John, and Lockhart; and his lordship dying in 1732, was succeeded

by his eldeft fon,

Charles, now fourth earl of Aboyne, who married lady Margaret, daughter of Alexander earl of Galloway, by whom he has iffue a fon, George, lord Glenlivet; and two daughters, ladies Catharine and Margaret.

TITLES. The right honourable Charles Gordon, earl of

Aboyne, and baron Gordon of Glenlivet.

CREATION: ] Earl of Abovne, in the county of Aberdeen.

ro September, 1660, the 12th of Charles II.

ARMS.] Sapphire, a chevron between three boars heads couped topaz, for Gordon, within a double treffure, flowered with fleurs de lis within, and adorned with crefcents without, of the last, for Seton.

" CREST.] On a wreath, a demi lion ruby, armed and

tongued fapphire.

Supporters. ] Two chevaliers in complete armour, each holding an halbert proper.

· Morro. 1 Stant catera tigno.

CHIEF SEAT. ] At Aboyne, in Aberdeenshire.

# COCHRAN, Earl of DUNDONALD.

THE name of this family is undoubtedly local, and taken from the barony of Cochran, in the shire of Renfrew. It is of great antiquity; and though none of them arrived to the dignity of peerage till the reign of Charles I. yet they were barons of some distinction for many centuries before, and had large possessions in those parts.

Their immediate ancestor was Waldevus de Cochran, who in the reign of Alexander III. was witness to the grant made by Dungal, the fon of Sweyn, to Walter Stewart, earl of Menteith, of the lands of Skipnish, in the shire of Argyll; and his fuccessor, William de Cochran, performed homage to king Edward I. in England, in 1296.

In the reign of king Robert II. Goseline de Cochran was witness to several grants made by that king; and to him succeeded his fon William, father of Robert, whose fon Robert was father of another William, and he of another Robert, who was father of Allan, and he of John, whose son, John, marrying a daughter of the family of Lindsay of Dunrod, had issue

William, of that ilk, who erected from the foundation the ancient feat of Cochran, and adorned it with large plantations. He married Margaret, daughter of Robert Montgomery of Skelmorly, in the shire of Air, by Mary his wife, daughter of Robert lord Semple, and had three daughters; whereof

Elizabeth, marrying her coufin Alexander, a younger fon of John Blair of that ilk, the faid Alexander, by the entail, changed his name to Cochran, and had iffue feven fons and two daughters, viz. John, the eldest, who died without iffue ; Sir William, of Cowden; Alexander, colonel in the army of Charles I, whose fon was laird of Manshiell; Hugh, ancestor of the Cochrans of Ferguslee, also a colonel in the army of Charles I. Sir Bryce, likewise a colonel in that army, who lost his life in the service, in 1650; Arthur, a captain in the army; and Gavin, ancestor of the Cochrans of Craigmuir. Elizabeth, the eldeft daughter, was wife of John Lennox of Woodhead, Esq; and Grizel, of Thomas Dunlop of Househill. Sir William, the fecond fon, fucceeded, on the death of his brother, who was created a baron, and earl of Dundonald. He married Eupheme, daughter of Sir William Scot of Ardros, near Ely in Fifeshire, and had issue two sons, William, lord Cochran; and Sir John, of Ochiltree, ancestor of the present earl, of whom hereafter: And a daughter, lady Grizel, married to George lord Rofs. William lord Cochran dying before his father, left by his wife, lady 'Katharine Kennedy, daughter of John earl of Caffilis, John, who succeeded his grandfather; William Cochran of Kilmarnock, married to lady Grizel, daughter of James Graham, the second marquis of Montrose; Thomas, of Pollskelly, and Alexander, of Bonshaw, both which families are extinct; and three daughters, Margaret, married to Alexander Montgomery, earl of Eglington; Helen, to Hugh earl of Sutherland; and Jane, first, to John viscount Dundee; and secondly, to William Livingston, viscount Kilfyth. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, fecond earl, who married lady Sufan, daughter of William and Anne, duke and duchefs of Hamilton, and by her, (who married, fecondly, Charles, marquis of Tweeddale) had two fons, William and John; and dying in 1691, was fuc-

ceeded by his eldeft fon,

William, third earl; but he dying unmarried, in 1705, the

honour devolved upon his brother,

John, fourth earl, who in 1713 was elected one of the fixteen peers for North Britain. In the first of king George I. he was made colonel of the fourth troop of horse guards. He married first, lady Ann, daughter of Charles earl of Dunmore, by whom he had iffue William, the fifth earl, and three daughters; lady Ann, married to James duke of Hamilton; lady Sufan, to Charles Lyon, earl of Strathmore; and lady Catharine, to Alexander Stewart, earl of Galloway. He married in 1715, to his fecond wife, the lady Mary Ofborn, fecond daughter of Peregrine duke of Leeds, and widow of Henry duke of Beaufort, but by her had no iffue; and dying in 1720, was fucceeded by

William, his only fon, fifth earl, who dying in 1724, in

the seventeenth year of his age, the honour descended to

Thomas Cochran of Kilmarnock, fixth earl, fon of William, fecond fon of William lord Cochran, before-mentioned, by the lady Grizel Graham, daughter of James, marquis of Montrofe, by whom he also had five daughters, Catharine, the wife of David Smith of Methven, Efg; Ifabella, of John Ogilvy of Balbegno; Anne; Christian; and Grizel, the wife of John Cochran of Fergustee.

Which Thomas, his fon, fixth earl, married Catharine, daughter of lord Basil Hamilton, sixth son of William and Anne, duke and duchess of Hamilton; and dying in 1737, left two daughters, lady Mary, and lady Catharine, wife of

captain Wood; and one fon,

William, lord Cochran, feventh earl of Dundonald, who having been killed at the taking of Cape Breton, in July 1758, was succeeded by Thomas Cochran, son of William, son of Sir John Cochran of Ochiltree, second son of William, first

carl of Dundonald.

Which Thomas, the prefent and eighth earl of Dundonald, in his younger years was a major in the army, and reprefented in parliament the thire of Renfrew, in 1722, and in 1730, was appointed one of the commissioners of excise in Scotland, which office he enjoyed for feveral years. He married first, Elizabeth, daughter of James Ker of Morriston, Esq; by whom he had iffue a fon, William, who died young; and a daughter, lady Grizel. His fecond wife was Jane, daughter of Archibald Stewart of Torrence, Efq; by whom he has issue fix fons and one daughter, viz. Archibald, lord Cochran; Charles, John, James, Bafil, Alexander, and lady Betty.

TITLES. The right honourable Thomas Cochran, earl of

Dundonald, and lord Cochran.

CREATIONS. | Lord Cochran, in Renfrew, 17 December, 1647, by Charles I. and earl of Dundonald, near Irwin in Airshire, 12 May, 1669, by Charles II.

ARMS.] Pearl, a chevron ruby, between three boars heads

erazed, fapphire.

CREST. ] On a wreath, a horse passant, pearl.

SUPPORTERS. ]

SUPPORTERS. ] Two greyhounds of the last, collared and leished topaz.

MOTTO. | Virtute et labore.

CHIEF SEATS. ] At Paisley Abby, in Renfrewshire; at Kilmarnock, in Lenos; and at the castle of Dundonald, in Airfhire.

#### KEITH, Earl of KINTORE.

THE descent of this noble family will be shewn hereaster, under the title of Keith, earl Marshal. We shall only observe here, that William, the fixth earl Marshal, marrying lady Mary Erskine, daughter of John earl of Mar, had issue, William, his fucceffor; George, who fucceeded his brother William; and Sir John Keith, who being instrumental in preferving the regalia of the kingdom from falling into the hands of the English during the usurpation of Oliver Cromwell, was after the restoration created knight Marshal, and earl of Kintore, by king Charles II. and made one of his privy council, and treasurer depute. He married lady Margaret Hamilton, daughter of Thomas the second earl of Haddington, and had iffue a fon, William lord Keith, and two daughters, lady Jane, wife of Sir William Forbes of Monymusk; and lady Margaret, of Gavin Hamilton of Raploch, Efg; He was fucceeded by his fon,

William, fecond earl, who marrying Katharine, daughter of David Murray, vifcount Stormont, had iffue John, his heir, William, and two daughters, lady Katharine, married to David lord Halkerton; and lady Jane. He was succeeded by

his eldeft fon.

John, third earl, who married Miss Erskine, daughter of James Erskine of Grange, Efq; but dying without iffue, was

jucceeded by his brother,

William, fourth earl of Kintore, who dying without iffue in 1761, the honours are supposed to lie dormant; but the estate descended to George, late earl Marishal, as heir of entail, who being forfeited for his concern in the rebellion of 1715, in the year 1759, had a pardon granted him by king George II. and was thereby enabled to fucceed to the faid effate, and is governor of Neufchatel for the king of Pruffia.

TITLES.] The right honourable George Keith, earl of Kin-

tore, lord Keith of Inverury.

CREATIONS. ] Lord Keith, and earl of Kintore, in the county of Aberdeen, 26 June, 1677, by Charles II.

ARMS. ] Quarterly, 1st and 4th ruby, a scepter and sword in faltire, with an imperial crown in chief, topaz, all within an orle of eight thiftles of the 2d, as a coat of augmentation

CREST.] On a wreath, an aged lady, from the middle upwards holding in her right hand a garland of laurel, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two chevaliers in armour, each holding a pike in a centinel's posture, proper. Morro. ] Quæ amissa salva.

CHIEF SEAT. ] At Kirk Hall, near Inverury, in the county of Aberdeen.

## CAMPBELL, Earl of BREADALBINE.

THE immediate ancestor of this great branch of the samily of Argyll, was Sir Colin Campbell, third fon of Sir Duncan of Lochow, by king James II. created lord Campbell of Argyll, by his wife, lady Margaret, or Marjory, daughter of Robert duke of Albany. Which Sir Colin, by his wife Margaret, daughter and coheir of John lord Lorn, had iffue a fon, Sir Duncan Campbell of Glenorchy, who married lady Margaret Douglas, daughter of George earl of Douglas and Angus, by whom he had Sir Colin, Archibald, ancestor of the Campbells of Glenlyon; Patrick, and a daughter. He loft his life in the battle of Floddon, in 1513, and was succeeded by his eldest fon, Sir Colin, who was succeeded by his eldest son, Sir Duncan, and he by his brother, Sir John, in 1534; and he by another brother, Sir Colin, and Sir Colin, in 1584, by his eldest son, Sir Duncan, and he, in 1631, by his eldest son, Sir Colin, who married lady Juliana Campbell, daughter of Hugh earl of Loudoun, but dying without iffue in 1640, was fucceeded by his brother, Sir Robert Campbell of Glenorchy, who married Isabel, daughter of Sir Lauchlan Mackintosh of Forecaftle, by whom he had five fons and nine daughters, and was fucceeded by his eldest fon, Sir John, who by his wife, lady Mary, daughter of William earl of Menteith, had iffue Sir John, and a daughter, wife of Sir Alexander Menzies of Weem; and by a fecond wife, Christian, daughter of John Muschet of Craighead, he had iffue several daughters, of whom are descended, Campbell of Stonefield, Macnaughton of that ilk, Campbell of Airds, and Campbell of Ardchattan, &c. He was succeeded by his fon, Sir John. Which Sir John, in confideration of the loyalty of his ancestors, and his own perfonal merit, was created earl of Caithness; but in 1681, that title, on a claim and petition, being allowed by parliament to be vefted in George Sinclair, who was the fixth earl of Caithness, was instead thereof created earl of Breadalbine, with precedence according to the former patent. In 1692, he was appointed a commissioner of the treasury, and one one of the privy council to king William III. and died in March 1716, in the eighty first year of his age. He married first, lady Mary, daughter of Henry Rich, earl of Holland, who was beheaded, and had issue by her two sons, Duncan and John; and secondly, Mary, countes dowager of Caithness, daughter of Archibald marquis of Argyll, by whom he had a son, Colin, who died in his youth; and lady Mary, wife of Archibald Cockburn of Langton, Esq; Duncan, the eldest son, dying before his father, without issue,

John, the fecond fon, fucceeded him, and was the fecond earl; and in 1725, was made lord lieutenant of Perthfhire. In 1737, he was elected one of the fixteen peers, in the room of the earl of Orkney deceafed, and was re-elected in the fucceeding parliament. By his fecond wife, Henrietta, daughter of Si Edward Villiers, and fifter of Edward the first earl of Jersey, he had two daughters, lady Charlotte, who died unmarried; and lady Harriot, who was lady of the bedchamber to the princesses melia and Carolina. Also a son.

John, vilcount Glenorchy, who succeeded his father in February 1752, and was third earl. He was installed a knight of the Bath, 17 June, 1725, was master of the horse to the three eldest princesses, and a member for the borough of Saltash, in Cornwall, in the parliaments of 1727 and 1734. He was also ambassis of the court of Denmark in 1726, and so continued by king George II. for some years, at whose coronation he carried the princess Amelia's coronet. In 1741, he was again elected to parliament for Orsord, in Sussol, but vacated his seat in 1745, by accepting the place of master of the jewel office. His lordship was afterwards chief justice in eyre of his majesty's forests south of Trent. In 1752, he was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, and has been also so elected to the last and present parliaments. He is a doctor of laws.

His lordship, in 1721, married first, lady Amabell Grey, eldest daughter of Henry duke of Kent, and by her, who died at Copenhagen, March 2, 1726-7, had one fon, Henry, and one daughter, who were born in Denmark; but the fon died ten weeks after his mother. The daughter, lady Jemima, married, in 1740, Philip Yorke, now earl of Hardwick; and fucceeded her grandfather, the duke of Kent, in 1740, as marchioness Grey, the title being so granted and settled that year. His lordship married secondly, in 1730, Arabella, granddaughter and heir of Sir Thomas Pershall, of Great Sugnall, in Staffordshire, Bart. with whom he got a very considerable eltate, and had issue two sons, George, who died an infant; and John, lord Glenorchy, who married Wilhelmina, fecond daughter of William Maxwell of Preston, Esq; sister of the late amiable counters of Sutherland, and aunt of the prefent countefs. In 1765, his lordship was appointed keeper of the privy feal for Scotland, but refigned it in 1766. TITLES.] TITLES.] The right honourable John Campbell, earl of Breadalbine, vifcount Glenorchy, lord Campbell, and baronet; one of the fixteen peers in the present parliament for Scot-land, &c.

CREATIONS.] Baronet of New Scotland, 29 May, 1625, by king Charles I. lord Campbell, viscount Glenorchy, and earl of Breadalbine, in the county of Perth, 28 January, 1677,

by Charles II.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th, gyrony of eight pieces topaz and diamond, for Campbell; 2d topaz, a fess cheque pearl and fapphire, for Stewart; 3d pearl, a galley diamond, her oars in action, and fails furled close, for the lordship of Lorn.

CREST.] On a wreath, a boar's head crazed, proper. Supporters.] Two stags of the latter, attired and un-

guled, topaz.

MOTTO.] Follow me.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Kelchurn castle and Glenorchy, in the county of Argyll, near the Loch Aw; at Finlarig and Taymouth, in Breadalbine, near Loch Tay; and at Great Sugnal, Staffordshire.

#### GORDON, Earl of ABERDEEN.

THIS antient family, who, it is probable, fprung from the noble house of Gordon; three hundred years ago, and for many centuries possessed a large estate in the county of Aberdeen: of which was Pattick Gordon of Haddo, who married Marian, daughter of Sir James Ogilvie, ancestor of the earls of Finlater and Seasield, who was succeeded by his son, George, and he by a son, James, who married Marjory, daughter of Sir Thomas Menzies of Pitsodils, by whom he had issue Patrick, Robert, of Faach, James, and David, ancestor of the Gordons of Nethermuir; John and Alexander. He died in 1582, and Patrick, his eldest son, dying before him, left issue by his wife, Agnes, daughter of Alexander Fraser of Muchil, one son, James, who fucceeded his grandfather. By his wife Jane, daughter of William lord Keith, he had issue two sons, George and William, and died in 1624. His eldest son. George, died before his sather, leaving issue by his wife, Maggart, daughter of Alexander Bannerman of Elsick, a son,

Sir John, who fucceeded his grandfather. Which Sir John Gordon of Haddo, in 1642, was created a baronet; but two years after, for his adherence to king Charles I. and holding out his caftle of Haddo against the parliament army, was taken prisoner, condemned, and executed at Edinburgh. He maried Mary, daughter of William Forbes of Tolquhoun, and had issue by her two sons and one daughter; Sir John, and Sir

M

George ;

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George; and his daughter, —, was the wife of Sir John Forbes of Waterflon. Sir John, his eldeft son, recovered the title and estate after the refloration, and died in 1665, leaving issue only a daughter, wife of Sir James Gordon of Lesmore,

whereupon he was fucceeded by his brother,

Sir George, who was by king Charles II. in 1682, made one of the lords of feffion, and prefident of the council, afterwards lord chancellor of Scotland, and created earl of Abereaven. E. He married Ann, daughter and heir of George Lockhart of Torbrecks, by whom he had iffue George, lord Haddo, who died before his father; and William; and four daughters, lady Ann, fecond wife of Alexander Montgomery, earl of Eglington; lady Martha, of John Udney, of Udney; lady Mary, of Alexander Frafer, lord Salton; and lady Margaret.

William, their brother, who succeeded as second earl of Aberdeen, in 1720, was, in June 1721, elected one of the fixteen peers, in the room of William Johnston, marquis of Annandale, deceased, and was re-elected to the next parliament. He married first, lady Mary, daughter of David earl of Leven and Melvil, and by her had one daughter, lady Ann, wife of William earl of Dumfries, and died in 1755. His fecond wife was lady Susan, eldest daughter of John duke of Athol, by whom he had iffue George lord Haddo, and lady Catharine, married first, to Cosmo duke of Gordon, and by him mother of the present duke, &c. and secondly, to colonel Staats Long Morris. His third wife was lady Ann, third daughter of Alexander duke of Gordon, by whom he had four fons and one daughter, viz. William Gordon of Fyvie, Efq; captain of a troop of dragoons; Cosmo, an officer in the guards; Alexander, an advocate; and Charles. The daughter, lady Henrietta, married Robert Gordon of Haugh-head, Esq; The earl, their father, dying in 1745, was succeeded by his eldest son,

George, now third earl of Aberdeen, who was one of the fixteen peers in the two last parliaments, being the tenth and eleventh of Great Britain. He married Cathaiue, daughter of Mr. Ofwald Hanson of Wakefield, in Yorkshire, by whom he has issue two sons and sour daughters, viz. George, lord Haddo, and William; ladies Catharine, Anne, Susanna, and

Mary.

TITLES.] The right honourable George Gordon, earl of

Aberdeen, and lord Haddo.

CREATIONS.] Earl and baron, on 30 November, 1682, by king Charles II.

ARMS.] Sapphire, three boars heads couped, within a double treflure, flowered and counterflowered with thiftles, roses, and seurs de lis, topaz.

CREST.] On a wreath, two naked arms, holding a bow to

let fly an arrow,

SUPPORTERS.]

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a fenator of the college of justice in robes, proper; and on the finisher, a minister of state in his robes, proper.

Motto.] Fortuna sequatur.

CHIEF SEAT.] Haddo house, &c. in Aberdeenshire.

# MURRAY, Earl of DUNMORE.

Athol, and brother of John, the first duke of Athol, was master of the horse to the princess Anne of Denmark, and to queen Mary, the second wise of king James VII. and was by that king created earl of Dunmore, &c. &c. In the reign of queen Ann, he was one of the privy council, and governor of Blackness castle, near Linlithgow; and dying in 1710, left issues the privy council with the county of Hereford, Essay sive sons and three daughters, viz. James, John, William, of whom hereafter; Robert, member for Wotton-Basslet, in the last parliament of George I. and for Bedwin, in the second of George II. and was colonel of a regiment, a brigadier general, and died in 1738; Thomas, colonel of a regiment of foot: Lady Henrietta, married to Patrick lord Kinnaird; lady Ann, to John Cochran, earl of Dundonald; and lady Katharine, to John lord Nairn. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, fecond earl, who dying without iffue, was fucceeded

by his brother,

John, third earl of Dunmore, who in 1713 was elected one of the fixteen peers for North Britain, and at the fame time appointed colonel of the third regiment of foot guards. In 1727, he was again elected one of the fixteen peers, and continued fo till his death, April 18, 1752. He was also a lord of his majefty's bedchamber, general of foot, and governor of Plymouth. He was succeeded by his next brother,

William, fourth earl, who married his cousin, Catharine, daughter of William lord Nairn, by whom he had issue three sons and four daughters, viz. John, his successor; Charles; William, an officer in the army; Lady Margaret; lady Catharine, wise of John Drummond of Logyalmond, Esq; ladies Jane and Elizabeth. His lordship dying in 1756, was suc-

ceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, the present and fifth earl, who in February 1759, married lady Charlotte, daughter of Alexander earl of Galloway, by whom he has issue two daughters, ladies Catharine and Augusta. In 1761, his lordship was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland.

Titles.] The right honourable William Murray, earl of Dunmore, vifcount Fincastle, and baron Murray of Blair,
M 2 Mouillin

Mouillin and Tilimet, and one of the fixteen peers for Scotland to the prefent parliament.

CREATION.] Earl of Dunmore, in the county of Perth, 16 August, 1686, by James VII. and II. of England.

ARMS.] Quarterly, iff fapphire, three stars pearl, within a double tressure, with stars de lis, topaz, for the name of Murray; 2d quarterly, 1st and 4th topaz, a sets cheque pearl and fapphire, for Stewart; 2d and 3d pally of six, topaz and diamond, for Athol; 3d grand quarter as the 2d, the 4th as the 1st; and over all, as a surtout, an escutcheon ruby, charged with three legs in triangle, conjoined in sets at the upper part of the thigh, and garnished proper, for the Isle of Man, as related to the earls of Derby.

CREST.] On a wreath, a demi favage, wreathed about the middle with a laurel, holding in his right hand a fword erect, proper, the pomel and hilt topaz; and in the left a key of the

latter.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter, a favage wreathed as the creft, his feet in fetters, and the chain over his right arm. On the finifter, a lion ruby, with a collar fapphire, charged with three flars pearl.

Motto.] Furth fortune.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Dunmore and Fincastle, of Athol, in the county of Perth.

# OBRIEN, Counters of ORKNEY.

GEORGE, fifth fon of William, first duke Hamilton of the Douglas family, chusing a military life, and diffinguishing himself by his bravery and conduct in the battles of Boyne, Aghrim, Steenkirk, Landen, Oudenarde, Ramillies, Hochstet, Schelenberg, Mons, &c. and in the feveral fieges of Athlone, Limerick, and Namur; at the attack of the last place, was made a brigadier general by king William, and on March 1, 1689, appointed colonel of a regiment, and afterwards created earl of Orkney, &c. in recompence of his merit. In the first year of queen Ann he was conflituted major general, and foon after a lieutenant general; foon after which, in Feb. 1703, he was elected a knight of the order of the thiftle. In 1708, he was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, in the fecond parliament of Great Britain, as he was in every other parliament till he died. In 1710, he was appointed one of the privy council, and general of the foot in Flanders, where, in 1712, he ferved under James Butler, duke of Ormond. In 1714, he was appointed a lord of the bedchamber to king George I. and likewise governor of Virginia. In the beginning of the next reign, he was promoted to the rank of field marshal, and governor of Edinburgh castle. He married Elizabeth, eldest daughter daughter of Sir Edward Villiers, and fifter of Edward earl of Jersey, and had iffue by her three daughters, lady Ann; lady Frances, married to Sir Thomas Lumley Sanderson, knight of the Bath, afterwards earl of Scarborough; and lady Harriot, to John lord Boyle in England, and earl of Orrery and Cork in Ireland. The earl dying January 29, 1736-7, aged seventytwo years, his eldeft daughter,

Anne, who was married to William Obrien, earl of Inchiquin, in Ireland, by whom she had two surviving daughters, fucceeded him both in honours and estate. Her daughters are, lady Mary, married in 1753, to captain Obrien of the foot guards, by whom she has iffue; and lady Ann. And her ladyship dying in December 1756, was succeeded by her eldest

daughter.

Mary, now countefs of Orkney.

TITLES.] The right honourable Mary Obrien, countess of the islands of Orkney, viscountess Kirkwall, and baroness Dechmont.

CREATIONS. | Earl, viscount, and baron, January 3, 1695-6,

by king William III.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st fapphire, a ship at anchor, within a double treffure, with fleurs de lis, topaz, for Orkney; 2d and 3d, the quartered arms of Hamilton; and in the 4th, the arms of Douglas.

CREST.] In a ducal coronet topaz, an oak fructed and penetrated transversly in the main stem by a frame saw, proper,

the frame of the first.

SUPPORTERS. 1 On the dexter side, an antelope pearl, his horns, ducal collar, chain and hoofs, topaz. On the finister, a ftag proper, attired, collared, chained, and hoofed, as the dexter.

Morro.] Thorough.

CHIEF SEATS. ] At Cliefden, in the county of Buckingham; and at Taplow Court, near Maidenhead bridge, in the fame county.

#### DOUGLAS, Earl of MARCH and RUGLEN.

L ORD William Douglas, fecond fon of William duke of Queensberry, by his wife lady Isabel, daughter of William marquis of Douglas, was created earl of March by king William, with whom he was in great favour. He married lady Jane Hay, daughter of John marquis of Tweeddale, and had iffue three fons and three daughters, viz. William; John Douglas of Broughton, Efq; who died without iffue; as did the third son, James, of Stow; ladies Habel, Mary, and Jane. He died in 1705, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

William, fecond earl, who married lady Ann, countefe of M 3 Ruglen, Ruglen, as heir general of her father, John Hamilton, earl of Selkirk and Ruglen, or Rutherglen, who died in 1746; and had iffue by her, who in 1746, married, fecondly, Anthony Sawyer, Efq; paymaster of his majesty's forces in Scotland,

James, the third and present earl of March, who also succeeded his mother in the earldom of Ruglen. He is one of the lords of his majesty's bedchamber, a knight of the ancient order of the thiftle, and was elected, in the year 1761, one of

the fixteen peers for Scotland.

TITLES.] The right honourable James Douglas, earl of March, and baron Douglas of Niedpath, Lymn, and Maner-

CREATION. | Earl and baron, 20 April 1697, by king Wil-

liam III.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th, the whole arms of the duke of Queensberry; 2d and 3d ruby, a lion rampant pearl, within a border of the last, charged with eight cinquesoils of the first, for the title of March.

CREST.] On a wreath, a man's heart ruby, enfigned with an imperial crown proper, between two wings erect, topaz.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a pegafus pearl, the fame as Queensberry: On the finister, a lion, as in the arms. MOTTO. ] Forward.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Niedpath castle, in the county of

Tweeddale.

## HUME, Earl of MARCHMONT.

E Nough has been faid, for the purpose of this work, of the antiquity, &c. of the noble family of Hume, under that of the earl of Home. Sir Thomas Hume, the seventh generation of that family, in a direct male line, flourished in the reigns of Robert II. and III. and was the immediate ancestor of the earls of Marchmont. Sir David, his fecond fon, of whom this illustrious family is lineally descended, had two sons, Sir David and Alexander; Sir David had issue, by Elizabeth Carmichael, George and Sir Patrick, of whom hereafter. George succeeded his grandsather, and marrying Marian, eldest daughter and coheir of John Sinclair of Herdmanston, by her had issue a fon, David, ancestor of the family of Wedderburn. Sir Patrick, his brother, married Margaret, one of the daughters and coheirs of John Sinclair of Herdmanston, with whom he got the barony and lands of Polwarth, which anciently belonged to an honourable family of that firname, who flourished in the shire of Berwick for several centuries, till Sir Patrick Polwarth, knight, died without iffue male, in the reign of Robert II. whose only daughter and heir, Elizabeth, married Sir John Sinclair of Herdmanston, by

whom fhe had a fon, William, whose fon, John, having a fon, John, and he a fon, John, who married Katharine Hume, daughter of Sir Thomas Hume of that ilk, he, in 1444, obtained a charter from king James II. of the barony of Polwarth, to himself, and Katharine his wife, and to their heirs; and leaving only two daughters, Mary, married to the faid George Home of Wedderburn, in Berwickshire; and Margaret, to the faid Sir Patrick, the fon of Sir David Hume, laird of Wedderburn, who bore a cross ingrailed, sable, the coat of Sinclair; and three piles ingrailed gules, for Polwarth, which he quartered with his own arms. Being a military man, he gave many proofs of his valour on feveral occasions, and particularly at the fiege of Roxburgh, where king James II. was

flain; and having a fon, Sir Patrick, fecond lord, who inherited his courage as well as fortune, he had many lands bestowed on him, for his good fervices, by James III. He likewise obtained from king James IV. divers lands in the counties of Stirling and Perth, and in 1499, was made comptroller of Scotland. He married first, Margaret, daughter of Sir John Edmondston of that ilk, and had issue by her, Alexander, his heir; and secondly, Eleanor, daughter of Sir James Shaw of Sauchy, by whom he had one fon and four daughters, viz. George, ancestor of the Humes of Argathy, in Stirlingshire; Alison, wife of Sir James Shaw of Sauchie; Janet, of Sir Andrew Ker of Ferniherst, ancestor of the marquis of Lothian; Mary, of Sir William Baillie of Lamington; and Margaret, lady abbess of North Berwick. He died in 1504, and was fucceeded by his

eldeft fon,

Alexander, third lord, who married first, Margaret, daughter of Robert lord Crichton, ancestor of the earl of Dumfries; and fecondly, Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Lauder of Bass. By his said first wife, he had issue, Patrick, and Alexander, ancestor of the Humes of Heugh and Rhodes; and by his fecond, three daughters, Margaret, wife of Patrick Hep-burn of Craig; Catharine, of Robert Pringle of that ilk; and Isabel, who became abbess of North Berwick. He died in 1532, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Patrick, four h baron, who marrying Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Patrick Hepburn of Waughton, had issue, Patrick, the fifth baron; Sir Alexander Hume of North Berwick, and Adam Hume, rector of the church of Polwarth; and two daughters, Margaret, wife of John Baillie of John's Kirk; and Anne, of —— French of Thorndyke.

Patrick the eldest, fifth baron, who succeeded, married Agnes, daughter of Sir Alexander Hume of Manderston, and by her had fix fons and three daughters, viz. Patrick; Alexander, rector of Logie; Gavin, ancestor of the Humes of

M 4 Cleugh;

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Cleugh; Sir John, of North Berwick, who was provost of Edinburgh in 1591, and ambassador at the court of England in 1593, and was ancestor of the Humes of Castle Hume, in the county of Fermanagh, in Ireland; David, of Rowiestoun, and George, of Belyhose: Margaret, wise of David Hume of Law; Agnes, of — Edmonston of Woolmet, and Margaret, of Sir Thomas Cranston, of Crosbie. He died in 1592, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Patrick, fixth baron, who was by king James VI. made mafter of the houfhold, gentleman of the bedchamber, and warden of the marches towards England. He married Juliana, daughter of Sir Thomas Ker, of Ferniherft; and dying in 1609, left three fons and three daughters; Elizabeth, married to Sir James Carmichael of that ilk; Jane, to Christopher Occhburn, of Chausly; and Sophia, to Joseph Johnston, of Hilton. The sons were, Sir Patrick; Thomas, of Cold-

ftream; and George, of Kimmergham.

Patrick the elder fon succeeding, was by king Charles I. created a baronet. He married Christian, daughter of Sir Alexander Hamilton, of Innerwick, and had issue two fons and two daughters; Sir Patrick; Alexander, a brave colonel in the army; Juliana, wife of Richard Newton, of that ilk, and Anne, of Alexander, son of John Hume of Manderston. He died in 1648, and was succeeded by his eldest son.

Sir Patrick, who, in 1665, was knight of the shire for the county of Berwick; but after travelling abroad, and being obliged to leave Scotland after his return, and at length going to Holland, was received with great kindness and generosity by the prince of Orange, whom he attended into England in 1688; and being instrumental in the success of the revolution, he was made one of the privy council, and created lord Polwarth, and had an orange proper, enfigned with an imperial crown, given him for a furtout in his arms, as a lafting mark of their majesties royal favour for his great fidelity and zeal. He was likewise by king William appointed sheriff of the county of Berwick; in 1692, high commissioner to the parliament, one of the extraordinary lords of fession in 1693, lord chancellor of Scotland in 1696, a commissioner of the treasury and admiralty, and created earl of Marchmont. In 1702, he was appointed by queen Anne, her majesty's high commissioner to the general assembly of the church, and one of her privy council. Upon the accession of king George I. he was restored to the sherisfalty of Berwick, and made a lord of the police. He married Grisel, daughter of Sir Thomas Ker of Cavers, and had iffue three sons, Patrick, Alexander, and Sir Andrew; and four daughters; lady Jane, married to James Sandilands, lord Torphichen; lady Grisel, to George Baillie of Jerviswood, Esq; who was knight of the shire for the county of Berwick in feveral parliaments; lady Anne, to

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Sir John Hall, of Dunglais, Bart. and lady Juliana, to Charles Eillingham, Eig; The eldeth son, Patrick, lord Polwarth, who in 1698 had the honour to sit as vote in parliament as lord treasurer of Scotland, married this add Jane Home, daughter of Charles earl of Home, and died before his father without issue. Alexander the second succeeded, and Sir Andrew was a senator of the college of justice. He died in 1724, aged 84, and was succeeded by his faild second son,

Alexander, fecond earl, who was then one of the judges of fession, but refigned his office as a judge, and was succeeded therein by his brother Sir Andrew Home, above-mentioned.

In March 1715, he was appointed envoy extraordinary to the courts of Denmark and Prussia, and in December follow-

ing made lord register of Scotland.

In January 1721, he was appointed first ambassador in the congress to be held at Cambray; and in March following made his public entry into that city; being likewise, by commission from his majesty, invested at Cambray with the green ribband of the antient order of the thiftle. In 1726, he was fworn one of the privy council, and in the following year was by king George II. appointed lord register of the session and exchequer in Scotland; which places he refigned in 1733, and died in 1740. He married Margaret, daughter and heir of Sir George Campbell of Cefnock, by whom he had iffue four fons and four daughters; George, and Patrick, who died in 1724, Hugh lord Polwarth, and Alexander, who used the firname of Campbell, as reprefenting his mother's family: being bred to the law he was one of his majesty's council, and knight of the thire for the county of Berwick, when he died, in 1760, as he was in the three preceding parliaments. He was for fome time folicitor-general to Frederic prince of Wales, but refigned in 1745. In December 1755, he was made lord register of Scotland. He married Miss Parris of Saville Row; and died in July 1760, without iffue. The daughters were, lady Anne, wife of Sir William Purves, Bart. lady Grifel, who died unmarried; lady Jane, wife of James Nimmo, Efq; and lady Margaret, who died unmarried. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Hugh, third earl of Marchmont, who was elected one of the parliamentary peers for Scotland, in the room of John earl of Crawfurd, who died in 1749, and was re-chosen in 1754, and in 1761. His lordship is one of his majefty's most honourable privy council, and was many years first lord of the police, in Scotland; and upon the death of the late duke of Athol, in 1764, he was appointed keeper of the great seal of Scotland. He married first, Miss Anne Western, by whom he had a son, who died young, and three daughters; lady Anne, married October 23, 1755, to John Paterson, Esq; eldest son of Sir John

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John Paterson of Eccles, Bart. lady Margaret, and lady Dianamarried to Walter Scott, of Harden, Eig; and a son Patrick, who died young; but the counters dying in 1747, his lordship the year following married Miss Elizabeth Crompton of London, by whom he has issue a son, Alexander, lord Polwarth, born in July 1750. His lordship is a fellow of the royal society.

TITLES.] The right honourable Hugh Hume, earl of Marchmont, viscount Blassonbury, lord Polwarth of Polwarth Redbraes, and Greenlaw, in the county of Berwick, and ba-

ronet.

CREATIONS.] Lord Polwarth 26 December 1690, by king William and queen Mary: the other titles were granted on the

23d of April 1697, by king William III.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st grand quarter counter quartered; 1st and 4th emerald, a lion rampant pearl, for Hume; 2d and 3d pearl, three swallows of the first for Pepdie; 2d pearl, three piles isluing from the chief ingrailed ruby, for Polwarth; 3d pearl, a crofs ingrailed diamond for Sinclair; the 4th grand quarter as the first; and over all as a furtout, an ecutcheon pearl, charged with an orange, ensigned with an imperial crown, all proper, as a coat of augmentation, given by king William III.

CREST.] On a wreath a man's heart, out of which issues

a dexter arm erect, grasping a scymitar, all proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two lions regardant pearl, armed and tongued ruby.

Motto.] Fides probata coronat.

CHIEF SEATS.] In the town of Berwick upon Tweed; and at Redbraes, in the county of Berwick.

# CARMICHAEL, Earl of HYNDFORD.

IIIS antient firname is local, and was affumed, according to Douglas, by the proprietors of the lands and barrony of Carmichael in the shire of Lanerk, where they still have their chief seat. The first upon record is William de Carmychel, who stourished about the middle of the sourceenth century: he had a son John, first baron of Carmichael. He was succeeded by his son William, and he by his son Sir John Carmichael, who accompanied Archibald earl of Douglas to the affistance of Charles VI. of France against the English; and signalizing his valour at the battle of Baugey in April 1421, and breaking his spear, when the French and Scots got the victory, had thereupon added to his paternal arms, a dexter hand and arm armed, holding a broken spear, which is now the crest of the sanily. He married lady Mary Douglas, a daughter of George, earl of Angus; by whom he had issue, William, Robert, ancestor of the Carmichaels of Balmedie, Meadowssat,

Meadowflat, &c. and John, provost of St. Andrew's. William his heir, was the father of Sir John, who, in confideration of his good fervices to king James III. had divers lands given him by that prince, and therein was fucceeded by William his heir; and had also a son, Walter, of whom hereafter: William had a fon John, who marrying Elizabeth, daughter of Hugh lord Somerville, had a fon Sir John, who was knighted by queen Mary, and made warden of the middle marches towards England. In 1588, he was joined with Sir John Vaus and Peter Young, in an embaffy to the court of Denmark, to propose a match between king James VI. and the princess Ann, a daughter of that crown; after the finishing whereof he was made captain of his majesty's guard, and sent ambassador to queen Elizabeth; and being murdered upon the borders, in the execution of his office of warden of the middle marches, in the year 1600, left by Margaret Douglas his wife, fifter of David earl of Douglas, and of James earl of Moreton, regent of Scotland, John, who died in his life-time, Sir Hugh his fuccessor, William, and sour daughters; Elizabeth, wife of John Home, of Kelton-hill, Esq; Mary, of John lord Holyrood-house; Abigail, of Hugh Wair, of Crawfurd; and Anne, of Dr. Whiteford, bishop of Brechin. He was succeeded by his fon,

Sir Hugh, who was one of the privy council to king James, by whom he was alfo made mafter of the horfe, and fent ambaffador to Denmark; and married Abigail, daughter of William Baillie of Lamington, by whom he had iffee a fon, John, and a daughter Margaret, wife of James Lockhart of Cleghorn; but John his fon dying without iffue, the estate defeended to his cousin, Sir James Carmichael of Hyndsford lineally descended of Walter, before-mentioned, son of William, fixth baron of Carmichael. Sir James, being the son

of Walter, fon of Gavin, fon of the faid Walter.

Sir James was a great favourite of king James VI. who made him his cup-bearer, and chamberlain of Scotland. By Charles I. he was created a baronet, and in 1634 was appointed chief juffice clerk, and in 1639, a fenator of the college of juffice. Dec. 27, 1647, he was created lord Carmichael. He married Agnes, fifter-german of John Wilkie, of Fowiden, Efq; by whom he had iffue three fons and four daughters, viz. William, mafter of Carmichael, colonel of a regiment in the parliament's fervice; Sir David, of Maudfley, deputy treafurer to Charles II. Sir James, of Bonnytoun, colonel in the fervice of Charles II. at the battle of Dunbar, in 1650, whose grand-daughter, Henrietta, became at length heir to the estates of Bonnytoun, &c. and was married to Robert Dundas, of Arniston, Efq; president of the selfion at this time, whose eldest daughter Elizabeth, wise of Capt Ross Lockhart, of Balnagowan,

gowan, is heires of those estates. The daughters were, Mary, first, the wife of Sir William Lockhart, of Carsairs, and secondly, of Sir Walter Weir, of Stonebyres; Agnes, of Sir John Wilkie, of Fowlden; Anne, of Sir David Carmichael, of Balmedie; and Martha, of John Kennedy, of Kirkmichael. His eldest son, the master, married Grisel, daughter of William, marquis of Douglas, by whom he had issue a son, John, and two daughters, Mary, wife of Sir Archibald Stewart of Castlemilk; and Rachael, of James Weir of Stonebyres, Essen, the died before his father in 1688, and the old lord deceasing

in 1672, was fucceeded by his grandfon, John, fecond lord, who being one of the Scots peers who joined most early in the revolution, was by king William, in recompence of his good fervices, made a commissioner of the privy feal, colonel of a regiment of dragoons, one of the privy council, high commissioner to the general assembly, one of the fecretaries of state, and created earl of Hyndford, &c. on June 25, 1701. In 1702, the first of queen Ann, he was made a privy counfellor, and in 1706, appointed one of the commif-fioners for the union with England. He married Beatrix Drummond, daughter of David lord Maderty, by Beatrix his wife, daughter of John earl of Montrofe; and by her had fix fons and three daughters; lady Beatrix, married to John Cockburn of Ormeston; lady Mary, to John Montgomery, of Giffen, and lady Anne, to Sir John Maxwell, of Nether Pollock, Bart. lord juffice clerk, and the two last had iffue. The fons were, James, William, an advocate, Daniel, who all had iffue; David. John and Charles, who died without iffue. He died in 1710, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

James lord Carmichael, second earl, who was one of the lords of the police, colonel of a regiment of dragoons, and a brigadier general. He married lady Elizabeth Maitland, daughter of John earl of Lauderdale, by whom he had iffue five fons and fix daughters, viz. John, lord Carmichael; William, late bifloop of Meath, in Ireland; James, member in three parliaments for the burghs of Selkirk, &c. Archibald, a captain of foot, and Charles, who was in the service of the East India Company, which last four died without issue. The daughters were, lady Margaret, wife of Sir John Anstruther, of that ilk, and mother of Sir John, the present baronet; lady Mary, of Charles O'Hara, Esq; lady Anne, of — Duscina, Esq; ladies Elizabeth, Rachael, and Grace, who died young. The earl deceased Aug. 16, 1737, and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

John, third earl, who was colonel of a company in the third regiment of foot-guards in 1732. In 1739 and 1740, he was appointed his majefty's high commissioner to the general assembly of the church of Scotland. In 1742, he was elected a knight of the thistle, and appointed envoy extraordinary to the

king of Prussa; from whose court, in 1744, he went in the fame character to the empress of Russia, and returned in about fix years. Upon the conclusion of the treaty of Breslaw, he received a royal grant from the king of Prussia, dated Sept. 30, 1742, for adding the eagle of Silefia to his paternal arms, with this motto, Ex bene merite. Which was also ratified by a diploma from her Hungarian and Bohemian majesty, dated Nov. 29, 1742. On his return from Russia in 1750, he was appointed a lord of the king's bed-chamber, and in 1752, was fent upon a special commission to the court of Vienna. His lordship is a privy counsellor, commissioner of the police in Scotland, and vice-admiral of that kingdom. He married, first, Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the famous Sir Cloudesley Shovel, and widow of Robert lord Romney, without iffue, and fecondly, Jane, daughter of Benjamin Vigor, of Fulham, in Middlesex, Esq; His lordship is one of the fixteen peers for Scotland in the present, or 12th, parliament of Great-Britain; as he was also in the 8th, 9th, 10th, and 11th parliaments.

TITLES.] The right honourable John Carmichael earl of

Hyndford, lord Carmichael, and baronet.

CREATIONS.] Baronet by king Charles I. baron of Carmichael in the county of Lanerk, 27 December 1647, by the fame king; and earl of Hyndford in the fame county, 25 June 1701, by William III.

ARMS.] Pearl, a fess wreathy, sapphire and ruby.

CREST. ] On a wreath, an armed arm erect, holding a broken fpear.

SUPPORTERS ] On the dexter fide, a chevalier in complete armour, plumed on the head with three feathers pearl, and holding in his right hand a batoon royal. On the finister, a horse of the latter, furnish'd ruby.

MOTTO. Toujours preste.

N. B. The Silefia arms, granted as above, according to the titles of heraldry.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Carmichael House, and at Westraw, in the county of Lanerk.

#### PRIMROSE, Earl of ROSEBERRY.

THIS family took their firname from the lands and village of Primrose, in the county of Fife. Duncan Primrose, of an antient stock of that name in Perthshire, by Mary his wife, a daughter of the family of Main of Auchterhouse, had Gilbert and Archibald, who marrying Janet, daughter of the family of Bleau of Castlehill, in the county of Perth, had two sons, David and James, and a daughter Eupheme, married to Sir George Bruce of Carnock, ancestor of the earl of Kincardin. David fucceeded, and had a fon James, who dying without issue, was succeeded by his uncle, James,

James, who being bred to the law, was by king James VI, in 1602, made clerk of the council, which post he held near forty years; and by Katharine his wife, daughter of Richard Lawfon of Boghill, he had Gilbert, his heir; Sir Archibald; and James, clerk of the council; ----, wife of George Herriot, founder of Herriot's hospital in Edinburgh; and Margaret, of Thomas Young of Lainie, Esq; Gilbert, married a daughter of the family of Foulis of Ravelston, and had a son, James, who died before him; and his brother,

Sir Archibald, succeeded, who was by king Charles I. appointed clerk of the council, as his father and grandfather had been, and by king Charles II. was created a baronet. At the time of the restoration, he was for his loyalty and merit made one of the judges in the court of fession, and lord register, which offices he discharged many years with integrity and judg-ment; and in 1678, he was constituted justice general of Scot-

land.

This eminent and loyal person married first, Elizabeth, daughter of James Keith, of Benholm, fon of George earl Marshal, and by her had issue Sir James, of Barnbougle, who died before his father, leaving by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Sir Robert Sinclair, of Longformacus, an only daughter, the wife of George Hume, of Kimmergham; Sir William Primrose, of Carrington; major general Gilbert Primrose; and two daughters, Margaret, wife of Sir John Foulis, of Ravelfton, to whom her father gave the estate of Dunipace, on condition his heir should carry the name and arms of Primrofe, which his fon Sir John did, who was grandfather of the late Sir Archibald Primrofe, of Dunipace; and Catharine, wife of Sir John Carnegie, of Pitarrow. His fecond wife was Agnes, daughter of Sir William Gray, of Pittendrum, by whom he had a fon, Archibald Primrose, of Dalmenie, ancestor of the pre-fent earl; and a daughter, Grizel, wise of Francis lord Semple. He died November 27, 1679, and was succeeded by his second fon, Sir William Primrofe, of Carrington, who by Mary his wife, daughter of Patrick Scot, of Thirlestane, had issue, Sir James; captain William Primrofe, killed in foreign fervice; Mary, wife of William Hamilton, of Bargenie; Jane, of Hugh Montgomery, of Coalsfield; and Elizabeth, of Charles, mafter of Elphingston. He died September 23, 1687, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir James, who was member for Edinburghshire in the first parliament of queen Anne, who created him viscount Primrose, by letters patent, bearing date November 30, 1703. He married lady Eleanor, daughter of James earl of Loudoun, by whom he had iffue, Archibald, Hugh, and William, who died in 1724; and a daughter, Margaret. He died in 1706, and

was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Archibald, fecond viscount, who dying unmarried in 1716, was succeeded by his brother, Hugh, third viscount, a brave officer in the army, who dying without iffue, was fucceeded, in 1741, by Archibald Primrose, of Dalmenie, only son of the fecond marriage of Sir Archibald Primrofe, of Carrington, before-mentioned. Which Archibald having completed his college education, travelled abroad for improvement; and after his return, disposed himself to a country life, till in 1695, when he was chosen member in parliament for the county of Edinburgh, and in 1700, was created vifcount Roseberry by king William. Soon after the accession of queen Ann, he was made one of the privy council, one of the gentlemen of the bedchamber to prince George of Denmark; and on April 10. 1703, created earl of Roseberry, &c. to his heirs male and female. He was one of the commissioners in the treaty of union; which being concluded, he was elected one of the fixteen peers from Scotland to the four first parliaments of Great Britain. He married Dorothy, daughter and heir of Everingham Creffy, of Birkin, in the county of York, by whom he had iffue James, his heir; Richard and John; and four daughters, lady Mary, wife of Sir Archibald Primrofe, of Dunipace; lady Margaret, of Alexander Sinclair, earl of Caithness; and ladies Dorothy and Elizabeth, who died young. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

James, fecond earl, who marrying in his father's life-time Mary, daughter of lieutenant general John Campbell of Mammore, and fifter of the duke of Argyll, by her had a fon, Archibald, lord Dalmeny, who died in August 1755; and John, lord Dalmenie, who also died before his father; James, who died young; and Neil, the present earl: Ladies Mary and Dorothea, who died young. The earl died in 1755, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

Neil, now third earl of Roseberry.

TITLES.] The right honourable Neil Primrofe, earl of Roseberry, viscount Primrose and Roseberry, lord Dalmenie, and baronet.

CREATIONS.] Baronet by king Charles II. vifcount Rofeberry, in Mid Lothian, the 1st of April 1700, and earl of the

fame place, the 10th of April 1703.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th topaz, a lion rampant, emerald, for the title of Roseberry; 2d and 3d emerald, three primrofes in a double treffure counterflory, topaz, for the name of Primrose.

CREST.] On a wreath, a demi lion ruby, holding in his dexter paw a primrose, as in the arms.

SUPPORTERS. ] Two lions emerald.

Morro. ] Fide et fiducia.

CHIEF SEATS. ]

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CHIEF SEATS.] At Barnbougle and Dalmenie, in the county of Linlithgow; and at Roseberry, in the county of Edinburgh.

## BOYLE, Earl of GLASGOW.

THIS family is of very great antiquity in the west of Scotland, and had large possessions in Airshire, as appears

from feveral old writs still preserved in the family.

In the reign of Alexander III. Richard Boyle of Kelburn marrying Margery, daughter of Sir Walter Cumming, had Richard his heir, who in 1296 was one of the barons of Scotland that fwore allegiance to king Edward I. of England; and from him descended Hugo de Boyle, who in 1399, gave his lands to the monks of Paisley for the welfare of his foul. From the faid Hugo-descended John Boyle of Kelburn, who lost his life at the battle of Bannockburn with king James III. 1488, and his fon John fucceeding, obtained from king James V. a grant of divers lands in the ifle of Cumra, near Bute; and marrying Agnes, a daughter of the family of Ross, by her had two fons, John and Robert; John, the eldest, was of Halkhill, in Renfrew; which John had a fon, David, father of another John, who fucceeded his grandfather, and was a most zealous lovalist in the service of queen Mary; and by his wife Marian, daughter of Hugh Crawfurd, of Kilberny, ancestor of the vifcounts Garnock, and the present earl of Crawfurd, had a son, John, and feveral daughters. He was succeeded by his faid son,

John, who was banished his country about ten years, for his adherence to king Charles I. He married Agnes, daughter of Sir John Maxwell, of Pollock, in the county of Renfrew, by whom he had an only daughter, Grizel, who being an heirefs, was married to her coufin, David Boyle, of Halkhill, Efq; defcended from John Boyle of the fame place, aforefaid, brothergerman of her great grandfather, John Boyle, fecond fon of John Boyle, of Kilburn, father of David, father of James, father of another David, father of John, father of the faid David, who was created lord Boyle, Jan. 31, 1699, and having been returned a member in the convention of estates for the county of Bute, which declared the prince of Orange king of Scotland, was made one of his majesty's privy council. In the third year of queen Ann, he was created viscount and earl, made treasurer depute, one of the privy council, lord register, and one of the commissioners for concluding the union, in which year he had the honour to represent her majesty's person in the general affembly of the church. He married first, Margaret, fifter of John viscount Garnock, ancestor of the present earl of Crawfurd, by whom he had three fons, John; Patrick, a fenator of the college of justice; and Charles; and fecondly. condly, Jane, daughter and fole heir of William Muir of Rowallan, in Coningham, by whom he had two daughters, lady Jane, married to major general Sir James Campbell, knight of the bath, brother of Hugh earl of Loudoun, by whom he had a fon, who took the name of Muir, as reprefenting his mother, who was an heirefs; and lady Anne. The earl died in 1733, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, fecond earl, who married Helen, daughter of William Morrison of Presson Grange, Esq. representative in several parliaments for the shires of Cromarty and Peebles, by whom he had issue two sons and six daughters, viz. John, now earl of Glasgow; and Patrick, who married Miss Mure of Caldwall, without issue Jadies Janet, Margaret, Jane; Marian deceased; Catharine and Helen. The earl died in 1740, and was succeeded by his eldest son.

John, third earl, at that time captain of a company at Minorca, who in 1754 was chosen rector of the university of Glasgow, and in June 1755, married Elizabeth, daughter of George lord Ross, by whom he has issue a son, John, lord Boyle, born March 26, 1756; and two daughters, ladies Betty

and Jane.

TITLES.] The right honourable David Boyle, earl of Glaf-

gow, vifcount Kelburn, and lord Boyle of Stewarton.

CREATIONS.] Lord Boyle of Stewarton, 13 January 1699, by William III. and viscount Kelburn, both in Coningham; and earl of Glasgow, in the county of Lanerk, 10 April 1703,

by queen Anne.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th topaz, an imperial eagle, ruby, for the title of Glasgow, being formerly the creft of the family; 2d and 3d party per bend, crenelle, pearl and ruby, for the name of Boyle in England, (as a coat of affection) and over all, by way of surtout, an escutcheon of the first, charged with three stags horns of the second, the paternal coat of Boyle of Kelburn.

CREST.] On a wreath, an eagle with two heads, party per

pale crenelle, topaz and ruby.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a favage proper, wreathed about his temples and middle with laurel, a branch of which he holds in his right hand. On the finifter, a lion, party per pale crenelle, pearl and ruby.

Morro.] Dominus providebit.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Kelburn and Rowallan, in Airshire.

#### STUART, Earl of BUTE.

HIS noble family is defeended from Sir John Stuart, a fon of king Robert II. who by his father's grant had a fair possessing in the island of Bute, with the heretable jurissic.

tion of that county, wherein he was confirmed by the charter of his brother, Robert III He married Jane, daughter of Sir John Semple of Elietfon, anceftor of the lord Semple; and had three fons, Rob-rt, William, and Andrew; Robert, the eldeft, fucceeding, was one of the privy council to king James II. His fon, James Stuart of Bute, dying without iffue in 1497, was fucceeded by his coufin and heir male, James, fon of his uncle William, who was fucceeded by his fon, Ninian, who married Janet Dunlop, and dying in 1508, left James his heir, who marrying to his fecond wife, Marian, daughter of John Fairly of Kyle, had two fons, John and Robert, and was fucceeded by his eldeft,

John, who was made chamberlain of Arran, captain of the cattle of Brodick, in that illand, and one of the gentlemen of the bedchamber to king James VI. and dying in 1602, left iffue by his first wife, Mary, daughter of John Campbell of

Skipnish, a fon and heir,

Sir John, who was knighted by the faid king, and married Elizabeth, daughter and coheir of Robert Hepburn of Ford, in the county of Haddington, with whom he had divers lands in that county; and had a fon, Sir James, his fucceffor; and co-

lonel Thomas, who died in France. His eldest fon,

Sir James, fucceeded him, and was created a baronet by Charles I. in 1627; and by Ifabel his wife, daughter of Sir Dougal Campbell of Auchinbreck, had iffue two fons and three daughters, viz. Sir Dougal; Sir Robert, of Tillicoultry, a fenator of the college of juftice, who married, and had iffue; Elizabeth, wife of Ninian Bannatyne of Keams; Anne, of Alexander Macdonald of Sana; and Jane, of Angus Campbell, jun. of Skipnith. He was fucceeded, in 1662, by his eldeft fon,

"Sir Dougal, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Thornas Ruthven of Dunglas, by his wife lady Mary Lefley; daughter of Alexander earl of Leven, and by her had two fons and three daughters, Sir James; and Dougal, a fenator of the college of juffice, who married Mary, daughter and heir of Alexander Eruce of Blairhall, by whom he had a numerous iffue: Barbara, wife of Alexander Campbell of Barbreck; Margaret, of Dougal Lawmond of that ilk; and —, of — Stuart of Auchinfkeoch. He died in 1672, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon.

Sir James, who was one of the privy council to queen Ann, by whom he was created earl of Bute, &c. He was a great oppofer of the union, and married first, Agnes, daughter of Sir George Mackenzie of Roschaugh, lord advocate or attorney general to king James VII. by whom he had issue James, lord Mountstewart, his heir; and a daughter, lady Margaret, married to John Crawfurd, viscount Garnock, ancestor of the prefent earl of Crawfurd: and secondly, Christian, daughter of William

William Dundas of Kincavil, by whom he had a fon, John, who died without iffue. The earl deceafed in 1710, and was

fucceeded by his eldeft fon.

James, fecond earl, who was a gentleman of the bedchamher to king George I. one of the commissioners of trade in Scotland, lord lieutenant of Buteshire, and one of the fixteen peers for North Britain in the two parliaments of that king. He married lady Ann, daughter of Archibald duke of Argyll, and by her, who died 28 January 1723, had iffue two fons, John, now earl; and James Stuart M Kenzie, who by the entail of his great grandfather, succeeded to the estate at Rosehaugh, and bears the name and arms of M'Kenzie. He is lord privy feal for Scotland, member in the present parliament for Ross-shire, and a privy counsellor. He married lady Betty Campbell, one of the daughters and coheirs of John, late duke of Argyll. And four daughters, lady Mary, married to Sir Robert Menzies of Weem, Bart. lady Anne, to James Ruthven, lord Ruthven; lady Jane, to William Courtenay, Efq; and lady Grace, to John Campbell of Stonefield, Efq; The earl died in 1722, and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

John, third earl of Bute, who was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland in February 1736-7, on the death of the earl of Orkney. In September following he was made a lord of the police; and in August 1738, was invested with the ensigns of the antient order of the thiftle, at Holyrood-house; and was one of the lords of the bedchamber to Frederick, late prince of Wales. He was groom of the stole to his present majesty, while prince of Wales; and upon his majetty's accession to the crown, he was fworn one of the privy council, and appointed groom of the stole to his majesty. In March 1761, his lordship was appointed one of his majesty's principal secretaries of state; and in June following, ranger of Richmond Park. In August following, having been elected one of the fixteen peers of Scotland, he was also el cted chancellor of the university of Aberdeen, and one of the governors of the charter-house. In May 1762, his lordship was appointed first lord of the treasury, which he refigned in April 1763; and upon the 22d of September, 1762, he was installed a knight of the garter at Windfor. He married Mary, only daughter of the honourable Edward Wortley Montague, by the lady Mary Pierpont, daughter of Evelyn, the first duke of Kingston, who died in August 1762, by which lady, who, upon the death of her father in January 1761, succeeded to a very large estate, and in April following was created baroness Mount Stewart of Wortley, in Yorkshire, he has issue five sons, John, lord Mount Stewart, member for Bossiney, in Cornwall, to the present parliament, who married, on November 12, 1766, Miss Windsor, one of the daughters and coheirs of the late viscount Windsor; James, N 2

who, upon the death of his mother, will fucceed to his grandfather's vast estate, taking the firname of Wortley Montague, Frederick, Charles, and William; and fix daughters, lady Mary, who, in September 1761, was married to Sir James Lowther, Bart. lady Jane, lady Anne, married on July 2, 1764, to Hugh, now earl Percy, fon and heir apparent of Hugh duke of Northumberland; ladies Augusta, Caroline, and Louisa

TITLES.] The right honourable John Stuart earl of Bute, baron Mount Stewart, knight of the most noble order of the garter, and of the antient order of the thiftle, and baronet; one of his majefty's most honourable privy council, a governor of the charter-house, ranger of Richmond Park, chancellor of the university of Aberdeen, and one of the fixteen peers for

Scotland.

CREATIONS.] Baronet 28 March 1627, by Charles I. baron Mount Stewart in the ifle of Bute, and earl of Bute 14 April 1703, by queen Anne.

ARMS.] Topaz, a fels cheque pearl and fapphire, within a double treffure, counterflory with fleurs de lis ruby, as being

of the royal family,

CREST.] On a wreath, a demi lion ruby.

SUPPORTERS. ] On the dexter fide, a horse pearl, bridled ruby. On the finister, a stag proper.

Motto.] Avito viret honore.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Mount-stewart in the Isle of Bute; Montague-House, Yorkshire; Luton-Hoe, Bedfordshire, and Kew in Surry.

## HOPE, Earl of HOPETON.

THE firname of Hope is of great antiquity in Scotland; but the ancestor of this family was undoubtedly,

Henry Hope, merchant in Edinburgh, who had iffue by his wife Jacque de Tott, a French lady, Sir Thomas Hope of Craigiehall; who being bred to the law, was by king James VI. preferred to be joint lord advocate, and fole advocate to Charles I. and marrying Elizabeth, daughter of John Bennet of Willingford, had iffue four fons and two daughters, viz. Sir John, of Craigiehall, his successor, ancestor of the Hopes of Kinrofs and Rankailor; Sir Thomas, ancestor of the Hopes of Kerfe; Sir Alexander, cup-bearer to Charles I. Sir James, of Hopeton, ancestor of the earls of Hopeton, of whom we are treating. Mary, wife of Sir Charles Erskine of Alva, and Anne, of David, lord Cardross, ancestor of the earl of Buchan.

James, fourth and youngest fon, was advanced to be a judge in the court of fession 1649. He married Anne, daughter of John Foulis of Leadhills in the county of Lanerk, and by her had many children, none of whom furvived but a daughter Rachael, wife of David Bethune of Balfour, and John his fucceffor. He married, fecondly, lady Mary, daughter of William, feventh earl marshal, by whom he had Sir William Hope of Balconrie, Bart. deputy-governor of the castle of Edinburgh. He died in 1661, and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

John, who, in 1682, accompanying the duke of York from London to Scotland, was drowned at fea, leaving by lady Margaret Hamilton his wife, daughter of John earl of Haddington, Charles his only fon, and a daughter Eleanor, married to Thomas Hamilton earl of Haddington. He was succeeded by

his faid fon,

Charles, who being knight of the shire for the county of Linlithgow, was one of the privy council to queen Anne, and created earl of Hopeton: he was one of the fixteen peers for Scotland from 1722, till his death in March 1741-2. In August 1738, he was invested with the ensigns of the order of the thiffle at Holyrood House. He married lady Henrietta Johnston, daughter of William marquis of Annandale, and by her, who died in 1750, had iffue two fons and fix daughters, viz. John, his fucceffor, and Charles, knight of the shire for Linlithgow from 1743 to the present time. In November 1744, he was made commissary-general of the musters in Scotland, and is governor of Blackness castle, and fellow of the royal fociety: he takes the name of Weir by marrying the heiress of Sir William Weir of Blackwood, Bart. by whom he had two fons and one daughter; but that lady dying, he married fecondly, the lady Anne Vane, daughter of Henry late earl of Darlington, by whom he has two fons. His lordfhip's daughters were, lady Sophia, fecond wife of James earl of Finlater and Seafield; lady Henrietta, wife of Francis lord Napier; lady Margaret, of John Dundas of Duddingston, Efg; lady Christian, of Thomas Graham of Balgowan, Esq. lady Helen, of James Watson of Saughton, Esq. and lady Charlotte, of Thomas lord Erskine. He died in 1741, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, lord Hope, fecond and present earl of Hopeton, who was his majesty's high commissioner to the church of Scotland in 1754, and married lady Anne Ogilvie, eldest daughter of James earl of Finlater and Seasield, by which lady, who died in February 1759, he had issue, Charles lord Hope, James, John, who died in September 1759, Henry, and three daughters, lady Betty, married July 10, 1754, to Henry earl of Drumlanrig, eldest son of the duke of Queensberry, and died in April 1756; the earl, her husband, having been unfortunately killed October 20, 1754, by the accidental going off

N

of his pistol on his journey from Scotland to London; ladies Henrietta and Sophia. His lordship is a commissioner of the police; and of forseited estates.

TITLES. The right honourable John Hope earl of Hope-

ton, and lord Hope.

CREATION.] Earl of Hopeton in the county of Stirling,

15 April 1703, the 2d of queen Anne.

ARMS.] Sapphire, on a chevron topaz, between three befants a bay leaf emerald.

CREST.] On a wreath, a globe split on the top, and above

it a rainbow with a cloud at each end, all proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two women in loose garments, the hair of their heads hanging down, each holding an anchor in the outer hand.

Мотто.] At spes non fracta.

CHIEF SEATS. ] At Hopeton House in West Lothian, and at Ormiston-hall and Byres in East Lothian.

## COLLIER, Earl of PORTMORE.

THE family of Collier are originally descended from the antient house of Robertson of Strowan, the chief of that numerous clan in Scotland.

Sir Alexander Robertson, Bart. settled in Holland, and af-

fumed the name of Collier.

Sir David his fon was in great favour with king William III. and in 1691 affifting in the reduction of Ireland to the king's obedience, was afterwards created lord Portmore. In the first of queen Anne he was promoted to the rank of a major-general,

and in 1703 created earl of Portmore, &c.

In May 1710 he was constituted commander in chief of her majesty's forces in Portugal, in the room of the earl of Galway: in January 1710, he was promoted to the rank of a general of foot, and in 1712 commanded part of the army in Flanders, under James Butler duke of Ormond. In 1712 he was one of the queen's privy council, and in January that year elected a knight of the thiftle. In August 1713, he was appointed governor of Gibraltar, and in October that year chosen one of the fixteen peers for North Britain. In April 1714, he was appointed commander of the royal regiment of Scots dragoons, in the room of John earl of Stair; and marrying Catharine, daughter of Sir Charles Sidley of Great-Chart in the county of Kent, Bart. who by king James VII. was created countels of Dorchester for life, by her had issue two sons, David lord Milfington, who married Bridget, daughter of John Noel of Walcot in the county of Northampton, Efq; third fon of Baptist Noel the second viscount Campden, by his fourth wife, by whom he had feveral children; but he and all his children children dying before the earl, who died in 1729, his brother

Charles became fecond earl of Portmore.

Which Charles, in 1722, was twice chofen member of parliament for Wicomb in the county of Bucks; but his election was declared void. In 1727, he was elected for Andover in Hampshire. In 1734 and 1741, he was elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, and is a knight companion of the antient order of the thiftle.

His lordship, in 1732, married Juliana duches dowager of Leeds, daughter of Roger Hele of the county of Devon, Eq. by whom he has isflue lady Catharine, born December 1733, who in 1750 married Nathaniel Curzon, Eq. (son and heir of Sir Nathaniel Curzon of Kedleston in Derbyshire, Bart.) now lord Scardale; a daughter born 1735; a son lord Milfington, who died January 16, 1756, and other children.

TITLES.] The right honourable Charles Collier, earl and baron of Portmore, viscount Millington, and knight of the

antient order of the thiftle.

CREATIONS.] Baron of Portmore 1 June 1699, by king -William III. viicount Milfington in Tiviotdale and county of Roxburgh, and earl of Portmore 16 April 1703, by queen Anne.

ARMS.] Ruby, on a chevron, between three wolves heads

couped pearl, three trees emerald, fructed of the first.

CREST.] On a wreath, a unicorn rampant pearl, horned and unguled topaz.

SUPPORTERS.] Two wolves pearl.

Motto,] Avance.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Weybridge, in the county of Surry.

#### SCOT, Earl of DELORAINE.

THE family, of which this is a branch, has been already treated of under the title of duke of Buccleugh. I must therefore only observe, that lord Henry Scot, third son of the unfortunate James duke of Monmouth, born in 1676, was by queen Anne dignified with the titles of earl of Deloraine, vifcount Hermitage, and lord Scot, of Goldieland, in the shire of Roxburgh. He was one of the fixteen peers for Scotland in the fifth, fixth, and seventh parliaments of Great-Britain. In 1715, he was appointed colonel of the second troop of grenadice guards; and in 1723, made a knight of the most honourable order of the Bath; after which he was colonel of a regiment of foot, a major-general, and a gentleman of his majesty's bedchamber, in which appointments he died in December 1730.

He married Anne, daughter and heir of William Duncomb of Battlesden in Bedfordshire, Esq; one of the lords justices of Ire-

4 land

#### 184 EARL OF DELORAINE.

land in 1693, and comptroller of the army accounts to queen Anne: by her he had one daughter lady Anne, who died an infant in the first month, and two sons, Francis and Henry. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Francis viscount Hermitage, second earl, who was twice married; but dying in April 1739, and leaving no issue, was

fucceeded by his brother,

Henry, third earl, who being disposed in his youth to a maritime life, was promoted to be a captain in the royal navy, and died in his 27th year, nine months after his brother, in January 1739-40. He married Elizabeth, daughter of John Fenwick, Esq; and left two sons, Henry, born in January 1736, and John in October 1738. He was succeeded by

Henry the eldeft son, fourth and present earl of Deloraine.
TITLES.] The right honourable Henry Scot earl of Deloraine, viscount Hermitage, and baron Scot of Goldieland, all

in the county of Roxburgh.

CREATIONS.] Earl, baron, and viscount, 29 March 1706, 5 Anne.

ARMS.] Topaz, on a bend fapphire, a star between two crescents of the field, a crescent for difference.

Crest. On a wreath, a flag trippant, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two maidens richly attired in antique habits, their under robe emerald, the middle one fapphire, and the uppermost ruby, and each plumed on her head with feathers pearl.

Мотто.] Ато.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Battlesden, in Bedfordsnire, &c.

# VISCOUNTS.

## CAREY, Viscount FALKLAND.

THE family of Carey was antiently feated at Cockington, in the county of Devon, of which was Sir John Carey, knight of the shire for that county, and chief baron of the exchequer in 1387, who died in 1404. From him descended Sir Edward Carey of Berkhampsted, in Hertfordshire, the immediate ancestor of this noble samily, who was master of the jewel office to king James VI. He had a son and successor, Sir Henry; and two daughters, Anne, married to Francis Leak, earl of Scarsdale; and Frances, to George Manners, earl of Rutland.

Sir Henry succeeded his father, and was made knight of the Bath in 1616, at the creation of Charles prince of Wales; and having been the first who brought the news into Scotland of the death of queen Elizabeth, he was thereupon made one of the

gentlemen

gentlemen of the king's bedchamber, and comptroller of his houshold. He was also by that king appointed lord deputy of Ireland, and was elected knight of the shire for the county of Hertford in 1621; but being created a peer of Scotland, it was, after debate, refolved by the house of Commons, to stay to be farther advised upon the question, which being never determined, noblemen of Scotland continued to be chosen till the union. Dying in :633, he left iffue by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Sir Laurence Tanfield, chief baron of the exchequer, Lucius, his heir; and a daughter, Ann, married to James earl of Home. Which Lucius was in 1640 chosen a member in parliament for Newport, in the Isle of Wight, and advanced to be fecretary of state; but on the 20th of September 1642, lost his life at the battle of Newbery, in the 34th year of his age, to the extreme regret of all good men. By his death, learning had the greatest loss in that age, he being thereof a complete master, and a glorious benefactor to it. He married Letitia, daughter of Richard Morrison of Tooley Park, in the county of Leicester, Esq; and had iffue one fon, his successor,

Henry, third viscount, who was a great patron of the muses, to whom he was a votary. He wrote a play, called The Mariage Night, which was well received. About the time of the restoration, he was elected a burges to serve in the house of commons, for Arundel, in the county of Sussex, and appointed lord lieutenant of the county of Oxford; but sour years after, was cut off in the prime of life, in 1664, greatly lamented.

He was succeeded as viscount Falkland by his son,

eldeft fon.

Anthony, fourth vifcount, who in the latter end of Charles II. and the fucceeding reign, was paymafter of the forces; and in the reign of William III. was one of the privy council, and twice a commissioner of the admiralty. He dying in 1694, left is one fon.

Lucius Henry, fifth vifcount, who married firft, Dorothy, daughter of Francis Molineux, of the city of London, Efq, and had by her four fons, the eldeft named Lucius-Charles. His fecond wife was Mifs Dillon, daughter of the lord Dillon, in the kingdom of Ireland, a lieutenant general in the French fervice. His lordfhip dying in France, was fucceeded by his

Lucius-Charles, now vifcount Falkland, who married, in April 1734, first, Jane, daughter and heir of Richard Budler, Eig; an eminent conveyancer in London, widow of the lord Villiers, fon of the earl Grandison of Ireland, by whom he had two sons and sour daughters, viz. —, master of Falkland; Lucius Ferdinand Carey, Eig; governor of Goree, in Africa; Jane, Frances, Mary, and Charlotte. He married secondly, in October 1752, Sarah, daughter and heir of Thomas Inwen,

Liq

Efq; member of parliament for Southwark, and widow of Henry earl of Suffolk.

TITLES.] The right honourable Lucius Carey, baron Ca-

rey, and viscount Falkland.

CREATION.] Baron and viscount Falkland. in the county

of Fife, 10 November 1620, by king James VI.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th pearl, on a bend diamond, three roses of the field, barbed and seeded proper, for Carey; 2d pearl, a fess between fix annulets ruby, for Lucas; 3d, the arms of France and England quarterly, within a border compone, pearl and sapphire, as allied to the Plantagenet family, from that of Beaufort.

CREST.] On a wreath, a fwan, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a unicorn pearl, his horn, mane, tufts, and hoofs, topaz. On the finister, a lion gardant, proper; his ducal crown and plain collar topaz.

Motto.] In utroque fidelis.

## MURRAY, Viscount STORMONT.

HE descent of this family has been recited under the

1 title, Duke of Athol.

Their immediate ancestor was Sir William Murray of Tullibardin, whose youngest son, Sir Andrew, was progenitor of the present viscount Stormont. He married Margaret, daughter and sole heir to James Barclay of Arngoss and Kippo, with whom he had those lands; and was succeeded therein by

Sir David, his eldeft fon, who married Janet, daughter of the lord Lindfay of Byres, and left iffue, Sir Andrew, Sir William, and David. Sir Andrew, the eldeft, married lady Janet Graham, daughter of William earl of Montrofe, and had iffue, Sir Andrew Murray of Balvaird, Sir David, Robert, and Sir Patrick. The male iffue of the eldeft brother failing, the estate devolved on

Sir David Murray of Gosparty, who being bred from his youth at the court of king James VI, was first made cup-bear er to his majethy, and then master of the horse, captain of the guard, comptroller of Scotland, one of the privy council, and exeated baron of Scoon, and viscount Stormont. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir David Beton of Creich; but dying without issue, was succeeded, pursuant to the entail, by

Sir Mungo Murray, second viscount, brother of John, the first earl of Tullibardin, and son of Anne, daughter of Sir Andrew Murray of Arngosk and Balvaird, neice of the first viscount. Which Sir Mungo dying also without issue, the honour of Stormout, by virtue also of the entail, descended to

James Murray, earl of Annandale, third "vifcount; and he also dying without issue, we return to Sir Andrew Murray of Ealvaird, the elder brother to the first lord Stormont, who be-

ing

ing created lord Balvaird in 1641; and marrying lady Eli-

zabeth Carnegy, daughter of David earl of Southesk, had five fons, a daughter, Barbara, married to Patrick, the tenth

lord Grey, and others.

David, the eldest son, succeeding, he also, by the death of James earl of Annandale, became fourth viscount Stormont. He married lady Elizabeth Carnegy, daughter of James earl of Southesk, and widow of the aforesaid James earl of Annandale, and by her had iffue David, his heir; and two daughters, Katharine, married to William Keith, earl of Kintore; and Amelia, who died unmarried. His fon,

David, fifth viscount, succeeded; and marrying Marjory, daughter of David Scot of Scotstarvet, in Fiseshire, had iffue fix fons and eight daughters, of whom Marjory was married to colonel John Hay of Cromlix, who had the title of earl of Inverness from the Pretender, and forfeited in the rebellion 1715; he was fecond fon of Thomas earl of Kinnoul; and Amelia. to Sir Alexander Lindsay of Evelick, in Perthshire, Bart.

The second son, James, was knight of the shire for Dumfries in 1710; in the fourth parliament was elected for the boroughs of Elgin, &c. and was one of her majesty's commissaries for fettling the trade with France. In 1715, he was returned for the fame burghs, but voted not duly elected. He foon after went abroad, and lived at the court of the Pretender, whom he ferved in divers capacities, and from him had the title of earl of Dunbar.

Of William, the fourth fon, the reader will fee a full account, under the title of lord Mansfield, in Collins's Peerage,

vol. VII. page 397.

David, the eldeft, fixth viscount, succeeded his father, and married the daughter and fole heir of John Stewart of Innernytie, Esq; by whom he had two sons and two daughters, David, James, Anne and Marjory. He died in 1748, and was

fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

David, feventh and present viscount Stormont, who at the two last elections was chosen one of the fixteen peers; in December 1755, he was appointed his majesty's ambassador to the king of Poland, and in May 1763, his majesty's ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to the emperor and empress of Germany, and is a lord of the privy council. He married Henrietta-Frederica, daughter of Henry, count Bunau, and by her has iffue a daughter, Elizabeth-Mary.

TITLES.] The right honourable David Murray, viscount Stormont, baron of Scoon and Balvaird, and heretable keeper

of the palace of Scoon.

CREATIONS.] Baron of Scoon, 7 April 1604, and viscount Stormont, being a barony in the county of Perth, 26 April 1612, both by James VI. and lord Balvaird, in Fifeshire, by

Charles I. 1641.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th fapphire, three stars pearl, within a double treffure, counterflory with fleurs de lis, topaz, for Murray; 2d and 3d ruby, three croffes pattee pearl, for Barclay of Balvaird.

CREST.] On a wreath, a buck's head couped, proper, with

a cross pattee between his antlers, as in the arms.

SUPPORTERS. ] Two lions ruby.

MOTTO.] Meliora spero.

CHIEF SEATS. ] At Cumlingum castle, in Annandale; and at Scoon, in Perthshire.

# ARBUTHNOT, Viscount ARBUTHNOT.

THE firname of this family is local, and was assumed by the proprietors of the lands and barony of Arbuthnot, in the Mearns, as early as the first use of sirnames in Scotland.

In the year 1160, Hugo, the first of this family, marrying a daughter of the family of Oliphard, sheriff of the county of Mearns, with her he had the lands of Arbuthnot in that county, and was succeeded by Duncan de Arbuthnot, and he by his fon Hugo, who had a fon Hugo, whose fon Duncan died in 1 14, and had iffue another Duncan, who had a fon Hugo, and he a fon Philippus, whole fon Hugh was fucceeded by his fon Robert, who died in 1450. He was succeeded by his eld-eft son, David, who was succeeded by his eldest son, James, whose eldest son, Robert, was succeeded, in 1379, by his eldest fon Andrew, whose eldest fon, Sir Robert, dying without male iffue, was fucceeded by his nephew, whose eldest fon,

Sir Robert Arbuthnot of that ilk, for his loyalty to king Charles I. was dignified with the title of baron of Inverbervie, and viscount Arbuthnot. He married lady Marjory Carnegie,

daughter of David earl of Southesk, and had a son,

Robert, fecond viscount, who married first, the lady Elizabeth Keith, daughter of William earl Marshal, and had by her Robert, who succeeded him: and by Katharine his second wife, daughter of John Gordon of Pitburgh, Esq; he had John Arbuthnot of Fordon; Alexander, who took the firname of Maitland, upon his marrying the heiress of Pitrichie; and Thomas Arbuthnot: also three daughters, Catharine, married to Mr. Robert Gordon of Clunie; Anne, to Mr. John Horn of Westerhall; and Helen, to John Macfarlane of that ilk; and fecondly, to Mr. John Spotswood of that ilk, who all had issue. He died in 1684, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, third viscount Arbuthnot, who married the lady Ann Sutherland, daughter of George earl of Sutherland, by whom he had two fons, Robert and John; and four daughters, Jane,

VISCOUNT ARBUTHNOT. 189

Jane, married to captain Crawfurd of Camlurg; Anne, Mary, and Margaret, who all three died unmarried. Dying in 1692, he was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, fourth vifcount, who dying unmarried in 1710.

was succeeded by his brother,

John, fifth viscount Arbuthnot, who married Jane, daughter of William Morrison of Preston Grange, Efg, but dying without filte, May 1756, aged 64, the title descended to his cousin, son of John Arbuthnot of Fordun, before noticed, eledest son, by the second marriage, of Robert the second viscount. Which John is the fixth and present viscount Arbuthnot; and married first, May, daughter of — Douglas of Bridgesord, by whom he had no issue; and secondly, Jane, daughter of Alexander Arbuthnot of Findourie, by whom he has issue three sons and two daughters, viz. Robert, master of Arbuthnot; John, Hugh, Charlotte, and Margaret.

TITLES.] The right honourable John Arbuthnot, viscount

and baron Arbuthnot, in the county of Kincardin.

CREATION.] Vifcount and baron, 16 November, 1641. ARMS.] Sapphire, a crefcent between three flars, pearl. CREST.] On a wreath, a peacock's head couped, proper. SUPPORTERS.] Two wyverns emerald, fpouting fire. MOTTO.] Laus Deo.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Arbuthnot, in Kincardinshire.

# INGRAM, Viscount IRVINE:

ARTHUR Ingram, a wealthy citizen of London, purchased the manor of Temple Newsom, and other lands in Yorkshire, and was high sheriff of that county in 1619. He had a son Arthur, high sheriff of the same county in 1630, whose eldest son, Sir Thomas Ingram, was chancellor of the dutchy of Lancaster, and of the privy council to king Charles II. He married Frances, daughter of Thomas viscount Falconberg; but dying without issue, was succeeded by his brother Sir Arthur, and he by his eldest son Henry, who having manifested his loyalty to king Charles I. and II. was by the latter created lord Ingram and viscount Irvine. He married lady Eslex, eldest daughter of Edward the second earl of Manchester, and had issue stevo sons, Arthur his heir, and Edward, and a daughter Essex, who died unmarried.

Arthur, the eldeft fon, who fucceeded as fecond viscount Irvine, married Isabel, daughter of John Matchell, of Horshaus in Suffex, Eq. by whom he had islue seven sons, Richard, Edward, Arthur, Henry, and Charles, successively viscounts Irvine; George, canon of Windsor, and chaplain to the house of Commons; and William, an eminent merchant in Holland, He died in 1702, and was succeeded by his eldest son.

Richard.

Richard, third viscount, who was governor of Hull, a colonel in the guards, and appointed governor of Barbadoes; but died in 1721, before he could embark for his government. He married lady Anne Howard, second daughter of Charles earl of Carlisle, but having no issue, was succeeded by his next furviving brother,

Arthur, fourth viscount, who dying in 1736, was succeeded

by his brother,

Henry, fifth viscount, who was elected to parliament for Horsham in 1722; and being made commissary of stores at Gibraltar, was re-elected in May 1727, and again at the general election the same year. He was again elected in the parliament of 1734, and being made commissary of the stores in Minorca, in May 1730, he was re-chosen. He was appointed lord lieutenant of Yorkshire, in the room of his brother; but dying in 1736, without issue, was succeeded by his brother.

Charles, fixth viscount, who was a colonel in the guards, and adjutant general of the forces, was elected member for Horsham in 1737, and continued in parliament till his death,

in 1748. He was succeeded by his son,

Charles, the present and seventh viscount, who was chosen member in parliament for Horsham, when he succeeded to the pecrage. He married Miss Shepherd, a great fortune, by whom he has issue.

TITLES.] The right honourable Charles Ingram, baron Ingram of Irvine, and viscount Irvine, in the county of Air. CREATIONS.] Viscount and baron, 3 May 1661, by king

Charles II.

ARMS.] Ermine, on a fess, ruby, three escallopshells, topaz.

CREST.] On a wreath, a cock, proper.

Supporters.] On the dexter fide, a griffin, quarterly, ruby, and pearl. On the finifier, an antelope of the laft, horned, mained, tailed, and hoofed, topaz, and gorged with a ducal crown, ruby.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Hills, in the county of Suffex; and at

Temple Newfom, near Leeds, in the county of York.

## OSBORNE, Viscount DUNBLAINE.

SEE an account of this noble family under *Duke of Leeds*, (who is viscount Dunblaine) in Collins's Peerage, vol. I. page 237.

# B A R O N S.

## BORTHWICK, Lord BORTHWICK.

COME writers deduce the origin of this family from one An-I dreas, a fon of the lord of the castle of Burtick, in Livonia, who accompanied queen Margaret from Hungary to Scotland in the year 1057. They have been long a great and numerous family in Scotland, however, and Thomas de Borthwick obtained some lands near Lauder, in Berwickshire, from Robert Lauder of Quarrelwood, in the reign of king David II. who ascended the throne of Scotland in 1329. He left issue a fon, Sir William, who possessed the lands of Catkune in 1378. His fon Sir William was one of the guarantees of the treaty of peace with the English, in the year 1398, and had issue another Sir William, of Borthwick, who was one of the commissioners appointed to treat with the English in December 1400, and also in 1404 and 1405, and got a charter from Robert duke of Albany, governor of Scotland, of the lands and barony of Borthwick, which formerly belonged to Robert Scot, dated June 4, 1410. He was employed in many other affairs of state, and was created lord Borthwick before the year 1430, in which title he was succeeded by his son William, the second lord, who had been one of the hostages for king James I's ransom, in 1424, was ambassador to Rome in 1425, and was knighted in 1430. He was also three times ambassador to the court of England. He was succeeded about 1461, by his eldest son, William, third lord, who married Maryote-de Hope-Pringle, by whom he had iffue two fons and four daughters; William, his heir; Alexander of Nenthorn, of whom hereafter; Agnes, wife of David, earl of Cassilis; Catharine, of William, earl of Glencairn; Mary, of James Hope-Pringle of Gallashiels; and Margaret, of Sir Oliver Sinclair of Roslin. He was slain, with his royal mafter, James IV. at the fatal battle of Floddon, in 1513, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

William, fourth lord, who by his wife Margaret, daughter of John Hay, lord Yester, had iffue a fon, John, fifth lord, and two daughters, Catharine, wife of Sir James Crichton, lord Fendraught; and Janet, of Alexander Lauder, fon and

heir of Alexander Lauder of Hatton. He died in 1542.

John, fifth lord, was a great loyalift, and firm friend to queen Mary, and married Elizabeth, daughter of David earl of Crawfurd, by whom he had iffue one daughter, Maryota, wife of Andrew Hope-Pringle of Gallafhiels; and

William, fixth lord, who by his wife Grizel, daughter of Sir Walter Scot, ancestor of the duke of Buccleugh, had issue

a fon,

James, seventh lord, who left issue by Margaret his wife,

daughter of William Hay, lord Yester, John, eighth lord, who was a faithful and loyal fubject of

king Charles I. and by lady Elizabeth, daughter of William

earl of Lothian, his wife, had iffue,

John, ninth lord, who died without iffue, in 1672; whereupon the title devolved upon Henry, fon of captain Henry Borthwick, by his wife Mary, daughter of Sir Robert Pringle of Stitchel; which captain Henry was fon of William, fon of Alexander, second fon of William, fon of William, fon of Alexander, fecond fon of William, third lord Borthwick, before-mentioned.

Which Henry, tenth and present lord, having proved his descent, as above, has voted at every election of peers to serve

for Scotland, fince 1734.

TITLES. ] Henry Borthwick, lord Borthwick. CREATION. | Lord Borthwick, anno 1424. ARMS.] Pearl, three cinquefoils, topaz. CREST. ] A negro's head, couped, proper. SUPPORTERS ] Two angels, proper, winged, topaz. Motto.] Qui conducit. CHIEF SEAT. 1 Borthwick castle, in Lothian.

# FORBES, Lord FORBES.

THE first of this name on record, was John de Forbes, who flourished in the reign of William the lion, and possessed the lands and barony of Forbes. His fon, Fergus de Forbes, had a fon and fucceffor, Alexander Forbes, who in 1303 refolutely defended his castle of Urquhart, near Elgin, against king Edward I. which being taken by fform, he and the whole garrison were put to the sword; and by that fatal stroke his family had been extinct, if his wife had not preferved it by Alexander, a posthumous fon; which Alexander, in compensation of what his father had loft in the fervice of his country, had a grant from king Robert I. of divers lands; but he inheriting the principles of his father, and loyally adhering to king David Bruce against Edward Baliol, was slain at the great battle of Duplin, in the year 1332.

In the reign of Kobert II. Sir John Forbes of that ilk, the fon of the aforesaid Alexander, acquiring from Thomas earl of Mar, several lands in the county of Aberdeen, was therein confirmed by the charter of that king; and in the fifth of Robert III. was conflituted justice and coroner of that county. He had four fons, three of whom were knighted; Sir John, the third, was founder of the family of Tolquhon, from whom .descended those of Culloden, Waterton, and Foveran: Sir William, the fecond, was ancestor of the lord Pitsligo; Alex-

anders

ander, the youngest, was ancestor of the Forbes's of Brux, &c. and Sir Alexander, the eldest, succeeded his father, and was created lord Forbes. He married lady Elizabeth, daughter of George earl of Angus, and obtained a grant from John earl of Buchan, to himself, and the said Elizabeth his wise, of the lands of Milkie, Fintry, Blackton, and Balcros. He had issue a son, James, second lord.

Which James, fecond lord, was knighted by king James II. and by lady Egidia his wife, daughter of William, first earl Marshal, had three sons, William, his heir; Duncan, ancestor of the Forbes's of Corsindal, Monimusk, &c. &c. and Patrick, from whom descended Sir Arthur Forbes, Knt. and Bart. father of Arthur, the first earl of Granard, in Ireland, He was fucceed-

ed by his eldest son,

William, third lord, who marrying Christian, daughter of

Alexander first earl of Huntley, had three fons, viz.

Alexander, fourth lord, who dying without iffue, was fucceeded by

Arthur, his brother, fifth lord, who also dying without issue,

the honour devolved on his youngest brother,

John, fixth lord Forbes, who married first, lady Catharine Stewart, daughter of John earl of Athol, by whom he had a fon, James, who died young; and a daughter, Elizabeth, wife of —— Grant of that ilk; and secondly, Christian, daughter of Sir John Lundy of that ilk, by whom he had issue of on, William; and four daughters, Margaret, wife of Andrew Fraser of Muchil, ancestor of lord Fraser; Elizabeth, first, of Gilbert Keith of Troup; and secondly, of Alexander Innes of that ilk; Marjory, of Gilbert Forbes of Brux; and Christian, of William lord Ruthven. His third wife was Elizabeth, widow of Alexander lord Elphingstone, by whom he had a son, Arthur, of Putachie; and a daughter, Janet, first, the wife of John earl of Athol; secondly, of Alexander Hay of Dalgity; and thirdly, of William Leslie of Balquhain. He died in 1547, and was succeeded by his eldest son.

William, seventh lord, who was one of the gentlemen of the bedchamber to king James V. and marrying Elizabeth, daughter and coheir of Sir William Keith of Innerrugy, by her had six sons and eight daughters, viz. John, master of Forbes; William, of Fodderhouse; James, of Lethinty; Robert, prior of Monimusk, Arthur, of Logic; and Abraham, of Blackstoun: Jane, married to James, lord Ogilvy of Airly; Elizabeth, to Henrý lord Sinclair; Christian, to George Johnston of Caskieben; Isabel, to John Gordon of Pitlurg; Catharine, to Barclay of Gartly, in Aberdeenshire; Margaret, to George Sinclair of May; Barbara, to Alexander Allardice of that ilk; and Anne, to Sir John Seton of Bains. He died in 1593, and

was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, eighth lord, who married first, lady Margaret, daughter of Alexander earl of Huntley, by whom he had a fon, John, who entered into holy orders abroad, and died without issue; and two daughters, Jane, wife of William Cummin of Earnfide; and Margaret, of George Sinclair of Dunbeath: And fecondly, Janet, daughter of James Seton of Touch, by whom he had a daughter, Catharine, wife of - Gordon of Rothmay; and a fon,

Arthur, ninth lord, who married Jane, daughter of Alexander lord Elphingston, and by her had five sons and three daughters; Alexander; colonel John; colonel William; captain Arthur, and captain James Forbes; which two last were killed in the wars in Germany: Barbara, wife of George earl of Seaforth; Anne, of - Forbes of Echt; and Elizabeth, of Skeen of that ilk. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alexander, tenth lord, who ferved under the great Guftavus Adolphus, king of Sweden, against the Imperialists, where he attained the degree of a lieutenant general; and at the beginning of the civil war in Great Britain, returning to his native country, was one of the commanders in the army fent from Scotland into Ireland, to Suppress the Irish rebellion, in 1643. He married first, Ann, daughter of Sir John Forbes of Pitsligo, and had iffue by her, William, mafter of Forbes, and several other children, who died young: And fecondly, Elizabeth, daughter of - Forbes of Rires, by whom he had two fons and three daughters; colonel James; captain Arthur: Chriitian, wife of John Forbes of Balflug; Mary, first, of Hugh Role of Kilravock; and secondly, of - Kinnaird of Cowberie; and Anne, who died unmarried; also eight other children, who died young. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, eleventh lord, who married Jane, daughter of John Campbell of Calder, by whom he had three fons, William, Arthur, and Archibald; and two daughters, Mary, first married to William Sutherland, fon of James, the fecond lord Duffus; and fecondly, to Sir Robert Gordon of Gordonfton; and Elizabeth, to - Leith of Whitehaugh. Dying in 1691,

he was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

William, twelfth lord, who was made one of the privy council by king William III. and colonel of a regiment of dragoons. In the beginning of queen Ann's reign, he was lieutemant colonel of the horse guards in Scotland, commanded by Archibald duke of Argyll, and continued a privy counsellor. He married Ann. daughter of James Brodie of that ilk, and had two fons, William and James; and one daughter, Mary, wife of John Ogilvie of Balbegno; and dying in 1716, was fucceeded by

William, his eldest son, thirtcenth lord, who married Dorothy, daughter of William Dale of Covent Garden, West-

minster,

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minker, Efq; by whom he had one fon and three daughters; Francis, his fucceffor; Mary, who died young; Jane, wife of captain James Dundas, jun. of Dundas; and Elizabeth, of Dr. John Gregory, professor of medicine in the university of Aberdeen. He deceased in the year 1730, and was succeeded by his son.

Francis, fourteenth lord Forbes, who dying a minor, was

fucceeded by his uncle.

James, fifteenth lord, fecond fon of William the twelfth lord, who married firft, Mary, fifter of Alexander Forbes, lord Pitfligo, by whom he had iffue James, the prefent lord; and three daughters, Sophia, married to Charles Cummin of Kinninmount; Mary, to James Gordon of Cowbardie; and Anne, to Thomas Erkine of Pittodrie. By his fecond wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir James Gordon of Park, Bart. he had no iffue. He died in 1761, and was succeeded by his fon,

James, now fixteenth lord Forbes, who married Catharine, daughter of Sir Robert Innes of Orton, Bart. by whom he has a daughter. His lordship is lieutenant governor of Fort Wil-

liam, in Scotland.

TITLES. ] The right honourable James Forbes, lord Forbes.

CREATION. | Lord Forbes, by king James II.

ARMS.] Sapphire, three bears heads couped, pearl, muzzled, ruby.

CREST.] On a wreath, a flag's head erazed, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two greyhounds pearl, each having a plain collar, ruby.

Мотто. ] Grace me guide.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Cassle Forbes, and Putachie, in Aberdeenshire,

#### FRASER, Lord SALTON.

THE original of the illustrious name of Fraser, I shall take notice of under the attainted title of Fraser, lord Lovat.

Sir William Fraser, second son of Sir Alexander, second son of Sir Simon, of Oliver castle, who was one of the greatest hereose of his time, was the immediate ancestor of this noble family.

Which Sir William was succeeded by his eldest fon, Sir Alexander, who was a man of great parts and merit, and highly in favour with king Robert II. He was succeeded, about 1408, by his eldest son, Sir William, and he by his son, Sir Alexander, in 1441. His eldest son, Alexander, baron of Philorth, was succeeded by his eldest son, Alexander, and he by his brother, Sir William, whose son, Alexander, was succeeded by his eldest son, another Alexander, whose son, Sir Alexander Fraser of Philorth and Frasersburg, went twice am-

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bassador from king James VI. to the court of Denmark, and conveyed him into England on his accession to that crown: after which he obtained from that king a charter of regality, and freedom to build a cassle at his town of Frasersburg, which town, harbour, and cassle, he erected at his own charge. He married Magdalen, daughter of Sir Walter Ogilvy of Dundugas, ancestor of lord Bamss, by whom he had issue Sir Alexander; Walter, who died unmarried; James, ancestor of the Frasers of Tyrie; Thomas, an ingenious antiquary, who wrote memoirs of his family, &c. Isabel, the wife of Patrick Cheyne of Estemont; Margaret, of — Hay of Urie; and Elizabeth, of William Crawfurd of Federet. He died at his cassle of Frasersburgh, April 12, 1623, and was succeeded by his eldest fon.

Sir Alexander, who married Margaret, daughter of George lord Salton, who proved the heirefs of that antient and noble family. By her he had iffue two fons and two daughters, Sir Alexander; Sir John, who had no iffue; —, wife of ——Forbes of Blacktoun; and —, of — Baird of Auchmed-

din. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Alexande. Frafer of Philorth, who, in right of his mother, became heir of his grandfather, George Abernethy, lord Salton, and accordingly had the honours and dignities of lord Salton and Abernethy granted to him and his heirs by king Charles I. and ratified by the parliament in 1670. He was very zealous in the fervice of king Charles I. and II. and carried a regiment to Worcefter at his own charge; after the royal party was defeated, he was obliged to travel home on foot. He was also an eminent speaker in parliament and church affemblies, had the honour of some share in bringing about the king's reitoration, and lived to the age of ninety years. He married first, ——, daughter of William Forbes of Tolquhoun, by whom he had one daughter, the wife of Alexander Fraser of Teckmurray; and secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Meander Seton, laird of Meldrum, by whom he had iliue,

Alexander Fraser, master of Salton, who died before his father, in 1682. He was frequently a member of the privy council in Sociland, and married three wives, first, lady Ann, eldest daughter of William third earl of Lothian, by whom he had Alexander, who died unmarried; and Wisliam lord Salton: secondly, lady Marian Coningham, daughter of William earl of Gleneairn, widow of James, the first earl of Finlater; and Lattly, lady Sophia Erskine, daughter of Alexander earl of Kelly, by neither of whom he had issue ; whereupon his second son,

William, fecond lord, succeeded his grandfather, and marnied Margaret, daughter of Dr. James Sharp, archbishop of St. Andrews, by whom he had-ishe two sons and sour daughters; Alexander, lord Salton; William Fraser of Frasersheld, married to lady Katharine, daughter of the earl of Buchan, and by her, who died in 1732, had iffue, James Fraser of Lonmay, married to lady Eleanor, daughter of Colin, earl of Balcarras, and left one son. The daughters were, Helen, married to Sir James Gordon of Park; Henrietta, to John Gordon of Kinedder, Esq; Mary, to William Dalmahoy of Ravelrig, Esq; and Isabel. He died in 1716, and was succeeded by his eldeft fon,

Alexander, third lord Salton, who married lady Mary, daughter of George earl of Aberdeen, sometime chancellor of Scotland; and by her, who died in February 1753, had iffue, Alexander, who fucceeded his father, and was fourth lord,

but died without iffue; William, who died also without iffue;

George, the prefent lord; Anne and Sophia.

Which George, fifth lord Salton, married his coufin-german, Helen, daughter of John Gordon of Kinnedder, Esq; by whom he has issue two fons and two daughters, viz. Alexander, master of Salton; John Fraser, Esq; Henrietta and Mary.

TITLE.] The right honourable George Fraser, lord Salton

and Abernethy.

CREATION.] Baron Salton, in East Lothian, by king James II. and fo granted and confirmed by king Charles I.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st fapphire, three cinquefoils, pearl, for Fraser; 2d topaz, a lion rampant, ruby, debruised with a ribband, diamond, for Abernethy; 3d ruby, a lion rampant, pearl, for Ross; 4th as the first.

CREST.] On a wreath, an offrich, with a horse-shoe in its

beak.

Supporters. ] Two angels.

Morro.] In God is all.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Philorth and Frasersburgh, in Aberdeenshire.

## GRAY, Lord GRAY.

THIS noble and antient family took their firname from the castle of Croy, in Picardy, of which was Anschetil de Croy, who coming into England with William the Norman, obtained divers lands in the county of Oxford, and elsewhere; and from him fprang many great and illustrious families in England, as the dukes of Suffolk and Kent, the marquis of Dorfet, the earls of Tankerville and Stamford, the barons Grey of Codnor, Ruthin, Wilton, Roleston, Wark, &c. also of Chillingham, from which last is descended the lord Gray of Scotland.

Sir Andrew de Gray of Chillingham, in the county of Northumberland, for his good and faithful fervices to Robert Bruce, obtained from that king, in 1315, the manor of Long-

forgan, in the county of Perth, with others in the county of Forfar, and had also a grant of the lands of Browfield and Broxmouth. His son, Sir David, had a son, Sir John, who was one of the hostages for the ransom of king David II. when a prisoner in England.

To him succeeded his second son, Sir Patrick, whose wife was named Margaret, but of what family is not faid, and by

her he had

Sir-Andrew, his heir, who married Janet, daughter and heir of Roger Mortimer, lord of Foulis, with whom he had that

barony. He was fucceeded by his only fon,

Sir Andrew, who was one of those great persons who were hostages for the ransom of king James I. and in the reign of king James II. were confirmed hereditary lords. By Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Sir John Wemyss of Rires, ancestor of the earl of Wemyss, he had Andrew, his heir, and three daughters: and by his fecond wife, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Walter Buchanan, Knt. had issue four sons. He died before

the year 1449, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Andrew, fecond lord, who had iffue by Elizabeth his wife, (of what family is not recorded) Patrick, mafter of Gray, and 'Andrew. He died in 1469, and his eldest fon, Patrick, dying before him, and leaving, by his wife Annabella, daughter of Alexander lord Forbes, a fon, Sir Andrew, he, on the death of his grandfather, became third lord Gray, and was one of the privy council to king James IV, and juffice general of Scotland. By his first wife, Janet, daughter of John lord Keith, son of William earl Marshal, he had Patrick, his heir; and by his fecond, who was the lady Elizabeth Stewart, daughter of John earl of Athol, he had Robert Gray; Gilbert, of Buttergask; Andrew Gray of Mureton; and Sir Edward; and four daughters. He died in 1514, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Patrick, fourth lord, who dying without male iffue, was fucceeded by Patrick, his nephew, fon of his brother Gilbert, who became fifth lord; and the faid Patrick accompanying king James V. to the battle of Solway, 1542, was there taken prisoner, and paid several hundred pounds for his ransom. He married Marian, daughter of James lord Ogilvy, anceftor of the earl of Finlater, and by her had Patrick, his heir, Andrew, James, Robert, and Patrick; and feveral daughters. He died in 1582, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Patrick, fixth lord, who married Barbara, daughter of Patrick lord Ruthven, and by her was father of five fons and five daughters. Dying in 1609, he was succeeded by his eldest son,

Patrick, feventh lord, who was gentleman of the bedchamber, mafter of the wardrobe, and one of the privy council to king James VI. and marrying lady Mary Sinclair, daughter of Robert earl of Orkney, ancestor of the lord Sinclair, by her

had two fons, Andrew, his fucceffor; and William; and fix daughters. He died in 1612, and was fucceeded by his eldeft on the state of t

Andrew, eighth lord Gray, who was fined 15001. for his adherence to the cause of king Charles I. He was lieutenant to the Gens d'Arms in France, under James duke of York, their captain; and having married Jane, countess dowager of Buchan, sister of James Ögilvy, earl of Finlater, by her had an only daughter, Ann, who being married to

William, the son of Sir William Gray of Pittendrum, defeended from Andrew Gray of Mureton, above-mentioned, he, in her right, became master of Gray; and dying in 1660, he left by the said lady Ann, his wife, three sons, Patrick,

William, and Charles; and

Patrick, the eldeft, fucceeding his grandfather, was ninth lord, and married Barbara, daughter of Andrew lord Balvaird, fifter of David vifcount Stormont, and by her had Marjory, his daughter and heir, miftrefs of Gray; who marrying John Gray of Crichie, grandfon of Sir William Gray of Pittendrum, the faid John became tenth lord Gray, upon the decease of his father-in-law, in 1711; and by his faid wise had three sons, John, William, and Alexander; and three daughters, Barbara, Catharine, and Elizabeth. He died in 1724, and was succeeded by his eldeft son,

John, eleventh lord, who married Helen, daughter of Alexander lord Blantyre, and by her had two fons and one daughter; John, mafter of Gray; Charles; and Anne, wife of William Gray of Balegarno, Efg; and dying in 1738, was

fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, twelith and prefent lord Gray, who in 1741, married Miß Blair, heires of Kinfauns, near Perth, by whom he has iffue three sons, Andrew, mafter of Gray; Charles and William; John; and seven daughters, Jane, Helen, Margaret, Barbara, Elizabeth, Anne, and Mary.

TITLES.] The right honourable John Gray, lord Gray.

CREATION.] So created by king James II.

ARMS.] Ruby, a lion rampant, within a border ingrailed, pearl.

CREST.] On a wreath, an anchor in pale, topaz.

Supporters ] Two lions gardant, ruby.

MOTTO.] Anchor fatt anchor.

CHIEF SEATS.] At the callle of Gray; and at Foulis, in the Carfe of Gowry.

## CATHCART, Lord CATHCART.

THE firname of this ancient family is local, and taken from their lands and barony of Kethcart, in Renfrewshire, of which was Reynald de Kethcart, who in 1178, was witness to a

O 4 chart

charter of Allan, the son of Walter Dapifer; and Wishiam de Kethcart, his son, was one of those barons who swore allegiance to king Edward I. of England. To him succeeded his son, Sir Allan, a faithful adherer to the interest of king Robert I. and he marrying the fifter and coheir of Sir Duncan Wallace of Sundrum, in Airshire, with her had that barony; and they had a son, Sir Allan, and he a son and successor. Sir Allan, whose son, Allan, had a son, Sir Allan, who succeeded him, in 1446.

Which Sir Allan was dignified with the title of lord Cathcare by king James II. in the year 1442. He was also in great favour with king James III. who appointed him warden of the west marches towards England in 1481, and for his services, rewarded him with a grant of the barony of Dundonald, and the lands of Tarbath, in King's Kyle, and made him master of the artillery. He married Janet, a daughter of the family of Maxwell, and had six sons; Allan, the eldest, dying before

him, left a fon,

John, fecond lord, who fucceeded his grandfather; and marrying Margaret, daughter of John Kennedy of Blairquhan, had

Allan, his heir apparent, who was flain at the battle of Floddon in 1513. He married Margaret, daughter of Patrick

Maxwell of Newark, and by her had

Allan, third lord, who fucceeded his grandfather; but he lofing his life at the battle of Pinkie, in 1547, left by Helen

his wife, daughter of William lord Semple,

Allan, fourth lord Cathcart, who was a hearty promoter of the reformation from popery, and one of the first peers who took arms in defence of the young king James VI. against the earl of Bothwell, who had married the queen. In recompence whereof, when his majesty came to the crown, he made him master of the houshold, with several beneficial grants. He married Margaret, daughter of John Wallace of Craigy, and heir to Wallace of Sundrum, and had a son,

Allan, who dying before him, left by Isabel his wife, daugh-

ter of Thomas Kennedy of Bargany,

Allan, fifth lord, who succeeded his grandfather in 1618; and marrying two wives, first, lady Margaret, daughter of Francis carl of Bothwell; and secondly, Jane, daughter of Sir Alexander Colquhoun of Lus; by the last, who afterwards married Sir George Hamilton, third son of James, the first earl of Abercorn, left an insant son,

Allan, fixth lord, who fucceeded his father. He married Marian, daughter of David Boswell of Auchinleck; and dying in 1709, in the 81st year of his age, left issue (inter alia)

Allan, feventh lord, who married Elizabeth Dalrymple, daughter of James vifcount Stair, and had three fons, Allan,
Charles.

Charles, and James; and a daughter, Margaret, who was married to Sir Adam Whitford of Blairquhan, Bart. and the faid Allan, lord Cathcart, died in 1732, aged 85; and Allan, the eldeft son, having perished at sea going to Holland, he was

fucceeded by his fecond fon,

Charles, eighth lord, who was first groom, and afterwards gentleman of the bedchamber to king George II. He was one of the fixteen peers for Scotland in the eighth parliament from the union, colonel of a regiment of horse in Ireland, and governor of Duncannon; but commanding the land forces, in chief, on an expedition with admiral Vernon, against the Spaniards, in the West Indies, he died at Dominica in 1740. and brigadier Thomas Wentworth succeeded in the command. He married first, Margaret, daughter of Sir John Schaw of Greenock, Bart. and had iffue by her a fon and heir, Charles; and two daughters, Eleonora, married to Sir John Houston of that ilk, Bart. and Mary-Anne, to the Hon. William, master of Napier, fon and heir of the lord Napier, in December 1754. He married fecondly, in 1739, Mrs. Sabine, widow of Joseph Sabine of Tring, in Hertfordshire, Esq; but without iffue; and her lord dying as aforesaid, she married, to her third husband, lieutenant colonel Hugh Macguire. He was fucceeded by his only fon,

Charles-Schaw, ninth lord Cathcart, who in the year 1745, received his commiffion as lieutenant colonel, and is now a lieutenant general, and governor of Dunbarton caftle. In 1748, he was one of the hoftages for the delivery of Cape Breton to the king of France, by virtue of the treaty of Aix la Chapelle. He was chosen one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, upon the death of the duke of Gordon, in 1752, and re-chosen in the last and present parliaments. In May 1756, he was appointed his majesty's high commissioner to the general assembly in Scotland, in which he was continued for several succeeding years, and is adjutant general for Scotland, first commissioner of the police, and a knight of the thiss. He married, July 24, 1753, Jane, daughter of lord Archibald Hamilton, and fifter of the counters Brooke and of Warwick, by whom he has issue, William, master of Cathcart; Charles-Allan, George,

Jane, Mary, and Louisa.

TITLES. The right honourable Charles Cathcart, lord Cathcart.

CREATION.] So created by king James II. in 1442.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th fapphire, three cross croslets fitchy, isluing out of as many crescents, pearl, for Cathcart; 2d and 3d ruby, a lion rampant, pearl, for Wallace, as marrying that heires.

CREST.] On a wreath, a dexter hand couped above the wrist,

and erect, proper, grasping a crescent, as in the arms.

## LORD SOMERVILLE.

Supporters.] Two parrots, proper. Motto.] I hope to fpeed. Chief Seat.] At Sundrum, in Airshire.

#### SOMERVILLE, Lord SOMERVILLE,

THE first of this name on record is Sir Walter de Somerville, lord of Wichnore, in the county of Stassort, who came into England with William the Norman, and was progenitor of all the Somervilles in Great Britain. His second son, William de Somerville, was a frequent witness to the grants of king David I. and had a grant of the lands and barony of Carn-

wath from that prince.

About the beginning of the reign of king William, in 1170, the Somervilles were possessed of a fair estate in the county of Lanerk, and elfewhere; and at the marriage of Alexander II. who began his reign in the year 1214, William de Somerville, lineally descended of the said Sir Walter, was one of the barons appointed by that king to exercise in a tournament at the castle of Roxburgh. He had a fon, Sir William, who had a fon, Sir Thomas, and he a fon, Sir Walter, whose eldest fon, Sir James, loft his life at the battle of Durham in 1346, and was fucceeded by his brother, Sir Thomas, who was a steady friend to king David Bruce, and was fucceeded in 1370, by his eldeft fon, Sir William, whose eldest son, Sir Thomas, was one of the hostages for the ransom of king James I. from his captivity in England, and was created a baron by king James II. in 1424. He married Janet, daughter of Alexander Stewart, lord Darnlev, with whom he got the lands and barony of Cambufnethan. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

William, fecond ford Somerville, who was fucceeded, in 1456, by his eldeft fon, John, third lord, whose eldeft fon, William,

mafter of Somerville, left two fons,

John, fourth lord, who died without iffue in 1526, and was

fucceeded by his brother,

Hugh, fifth lord, who was a great favourite of James V. and by his great hospitality and generofity, much impaired his effate; and being prisoner in England after the battle of Solway, much ingratiated himself with Henry VIII. He died in 1549, and was succeeded by his eldest son, James, fixth lord, who was a fast friend to queen Mary. He was succeeded, in 1570, by his eldest son,

Hugh, feventh lord Somerville, who marrying Eleanor, daughter of George lord Seton, by her had William, who died young; John; Gilbert, his heir; Hugh Somerville of Drum; and four daughters. He was fucceeded, in 1597, by his third fon,

Gilbert, eighth lord, who having, by excess of living, wasted

his estate, and leaving no issue, the honour, in 1618, descend-

ed to his younger brother,

Hugh, ninth lord, then page of the bedchamber to king James VI. who had nothing to support the dignity: wherefore the title from thence lay dormant till the year 1722, when, at

the election of the fixteen peers,

James Somerville of Drum, the twenty-fifth in a lineal male defectent from the aforefaid Sir Walter, who came into England with king William I, putting in his claim, his vote and claim were allowed by the court of feffion. He was fon of James, fon of James, fon of James, fon of Hugh, fourth fon of Hugh, feventh lord Somerville, and the first three may be stilled the tenth, eleventh, and twelfth lords.

Which James, now thirteenth lord Somerville, was chosen one of the fixteen peers to the ninth parliament of Great Brianin, and is now a lord of police, a commissioner of the board of trade, and for forfeited estates. He married the only daughter of Henry Bayntun-Rolt of Spypark, in Wiltshire, Esq. and by her, who died in May 1755, had issue two sons, James, master of Somerville, and Hugh, both officers in the army; and a daughter, Anne-Wichnour, wise of George Burges, Esq. who has by her a son and a daughter. He married secondly, in 1736, Frances, daughter and coheir of John Rotheram, Esq. by whom he had a daughter, who died in her infancy.

TITLES.] The right honourable James Somerville, lord So-

merville.

CREATION.] So created by king James II.

ARMS.] Sapphire, three stars, topaz, accompanied with seven cross croslets sitchy, pearl, three in chief, one in fess, two in the slanks, and the last in base.

CREST. ] On a wreath, a wheel, topaz, furmounted of a

wyvern, emerald, spouting fire.

SUPPORTERS.] Two greyhounds, proper, each gorged with a plain collar, ruby.

MOTTO. ] Fear God in life.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Drum, in Mid-Lothian, near Edinburgh.

## DOUGLAS, Lord MORDINGTON.

WILLIAM, tenth earl of Angus, by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Laurence lord Oliphant, by lady Margaret Hay, daughter of George, feventh earl of Errol, amongst other children, had ifflue William, afterwards marquis of Douglas; and Sir James, ancestor of this family. Which Sir James was created lord Mordington, with the precedency of lord Oliphant, by Charles I. He married Ann, daughter and heir of Laurence, fifth lord Oliphant, and by her had two folio,

Tames, who died before his father; and William; and one daughter, Anne, married to Robert lord Semple. His eldest fon, William, who succeeded as second lord, married Elizabeth,

daughter of Hugh lord Semple, by whom he had a fon, Iames, third lord, who marrying Jane, daughter of Alex-

ander, first viscount Kingston, by her had issue,

George, fourth lord Mordington, who married Katharine, daughter of Dr. Robert Lauder, rector of Shenley, in Hertfordshire, by whom he had iffue a fon, Charles; and two daughters, Mary and Cambelina; and dying in 1741, was

fucceeded by his fon,

Charles, fifth lord, who, in September 1746, was arraigned at Carlifle for the rebellion, and pleaded his peerage as lord Mordington; which at first was opposed by all the king's council, but allowed afterwards. Dying some years after, in him ended the male line of the family, but the title is in abeyance between the two aforesaid daughters of George lord Mordington, Mary and Cambelina.

TITLES. | The right honourable - Douglas, lord Mor-

dington.

CREATION.] So created by king James IV. with precedency

as lord Oliphant, in 1458.

ARMS. ] Quarterly, 1st and 4th, pearl, a man's heart, ruby, enfigned with an imperial crown, proper, on a chief fapphire, three stars of the first, for Douglas; 2d and 3d, ruby, three crescents, pearl, for Oliphant.

CREST.] On a cap of dignity, a falamander in flames, re-

gardant, emerald.

SUPPORTERS. ] On the dexter fide, a favage; and on the finister, a stag, both proper; the first armed with a batoon, and wreathed about his head and middle with laurel; and the fecond collared and chained with leaves of the laft.

MOTTO. 1 Forward.

#### SEMPLE, Lord SEMPLE.

HIS family is of great antiquity in the west of Scotland, and there had great possessions and offices, as stewards and bailists, under the lord high stewards of Scotland, who were superiors of Renfrewshire, before they came to the crown.

Robert de Sempill flourished in the reign of Alexander II. who afcended the throne in 1214, and died in 1249. a fon, Robert, who had two fons, Robert, and Thomas, a firm friend of king Robert Bruce. He was succeeded by Robert, his eldest fon, who was also a great patriot; and dying in 1330, was succeeded by his son, William, who was stiled baron of Eliotstoun. He had a son, Thomas, who was father of Sir John, who had iffue a fon, John, and a daughter, Jane, married to Sir John Stewart, ancestor of the earl of Bute. He

obtained from John Stewart, earl of Carrick, the lands and barony of Glassford, in Cliddesdale, in which he was succeeded by John, his fon and heir, who was particularly employed in transacting the redemption of king James I. in 1421. Sir Robert, his fon, fucceeding him, was knighted by king James II. and had a grant from that king of the lands of Southennin, in which, and his ancient patrimony of Eliotstoun, he was succeeded by Sir William, his heir, who was made sheriff of Renfrew by king James III. To him fucceeded his fon, Sir Thomas, who, at the battle of Bannockburn in 1488, loft his life with his royal master, and was succeeded by his son,

Sir John, who being much in favour with James IV. was by him created lord Semple in 1488; but attending his majesty to the battle of Floddon in 1513, he there, with his royal master, lost his life, and his body was buried in the collegiate church of Semple, which he had founded. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Colvill of Ochiltree, in Airshire, and by her had two fons, William, his heir; and Gabriel, an-

cestor of the Semples of Cathcart.

William, his eldest fon, second lord, was by James V. made one of his privy council, and married three wives, but had iffue only by the first, lady Margaret, daughter of Hugh, Erst earl of Eglington, by whom he had iffue Robert, his heir; and David, ancestor of the Semples of Craigbetts, a branch of which fettled in Spain 100 years ago, and flourish there to this day; and two daughters, Helen, married to Allan, third lord Cathcart; and Mary, to Sir John Stirling of Keir. He

died in 1548, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, third lord, who fignalized his valour at the battle of Pinkey, or Musselburgh, where he had the misfortune to be taken prisoner; and being sent to England, there remained till peace was concluded between the two kingdoms. He married first, Isabel, daughter of Sir William Hamilton of Sanguhar, by whom he had iffue Robert, mafter of Semple; Andrew, anceftor of the Semples of Bruntshiel and Millbank; Grifel, wife of James Hamilton of Stanhouse; Margaret, first, of John Hamilton of Broomhill, ancestor of lord Bellhayen; and secondly, of John Whiteford of that ilk; Janet, of Hugh Montgomery of Harlehead; and -, of Alexander Fleming of Barrochan. By his fecond wife, Elizabeth Carlyle, a daughter of the family of Torthorald, he had one fon, John, ancestor of the Semples of Belltrees; and three daughters, Jane, married to James, third lord Rofs; Grifel, to John Blair of that ilk; and Dorothy, to Sir Robert Montgomery of Skelmorley. He died in 1571, and his eldest son, Robert, master of Semple, dying in his life-time, in 1569, leaving issue by his wife Barbara, daughter of Archibald Preston of Valleyfield, a son,

Robert, he succeeded his grandfather, and was fourth lord

Semple, who by king James VI. was fent ambassador to Spain. He married first, lady Agnes, daughter of Hugh, third earl of Eglington, by whom he had issue Hugh, his heir; and four daughters; Anne, wise of Sir Archibald Stewart of Casslemilk; Barbara, of Sir Colin Lawmont of Inneryne; Grifel, of John Logan of Rais; and Margaret, of Robert Brisbane of Bishoptoun. His second wise was Joanna de Evicland, a Flemish lady, by whom he had a son, Sir William Semple of Letterkeny, who settled in Ireland; and had a daughter, —, married to Sir Francis Hamilton, Knt. His bordship died in 1611, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Hugh, fifth lord, who married two wives, first, lady Anne, daughter of James, earl of Abercorn; by whom he had a daughter, Marian, wife of Sir George Preston, of Valleyfield. And secondly, lady Elizabeth, daughter of Francis, ninth earl of Errol, and had issue by her, four sons, Francis, Robert, Archibald, and James, and two daughters, Elizabeth, married to William Douglas, second lord Mordington, and Jane, to

William Menzices of Pitfoddils.

Francis the eldest son succeeded, and was 6th lord, who dying without issue in 1644, was succeeded by his brother,

Robert, feventh lord, who marrying Ann, daughter of James ford Mordington, had iffue two fons and two daughters, viz. Robert, mafter of Semple, who died in his youth; Francis; Anne, of whom hereafter; and Jane, wife of Alexander Sinclair of Roflin. He died in 1675, and was fucceeded by his

only furviving fon,

Francis, eighth lord Semple, who being, by the care of his noble relations, educated in the Protestant religion, took his place in parliament at the end of the reign of Charles II. where his ancestors, being all Roman Catholics, had never sat from the time of the Reformation. He married Grisel, daugher of Sir Archibald Primrose of Dalmeny, but dying without issue in 1684, his estate and title devolved on his eldest sister. Anne, as heir of line, who married Francis Abercromby of Fetterneir, Ess; who was honoured by king James VII. with the title of lord Glassford, for life, in regard that the title of Semple was to descend to his lady's heirs. By her he had issue sive fons and one daughter; Francis; captain Robert, killed abroad; John, of whom hereaster; Alexander, who died an infant; and Hugh, of whom afterwards. The daughter, Jane, died unmarried. The baroness, their mother, died in 1691, and was succeeded by her eldest son,

Francis, ninth lord Semple, who was a great opposer of the union. He died unmarried, and was succeeded by his brother, John, tenth lord, who dying also without issue, was suc-

ceeded by his next furviving brother,

Hugh, the eleventh lord, who ferved with great reputation

In queen Anne's wars, both in Flanders and Spain. In 1718. he was major of the 26th regiment, and in 1740, was appointed colonel of the 42d, with which, in the year 1743, he acquired great glory in Flanders. In 1745, being in Flanders. he was appointed colonel of the 25th regiment; at the battle of Culloden, in 1746, he commanded the left wing of the king's army, acting as brigadier general, and behaved with remarkable bravery and conduct. Afterwards he commanded in Aberdeen, where he loft his life in December 1746, by the tendon of his arm being pricked in letting him blood. He married Sarah, daughter and coheir of - Gaskall, Esq; by whom he had iffue five fons and fix daughters, viz. John, now lord Semple; George and Hugh, officers in the army; Philip and Ralph, deceased; Sarah, wife of Patrick Crawford of Auchinames, who died in 1750; Jane; Betty, who died young; Anne, wife of Dr. Adam Austin, physician of Edinburgh; Marian and Rebecca. He was fucceeded by his eldest fon.

John, twelfth and prefent lord, who married Janet, daughter and heir of — Dunlop of Bishoptoun, by whom he has iffue a son, Hugh, master of Semple; and a daughter.

TITLES.] The right honourable John Semple, lord Semple.

CREATION.] So created in 1488, by James IV.

ARMS.] Pearl, a chevron cheque, ruby, and of the first, between three buglehorns, diamond, garnished of the 2d.

CREST.] On a wreath, a stag's head, proper, attired, pearl. Supporters.] Two greyhounds, pearl, each having a plain collar, ruby.

Мотто.] Keep tryfte.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Semple House, in Renfrewshire.

# ELPHINSTONE, Lord ELPHINSTONE.

JOHN de Elphinstone, immediate ancestor of this noble family, was possessed of the lands and barony of Elphinstone, in the reigns of Alexander II. and III. and dying in the year 1263, was succeeded by his fon Alexander, who was succeeded by his eldest son, Sir John, who was one of those great men that swore fealty to Edward I. of England, in 1296. He had a fon, Alexander, whose fon, Alexander, was succeeded, in 1399, by his eldest son, Sir William, whose eldest son, Sir Alexander, was flain at the battle of Piperden, 1437, where the Scots obtained a victory over the English: and leaving an only daughter, Agnes, who was married to Sir Gilbert, fon of Sir Adam Johnston of that ilk, he, in her right, had the lands and barony of Elphinstone, in Lothian; but the estate in Stirlingthire came by arbitration, in 1471, to Henry Elphinstone, who was brother of the faid Sir Alexander, and from him the family hath continued in a direct line to the present time. Henry died died in 1496, and his fon James dying before him, was fucceeded by his grandson, Sir John Elphinstone, who was fuc-

ceeded by his fon and heir,

Sir Alexander, who was created a baron, and made one of the privy council. He married Elizabeth Barlow, an English lady, then maid of honour to queen Margaret, the wife of king James IV. and with her had the lands of Kildrummy, in Aberdeenshire; and in September 1513, was slain with the said king at the battle of Floddon, in Northumberland, leaving iffue Alexander his heir, and three daughters, viz. Ifabel, wife of David Lindsay of Dunrod, and afterwards of Robert Maxwell of Calderwood; \_\_\_\_\_, of John Bruce of Cultmalindie; and Elizabeth, of Sir David Somerville of Plain. He was fucceeded by his only fon,

Alexander, fecond lord, who married Katharine, daughter of John lord Erskine, by whom he had five fons, Robert, John, James, Sir Michael, and William; and of those, the fourth was mafter of the houshold to king James VI. The daughters were, Isabel, wife of James Hamilton of Haggs; Margery, of Sir Robert Drummond of Carnock; and Margaret, of Alexander Livingston of Dunipace. He was killed at

the battle of Pinkie in 1547, and was succeeded by his eldest son, Robert, third lord, who married Margaret, daughter of Sir John Drummond of Innerpessry, and had issue by her three fons and four daughters; Alexander, master of Elphinstone; George, a clergyman; Sir James, ancestor of the lords Balmerino: - , wife of Walter lord Deskford, ancestor of the earl of Finlater; Jane, of Walter Barclay of Towie; Elizabeth, of Sir Robert Innes of that ilk; and Margaret, of John Cunningham of Drumquhaffel. He died in 1602, and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

Alexander, fourth lord, who was made one of the privy council to king James VI. and lord treasurer of Scotland. He married Jane, daughter of William lord Livingston, and had issue by her four sons, Alexander, master of Elphinstone; James, of whom hereafter; John, and Michael; and five daughters; Anne, wife of John earl of Sutherland; Jane, of Arthur lord Forbes; Elizabeth, of Sir John Bruce of Airth; Christian, of Sir Thomas Urquhart of Cromarty; and Helen, of Sir William Cockburn of Langton, and afterwards of Henry Rollo of Woodside. He died in 1648, and was succeeded by his eldett fon,

Alexander, fifth lord, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Patrick, the third lord Drummond, and had a daughter named Lilias; but having no male iffue, his honour descended to his nephew, Alexander, the fon of his brother James: Which

Alexander, fixth lord, marrying the faid Lilias, his uncle's only daughter, whereby the heirs male, and of line, were united.

united, by her had issue two sons, Alexander and John; and a daughter, Ann, married to Walter Sandilands, lord Torphichen. He died in 1655.

Alexander, his eldeft son, succeeded, and was seventh lord; who dying without issue in 1669, his estate and dignity de-

scended to his brother,

John, eighth lord, who married lady Ifabel Maitland, daughter of Charles earl of Lauderdale, and had iffue by het three fons and three daughters, viz. Charles; John, who died unmarried; captain William, killed at irrefton in 1715; Elizabeth, wife of John Campbell of Mammore, fecond fon of Archibald, the ninth earl of Argyll, and father of John the prefent duke; Margaret, of George, count Lefley, of Balquhain, and after, of Sir James Gordon of Park; and Mary, of Mr. Thomas Buchan, advocate. He was succeeded by his eldett son,

Charles, ninth lord, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Primrofe of Carrington, Bart. fifter of James, first viscount Primrofe, and had iffue four sons, John, who married Marjory, daughter of Sir Gilbert Fleming of Farm, and died without issue; James, who died unmarried; Charles, the present lord; and Archibald, who died in the expedition against Carthagena, in 1741: also two daughters, Grisel, wise of captain Woodroofe Gascoigne; and Primrose, of Alexander earl of Home. His lordship dying in February 1757, was succeeded by his son,

Charles, the tenth and prefent lord, who married lady Clementina, only furviving daughter and heir of John earl of Wigton, by lady Mary Keith, eldest daughter of William, ninth earl Marshal, by whom he has issue four sons and sour daughters, viz. John, master of Elphinstone, an officer in the army, and wounded in the battle of Quebec; Charles, a gallant youth, who lost his life in the Prince George, of ninety guns, burnt at sea in 1758; William, in the service of the East India company; Keith, in the navy: Mary, Eleanor, Prim-

rose, and Clementina.

TITLES.] The right honourable Charles Elphinstone, lord Elphinstone.

CREATION.] Baron Elphinstone, in the county of Stirling, by king James IV. 1500.

ARMS.] Pearl, a chevron, diamond, between three boars heads erazed, ruby.

CREST.] On a wreath, a lady from the girdle richly attired, holding a castle in her right hand, and in her left a branch of laurel.

SUPPORTERS.] Two favages, proper, each wreathed about his head and middle with laurel, and holding in his outer hand a dart, proper.

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#### LORD OLIPHANT.

MOTTO.] Cause cause, or chance produced it. CHIEF SEAT.] At Elphinstone castle, in the county of Stirling.

## OLIPHANT, Lord OLIPHANT.

NOT to trouble my reader with the various traditional accounts of this family, I shall observe, that David de Oliphant, immediate ancestor of this family, was one of those barons who, in 1142, accompanied king David I. into England with an army, to affift his niece the empress Maud against king Stephen; but after raifing the fiege of Winchester, the faid king David was fo closely purfued, that had it not been for the fingular conduct and courage of this David de Oliphant, the king had then been taken prisoner. He was also a witness to feveral donations of that prince to religious places, and particularly to the priory of Coldingham, whereto his feal is appending, being three crescents, which clearly proves him to be the ancestor of this samily, whose armorial bearings are the same to this day. David his fon fucceeded, and was greatly in the favour of king Malcolm IV. and his brother king William. Sir Walter, fon of this David, was one of the hostages for the ransom of the faid king William, who was taken prisoner by the English at the battle of Alnwick, 1173. He married Chriflian, daughter of Ferchard earl of Strathern, by whom he left issue another Walter, who succeeded him. He was succeeded by his fon Sir William, who in 1297, was one of those barons of Scotland whom king Edward I. required to attend him in person, with men, horse, and arms, into France, in order to recover his province of Gascony; after which, in 1303, he was governor of Stirling castle, which he defended against the English for the space of three months, but for want of provifion, was compelled to furrender. He married Isabel, a daughter of the family of Douglas, by whom he had a fon,

Sir William, his heir, who had a grant from king Robert I. of the lands of Newtill and Kelfpindie, and was afterwards a fubscriper to the letter which, in 1320, was sent from the barons of Scotland to the Pope, afferting the independency of their country. Sir Walter, his son, succeeded him, and marrying lady Elizabeth Bruce, daughter of king Robert I. and sister of David II. had a son, Walter, who obtained from king Robert II. a grant of the lands of Kelly and Piterie; and marrying Mary, daughter of Sir Robert Erskine of that ilk, had two sons, by the eldest of whom, John, he was succeeded, who married a daughter of Sir William Borthwick of that ilk, ancestor of lord Borthwick, by whom he had his successor.

Sir William, one of the hostages for the ransom of king James I. in 1424, who was a prisoner in England. He

married

married Ifabel, daughter of Sir John Stewart of Innermeath, lord of Lorn, and had iffue Sir John, who was flain at the battle of Arbroath in 1455. He married Ifabel, dau\_hter of Sir Walter Ogilyy of Auchterhouse, and left two fons, Laurence and Thomas.

Laurence, the eldeft, fucceeding, was, by king James III, made a lord of feffion, one of the privy council, and fheriff of Perthfhire. He was also of the privy council to king James IV, by whom he was created a baron. He married the lady Isabel Hay, daughter of William the fifth earl of Errol, and had three sons, John; William, ancestor of the Oliphants of Gask; and George, of Balmaiton. He died in 1500, and was succeeded by his eldest son.

John, fecond lord, who marrying lady Elizabeth, daughter of Colin earl of Argyll, had iffue two fons, Colin; and Laurence, abbot of Inchaffry, flain at the battle of Floddon. He died in 1516, and was fucceeded by his grandfon, Laurence, fon of his eldeft fon, Colin, who was killed alfo at the battle of Floddon, by his wife, lady Elizabeth Keith, daughter of Wil-

liam earl Marshal.

Which Laurence, third lord, married Margaret, daughter of Sir James Sandilands of Calder, and had iffue by her two fons and four daughters, viz. Laurence; Peter, anceftor of the Oliphants of Langton: Catharine, wife of Alexander Oliphant of Kelly, and fecondly, of George Dundas of that ilk; Margaret, of William Murray of Abercairny, and fecondly, of James Clephane of Carllogie, in Fife; Jane, of William Moncrief of that ilk; and Lilias, of Robert Lindfay of Balgony. He died in 1566, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Laurence, fourth lord, who married lady Margaret, daughter of George, seventh earl of Errol, by whom he had two sons, Laurence, his heir apparent; and John, of whom hereafter and three daughters, Elizabeth, wife of William, tenth earl of Angus; Jane, of Alexander Bruce of Cultmalindie; and Margaret, of Sir James Johnston of Westerhall. He died in 1502, and

Laurence, his heir apparent, dying before his father, left by his wife, lady Chriftian, daughter of William earl of Moreton, who afterwards married James earl of Home, a fon, Laurence; and a daughter, Ann, who was married to Robert lord Linday, anceftor of the earl of Crawford; and his faid fon,

Laurence, succeeded his grandfather, and was fifth lord; marrying Lilias, daughter of James Drummond, lord Maderty, ancestor of the viscount Strathallan, he had an only daughter, Ann, who married Sir James Douglas of Mordington; but having no male islue, the title descended to Patrick Oliphant, the son of John, his father's brother.

Which Patrick, fixth lord, marrying first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Patrick Cheyne of Eslemont, had issue a daughter, Lilias, married to Sir Laurence Oliphant of Gask; and second-

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ly, Mary, daughter of Sir James Crichton of Frendraught, by whom he had iffue three fons, Charles, William, and Francis; whereof the youngest was a captain, the second a colonel; and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

Charles, seventh lord, who married Mary, a daughter of the

Ogilvy family, and had iffue,

Patrick, eighth lord, who dying in 1721, without iffue, the honour descended to his uncle William, ninth lord; but he dying without iffue, Francis Oliphant, said to be the next heirmale, assume that the heart heirmale, assume that the heart heirmale, assume that the heart heirmale, assume that dying without iffue, the title was claimed by William, son of Charles Oliphant, Esq, one of the clerks of setting, who became the eleventh lord; but he dying also without issue, in 1751, David Oliphant of Bachilton, Esq; claimed the honour, which has been allowed him, and is the twelfth lord Oliphant.

TITLES. ] The right honourable David Oliphant, lord Oli-

phant.

CREATION.] So created by king James IV.

ARMS. ] Ruby, three crescents, pearl.

CREST.] On a wreath, a unicorn's head, couped, pearl, armed and mained, topaz.

Supporters.] Two elephants, proper.

Motto.] A tout pourvoir.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Don, in the county of Inverness; and at Pittindrek, near the town of Elgin.

# SANDILANDS, Lord TORPHICHEN.

HE immediate ancestor of this noble family was Sir James Sandilands, who in the reign of David II. was laird of Sandilands; and marrying Eleanor, fister of William, first earl of Douglas, with her had the barony of West-Calder, called Calder Comitis; and by the said lady he had lifue,

Sir James, his heir, who was knighted by king Robert II. who gave him the lady Jane, his fecond daughter, in marriage,

by whom he had iffue a fon,

Sir James, who was one of the hoftages for the ranfom of king James I. when he was releafed from his captivity in England. To him fucceeded Sir John, his fon, the father of another Sir John, and he of Sir James, who married Margaret, a daughter of the family of Ker of Cefsford, and had two fons, Sir John and Sir James. The eldeft dying before his father, left iffue Sir James, who fucceeded his grandfather, and married Marian, daughter of Archibald Forrefter of Corftorphin, anceftor of the lord Forrefter, and by her had iffue John, of whom hereafter; and Sir James, afterwards lord St. John

And

And two daughters, Alison, wife of Sir John Cockburn of Ormiston; and Margaret, of William Wauchop of Niddry.

Sir James Sandilands, the fecond fon, having a learned education, was by Sir Walter Lindfay, lord of St. John, recommended to the great master of the knights of Malta, as a perfon well qualified to be his fuccessor in the preceptory of Torphichen. On the death of the faid Sir Walter, in 1543, Sir James Sandilands, who before had been received by the prior of the hospital, and his chapter, to be one of the knights of the military order of Malta, was fully invested with the title, power, and jurisdiction, as lord St. John of Jerusalem in Scotland, as also in the possession of the revenue thereof, which at that time was very great, and spread throughout the kingdom. He was often employed by king James V. and queen Mary, as ambaffador to England and France; and at the time of the reformation, renouncing popery, and resigning the lordship of St. John into the hands of the said queen Mary, her majesty was pleased to grant it again, with the preceptory, to him, his heirs and affigus, and erected his lands into the lordship of Torphichen. He married Janet, a daughter of Murray of Polmais, but dying without iffue, his estate and honour of lord Torphichen descended to James, his great nephew, grandfon of John, his elder brother.

Which James Sandilands of Calder, fecond lord, married Elizabeth, daughter of James Heriot of Trabrown, and had three fons, James, John, and Walter; and a daughter, Ifabel,

wife of Hugh Wallace of Ellerstie.

James, the eldeft, fucceeding, was third lord; and dying un-

married, in 1622, was succeeded by his brother,
John, fourth lord; and he marrying Isabel, daughter of Sir Walter Dundas of that ilk, had two fons and two daughters, viz. John and Walter; —, wife of Sir Thomas Kilpatrick of Closeburn; and Margaret, of Thomas Marjoribanks of that ilk. He died in 1637, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, fifth lord; but he dying without iffue, was succeeded

by his brother,

Walter, fixth lord, who married four wives, viz. Jane, daughter of Alexander Lindsay of Edzell; Catharine, daughter of William lord Alexander, and fifter of William, the fecond earl of Stirling; Anne, daughter of Alexander, fixth lord Elphinstone; and Christian, daughter and sole heir of James Primrofe, brother of Sir Archibald Primrofe of Dalmenie, anceftor of the earl of Roseberry. By the first and third he had no iffue; by the fecond, he had two daughters, Anne, wife of Robert, eldest fon and heir of Sir Alexander Menzies of that ilk; and Catharine, of David Drummond of Cultmalindie. By his fourth, he had three fons and two daughters, Walter, who died young; James; and John, who died young: Chriftian,

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stian, wife of Robert Pringle, Esq; and Magdalen, who died unmarried. He died in 1696, and was succeeded by his only

furviving fon,

James, seventh lord, who being a lieutenant colonel, served abroad in queen Ann's wars, and bravely commanded Ker's regiment at the battle of Dunblaine, in 1715. He quitted the army in 1722, and was appointed a lord of police, in which he continued till his death. He married lady Jane Hume, daughter of Patrick earl of Marchmont, lord chancellor of Scotland, and had iffue by her eight fons and three daughters, viz. James, mafter of Torphichen, who at the battle of Prefton-pans, in the year 1745, being a captain in the army, received twenty dangerous wounds, which brought on a confumption, and he died three years after, in his father's life-time, unmarried; Walter, the prefent lord; Patrick, captain of a ship in the service of the East-India Company, who perished in a storm at sea, leaving no issue; Alexander, who died young; Andrew, major of the Scotch Fuzileers, 'who was shot through the thigh at the battle of Fontenoy, in 1745, which obliged him to retire from service, after the peace was con-cluded; George, who died young; Charles, a lieutenant in the army, who lost his life at the fiege of Carthagena, in America; and Robert, now an officer in the army : Grifel, Christiana, and Wilhelmina Carolina. His lordship dying in 1752, was fucceeded by his fon,

Walter, the eighth and present lord, sheriff depute of the county of Edinburgh, who married Elizabeth, only daughter and heir of Dr. Alexander Sandilands, a cadet of the family, by whom he has iffue James, mafter of Torphichen; Alexan-

der, and Walter.

TITLES.] The right honourable Walter Sandilands, lord Torphichen.

CREATION.] So created by queen Mary, in 1563.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th, party per fefs, sapphire and topaz; on he first a crown, and on the second a thistle, both proper, being a coat of augmentation; for as Sir James Sandilands, lord of St. John, was great prior of Malta in Scotland, the crown and thiftle is borne by his family as a badge of that office; the 2d and 3d quarters are counter-quartered, 1st and 4th, pearl, a bend, sapphire, for the name of Sandilands; the 2d and 3d are the arms of Douglas, which they bear as arms of patronage.

CREST. ] On a wreath, an eagle displayed, topaz.

SUPPORTERS. ] Two favages, each wreathed about his head and middle with laurel, and holding in his outer hand a batoon, all proper.

MOTTO. 1 Spero meliora.

CHIEF SEARS.] At Calder-house, in Mid Lothian; and the castle of Torphichen, in West Lothian.

# LESLY, Lord LINDORES.

A NDREW, the fifth earl of Rothes, by his first wife, Jane, daughter of Sir John Hamilton of Evandale, had two fons, James, his fuccessor; and Sir Patrick, of Pitcairly, who being in great favour with James VI. was a gentleman of his bedchamber, and created baron of Lindores. He married lady Jane Stewart, daughter of Robert earl of Orkney, one of the natural sons of king James V. and had by her sive sons and five daughters, Margaret, married to John Drummond, lord Madert, ancestor of the viscounts Strathallan; Elizabeth, to Sir William Sinclair of May; Jane, to George Lesly of that ilk, and after, to John Forbes of Lesly; Janet, to Sir John Cunningham of Broomhill; and Mary, to Sir David Barclay of Culecarny. The sons were, Patrick, who died vita patris; James, Robert, Ludowick, and David, created lord Newark. He was succeeded by his son,

James, fecond lord. He married Mary, daughter of Patrick, the feventh lord Grey, and had iffue, John, mafter of Lindores. By a fecond wife, an English lady, of the name of Clepburn, he had a daughter, Jane, wife, first, of John Stewart of Innernytie, and fecondly, of John Bruce of Blaithall,

He was succeeded by his son,

John, third lord, who married lady Mary, daughter of James, second earl of Airly; and dying in 1706, was succeeded by his only son,

David, fourth lord Lindores; but he dying without iffue,

was fucceeded by

Alexander, fifth lord, lineally descended of Sir John Lesly of Newton, second son of the third marriage of Andrew, fifth earl of Rothes, according to the entail, being son of David, son of Andrew, son of the faid Sir John. Which Alexander, fifth lord, was, on the 20th of September 1745, preferred to the rank of a lieutenant colonel, and in 1760, to that of a major general in the army, and was colonel of a regiment of invalids. He married Jane, daughter of Colin Campbell, late a commissioner of the customs, and brother of Sir James Campbell of Aberuchil, by whom he had issue a son,

Francis-James, the fixth and present lord, who is an officer

in the army, and unmarried.

TITLES.] The right honourable Francis-James Lefly, lord Lindores.

CREATION.] So created, 25 December 1600, by James VI.
ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th, pearl, on a bend, fapphire,
three buckles, topaz, for Lefly; 2d and 3d, topaz, a lion rampant,
pant,

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pant, ruby, debruifed with a ribbon, diamond, for Abernetty; and on a furtout, an escutcheon, ruby, charged with a caftle, pearl, masoned, diamond, for the title of Lindores.

CREST.] On a wreath, a demi-angel winged, topaz, holding in his dexter hand a griffon's head erazed, proper.

Supporters.] Two griffons, pearl, winged, topaz.

Morro. ] Stat promissa fides.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Lindores abby, near the Tay, in Fifefhire.

# STEWART, Lord BLANTYRE.

HAVE recited, in my account of the family of the earl of Galloway, that Sir William Stewart had iffue, Sir Alexander, his fuccessor, ancestor of the earls of Galloway; Sir Thomas Stewart of Minto, who was ancestor of the lords Blantyre; (see p. 119.) and ir Walter, ancestor of the earls of Blessington.

Sir Thomas, the faid fecond fon, married Isabel, daughter and coheir of Sir Walter Stewart of Arthurlie, and with her had large possens on in the shires of Renfrew and Cliddesdale, and therein was succeeded by Sir John, their son, who married Janet, daughter of David, son and heir apparent of Robert lord Fleming, ancestor of the earl of Wigton. He lost his life at the battle of Floddon, with his royal master James IV. in 1513. He was succeeded by his only son, Sir Robert, who married Janet Murray, a daughter of the family of Polmais, by whom he had issue Sir John; Robert, prior of Whitehorn; Malcolm and Walter; and a daughter, Elizabeth, the wife of John Maxwell of Calderwood. He died in 1554, and was treescated by his oldest server.

fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir John Stewart, who affifted at the coronation of king James VI. and in the year 1576, was provost of the town, and governor of the castle of Glasgow. By his first wife, Janet Hepburn, a daughter of the family of Bothwell, he had a fon, Sir Matthew, whose male line is now extinct; and by his second, Margaret, daughter and coheir of Sir James Stewart of Cardonald, a fon, Sir Walter, and four daughters, Janet, wife of Sir Archibald Stewart of Caftlemilk; Agnes, of John Wallace of Achens and Dundonald; Marian, of William Cleland of that ilk; and -, of Alexander Baillie of Carphin. Sir Walter, his only fon by his fecond wife, was commendator of Blantyre, and bred up with James VI. under the famous George Buchanan. By that king he was made keeper of the privy feal, gentleman of his bedchamber, lord treasurer of Scotland, and created lord Blantyre; and dying in 1616, left by Nicola his wife, daughter of Sir James Somerville of Cambusnethan, in Cliddesdale, three sons and one daughter, viz. Sir James Stewart, knight of the Bath, killed in a duel with Sir George George Wharton, in 1609, in the life-time of his father; William, master of Blantyre; Walter Stewart, M. D. father of Frances, duchess of Lennox and Richmond, and of Sophia, the wife of Henry Bulkley, Eig; mafter of the houshold to Charles II. His daughter, Margaret, was married to George lord Salton. His lordship died in the year 1616, and was succeeded by his eldeft furviving fon,

William, fecond lord, who married Helen, daughter of Sir William Scott of Ardrofs, by whom he had iffue two fons and one daughter, viz. Walter, Alexander, and -, wife of Sir John Swinton of that ilk. He died in 1638, and was succeed-

ed by his eldest son,

Walter, third lord, who dying without iffue in 1641, was

fucceeded by his brother,

Alexander, fourth lord, who married Margaret, daughter of Sir John Schaw of Greenock, Bart. and had iffue a fon, Alexander, and a daughter, Helen, wife of James Muirhead of Broadfholm. He was succeeded by his said son,

Alexander, fifth lord, who married first, Margaret, daughter of Sir John Henderson of Fordel, by whom he had no iffue; and fecondly, Ann, daughter of Sir Robert Hamilton of Presmanen, one of the senators of the college of justice; and dying in 1704, left five fons, Walter, Robert, John, James, and Hugh; and four daughters, Marian, wife of James Stirling of Keir; Frances, of Sir James Hamilton of Rosehaugh; Helen, of John lord Gray; and Anne, of Alexander Hay of Drumelzier, Efg; He died in the year 1704, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Walter, fixth lord, who was in 1710 elected one of the fixteen peers for Scotland, to ferve in the parliament of Great Britain; but dying in June 1713, unmarried, the title and

estate devolved on his brother,

Robert, seventh lord, who married first, lady Helen Lyon, daughter of John earl of Strathmore, by whom he had a fon, Alexander, who died young; and fecondly, Margaret, daughter of William Hay of Drumelzier, Eig; by whom he had fix fons and four daughters; Walter, William, Alexander, John, James, and Charles; Margaret; Helen, wife of Oliver Colt of Auldhame, Eig; Marian; and Elizabeth, wife of William Colquhoun of Garscaden, Esq; He died in December 1743, and was fucceeded by his eldest fon,

Walter, eighth lord Blantyre, who died at Paris in May

1751, unmarried, and was fucceeded by his brother,

William, ninth and prefent lord, then a colonel in the fervice of the States General.

TITLES. ] The right honourable William Stewart, lord Blantyre, in the county of Lanerk.

CREATION.] Lord Blantyre, 20 July 1606, by James VI. ARMS. ]

#### LORD CRANSTON.

ARMS.] Topaz, a fess cheque, pearl and sapphire, surmounted of a bend ingrailed, and in chief a rose, ruby.

CREST.] On a wreath, a dove with an olive leaf in its

mouth.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter side, a savage, wreathed about his head and middle with laurel, and holding over his shoulder a batcon, all proper. On the sinister, a lion, suby.

Motto.] Sola juvat virtus.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Erskine, in Renfrewshire; Cardonnel cassle, in the same county; at Leithington, in East Lothian; and at the Craig of Blantyre, in Cliddesdale.

#### CRANSTON, Lord CRANSTON.

THIS family took their name from the lands and barony of Cranston, in Mid Lothian, of which was Elfric de Cranston, who lived after the year 1250, and was father of Thomas Cranfton, whose son, Andreas, had a son, Hugh, one of the Scotch barons that Iwore fealty to Edward I. of England, in 1296. He was succeeded by his son Andreas, and he by his fon Rodolphus de Cranston, whose fon John was father of Thomas, who in the reign of David II. 1329, obtained a charter of the lands of his name, and was father of another Thomas, in great favour with James I. and his ambaffador to Denmark in 1426. He was succeeded by his son, Sir Thomas, who dying about the year 1470, was fucceeded by his eldest ion, Sir William, a great favourite of king James II. who living to a great age, died in 1515, and was fucceeded by his eldest fon, John Cranston, who was father of another Sir William, who was succeeded by his only son, Sir John, who married Margaret, daughter of Nichol Ramfay of Dalhousie, and by her had Sarah, of whom hereafter, befide other daughters; and a fon, John, who died before his father, and left iffue a fon, John de Cranston, who died also before his grandrather, without iffue; whereupon the estate came to Sarah, his aunt, above-mentioned, who married Sir William Cranston, son of Sir John Cranston of Moriston, a cadet of her own family, by Barbara, a daughter of the family of Grey; which Sir William was by king James VI. made captain of the guard, and created lord Cranston, in 1611. They had iffue John; James, of whom hereafter; Henry and Thomas; and a daughter, Margaret, wife of - Edgar of Wedderlie. He died in 1627, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, fecond lord, who married two wives, Elizabeth, daughter of Walter Scot, lord Buccleugh; and Helen, daughter of James Lindfay; but dying without iffue, the honour de-

fcended to his nephew,

William, third lord, fon of his brother James, by his wife,

lady Elizabeth Stewart, daughter of Francis earl of Bothwell; and the faid lord attending king Charles II. to the battle of Worcefter, in 1651, was there taken prisoner, and sent to the Tower of London, where he remained several years, his estate being sequestered, and himself excepted out of Cromwell's indemnity, in 1654. He married lady Mary Lesly, daughter of Alexander earl of Leven, by whom he had a son,

James, fourth lord, who married Ann, daughter of Sir Alexander Don of Newton, Bart, by whom he had two fons, William, his heir; and Alexander, who died without issue.

His eldeft fon, William, fifth lord, who fucceeded him, marrying lady Jane Ker, daughter of William, fecond marquis of Lothian, by her had iffue James, his heir; William, who died young; Archibald, Alexander, and William-Henry, an officer in lord Mark Ker's regiment, who died at Dunkirk in January 1753; Charles, George; Jane, who died young; Anne, wife of ——Selby, Efq; Elizabeth, Jane, and Mary: and his lordhip was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

James, now fixth lord Cranston, who married Sophia, daughter of — Brown, an English lady, by whom he has four sons, viz. William, master of Cranston; Brown, James,

and Charles.

TITLES.] The right honourable James Cranston, lord Cranston.

CREATION.] Baron Cranston, in the county of Edinburgh, 19 November 1611, by king James VI.

ARMs.] Ruby, three cranes, pearl.

CREST.] On a wreath, a crane fleeping, with its head under its wing, and holding up a frone with the right foot.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a lady richly apparelled, holding a branch of strawberries towards a stag, proper, on the finister.

Morro. ] Thou shalt want, ere I want.

CHIEF SEAT. ] At Creling, in the county of Roxburgh.

#### NAPIER, Lord NAPIER.

THE immediate ancestor of this noble family was John de Napier, who lived in 1280, and whose son, William, was father of John, and he father of another William, who was governor of the castle of Edinburgh in 1401. His son Alexander made a great figure in the reign of James I. and was provost of Edinburgh in 1437, and obtained the lands of Merchiston, asterwards the chief title of his family. He was succeeded by his son,

Sir Álexander Napier of Merchifton, who was made comptroller of Scotland by king James II. and vice admiral of Scotland land by king James III. and marrying Elizabeth, a daughter

of Laudre of Hatton, by her had a fon,

John, who was provost of Edinburgh, and made a noble and beneficial alliance, by his marriage with Elizabeth Meneith, who was heir to the line of Menteith, earls of Lennox, by whom he had two sons, Sir Archihald and John.

Sir Archibald, who fucceeded, marrying Katharine, a daugh-

ter of Douglas of Lochleven, by her had, inter alia, a fon, Sir Alexander, who in September 1513, loft his life at the

battle of Floddon with king James IV. He married Janet, daughter of Edmund Chisholm of Cromlix, and by her had a son, Alexander; and two daughters, Eleanor, married to Sir John Melvil of Raith, ancestor of the earl of Melvil; and Janet, to Archibald Bruce of Pitsouls. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Alexander, who married Margaret, daughter of Sir Duncan Campbell of Glenurchie, anceftor of the earl of Breadalbane, and had three sons, Sir Archibald, his heir; Alexander, whose son, Sir Robert Napier of Luton-Hoo, in the county of Bedford, Knt. was created a baronet in 1611, ancestor of the present Sir John Napier, Bart. from the same samily also defeended Sir Gerrard Napier of Middlemershal, Dorfet, created a baronet in 1641, ancestor of Sir William Napier, Bart. and others of that name in Somersetshire and Oxfordshire; and Andrew. He was slain in the battle of Pinkie in 1547, and succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Archibald, who was knighted by king James VI. and made mafter of the Mint, in 1587; and marrying first, Janet, daughter of Francis Bothwell, one of the senators of the college of justice, had a son, John; and by his second, Elizabeth, a daughter of the family of Mowbray, had a son, Sir Alexander, a senator of the college of justice in the reign of Charles Land two daughters, Margaret, married to James lord Ogilvy; and Agnes, to Sir Patrick Gray of Innergowrie. He died in

1608, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, who being inclined to study, arrived to very great knowledge in several useful branches of literature, so that sew equalled him in that age; and his great experience and abilities in mathematical learning rendered him so eminent, especially his logarithmic tables, that they will ever be esteemed as the

masterly product of a great genius.

This gentleman, who died in 1617, in the 67th year of his age, marrying first, Margaret, daughter of Sir James Stirling of Keir, by her had iffue Sir Archibald, his heir: and by his fecond, Agnes, daughter of Sir James Chisholm of Cromlix, he had issue five sons and five daughters, viz. John Napier of Easter Torrie; Robert, ancestor of the Napiers of Kilcroick; Alexander, of Gillets; William, ancestor of the Napiers of Craiganet;

Craiganet; and Adam, of the Napiers of Blackston: Margaret, wife of James Stewart of Rofythe; Jane, of James Hamilton of Kilbrackmot; Elizabeth, of William Cunninghame of Craigends; Agnes, of George Drummond of Balloch; and Helen, of the Rev. Matthew Brifbane, an eminent divine.

He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir Archibald, who was by king James VI. made one of the privy council, treasurer depute, lord justice clerk, and one of the judges in the court of session; and by king Charles I. was for some time continued in the treasurer's office, and as one of the extraordinary lords of session. On the 2d of March 1626, he was created a baronet; and on May 4, 1627, advanced to the title of lord Napier of Merchiston. He married lady Margaret Graham, daughter of John earl of Montrose; and dying in 1645, left Archibald, his heir; and a daughter, Elizabeth, wise of Sir George Striling of Keir.

Archibald, his son, second lord, was heartily engaged in the royal cause, during the time of the civil war, and at the end thereof went to Holland, where he died, in 1660. He married lady Elizabeth Erskine, daughter of John earl of Mar, by whom he had iffue two sons, Archibald; and John, killed in the seafight with the Dutch, in 1672: and three daughters, Jane, married to Sir Thomas Nicholson of Carnock, Bart. Margaret, of whom hereaster; and Mary, who died unmarried. He was

fucceeded by his eldest fon,

Archibald, third lord, who obtained a new patent, dated February 7, 1677, from king Charles II. whereby his honour was to remain to the heirs of his own body; and failing thereof, to the heirs of the bodies of his fifters successively; and dying in 1683, unmarried, the dignity of lord Napier descended to

Sir Thomas Nicolfon, his nephew, by his lifter Jane, aforefaid, who, according to the aforefaid patent, took the name and arms of Napier, and was fourth lord; but dying under age,

and without iffue, his horour descended to

Margaret, the second sister, who by John Brisbane, Esq; fecretary to the navy, &c. &c. her husband, had a son, John, who was a lieutenant in the royal navy, and died at sea in 1704, unmarried; and the honour descended to his only sister, Elizabeth, who married Sir William Scot, son and heir of Sir Francis Scot of Thirlestane, by whom she had a son, Francis, now fifth lord Napier, great grandson of the second lord, of whose paternal descent we shall therefore speak.

In the reign of James V. Robert Scot of Thirlestane, great grandson of Robert Scot of Eskdale, who was warden of the western borders, marrying a daughter of the family of Johnston of that ilk, now dignified with the title of marquis of Annandale, by her had John Scot of Thirlestane, their heir, who for his loyalty and ready service to the said king before the route at

Solwan,

Solway, or Solan Moss, 1542, was by him honoured with a part of the royal enfigns, and other fuitable marks, for his armorial bearing, as by the following ordinance is expressed.

W E James, by the grace of God, king of Scots, confideran the faith and conditions, king of Scots, confiderance of God, king of God, king of Scots, confiderance of God, king of G deran the faith and good fervis of right traift friend, John Scot of Thirlestan, guha commed to our host at Sautre Edge, with threescore and ten lanciers on horseback, of his friends and followers; and bean willing to gang with us into England, when all our nobles and others refused, he was ready to stake all at our bidding: for which cause, it is our will, and we do command our lyon herald, and his deputis for the time bean, to give the faid John Scot a border of flower de lisses about his coat of arms, sike as is our royal banner, and alfwae an bundle of lances above his helmet, with thir words, Ready, Ay Ready, that he and all his aftercomers may bruick the fame, as a pledge and taiken of our goodwill and kindness for his trew worthiness. Given at Fala-muir, under our hand and privy casket, the 27 day of July, 1542. Thomas Erskine, Sec.

Robert, his fon and heir, was warden depute of the west borders; and marrying Margaret, fifter of Walter Scot, the first lord Buccleugh, by her was father of Walter, and he of Patrick; who marrying Isabel, daughter of Sir John Murray of Blackbarony, Bart. had a fon, Sir Francis, who in 1660 was created a baronet; and marrying lady Henrietta Ker, daughter of William, the third earl of Lothian, had a fon, Sir William Scot, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Margaret lady Napier, above-mentioned, and took the name of Napier; and dy-

ing on the 13th of October 1725, left

Francis, now lord Napier, as before recited; who married first, lady Henrietta Hope, daughter of Charles earl of Hopeton, by whom, who died in February 1744-5, he had a fon, William, master of Napier, who in December 1754, married Mary-Anne, daughter of Charles, eighth lord Cathcart; and Charles, a captain in the navy in 1754; Francis, a captain of marines; John, a lieutenant in the 25th regiment of foot, who died in Germany the day after the battle of Minden; Mark, a captain of foot: and a daughter, Henrietta, who died an infant. His lordship married secondly, Mary, daughter of major George Johnston, in April 1750, by whom he had issue, George; James, who died in 1760; Patrick; James John: Elizabeth, who died in infancy; Efther and Mary. His lordship is a lord of the police.

TITLES.] The right honourable Francis Napier, lord Na-

pier of Merchiston.

CREATIONS. ] Lord Napier, 4 May 1627, by king Charles I. also a baronet, 22 August 1660.

ARMS.]

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th, pearl, a faltire ingrailed, between four roses, ruby, for Napier; 2d and 3d, topaz, on a bend, sapphire, a star between two crescents of the first, within a double tressure, counterstory with sleurs de lis of the 2d, for Scot of Thirlestane.

CREST.] On a wreath, a right arm couped below the el-

bow, and erect, grasping a crescent.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, an eagle, proper. On the finither, a chevalier in a cost of mail, holding a launce with a penon, all proper; and below the shield, by way of compartment, a mural crown, pearl, masoned, diamond, out of which issue fix haunces disposed in saltire, as the former.

Morro. Ready, Ay Ready.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Ballenton, in Perthshire; Thirlestane, Berwickshire; and Edinbillie, in Stirlingshire.

#### FAIRFAX, Lord FAIRFAX.

RICHARD Fairfax, in the fixth year of king John, of England, 1205, was possessed of the lands of Ascham, near York. His son, William, had another William, baillist of York in 1249, whose son, Thomas, died in the twelfth year of Edward I. and was succeeded by his eldest son, John, whose son, Thomas, was succeeded by his fon, William, and he by his eldest son, Thomas, who was living in 1350, and was succeeded by his eldest son, William Fairfax of Walton, Esq; whose eldest son, Thomas, died in 1415, and Richard, his eldest son, flourished in the reigns of Henry IV. V. and VI. He was chief justice of England after the year 1442; and by his wife, Anastaia, daughter and coheir of John Calthorp of Calthorp, Esq; had siftle six sons and three daughters, viz. William, ancestor of the viscount Fairfax of Ireland; Bryan Fairfax, L. L. D. who died without issue; Sir Guy, of whom hereaster; Richard, a priest; Sir Nicholas, a knight of Rhodes; Miles: Margaret, Anne, and Elein.

Sir Guy, third fon, being bred to the law, was attorney general, and afterwards juffice of the king's bench, in the reigns of Edward IV. Richard III. and Henry VII. He built Steeton caffle, in the county of York, which afterwards became the feat of his family. He married Ifabel, daughter of Sir William Rither of Rither, and by her had Sir William, his heir; Thomas, ferjeant at law; Guy and Nicholas: and two daughters.

Sir William, who succeeded, was by king Henry VIII. made justice of the common pleas; and marrying Elizabeth, eldeft daughter of Sir Robert Manners, ancestor of the duke of Rutland, by her had Sir William, his heir, and sour daughters.

Sir William, who succeeded in 1514, being sheriff of Yok-shire the 26th and 31st of Henry VIII. that king sent him two

letters,

letters, directed, To our trufty and well beloved Sir William Fairfax, Knt. which are still in the possession of the family. He obtained the castle and manor of Denton by Isabel, his wife, daughter and heir of John Thwaits, lord thereof; and died the 31st of October, 1557. He had five sons and five daughters; Sir Thomas, Francis, Edward, Henry, and Gabriel, who was feated at Steeton, which his father gave him on difinheriting his eldeft fon, Sir Thomas, with whom he was highly offended for accompanying the duke of Bourbon, at the facking of Rome, at the beginning of the Reformation. The five daughters all lived to be married. He died in 1557, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon, Sir Thomas, of Denton, sheriff of York in 1571, and knighted by queen Elizabeth in 1579. By his wife Dorothy, daughter of George Gale of Acham Grange, Eig; treasurer of the Mint at York, he had five fons and two daughters, viz. Sir Thomas; Edward, an excellent poet in the reign of Charles I. Henry and Ferdinando. who died young; and ir Charles, colonel of 3000 foldiers at the fiege of Oftend, in which he was killed: Urfula, wife of Sir Henry Bellassise, Bart and mother of Thomas, viscount Falconberg; and Christian, of John Aske, of Aughton, Esq; He died in 1599, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir Thomas, who accompanying the earl of Effex into France, in 1501, who was then general of the English army, fent by queen Elizabeth to the affiftance of Henry IV. against the Spaniards and Popish league, was there knighted by the faid general in the camp before Roan, in Normandy, for his bravery in that service, and was created lord Fairfax by king Charles I. He married Helen, daughter of Robert Ask, of Aughton, Esq; and dying in May 1540, in the 80th year of his age, he had iffue five fons and two daughters, viz. Ferdinando; Henry, of whom more presently; major William, killed in 1621 at Frankendale, in the palatinate of which he was one of the defenders; colonel Charles, ancestor of the family of Menston; John; Peregrine, killed in the defence of Rochelle, in France; Thomas, flain in Turkey, in 1621: Dorothy, married to Sir William Conftable, Bart. and Anne, to Sir George Wentworth

of Wolley, Knt. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Ferdinando, second lord, who was knighted in 1589, and at the beginning of the civil war, was the parliament's general for the affociated county of York. In December 1642, being intrenched at Tadcaster, he was attacked by the earl of Newcastle, whom he vigorously repulsed, and obliged him to retreat with lofs. In January 1643, he routed lord Byron, with his Irish forces, at Namptwich, in Cheshire, most of whom he killed, and took prifoner colonel George Monk. In April 1644, he defeated lord Bellassife, at Selby, and took bim prisoner, with fixteen hundred of his men. In

July

July following he commanded the main battle with the earl of Leven at Marston Moor, where the king's army, under prince Rupert, was defeated, and thereupon took possession of York as governor. He married lady Mary Sheffield, daughter of Edmund, the first earl of Mulgrave, ancestor of the late duke of Buckingham, by whom he had iffue three fons and fix daughters, viz. Sir Thomas; Charles, colonel of horse, slain at Marston-moor on July 23, 1644; John, who died young: Urfula, who died unmarried; Elizabeth, wife of Sir William Constable of Linchwick, in Worcestershire, Bart. Eleanor, of Sir William Selby of Twifdale, in Northumberland, Bart. Frances, of Sir Thomas Widdrington of Chifburn Grange, in the county of Northumberland, serjeant at law; Mary, of Henry Arthlington of Arthlington, Efq; and Dorothy, of Edward Hutton of Poppleton, Esq; He married secondly, Rhoda, daughter and heir of Thomas Chapman of Strafford, Efg; by whom he had a daughter, Urfula, married to William Cartwright of Aynho, in Northamptonshire, Esq; whose daughter, Rhoda, was wife of Henry, fecond fon of William duke of Devonshire. He died in 1646, and was succeeded in his title,

estates, and posts, by his fon,

Thomas, third lord, who in January 1642, took the town of Leeds from Sir William Savil, and made five hundred men prisoners. In July 1644, he commanded the right wing of the parliament army at Marston-moor, which gained a complete victory over the royalists; having also, in the preceding April, joined his father in the fight with lord Bellaffife. In 1645, the 34th year of his age, he was made general in chief of the parliament armies, which he commanded with great fuccess; for in that year he fought and totally routed the king at Naseby, retook Leicester, beat colonel Goring, took Bridgewater, Dartmouth, Bristol, beat the lord Hopton, forced the prince of Wales to retire into Scilly, and thence to France; and then reducing all the west, drove the king from Oxford in May 1646. At this time he led the Presbyterian party in the house, and the next year waited on the king, when he was brought to the army, which he led to London, and was made governor of the Tower. In 1646, he succeeded his father as before observed, and in August following, reduced Colchester for the parliament; but the Independents now getting uppermost in the parliament, as well as army, he had no share in their violent resolutions; and as he had no hand in the death of the king, he had no power to prevent it. In 1649, he was continued general of the army; but being diffatisfied at the parliament's war with Scotland, he refigned his commission in 1650, and was succeeded by Oliver Cromwell. In 1659, he entered into measures with general Monk, to whom he gave confiderable affiftance in the reftoration of king Charles II. and was one of the commissioners ers sent by the parliament to the king upon that great occasion; when arriving at the Hague, he was received by his majestivith singular favour and goodness, which was continued to the end of his life. Soon after the king was restored, he was elected knight of the shire for the county of York, but lived retried in the country, where he passed the remainder of his days, highly esteemed for his many heroic and virtuous qualities, for which he was justly celebrated by the greatest pens of that age; all parties agreeing in the due praise of his merit. He married Ann, daughter and coheir of Sir Horatia Vere, who in 1620 commanded the small body of English forces in the Palatinate, by whom he had a daughter, Mary, married to George Villiers, the second duke of Buckingham of that name, but died without issue; and Elizabeth, who died young: And the said lord dying in 1671, without male issue, the honour descended to Henry Fairfax of Oglethorp, Esq.; son of Henry, the second on of Thomas, first lord Fairfax. Which

Henry, fourth lord, was also knight of the shire for the county of York, and married Frances, daughter and heir of Sir Robert Barwick of Tolston, and had sour sons and five daughters, Dorothy, married first, to Robert Stapylton, Eq. and secondly, to Bennet Sherrard, Esq. and was mother of Philipearl of Harborough; Frances, to Mr. Rymer; Anne, to Ralph Ker, son of Sir Ralph Ker of Durham; and Ursula and Mary, who died unmarried. The sons were, Thomas; Henry, sometime sherisf of York; Bryan and Barwick. He

died in 1680, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Thomas, fifth lord, who was a colonel in the guards, and a brigadier general, and feveral times before the union, knight of the fhire for the county of York, which feat he was obliged to give up, on becoming a peer of Great Britain. He married Catharine, only daughter and heir of Thomas lord Colepeers, and dying in 1710, left three fons, Thomas, his heir; Henry; and Robert, a major in the guards, and member in the prefent parliament for Kent, and lieutenant colonel of the weftern battalion of the militia of that county. He married the daughter of Anthony Collins of Baddow, in the county of Effex, Efg; by whom he had a fon and heir, born in January 1743, and other children fince. His lordfhip had alfo four daughters, Margaret, wife of Dr. David Wilkins, late archdeacon of Suffolk; Catharine, Frances and Mary, who all died unmarried. His lordfhip died in 1709, and was succeeded by his eldest fon.

Thomas, fixth lord, who dying in 1738, was succeeded by

his brother,

Henry, now feventh lord Fairfax.

TITLES.] The right honourable Henry Fairfax, lord Fairfax of Cameron,

CREATION.]

LORD REAY.

CREATION. | Lord Fairfax, 4 May 1627, by king Charles I. ARMS. Topaz, three bars gemel, ruby, furmounted of a lion rampant, diamond. His lordship also quarters the arms of Colepeper, pearl, a bend ingrailed, ruby.

CREST.] On a wreath, a lion paffant gardant of the last. SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a lion gardant, diamond;

on the finister, a bay horse.

Мотто.] Fare Fac. CHIEF SEAT.] At Leeds castle, in Kent.

## MACKAY, Lord REAY.

A LEXANDER Forbes flourished in the reign of Alexander II. who was father of Magnus, father of Morgan, father of Donald, who lived in the reign of David Bruce; father of Jye More, whose son was called Mack Jye, whence Mackay. Donald, fon of Mack Jye, was father of Angus Mackay, who lived in 1410, and died in 1428, being fucceeded by his fon Neil, whose fon, Angus Dou Mackay of Farre, was a brave foldier, who in 1443 was burnt to death in the church of Tarbet, by the Ross men, whom he had often molested; and was succeeded by his eldest son, John, who endeavouring to revenge his father's death, was flain by the Rofs men, in 1479. He was succeeded by his brother, Jye Roy, or Odo Mackay, who from James IV. got a charter of lands in the county of Inverness, wherein he was succeeded by his fon Donald, who married a daughter of the family of Sinclair, by whom he had Hutcheon, his heir, who married lady Elizabeth, daughter of George, fourth earl of Caithness, and had a fon, Hugh, or Hutcheon, who married lady Jane, daughter of Alexander earl of Sutherland, and in 1614, was succeeded by his eldest fon,

Donald, who by a warrant from king Charles I. in 1625, carried over to Germany a regiment of 1500 men, of his own name and followers, to the affiftance of the king of Bohemia; and afterwards entered into the fervice of the kings of Denmark and Sweden, where he served with great reputation. In 1626, he returning to his native country, was first knighted, and foon after created lord Reay. In the civil war he joined the royal party, was taken prisoner at the surrender of Newcastle to the Scotch army, and fent to the castle of Edinburgh, in order to be tried; but being relieved by the marquis of Montrose, he retired to Denmark, where he died. He married first, Barbara Mackenzie, fister of Colin, the first earl of Seaforth, and by her had John, his heir; and Mary, wife of Henry Monro of Clynes, only brother of Sir Robert Monro of Foulis: and fecondly, dame Rachael Harrison, by whom he had Robert and Hugh. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

O 2

John,

John, fecond lord, who marrying Barbara, daughter of Donald Mackay of Scaury, had three fons, Donald, brigadier general Æneas, and colonel Robert.

Donald, who was his heir apparent, marrying Ann, daughter of Sir George Munro of Culcairn, and dying before his fa-

ther, left

George, third lord, who fucceeded his grandfather, and was a fellow of the royal fociety. He married first, Margaret, daughter of that brave officer, lieutenant general Hugh Mackay, who was unfortunately killed at the battle of Steenkirk, 1692; and had a fon, Donald. His fecond wife was Janet, daughter of John Sinclair of Ulbster, by whom he had colonel Hugh Mackay of Bighouse; and Anne, wife of John Watson of Muirhouse, Eig; By his third, who was Mary, daughter of John Dowel, Esq; he had two sons and sour daughters; George, of Skibo; colonel Alexander: Mary; Harriot; Christian, wife of John Erskine, jun. of Carnock; and Marian. Dying in the year 1748, he was succeeded by his eldeft fon,

Donald, fourth lord Reay, who testified his loyalty during the rebellion 1745, by arming his tenants in defence of the government and royal family; and dying in August 1761, was

succeeded by his only son,

George, fifth lord, who married first, Marian, daughter of colonel Hugh Mackay of Bighouse, by whom he left no iffue; and fecondly, a daughter of — Fairly of that ilk, by whom he had one daughter, Jane. He died in 1765, and was fucceeded by Donald, the present lord, though I cannot find by what relation.

TITLES.] The right honourable Donald Mackay, lord

Reay, and baronet.

CREATIONS.] Baronet of New Scotland, 18 March 1626; and baron Reay, in the county af Caithness, 20 June 1628,

by king Charles I.

ARMS.] Sapphire, on a chevron, topaz, between three bears heads couped, pearl, and muzzled, ruby, a roebuck's head erazed of the last, between two hands holding daggers, all proper.

CREST.] On a wreath, a right hand couped and erect,

grasping a dagger as those in the arms.

SUPPORTERS.] Two men in a military dress, with muskets, in a centinel's posture, all proper.

Мотто.] Manu Forti.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Tong, in Strathnaver, in the county of Sutherland,

#### ASTON, Lord ASTON.

THIS family is of English extraction. Ralph de Aston, of the county of Stafford, flourished in the reign of Henry III. to whose son, Roger, in the same reign, 1260, Roger de Moland, bishop of Litchfield, gave the keeping of the game in Cankwood, in that county, which office hath continued to his posterity ever fince. To the faid Roger, whose wife was Sibyl, daughter of James de Landa, fucceeded Sir John, their fon, who in the 7th of Edward III. was knight of the shire for the county of Stafford, as in the 18th and 32d, was Roger, his son, who was father of Sir John, and he of Sir Thomas, the last of whom often served in parliament for that county, and in the 10th of Henry IV. was sheriff thereof. He married Elizabeth, fister and heir of Reginald de Leigh, son of Richard, fon of Reginald, lord of Parkhall, with whom he had a great estate.

Sir Roger, their fon, in the 12th of Henry VI. was one of the prime gentry returned by the commissioners for the county; and marrying Joice, fifter and coheir of Baldwin de Frevil, whose ancestors had been barons of parliament, and were heirs general to the noble families of Marmion and Montfort of

Beaudesert, by her had

Roger, his heir, who marrying Isabel, daughter of Sir Wil-

liam Brereton, of the county of Chester, had a son,

John, who in the time of king Edward IV. and Richard III. was sheriff of Staffordshire; and marrying Elizabeth, daughter of John Delves of Doddington, Efq; by her was father of

Sir John Aston, who at the marriage of prince Arthur, eldeft fon of king Henry VII. was created a knight of the Bath. In the 4th of Henry VIII. he went in the expedition into Britany, and affifted that king in the fiege of Terouaine and Tournay, as also at the battle of Spurs, 1513, when, for his conduct and bravery, he was made a knight bannaret in the open field; and marrying Joan, daughter of Sir William Littleton, by Helen his wife, daughter and coheir of Robert Welsh, lord of Wanlip, in the county of Leicester, he by that marriage possessed the faid manor of Wanlip, and the lordship of Tixhall, in the county of Stafford, the latter being purchased by the Littletons. He had two fons, Sir Edward, his heir, and William.

Sir Edward, who had been feveral times sheriff for his own county, dying in 1568, left by Joan his wife, daughter of Sir Thomas Bowles, baron of the exchequer, Sir Walter, his heir; and three daughters, Katharine, married first, to Stephen Stanley, Efq; fecondly, to Sir William Chetwynd of Ingstree, in the county of Stafford; and thirdly, to Sir Edward Cope of

Q3 CannonsCannons-Ashby, in Northamptonshire; Mary, to Simon Harcourt of Stanton Harcourt, in the county of Oxford, ancestor of the earl of that name; and Frances, to Robert Needham of Shenton, in the county of Leicester, ancestor of the viscount Kilmorey, in Ireland.

Sir Walter, who fucceeded his father, dying in 1589, left, by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Sir James Levison, Sir Edward, his heir; and Margery, married to Thomas Astley of

Pateshul, in the county of Stafford, Esq;

Sir Edward was theriff of Staffordshire, an office which all his ancestors had served from the time of king Edward III, and marrying Anne, daughter of Sir Thomas Lucy, Kt. by her had a daughter, Ann, married to Ambrose Elton, of the Halse, in the county of Hereford, Efg; and Sir Walter, who succeeded him, and at the coronation of king James I. of England, was made a knight of the Bath, and in 1611, created a baronet. In 1622, being then in a publick character at the court of Madrid, he was commissioned, with John Digby, earl of Bristol, to conclude a marriage treaty between Charles prince of Wales, and the eldest daughter of that crown; and to support the glory of his country, he spent there the greatest part of his estate. But though that marriage was defeated, the faid Sir Walter, after his return, was by Charles I. for his good fervices, created lord Aston. He married Gertrude, daughter of Sir Ralph Sadler of Standon, in the county of Hertford; and dying in 1639, was fucceeded by his eldest fon,

Walter, fecond lord, who during the civil war, at the fiege of Litchfield, being joined in commission with Sir Thomas Tildefly, the governor, they fent a trufty fervant with a letter to the king at Newcastle, which being delivered safe, he re-

turned with the following answer.

Newcastle, 6 June, 1646.

My lord Afton, and Tildefly,

THE greatest of my misfortunes is, that I cannot reward fuch gallant and loyal subjects as you are, as I ought,

or would. For the present I must deal freely with you,

which is, that I can give you no relief; but I defire you 6 to hold out till Oxford be furrendered, which will be ranked

among the rest of the good services done by you to

6 Your affured friend,

· CHARLES R.'

Oxford being furrendered in June, and no conditions made for them, they made the best they could for themselves, which was only a permission to go home and compound for their estates.

Tildefly,

Tildefly and lord Widrington were killed in the fight with colonel Lilburn, 1651, when he routed the earl of Derby in Wigan Lane: but the lord Afton living retired till the king's reftoration, he then fucceeded to the effate at Standon, afore-faid; which effate, with his majefly's grant to him and his heirs for a weekly market, and two feveral fairs every year in the town of Standon, each to continue for two days, without an account to be rendered in the exchequer, was all the reward for his fervices, loyalty, and fufferings. He married lady Mary Wefton, daughter of Richard earl of Portland, lord treafurer of England, by whom he had Walter, his heir; and feveral daughters, whereof Frances was the fecond wife of Sir Edward Gage of Hangrave, in Suffolk, Bart. He was fucceeded by his faid fon,

Walter, third lord, who dying in November 1714, left by Eleanor his wife, daughter of Sir Walter Blount of Soddington, in the county of Worcester, Bart. widow of Robert Knightley of Off-Church, in the county of Warwick, Efq.

one fon,

Walter, fourth lord, who married lady Mary Howard, fifter of Thomas duke of Norfolk, and by her, who died in 1723, had feveral children. In 1727, one of his daughters married Robert Weld, Esq; whom she fuel for insufficiency; but not obtaining a divorce, they were persuaded to live together; and the said Walter, lord Aston, dying in 1746, was succeeded by his son,

James, fifth lord, who married lady Barbara Talbot, daughter of George, late earl of Shrewsbury, who died at Paris in October 1759; and his lordship dying in August 1751, leaving only two daughters, the title descended to the next heir,

Philip, fixth lord Afton, who died 29 April 1755, upon

which the title devolved on the next heir,

Walter, the feventh and prefent lord Afton.

TITLES ] The right honourable Walter Aston, lord Aston

of Forfar, in the county of Forfar.

CREATIONS.] Lord Afton of Forfar, in the county of Forfar, 8 November 1628; and baronet, 22 May 1611.

ARMS.] Pearl, a fess, and in chief, three lozenges, diamond. CREST.] On a wreath, a bull's head couped, of the last.

SUPPORTERS.] Two Roman knights completely armed, their faces, hands, and knees, bare.

Motto.] Numini et Patriæ Afto.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Standon, in the county of Hertford; and at Tixhall, near Stafford.

#### MACLELLAN, Lord KIRCUDBRIGHT.

SIR Patrick Maclellan of Bomby had a fon, Sir Patrick Maclellan of Bomby, who happening to take part with his near kinfman, lord Herries, againft the earl of Douglas, he was befieged in his own caftle of Raeberry by that earl, and put to death: whereupon his relations, without warrant or authority, making great depredations on the Douglas lands in Galloway, their office of fheriff, and barony of Bomby, was forfeited to the crown; and the faid office, which was erected into the fheriffally of Wigton and Kirkudbright, was given to other families; but the barony was recovered in the following manner:

In the reign of the same king James II. a company of gypsies coming from Ireland, and infesting the county of Galloway, that king issue a proclamation, that whoever would disperse them, and bring their captain dead or alive, should have a considerable reward; and in this attempt, Sir William, son of Sir Patrick, before-mentioned, being the fortunate person that slew him, brought his head to the king on the point of his sword; from whence, to perpetuate the memory of that brave action, he took the same figure for his crest, with the motto, Think on. The king also restored to him the barony of Bomby. He had issue a second to the same figure for his crest, with the motto,

Sir Thomas Maclellan of Bomby, who in the reign of kings James III. and IV. was very serviceable to the crown on several occasions; and marrying Agnes, daughter of Sir James Dunbar of Mochrum, by her had three sons, Sir William; Gilbert, of whom hereaster; and John, whose male line is ex-

tinct. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir William, who obtained many lands in Galloway from James IV. and married Elizabeth, a daughter of the family of Muir. Being flain at the battle of Floddon in 1513, with the faild king James, he left issue,

Sir Thomas, his heir, who was killed in a feud in the high ftreet of Edinburgh, by the barons of Drumlanrig and Loch-

invar, leaving iffue,

Sir Thomas, who had a charter of all his lands from queen Mary; and married Helen, daughter of Sir James Gordon of

Lochinvar, by whom he had a fon,

Sir Thomas, who married Grifel, daughter of John Maxwell, lord Herries, by whom he had iffue three fons, Sir Robert; William, of Glenfhannoch, of whom hereafter; and bern, of whom also hereafter. He died in 1607, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir Robert, who was knighted by king James VI. to whom, and king Charles I. he was gentleman of the bedchamber, and by the latter was created a baronet, and a baron, May 25, 1633; but dying without male iffue in 1641, the honour defeended to his nephew,

Thomas,

## LORD KIRCUDBRIGHT. 233

Thomas, fecond lord, the fon of his brother William, of Glenshannoch, before-mentioned, who marrying lady Jane Douglas, daughter of William the first earl of Queensbery, and dying without issue in 1648, the title descended to his

coufin-german, and heir male,

John Maclellan, of Burg, third lord, fon of John, younger brother of the first lord; and this worthy person, in the time of the civil war, raised a regiment of soot at his own charge for the service of king Charles II. whose train he helped to support at his coronation at Scoon in 1651. He married Ann, daughter of Sir Robert Maxwel of Orcardtoun; and dying in 1664. left a son, an infant,

William, fourth lord, who dying five years after unmarried, the dignity, for want of support, lay dormant till 1722; when, at the election of fixteen peers, James Maclellan, nephew of John, the third lord, succeeded as fifth lord of Kircudbright; but he dying without male issue, the representation devolved on William Maclellan, of Bournes, lineally descended of Sir Gilbert, second son of Sir Thomas, by Agnes Dunbar, as

before recited.

Which William, fixth and prefent lord, making his claim and voting, was entered on the parliament rolls by the title as above, in 1734. He married Margaret Murray, by whom he has a fon, John, mafter of Kircudbright, an officer in the army.

TITLE.] The right honourable William Maclellan, lord

Kircudbright.

CREATION.] Lord Kircudbright, 25 May 1633, by king

ARMS.] Topaz, two chevrons diamond.

CREST.] On a wreath, a right arm erect, the hand grasping a dagger with a moor's head on the point thereof couped, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a chevalier in armour, holding in his outer hand a batoon. On the finister, a horse

pearl, furnish'd ruby.

Motto.] Think on.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Kircudbright, the capital of that county.

#### OGILVIE, Lord BANFF.

THE descent of this samily will be sound under that of the earl of Finlater, and that Sir Walter Ogilvie, of Finlater and Desksord, in the reign of James II. had two sons, Sir James and Sir Walter; Sir Walter the second had two sons also, Sir George, and Sir Walter, ancestor of the samily of Banst, whose eldest son, Sir George, was, in 1612, succeeded by his eldest son, Sir Walter, whose eldest son, Sir George, was created a baronet by king Charles I. July 10, 1627, in

whose behalf he was very zealous during the civil war, and who, in 1042, created him a baron. He married first, Helen. daughter of Sir Alexander Irvine of Drum, by whom he had a daughter Helen, married to James, earl of Airly; and by his second, Mary, daughter of Sir Alexander Sutherland of Duffus, he had a fon, George, his heir, and two daughters, Mary, wife of Walter Innes, of Auchluncart, and — of Gordon, of Badinfcott. He was succeeded in 1663, by his fon.

George, fecond lord, who marrying Agnes, daughter of Alexander, lord Halkerton, had two fons, George his heir, and Sir Alexander, who in the reign of queen Ann was created a baronet, and appointed one of the judges of fession, of whom hereafter: also four daughters, Agnes, wife of Francis Gordon, of Craig; Mary, of John Porbes of Ballfluig; Helen, of Sir Robert Lauder of Bielmouth; and Janet, of John Leith of Leith hall. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

George, third lord, who marrying the lady Jane, daughter of William, earl marshal, by her had a son, and a daughter, Mary, wife of John Joice of Collonaird. He was succeeded

by his fon,

George, fourth lord, who married Helen, daughter of Sir John Lauder of Fountain-Hall, one of the fenators of the college of juffice, by whom he had John-George, his heir, and

John, the eldest, fifth lord, being drowned by bathing in the fea, in 1738, and leaving no iffue, was fucceeded by his

brother.

Alexander, fixth lord, who for some years was a captain in the royal navy; but dying unmarried at Lifbon in 1747, the title devolved on Alexander, his coufin, grandson of Sir Alexander of Forglan, fecond fon of George, fecond lord Banff.

Which Sir Alexander, by his wife Mary, daughter of Sir John Allardice of that ilk, had four fons and three daughters, viz. George, who died without iffue; Alexander, father of the present lord; John, and Peter; Agnes, wife of Sir Alexander Reid of Barra; Mary, of Andrew Hay, of Mountblairie; and Helen, of - Smollett, fon and heir of Sir James Smollett of Bonhill.

Alexander, his fecond fon, married Jane, daughter of

Friend, Efq; by whom he had one daughter, and a fon,

Alexander, feventh and prefent lord Banff, who married Jane, daughter of William Nesbit of Dirleton, Esq; by whom he has iffue three fons and three daughters; Alexander, mafter of Banff; William, Archibald; Jane, Sophia, and Janet.

TITLE.] The right honourable Alexander Ogilvie, lord

Banff in the county of Banff.

CREATIONS.] Lord Banff, by Charles I. 30 August 1642, and baronet in 1627.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th pearl, a lion passant gardant ruby, crowned with an imperial crown proper, for Ogilvie; 2d and 3d pearl, three parrots emerald, for Hame of Fastcastle.

CREST. ] On a wreath, a lion's head erazed ruby.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a man in armour with a target in his right hand. On the finister, a lion ruby.

MOTTO.] Fideliter.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Insdreur in the county of Banff.

## MURRAY, Lord ELIBANK.

THIS noble family sprung from the house of Blackbarony, the head or chief of an honourable tribe of the name of Murray, which flourished in the south of Scotland for many centuries.

Sir Gideon Murray, knighted by king James VI. by whom he was made treasurer depute, was third son of Andrew Murray, of Blackbarony, by Grisel his wise, daughter of Sir John

Bethune, of Creich.

This Sir Gideon, during the fix years of his treasurership, managed that office with such advantage to the crown, that beside the charge of the government, he also repaired and enlarged the palaces of Holyrood, Falkland, Lithgow, and Dumferlin, with the castles of Dunbriton and Edinburgh: and in 1617, at the king's coming to Scotland, had the treasury so full, that his majesty appeared with as much splendor as at Whitehall. He married Margaret Pentland, and had two fons, Sir Patrick his heir, and Walter; and a daughter, wife of Sir William Scott, of Harden.

Sir Patrick, the eldeft fon, in respect of his loyalty to king Charles I. was on the 16th of May, 1628, created a baronet, and in 1643, advanced to the title of lord Elibank: he married, first, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir James Dundas of Arniston, by whom he had issue, Patrick, and — Murray of Spot, and a daughter Elizabeth, wife of Sir Archibald Stirling of Carden; and secondly, Helen, daughter of Sir James Lindsay, by whom he had issue two sons and two daughters, Walter, who settled in Ireland, and was ancestor of the Murrays of Ravigny, and others; George, lieutenant-colonel in the troop of life-guards; —, wife of — Auchmoutie of Gossford; and —, of Sir William Murray of Newton. He died in 1650, and was succeeded by his eldeft son,

Patrick, fecond lord, who married lady Elizabeth, daughter of John earl of Traquair, and had iffue by her two fons and one daughter, viz. Patrick; John, a captain in the army, killed at the battle of Antrim, in Ireland; and Elizabeth, wife

of John Auchmoutie of Gosford. He died in 1658, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Patrick, third lord, one of the privy-council of James VII. but laid afide for opposing the repeal of the penal laws, in 1687. He married Ann, daughter of Alexander Burnet, archbishop of St. Andrews, and had Alexander his heir, and three daughters; Mary, married to John earl of Cromartie; Helen, to Sir John Mackenzie of Coul, and Elizabeth, who died unmarried. He

Mackenizie of Cours and

was fucceeded by his fon, Alexander, fourth lord Elibank, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. George Stirling of Edinburgh, by whom he had five fons, and fix daughters; Barbara, married to Sir James Johnston of Westerhall, Bart. Elizabeth, who died unmarried; Anne, to James Ferguson of Pitsour, Advocate; Janet, to major Robert Murray; Mary, and Helen, married to Sir John Stewart of Gairntully, bart. The fons were, Patrick; George, a rear-admiral in the British navy, who married lady Isabel Mackenzie, daughter of George late earl of Cromartie, by whom he has a daughter; Gideon, a clergyman; Alexander, an officer in the army, who incurred the refentment of the honourable House of Commons for his behaviour at the Westminster election, on a vacancy for a member of parliament, in 1750; for which offence, refusing to beg pardon of the House, he was committed to Newgate, and there closely confined during the whole fession 1751; James, a major-general, and late governor of Canada. His lordship died in 1735, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Patrick, now fifth lord Elibank, who was a lieutenant-colonel in the army on the expedition to Carthagena. He married Maria Margaretta, lady dowager North, relict of William lord North and Grey, and daughter of Mynheer Elmeet, receiver-general of the United Provinces, by whom he has iffue.

TITLE.] The right honourable Patrick Murray, lord Eli-

bank.

CREATIONS.] Baron Elibank, by king Charles I. in 1643,

and baronet of New Scotland in 1628.

ARMS.] Sapphire, three flars within a double treffure counterflory with fleurs de lis pearl, and in the centre a martlet topaz.

CREST.] On a wretah, a lion rampant ruby, holding be-

tween his paws a battle-axe, proper.

SUPPORTERS. ] Two horses pearl, bridled, ruby.

Morro.] Virtute Fideque.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Ballencrief, in East Lothian; and at Newark House, in the county of Selkirk.

#### FALCONER, Lord HALKERTON.

THE first of this family on record is Walter de Loncorp, whose fon Ranulph being falconer to king William the lion, obtained a charter of the lands of Luthra and Balbegno, in the county of Kincardin, which from his office were named Halkerton, or Hawkerton, and the family called Falconer, which for many years was honoured with knighthood. He left iffue Walter, who was fucceeded by his fon Robert, and he by a fon, -, whose fon, David, was succeeded by his fon, Andrew, living in 1380. He was father of Alexander, and he of David, who flourished in the reigns of James II. and III. David was fucceeded by his fon, Alexander, and he by his fon, Sir George Falconer of Halkerton, whose fon, David, was fucceeded by his eldest son, Sir Alexander, in 1540, who by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Sir Archibald Douglas of Glenbervie, ancestor of the dukes of Douglas, had four sons and one daughter, viz. Sir Alexander; Archibald, ancestor of the Falconers of Phesdo; Samuel, of Kincorth; William, father of Colin, first bishop of Argyll; and Catharine, wife of Hugh Rose of Kilravock. He was succeeded by his eldest son.

Šir Alexander, who married Isabel, daughter of Patrick lord Gray, by whom he had three sons; Sir Alexander; Patrick, of Newton, of whom James Falconer of Monkton, Esq, is the representative; and James, of Middlehaugh. He was suc-

ceeded by his eldest son,

Sir Alexander, who married Agnes, daughter of Sir David Carnegie of Colathie, anceftor of the earls of Southeffs, by whom he had four fons, Sir Alexander, his heir; Sir David, anceftor of the prefent lord; Sir John, of Balmakellie, mafter of the Mint to Charles II. and James, of Coatfield. He was

fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir Alexander, who being a gentleman of great knowledge in the laws, was by king Charles I. made one of the privy council, and created a peer in 1647; and marrying Ann, daughter of John lord Lindfay, anceftor of the earl of Crawfurd, by her had Alexander, his heir; and a daughter, Agnes, married to George Ogilvie, fecond lord Banff. He was fucceeded by his fon,

Alexander, fecond lord, who married lady Margaret, daughter of James, fecond earl of Airly; and dying in 1684,

by her left a fon,

David, third lord, who dying unmarried, was fucceeded by David Falconer of Newton, fon of Sir David Falconer, lord prefident of fession in 1822, who was second son of Sir David Falconer of Glenfarcar, second brother to the first lordHalkerton.

Which David, fourth lord, succeeded to the estate of Glenfarcar, some little time before the death of the preceding lord.

#### 238 LORD HALKERTON.

He married lady Catharine Keith, daughter of William, fecond earl of Kintore, by whom he had five fons and four daughters, viz. Alexander; William; David; John; and George, a captain in the navy: Catharine, who died unmarried; Jane, wife of James Falconer of Monkton, Efg; Mary; and Marjory, wife of George Norvill of Boghall, Efg; He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Alexander, fifth lord, who married Frances, daughter of Herbert Mackworth of Glamorganshire, in Wales, Esq; and

dying in November 1762, was succeeded by his brother, William, fixth and present lord Halkerton.

TITLE. The right honourable Alexander Falconer, lord Halkerton.

CREATION. ] Baron Halkerton of Halkerton, in the county

of Kincardin, by king Charles I. 29 July 1647.

ARMS.] Sapphire, a falcon displayed, pearl, crowned with a ducal crown, topaz, and charged on the breast with a man's heart, ruby, between three stars of the second. The stars and heart shew his descent from Douglas by the mother's fide.

CREST. ] On a wreath, an angel in a praying posture,

within an orle of laurel.

SUPPORTERS ] Two falcons, proper.

MOTTO.] Vive ut vivas.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Halkerton and Glenfarquar, in the county of Kincardine.

## HAMILTON, Lord BELHAVEN.

THE descent of this noble family may be seen under the title of Duke of Hamilton; and that James, first lord Hamilton, had a fecond fon, Andrew, ancestor of the lords Belhaven, whose eldest fon, John, having no male issue, was succeeded by his brother Robert, and he by his son John, who was succeeded by his son, another John, whose son, Sir James, was father of Sir John Hamilton of Broomhill, who during the civil war, taking up arms in defence of king Charles I. was thereupon created lord Belhaven and Straton, December 18, 1647. He married Margaret, natural daughter of James marquis of Hamilton, and had iffue by her three daughters; Margaret, wife of Sir Samuel Baillie of Lamington; Anne, of whom hereafter; and Elizabeth, married to Alexander Seton, viscount Kingston. Having no male issue, he was succeeded by his coufin, Sir John Hamilton of Biel, who had married his grand-daughter, according to a new patent obtained for that purpose in 1675. For

The fecond daughter, Anne, above-mentioned, having married Sir Robert Hamilton of Silvertounhill, a cadet of the family, had by him an only daughter, Margaret, married to the

faid

faid Sir John Hamilton of Biel, the fecond lord, as above, who having fignalized himfelf at the Revolution in 1688, by raifing a troop of horse for the prince and princes of Orange, was, foon after their accession to the throne, made one of the privy council, and a commissioner of the exchequer, He also affissed in restoring the Presbyterian government, and the establishment of the Scots African Company. In the parliament 1700, he most zealously promoted the act to prevent the growth of Popery; and in 1704, was appointed one of the lords of the treasury. In 1706, when the union came to be debated, he joined with those who opposed it; and on this subject made several long and learned speeches, containing his reasons for opposing it. Dying in June 1708, in the 52d year of his age, he lest iffue by Margaret his wise, above-mentioned, two sons, John, his heir; and James, who died in 1732, without issue.

He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon, John, third lord, who was elected one of the fixteen peers for North Britain in 1715, and the same year was appointed a gentleman of the bedchamber to George prince of Wales, afterwards George II. In 1721, he was appointed governor of Barbadoes, but was loft in the Royal Ann galley, near the Lizard Point, on the 10th of November that year; the ship having struck on the Stag rocks, was staved to pieces, and of 240 persons, only two men and a boy were faved. Lord Belhaven's body was taken up near Falmouth, being known by a diamond ring on his finger, and the letter-mark on his fhirt; for he was in bed, as were most of the passengers, when the first dreadful shock surprized them. He married Mary, daughter of Andrew Bruce, merchant in Edinburgh, by whom he had four fons and one daughter, viz. John, now lord; Andrew, an officer in the army, who died unmarried; James, advocate, sheriff-depute of Haddingtonshire; Robert, major in the army; and Margaret, wife of Alexander Baird, Efq; fon of Sir William Baird of Newbeath. He was succeeded by his eldeft fon.

John, fourth and present lord Belhaven, who is one of the commissioners for encouraging fisheries, and high sheriff of the county of Haddington.

TITLE.] The right honourable James Hamilton, lord Belhaven.

CREATION.] Baron Belhaven, in the county of Haddington, in 1648, by king Charles I.

ARMS.] Ruby, a fword erect in pale, proper, the pomel and hilt topaz, between three cinquefoils, pearl.

CREST.] On a wreath, a nag's head couped of the last, and bridled of the first.

SUPPORTERS.] Two horses, pearl, bridled as the crest.

MOTTO.]

#### LORD ROLLO.

MOTTO.] Ride through.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Biel, near Dunbar; and at Presmanan,
in East Lothian.

#### ROLLO, Lord ROLLO.

OF this antient family, which is of Norman extraction, and which hath long been feated in Perthshire, was John Rollo, who in the reign of Robert II. had a grant from David Stewart, earl of Strathern, of the lands of Duncrib, Findony, Pitirclethy, and feveral others, and therein was fucceeded by his fon, Duncan, the father of Robert, whose fon, Robert, was father of William, who had a charter from king James IV. for erecting his lands into the barony of Duncrib. He married a daughter of the family of Oliphant, and had Robert, his heir, who married Jane, daughter of William lord Graham, by whom he was father of Andrew, who marrying Marjory, daughter and coheir of Sir David Rollo of Ballachie, by her had four fons and two daughters; George, who died without iffue; James, successor to his brother, who married Agnes, daughter of Robert Collice of Bonymon; William, and Sir Walter: Marjory, wife, first, of George Graham of Mohbraco; and secondly, of John Graham of Balgowan; and Mary, of Laurence Oliphant of Gask. He died in 1560, and was fucceeded by Sir Andrew, his grandson, son of James, his fecond fon.

Which Andrew was knighted by James VI. and created a baron by Charles II. and marrying Katharine, daughter of James Drummond, lord Maderty, anceftor of the vifcount Strathallan, had five fons and four daughters; Sir James; Sir John; Laurence, of Roffie; Andrew, parfon of Dunning; Sir William, who was beheaded at Glagow, for adhering to the caufe of king Charles I. in 1645, being taken prifoner, with the marquis of Montrofe, at the battle of Philliphaugh: Margaret, wife of Sir John Drummond of Carnock; Jane, firft, of John Rollo of Powhoufe; and fecondly, of John Drummond of Pitkellony; Anne, of William Mercer of Elwedge; and Ifabel, of William Halliday of Tilliboke. He died in 1659, and was fucceeded by his eldet fon,

Sir James, second lord, who married to his second wife, lady Mary, daughter of Archibald, seventh earl of Argyll, by whom he had iffue two sons, Andrew, his heir, and major Archibald; and a daughter, Margaret, wife of Sir George Oliphant of Newton. He died in 1671, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Andrew, third lord, who married Margaret, daughter of Robert Balfour, lord Burleigh, and had iffue John, mafter of Rollo, killed in a private quarrel in 1691, without iffue; Robert: and three daughters, Emilia, wife of William Irvine of Bonfhaw;

Barshaw; Isabella, of Robert Johnson of Wamfrey; Susan, of Robert Gillespie of Cherryvally, in Ireland, Esq; and Jane, who died unmarried. He died March 1, 1700, and was suc-

ceeded by his only furviving fon,

Robert, fourth lord Rollo, who married Mary, the eldeft daughter of Sir Henry Rollo of Woodfide. He joined in the rebellion against king George I. in which being disappointed, he, and the marquis of Huntley, furrendered themselves in April 1716, to brigadier Grant, in the north of Scotland, and were committed to Edinburgh castle. The marquis was pardoned, and lord Rollo was cleared by his majesty's act of grace in 1717. He had four fons, Andrew, his heir; Harry, an officer in the army, and married Anne, fifter of James lord Rutherford, without iffue; John, who married Cicely, daughter of James Johnston, merchant in Edinburgh, and had issue; and Clement, who married Maria-Æmilia, eldest daughter of John Irvine of Bonshaw, Esq; and had iffue: Also three daughters; Mary, wife of David Drummond of Pitkellony, Efg; Janet, of captain Robert Johnston of Wamphrey; and Isabel, of John Aytoun of Inchdairny, Efq; and all had iffue. His lordship died in 1758, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Andrew, fifth lord Rollo. On the first of June 1750, he was made major of colonel O Farrel's regiment of foot, and was a colonel by brevet. Among many other eminent services done his country during the course of the late war in America, his lordship, in conjunction with Sir James Douglas, took the fisland of Dominica in June 1761. He married sirth, Catharine, daughter and coheir of lord James Murray of Dowally, third son of John, marquis of Athol, by whom he had a son, the Hon. captain John Rollo, a brave officer, who died at Martinico in June 1762. He had other children, who all died young. His second wise was Miss Murray, daughter of — Murray of Abercairny, Esq. to whom he was married a sew months before his decease. His lordship departing this life in 1765, on his journey to Scotland, was succeeded by his next surviving

brother.

John, fixth and present lord Rollo, of whose issue I cannot procure the names; but the eldest son, —, master of Rollo, was married in 1766, to Miss —— Ayton, daughter of — Ayton, Esq.

TITLES. The right honourable John Rollo, lord Rollo. CREATION.] Baron Rollo of Duncrib, in the county of

Perth, by king Charles II. 10 January 1650.

ARMS.] Topaz, a chevron between three boats heads erazed, sapphire.

CREST.] On a wreath, a stag's head couped, proper.

Supporters.] Two stags of the last.

Morro. La fortune passe par tout.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Duncrib, in the county of Perth.

COLVILE,

## COLVILE, Lord COLVILE.

THIS family came originally from Normandy, with William the conqueror, in 1066, and from England with king David I. who succeeded to the crown of Scotland in 1124.

Robert Colvile, who was created lord Colvile in 1609, married Ifabel, daughter of Patrick ford Ruthven, by whom he had two fons and one daughter; James, who died before his father, unmarried; Robert, mafter of Colvile; and Jane, wife of Sir James Campbell of Lawers, by whom fhe had John, earl of Loudoun, lord high chancellor of Scotland, temp. Car. I. He died in 1620, and was fucceeded by his grandfon, James, fecond lord, fon of Robert, mafter of Colvile, who dying

without iffue, was fucceeded in 1722, by

John, third lord, eldeft fon of Alexander, eldeft fon of Dr. Alexander, eldeft fon of John, eldeft fon of Alexander, fecond lawful fon of Sir James Colvile of Eafter-Wemyfs, commendator of Culrofs, brother-german of the first lord. Which John, third lord, married Miss Johnston, of the kingdom of Ireland, by whom he had issue five fons and two daughters, viz. Alexander, the present lord; George, who died in the West-Indies, without issue; John and Charles, officers in the army; James, captain of a ship of war, who died in the Eaft-Indies: Margaret, wise of captain Castlemain; and Elizabeth, who died unmarried. His lordship died in the expedition to Carthagena, in the year 1740, and was succeeded by his eldeft son, Alexander, fourth lord Colvile, who on the 6th of March

Alexander, fourth lord Colvile, who on the 6th of March 1743, was made a captain in the royal navy, and is rear admiral of the white fquadron of his majethy's fleet; and at Nova-Scotia, had the command of the fquadron there stationed,

till 1766.

TITLES.] The right honourable Alexander Colvile, lord

('REATION.] Lord Colvile, by king Charles II. before the Reftoration.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th, pearl, a cross moline, diamond; 2d and 3d, ruby, a fess cheque, pearl and sapphire.

CREST.] On a wreath, a hind's head, proper.

Supporters.] On the dexter fide, a rhinoceros of the latter. On the finister, a savage covered with a lion's skin, holding on his exterior shoulder a batoon.

Motto. 1 Oublier ne Puis.

#### RUTHVEN, Lord RUTHVEN.

WILLIAM, fecond lord Ruthyen, the thirteenth generation of the illustrious house of Gourie, in the direct male line, married Janet Haliburton, daughter and coheir of Patrick, lord Haliburton, of Dirleton, by whom he had iffue two fons and feven daughters. Of the fons, Patrick was father of William, first earl of Gow.ie, and Alexander was progeni-

tor of the family I am treating of.

Which Alexander, by his wife Isabel, a daughter of Fotheringham of Powrie, had issue two sons and three daughters; William, his heir; Alexander: Jane, wife of Mercer of Clevige; Barbara, of Henry Rattray of that ilk; and Isabel, of baron Reid, in Stratherdale. He died in the year 1600, and was succeeded by his eldest son, William, who by his wife Elizabeth, daughter of Sir William Moncrief of that ilk, had a son, Sir Thomas; and two daughters, Mary, married to George Hay of Naughton; and Elizabeth, to Sir David Maegill of Rankeilor. He died of the plague in 1608,

and was succeeded by his son,

Sir Thomas Ruthven of Freeland, who was one of the commiffioners for the treaty of Rippon in 1641, and in 1644, colonel of one of the regiments fent against the earl of Huntley. In 1649, he was made a commissioner of the exchequer. Notwithstanding king Charles II. thought so highly of his attachment to him and his family, that he was pleased to raise him to the dignity of the perage, by the title of lord Ruthven of Freeland, in the year 1651. He married Isabel, daughter of Robert lord Burleigh, by whom he had issue a son, David; and three daughters, Anne, married sirsh, to Sir William Cunningham of Cunninghamhead; and secondly, to William Cunningham, jun. of Craigends; Elizabeth, of whom hereafter; and Jane, who died without issue. His lordship deceased in 1674, and was succeeded by his son,

David, second lord, who was in great favour with king William, and one of the lords of the treasury; but dying without issue in 1701, and his eldest sister, Anne, having no

furviving iffue,

Ifabel, the only furviving daughter of his fecond fifter; Elizabeth, by her fpoufe, Sir Francis Ruthven of Reideaftle, became baronefs Ruthven, and was fummoned as fuch to the coronations of king George I. and king George II. She married colonel James Johnston of Gratney, a cadet of the most noble family of Annandale, by whom the had issue a fon, James; and a daughter, Anne, married first, to Henry Rollo, Esq; fecond son of Robert, fourth lord Rollo; and secondly, to Frederick Bruce of Bunzean, Esq; but without issue by either. The baroness died in 1732, and was succeeded by her son,

R 2 James

James, third lord Ruthven, who married two wives; I. Janet, daughter of William Nisbet of Dirleton, Esq; by whom he had two fons, James, mafter of Ruthven; and William, who died unmarried. 2. Lady Anne, daughter of James earl of Bute, by whom he had two fons and eight daughters, viz. Stewart, who died young; John, a commander in the navy: Anne, wife of captain Elphingston; Isabel, wife of captain John MacDougal; Wortley-Montague; Elizabeth, wife of captain Lawrie; Jane, who died young; Grace, who also died young; Janet, and Crawford; which last died in her infancy.

James, master of Ruthven, is an officer in the army. TITLES.] James Ruthven, lord Ruthven, of Freeland. CREATION. | Lord Ruthven, as above, in 1651, by Charles II.

ARMS.] Pallee of fix, fapphire and ruby.

CREST.] A ram's head, couped. SUPPORTERS. ] On the dexter fide, a ram; on the finister.

a goat, both proper. Мотто.] Deed shaw.

CHIEF SEAT. ] At Ruthven-house, in Perthshire.

#### LESLY, Lord NEWARK.

PATRICK, first lord Lindores, second son of Andrew, fifth earl of Rothes, had a fifth son, David (see the family of Rothes and Lindores) who was a colonel of horse under the king of Sweden, in the wars of Germany. In the reign of Charles I. when the civil war broke out, he returning to his native country, entered into the service of the parliament of Scotland, who had taken the covenant, and raifed an army in defence of their liberties and religion. He was made one of their generals, and fo continued till the defeat at Worcester. In 1645, the Scotch army under the earl of Leven, being then in the centre of England, as allies to the parliament, this David Lefly, after the battle of Nafeby, was detached, with his whole party of horse, to oppose the marquis of Montrose, who having deferted his old friends, was grown very formidable, and with an army of Irifh and Highland Scots, was marching into England to reinforce the king. The general met him at Philiphaw, near Selkirk, where, on 13 September 1645, the marquis was defeated with very great loss, and forced to retire abroad : and when the marquis returned, in the year 1650, to make an infurrection for king Charles II. this David was commissioned with a good body of forces to reduce. him; but colonel Strahan making a quick march with fix or feven troops of horfe, the marquis was routed before the king's friends could join him, and being foon after taken prifoner,

general Lefly fent him to Edinburgh. In 1650, the independents in England having got the supreme power, resolved to exclude all the royal family. The Scotch parliament, who never joined in the covenant with such intention, immediately declared for the king, under certain limitations. Hereupon an army, commanded by Oliver Cromwell, was ordered to act against Scotland; for general Fairfax having refused all concern in this affair, Cromwell was made general in his room. July the forces landed in Scotland, where general Lefly hadan army of 27,000 men. The English not being able to draw the Scots from their intrenchments, lost many of their men by skirmishing, and for want of provision and forage, their army was reduced to 12,000. Whereupon Cromwell retiring towards Dunbar, prepared to embark his infantry, and return with his horse into England. General Lesly perceiving this motion, left his camp, and followed the enemy close, not doubting of a fure and eafy victory; but Cromwell making a stand, took a bold resolution to attack the Scots an hour before day, on the third of September, when after a vigorous dispute, Lefly was utterly defeated, lofing all his cannon, and more than half his army were killed, wounded, or taken; but the fate of the times was fuch, that no good general, even with an excess of numbers, could withstand the mighty Cromwell. The next year, being 1651, after king Charles II. was crowned at Scoon, a new army was formed of about 20,000 men, to try the king's fortune in England. The third of September was again favourable to Oliver, for the royal army was intirely vanquished at Worcester, three thousand were slain, and ten thousand made prisoners. The king fled, lieutenant general duke Hamilton died of his wounds, general Lesly was taken prisoner, with major general Massey, as were seven Scotch eers, three English peers, and 640 officers, besides losing the oyal standard, and 158 colours.

This worthy gentleman being committed to the Tower of London, was there confined till the Restoration; when, as a teturn for his fidelity and fervice, the king was pleafed to create him a peer, by the title of baron Newark, in the county of

Fife; and he fent him also a letter, in these words:

<sup>6</sup> Although we have on all occasions been fully satisfied with your conduct in our fervice, and in confideration of the same, we have given you the title and dignity of a lord, with other · marks of our esteem; yet, since malice and slander do not

cease to persecute you, we have thought fit to declare under our hand, that while you was general of our army in Scot-

land, you did, both there and in England, behave with as 6 much conduct, reputation, and honesty, as any person in R 3

that trust; and as we told you, so we now repeat it, that if we had occasion to levy an army for ourself to command, we

would not fail to give you an employment in it.'

He had also a pension from his Majesty of 500 pounds a year; and marrying Jane, daughter of Sir John York, knt. had David his heir, and three daughters; Elizabeth, wife of Sir Archibald Kennedy, of Culcairn, bart. Mary, of Sir Francis Kinloch, of Gilmerton, bart. and Margaret, of colonel James Campbell, fourth fon of Archibald, ninth earl of Argyll: and by reason the honour of lord Newark was limited to the male heirs of his body, he refigned his estate and honour unto his Majesty in favour of his fon the said David, and his heirs general, which his Majesty was pleased to confirm. He died in 1682, and was succeeded by his faid son,

David, second lord, who dying in 1694, left by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Sir Thomas Stewart of Grantully, five daughters, viz. Jane; Mary, who died unmarried; Christian, wife of Thomas Graham, of Balgowan, Efq; Grifel, of Thomas Drummond, of Logyalmond, Efq; and Elizabeth,

who died unmarried.

Jane, the eldest daughter, succeeded as baroness of Newark, and marrying Sir Alexander Anstruther, bart. of that ilk, an antient family in the county of Fife, by him had three fons, and fix daughters, viz. William, David, Alexander, who is married, and has iffue; Christian, Helen, wife of the rev. Mr. John Chalmers; Jane, Catherine, Margaret, and Joanna. Her ladyship dying in 1740, the estate and honour devolved on her eldeft fon,

William, third lord, who is an officer in the army, and who taking the name and arms of Lefley, fucceeded as lord Newark, and voted for one of the fixteen peers to fucceed John earl of Crawford, who died in 1749, and at every elec-

tion fince.

TITLES. ] The right honourable William Lefly, lord

CREATIONS | Baron Newark in the county of Fife, 31 Au-

gust 1660, by Charles II.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th pearl, on a bend fapphire, three buckles topaz, for Lesly; 2d topaz, a lion rampant ruby, debruised with a ribband diamond, for Abernetty; 3d pearl, three piles issuing from the chief diamond, for Anstruther; and by way of furtout an escutcheon ruby, charged with a three-towered castle pearl, masoned diamond, for Lindores.

CREST.] On a wreath, a demi-angel winged, topaz, holding

in his right-hand a griffon's head, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two griffons pearl, beaked, winged, and armed, topaz.

MOTTO.] Periissem ni Periissem. CHIEF SEAT. ] At Newark in Fife.

#### RUTHERFOORD, Lord RUTHERFOORD.

A NDREW Rutherfoord, a cadet of the family of Hunthill, fon of William Rutherfoord of Quarryholes, by his wife Ifabel Stewart, of the noble family of Traquair, went young into the French fervice, where attaining feveral degrees of military preferment, he came at last to be a lieutenant-general in that kingdom. At the restoration in 1660, he came over to England with a very honourable testimony from the king of France, and for his fingular fervice and fidelity to the crown, king Charles II. was pleafed to create him a baron, and foon after, for his management in the fale of Dunkirk, of which he was governor, in 1663, earl of Teviot, to him and the heirs male of his body; but being made governor of Tangier, he was unfortunately flain by the Moors without iffue in 1664, and the title of earl died with him; but that of Lord Rutherfoord, according to the grant of the patent, descended to

Sir Thomas Rutherfoord of Hunthill, who accordingly took his feat in parliament, as fecond lord Rutherfoord; and dving in 1668, without iffue, was succeeded in the title by his bro-

ther.

Archibald, third lord Rutherfoord, who also dying without issue, in 1685, was succeeded by his youngest brother,

Robert, fourth lord Rutherfoord, after whose death, in 1724, also without iffue, the title descended to

John Rutherfoord, Esq; heir of the family of Hunthill, and captain of an independent company in North-Britain, who was fifth lord Rutherfoord; but he dying in February 17442

was fucceeded by

Alexander, his fon, who claimed the title of Rutherfoord, as fixth and prefent lord, and was a captain of marines. Another claimant started up, viz. George Durie, of Grange in Fifeshire, Esq; who assumed the sirname and arms of Rutherfoord, but his claim was fet afide.

TITLES.] The right honourable David Rutherfoord, lord

Rutherfoord of Hunthill in the county of Roxburgh.

CREATION.] Lord Rutherfoord, by king Charles II. 19 January 1660. ARMS.] Pearl, an orle ruby, and in chief three martlet

diamond. CREST.] On a wreath, a martlet as in the coat,

SUPPORTERS. ] Two horses, proper. MOTTO. ] Nec Sorte nec Fato.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Grange in the county of Fife. R 4

#### BALLENDEN, Lord BALLENDEN.

THIS family had its rife in the time of king James IV. when Patrick Ballenden got the lands of Auchinoul from John earl of Morton, for which he obtained a charter from that prince, March 29, 1499. His fon, Thomas Ballenden, of Auchinoul, Efq, was lord juffice-clerk and director of the Chancery to James V. and he dying in 1546, left his fon and heir, Sir John Ballenden, who was also lord justice-clerk in the reigns of queen Mary and her fon king James VI. and marrying, first, Barbara, daughter of Sir Hugh Kennedy, had two fons, Sir Lewis his heir, and Adam, who became billiop of Aberdeen; and fecondly, Janet, daughter of - Seton, of Touch, by whom he had three daughters; Elizabeth, first the wife of Sir James Lawson, of Hambie, and afterwards of Sir John Cockburn, of Ormistoun, Iord justice-clerk; Margaret, of William Stewart, writer, in Edinburgh, and mother of Sir Lewis Stewart, of Kirkhill; and Marion, of John Ramfay, of Dalhousie. Sir Lewis, the eldest son, was one of the fenators of the college of justice, and lord justice-clerk; and by Margaret his wife, daughter of William lord Levingston, fifter of Alexander earl of Lithgow, had a fon Sir James; who marrying Margaret, daughter of Sir William Ker of Cesford, and fifter of Robert the first earl of Roxburgh, by her had Sir William his heir, and a daughter Margaret, who married Henry Erskine lord Cardross, ancestor of the earl of Buchan.

Sir William, the fon, who fucceeded, having given many proofs of his loyalty to king Charles II. was, in recompence thereof, after the refloration, made treafurer depute, one of the privy-council, and created a peer, by the title of lord Ballenden of Broughton, June 10, 1661, and was appointed heretable ufter of the Exchequer in Scotland, by charter, to him, his heirs, or affigns whatever, dated Dec. 12, 1663. Having never married, he made a conveyance of his effate and

honour to

Ephraim Miller, of Hertingfordbury, Esq; Mary, of the Hon. John Campbell of Mammore, now duke of Argyll; and Diana, of John Bulteel of Fleet, in Devonshire, Efg; was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, third lord; but he dying in 1741, without iffue, was

fucceeded by his next brother,

Ker, fourth lord Ballenden, who was an officer in the royal navy, and in 1750, married a daughter of Mr. George Campbell, storekeeper at Woolwich, by whom he left a fon, John, now fifth lord Ballenden, hereditary usher of the

exchequer, &c. &c. who is in his minority.

TITLE. The right honourable John Ballenden, lord Ballenden, hereditary usher of the exchequer.

CREATION. ] Baron of Ballenden, in the county of Selkirk,

by king Charles II. 10 June 1661.

ARMS.] Ruby, a hart's head couped, attired with ten tynes, between three cross croslets fitchy, topaz, all within a double treffure, counterflory with fleurs de lis of the last.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter fide, a lady holding in her right hand a fword erect, and a pair of scales pendant, both proper; on the finister, another such lady holding in her left hand a branch of palm.

Motto. | Sic itur ad aftra.

CHIEF SEAT. ] At Broughton-house, in Mid-Lothian.

#### KINNAIRD, Lord KINNAIRD.

THE firname of this family is local, (fays Douglas) and was assumed by the proprietors of the lands and barony of Kinnaird, in Perthshire, as soon as firnames began to be used in Scotland.

In the reign of king William, 1170, Radulph Rufus obtained from that prince a charter of the faid lands, which continued in his family till the time of king Charles I. He had a fon, Richard Kinnaird of that ilk, whose son and successor, Radulphus, was succeeded by his eldest son, Richard, father of another Radulphus, who was fucceeded by his fon, Richard; and his son, Sir Richard Kinnaird, left issue two sons, Thomas, and Reginald, of whom hereafter. Thomas married Giles, daughter and heir of Walter Murray of Cowbine, and had two fons, Allan, and Walter, of Cowbine, whose issue is now extinct. Alan's descendants continued till the reign of Charles I. and then became extinct. We therefore return to Reginald Kinnaird, fecond fon of Sir Richard, above-mentioned, who by his wife Margery, daughter and heir of Sir John Kirkcaldy, got the lands of Inchture, from which his issue was afterwards called, and quartered the arms of Kirkcaldy with their own. He

He had a fon, Walter, whose fon, Reginald, left iffue a fon, John, and he a fon, George, whose eldest fon, George, dving without iffue, the effate devolved on his brother, Patrick, whose fon, Patrick, was father of another Patrick, who married Eupheme, daughter and coheir of Gilbert Gray of Ballindoran, fon of lord Gray, and by her had George, his heir; and a daughter, Margaret, who married Sir Andrew Hay, father of John, the twelfth earl of Errol. He was flain by William Ogilvie in 1590, and was succeeded by his said son, George, whose son, Patrick, was succeeded by his son,

George, who being of great fervice to king Charles II. during the usurpation of Oliver Cromwell, was by that king, at his restoration, made one of the privy council, and created lord Kinnaird of Inchture. He married Margaret, daughter of James Crichton of Ruthven, by whom he had fix fons; Patrick; John; James; Alexander, and Charles, who died without iffue; and George, of whom hereafter. He died December 29, 1689, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Patrick, fecond lord, who married Ann, daughter of Hugh lord Lovat, and had iffue three fons and one daughter; George, master of Kinnaird, who died without issue; Patrick, his succeffor; and Charles, of whom hereafter. The daughter, Anne, was the wife of Thomas Drummond of Lagiealmond, Efq; Dying in 1701, he was fucceeded by his eldeft furviv-

ing fon,

Patrick, third lord, who married first, lady Henrietta Murray, daughter of Charles earl of Dunmore; and fecondly, lady Elizabeth Lyon, daughter of Patrick earl of Strathmore, and widow of Charles Gordon, the fecond earl of Aboyn; and by her had iffue a fon.

Patrick, fourth lord, who in October 1727 succeeded him;

but dying unmarried, was fucceeded by

Charles, his uncle, fifth lord, third fon of Patrick, the fecond lord, who married Magdalen, daughter of William Browne, merchant in Edinburgh; but dying without issue, in 1758, his estate and honours devolved upon his cousin and heir-male, Charles, son of George, fon of George, fixth son of George, the first lord. Which Charles, fixth and present lord Kinnaird, married Barbara, daughter of Sir James Johnfton of Westerhall, Bart. by whom he has iffue two sons and three daughters, viz. George, master of Kinnaird; Patrick: Elizabeth, Helen, and Margaret.

TITLE, The right honourable Charles lord Kinnaird, of Inchture.

CREATION. ] Lord Kinnaird, 28 December 1682, by

Charles II. ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th, topaz, a fess wavey, be-

tween three stars, ruby, for Kirkcaldy; 2d and 3d, ruby, a saltire between four crescents, topaz, for Kinnaird.

CREST.] On a wreath, a crefcent rifing from a cloud, with a ftar between its horns, all within two branches of palm, dif-

played orle wife,

Supporters.] Two favages, each wreathed about his head and middle with oak leaves, and their hands that support the hield in chains, hanging down to their feet, their other hands holding each a garland of laurel.

Morro.] Patitur qui vincit.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Drimmie, in the Carfe of Gowrie.

# SECOND TITLES;

Of Dukes, Marquisses, and Earls; by which, in Courtefy, their eldest Sons are generally distinguished.

A

A Berdour lord, eldest son of the earl of Moreton.

Ancram earl of, eldest son of the marquis of Lothian.

Angus earl of, eldest son of the duke of Douglas.

B

Balgony lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Leven.
Berindale lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Caithness.
Binny lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Haddington.
Bowmont marquis of, eldeft fon of the duke of Roxburgh.
Boyd lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Kilmarnock.
Boyle lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Glasgow.
Bruce lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Kincardin.

Cardrofs lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Buchan.
Carmichael lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Hyndford.
Carnegy lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Southefk.
Cochran lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Dundonald.
Clairmont lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Middleton.
Cliddefdale marquis of, eldeft fon of the duke of Hamilton.
Crichton lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Dumfries.
Cummerlard, eldeft fon of the earl of Blacarras.

Summeriard, elder fon of the

Dair lord, eldest fon of the earl of Selkirk.
Dalkeith earl of, eldest fon of the duke of Buccleugh.
Dalmeny lord, eldest fon of the earl of Roseberry.
Dalrymple lord, eldest fon of the earl of Stair.
Dalziel lord, eldest fon of the earl of Carnwath.
Darnley earl of, eldest fon of the duke of Lennox.
Deskford lord, eldest son of the earl of Finlater.

Down lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Murray.
Drumlanrig earl of, eldeft fon of the duke of Queenfberry.
Drummond lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Perth.
Dunglas lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Hume.
Dupplin vifcount, eldeft fon of the earl of Kinnoul.

Elcho lord, eldest son of the earl of Wemys. Erskine lord, eldest son of the earl of Mar.

F

Fleming lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Wigton. Fenton viscount, eldeft fon of the earl of Kelly.

Garlies lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Galloway.

Garnock vifcount, eldeft fon of the earl of Crawford, formerly

Lindfay.

Glamis lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Strathmore. Gordon lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Aboyn. Glenorchy vifcount, eldeft fon of the earl of Breadalbane. Graham marquis of, eldeft fon of the duke of Montrofe.

Haddo lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Aberdeen. Hay lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Errol. Hope lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Hopeton. Huntingtour lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Dyfart. Huntley marquis of, eldeft fon of the duke of Gordon.

Johnston lord, eldest son of the marquis of Annandale.

Keith lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Kintore.
Kelburn vifcount, eldeft fon of the earl of Glafgow.
Kennedy lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Caffils.
Kilmaurs lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Glencairn.
Kintail lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Seaforth.
Kirkwall lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Orkney.

Lefley lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Rothes.
Lindiay lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Crawford.
Linton lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Traquair.
Lorn marquis of, eldeft fon of the duke of Argyll.

Mackenzie lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Seaforth.
Macleod lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Cromerty.
Maitland lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Lauderdale.
Mauchlane lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Loudoun.
Maxwell lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Nithfdale.
Milfington viícount, eldeft fon of the earl of Portmore.
Montgomery lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Eglington.
Mountfluart lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Bute.

N

Nidpath lord, eldest son of the earl of March.

Ogilvy lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Airly.

Paisley lord, eldest son of the earl of Abercorn. Polwarth lord, eldest son of the earl of Marchmont.

Ramsay lord, eldest son of the earl of Dalhousie. Rosehill lord, eldest son of the earl of Northesk.

Seton lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Winton.
Strathnavern lord, eldeft fon of the earl of Sutherland.

Tullibairden marquis of, eldeft fon of the duke of Athol.

Yester lord, eldest son of the marquis of Tweeddale.

A Lift of those Scots Peers who have been successively returned to all the Parliaments of Great Britain since the Union, which took Place May 1, 1707.

First Parliament summoned to meet the 23d of October,

TAMES Douglas, duke of Queensberry. James Graham, duke of Montrole. John Ker, duke of Roxburgh. John Hay, marquis of Tweeddale. William Ker, marquis of Lothian. John Lindsay, earl of Crawford. John Sutherland, earl of Sutherland. John Erskine, earl of Mar. Hugh Campbell, earl of Loudoun. David Wemys, earl of Wemys. David Lefley, earl of Leven and Melvil. James Ogilvy, earl of Seafield. John Dalrymple, earl of Stair. Archibald Primrote, earl of Roseberry. David Boyle, earl of Glasgow. Archibald Campbell, earl of Ila.

## SECOND PARLIAMENT, 8 July, 1708.

JAMES Hamilton, duke of Hamilton.
John Ker, duke of Roxburgh.
William Ker, marquis of Lothian.
John Lindfay, earl of Crawford.
John Erfkine, earl of Mar.
John Lefley, earl of Mar.
John Lefley, earl of Nothes.
Hugh Campbell, earl of Loudoun.
David Wemys, earl of Wemys.
David Carnegy, earl of Northefk.
David Lefley, earl of Leven and Melvil.
George Hamilton, earl of Orkney.
James Ogilvy, earl of Seafield.
Archibald Primrofe, earl of Rofeberry.
David Boyle, earl of Glafgow.
Archibald Campbell, earl of Ila.

#### THIRD PARLIAMENT. 25 November, 1710.

JAMES Hamilton, duke of Hamilton, killed in a duels
John Murray, duke of Athol.
William Johnfton, marquis of Annandale.
William Keith, earl Marthal, died.
John Erfkine, earl of Mar.
Alexander Montgomery, earl of Eglington,
Alexander Hume, earl of Hume.
Hugh Campbell, earl of Loudoun.
Thomas Hay, earl of Kinnoul.
David Carnegy, earl of Northefk.
George Hamilton, earl of Orkney.
Archibald Primrofe, earl of Rofeberry.
Archibald Campbell, earl of Ila.
William Levingfton, vifcount Kilfyth.
John Elphingfton, lord Balmerino.

#### Returned for those deceased.

James Levingston, earl of Linlithgow and Callender. James Ogilvy, earl of Finlater and Seafield.

Walter Stewart, lord Blantyre.

## FOURTH PARLIAMENT. 12 November, 1713.

JOHN Murray, duke of Athol.
John Erskine, earl of Mar.
Alexander Montgomery, earl of Eglington.
James Levingston, earl of Linlithgow and Callender.
Hugh Campbell, earl of Loudoun.
Thomas Hay, earl of Kinnoul.
Charles Hamilton, earl of Selkirk.
David Carnegy, earl of Northesk.
John Cochran, earl of Dundonald.
James Campbell, earl of Breadalbane.
John Murray, earl of Dunmore.
George Hamilton, earl of Orkney.
Archibald Primrose, earl of Roseberry.
David Colyear, earl of Portmore.
William Levingston, viscount Kilfyth.
John Elphingston, lord Balmerino.

## FIFTH PARLIAMENT. 17 March, 1714-15.

J AMES Graham, duke of Montrofe.
J John Ker, duke of Roxburgh.
Charles Hay, marquis of Tweeddale, died.
William Ker, marquis of Lothian, died, no new election,
William Johnflon, marquis of Annandale, died.
John Sutherland, earl of Sutherland.
John Lefley, earl of Rothes.
David Erskine, earl of Buchan.
Hugh Campbell, earl of Loudoun.
George Hamilton, earl of Orkney.
John Dalrymple, earl of Stair.
James Stewart, earl of Bute.
Henry Scot, earl of Deloraine.
Archibald Campbell, earl of Ila.
William Ross, lord Ross.
John Hamilton, lord Belhaven, drowned.

Returned for the deceased peers.

Thomas Hamilton, earl of Haddington. William Gordon, earl of Aberdeen. James Ogilvy, earl of Finlater and Seafield. SIXTH PARLIAMENT. 10 May, 1722.

JAMES Graham, duke of Montrose. John Ker, duke of Roxburgh. John Hay, marquis of Tweeddale. John Sutherland, earl of Sutherland. John Lesley, earl of Rothes, died. David Erskine, earl of Buchan. Thomas Hamilton, earl of Haddington. Hugh Campbell, earl of Loudoun. Charles Hamilton, earl of Selkirk. William Gordon, earl of Aberdeen. George Hamilton, earl of Orkney. John Dalrymple, earl of Stair. James Stewart, earl of Bute. Charles Hope, earl of Hopeton. Henry Scot, earl of Delorain. Archibald Campbell, earl of Ila.

Returned for the peer who died. James Ogilvy, earl of Finlater and Seafield.

## SEVENTH PARLIAMENT. 28 November, 1727:

TAMES Graham, duke of Montrole. John Hay, marquis of Tweeddale. John Sutherland, earl of Sutherland. John Lesley, earl of Rothes, died. David Erskine, earl of Buchan. Thomas Hamilton, earl of Haddington. Hugh Campbell, earl of Loudoun. James Ogilvy, earl of Finlater and Seafield. Charles Hamilton, earl of Selkirk. John Murray, earl of Dunmore. George Hamilton, earl of Orkney. John Dalrymple, earl of Stair. Alexander Hume, earl of Marchmont. Charles Hope, earl of Hopeton. Henry Scot, earl of Delorain. Archibald Campbell, earl of Ila.

Returned for the earl of Rothes.

James Ogilvy, earl of Finlater and Seafield.

## EIGHTH PARLIAMENT. 13 June, 1734.

RANCIS Scot, duke of Buccleugh.
James Murray, duke of Athol.
William Ker, marquis of Lothian.
John Lindfay, earl of Crawford,
William Sutherland, earl of Sutherland.
George Douglas, earl of Moreton, died.
John Campbell, earl of Loudoun.
James Ogilvy, earl of Finlater and Seafield.
Charles Hamilton, earl of Selkirk, died.
Alexander Lindfay, earl of Balcarras, died.
John Murray, earl of Dunmore.
George Hamilton, earl of Orkney, died.
Charles Hope, earl of Hopeton.
Charles Colyear, earl of Portmore.
Archibald Campbell, earl of Ila.
Charles Cathcart, lord Cathcart.

## Returned for the peers who died,

John Campbell, earl of Breadalbane. John Stewart, earl of Bute. John Carmichael, earl of Hyndford. James Douglas, earl of Moreton.

## NINTH PARLIAMENT. 25 June, 1741.

WILLIAM Ker, marquis of Lothian. John Lindfay, earl of Crawford. William Sutherland, earl of Sutherland. James Douglas, earl of Moreton. James Douglas, earl of Moreton. James Stewart, earl of Murray. William Hume, earl of Hume. Charles Maitland, earl of Loudoun. John Campbell, earl of Loudoun. James Ogilvy, earl of Finlater and Seafield. John Campbell, earl of Breadalbane. John Murray, earl of Dunmore. John Murray, earl of Hyndford. Charles Hope, earl of Hopeton, died t. Charles Colyear, earl of Portmore. Archibald Campbell, earl of Ila. James Somerville, lord Somerville.

### SIXTEEN PEERS.

In the room of those deceased,

\* Iohn Hay, marguis of Tweeddale.

t John Dalrymple, earl of Stair.

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# TENTH PARLIAMENT. 14 August, 1747.

OSMO George Gordon, duke of Gordon, died §.
Archibald Campbell, duke of Argyll.
John Hay, marquis of Tweeddale.
William Ker, marquis of Lothian.
John Lindfay, earl of Crawford, died †,
John Lefley, earl of Rothes.
James Douglas, earl of Moreton,
James Stewart, earl of Murray.
William Hume, earl of Hume,
James Maitla d, earl of Lauderdale.
John Campbell, earl of Loudoun.
James Ogilvy, earl of Finlater and Seafield.
Alexander Lefley, earl of Leven and Melvil.
George Gordon, earl of Aberdeen.
John Murray, earl of Dunmore, died ||.
John Carmichael, earl of Hyndford.

In the room of those who died.

§ Hugh Hume, earl of Marchmont. + John Campbell, earl of Breadalbane. || Charles Cathcart, lord Cathcart.

# ELEVENTH PARLIAMENT. 31 May, 1754.

ARCHIBALD Campbell, duke of Argyll.
John Hay, marquis of Tweeddale.
William Ker, marquis of Lothian.
John Lefley, earl of Rothes.
James Douglas, earl of Moreton.
James Stewart, earl of Murray.
William Hume, earl of Hume.
James Mailland, earl of Lauderdale.
John Campbell, earl of Loudoun.
James Ogilvy, earl of Finlater and Seafield.
Alexander Lefley, earl of Leven and Melvil, died †.
John Campbell, earl of Breadalbane.
George Gordon, earl of Aberdeen.

Hugh Hume, earl of Marchmont. John Carmichael, earl of Hyndford. David Murray, viscount Stormont.

Returned for the peer who died.

# TWELFTH PARLIAMENT. 5 May, 1761.

JOHN Campbell, duke of Argyll.
John Hay, marquis of Tweeddale, died †.
John Lefley, earl of Rothes.
James Douglas, earl of Morton.
Alexander Montgomery, earl of Eglington.
James Stewart, earl of Murray.
William Hume, earl of Hume, died ||.
James Hamilton, earl of Abercorn.
John Campbell, earl of Loudoun.
John Campbell, earl of Breadalbane,
William Murray, earl of Dunmore.
James Douglas, earl of March.
Hugh Hume, earl of Marchmont.
John Stewart, earl of Bute.
David Murray, vifcount Stormont,
Charles Cathcart, lord Cathcart.

In the room of those who died.

† William Sutherland, earl of Sutherland, who died in 1766, and John Murray, duke of Athol, was elected in his room.

| John Carmichael, earl of Hyndford.

## S C O T S P E E R S, Whose Titles are forfeited by Attainder.

## ERSKINE, Earl of MAR.

IN the reign of Alexander II. 1226, lived Henry de Érskine, who was a witness to a gift which Amelick, brother of Maldwin earl of Lennox, made to the canons of Paifly: and to him succeeded Sir John Erskine, the father of another Sir John, the father of a third Sir John, whose fon, Sir William, succeeded him in the barony of Erskine, and was a firm adherent of king Robert Bruce. To him fucceeded his eldeft fon, Sir Robert, and his fecond fon, Sir Alan, was ancestor of the Erskines of Inchmartin. Sir Robert was, after the return of king David from France, appointed conftable and keeper of the castle of Stirling for life, and in 1348, after the unfortunate battle of Durham, was fent as one of the ambaffadors to negotiate king David's liberty. After that king's return to Scot-land, he was made justice general of the North, lord chamberlain to the king, ambaffador to France, sheriff of the county of Stirling, and governor of that castle, and the castles of Edinburgh and Dumbarton, of all which he was possessed at the king's death; and then declaring for king Robert II. first of the name of Stewart, he contributed much to the bringing him peaceably to the throne. He married first, Beatrix, daughter of Sir David Lindsay; and secondly, Christian, the widow of Sir Edward Keith; and dying in 1385, left issue three fons, Sir Thomas, his heir; Sir Nicholas Erskine of Kinnoul, in Perthshire; whose family subsisted, in the male line, till the reign of James II. when Christian, only daughter of Sir John Erskine of Kinnoul, married Sir Robert Crichton of Sanquhar, ancestor of the earl of Dumfries; and Sir Alan: Also two daughters, Mariota, wife of Sir Maurice Drummond of Coneraig; and Elizabeth, of Sir Walter Oliphant of Aberdalgie, ancestor of lord Oliphant. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

Thomas, feventh lord Erskine, who was knighted by the faid king Robert, and afterwards fent ambalfador to England, as he was again by Robert III. and marrying Janet, daughter of Sir Edward Keith, by her had iffue Robert, the eighth lord Erskine; John, ancestor of the Erskines of Dunand of Pittodrie; and two daughters, Elizabeth, wife of Duncan Wemys of Luchars; and Christian, of Sir John Haldane

of Gleneagles.

Robert, eighth lord Erskine, who in imitation of his noble anceftors, fignalized his loyalty to king James I. when a prifoner in England, was one of the holtages for his ranfom; and in 1436, upon the death of Alexander earl of Mar,

laid claim to the half of that earldom, and assumed the title on account of the aforefaid marriage, his mother being heir of Sir John Menteith, by Helen, daughter of Gratney earl of Mar; but the crown interfering, it was not ended in his days. He marrying a daughter of Robert Stewart, lord Lorn, and dying in 1453, left issue Thomas, his heir; and a daughter, Elizabeth, married to Sir Henry Douglas of Lochleven.

Thomas, who succeeded as ninth lord Erskine, profecuting his father's claim to the earldom of Mar, in 1457, had a decree of the committee of estates given in his favour. He married lady Janet, daughter of James earl of Moreton, by whom he had issue alexander, his heir; and three daughters, Elizabeth, married to Sir Alexander Seton of Touch; Mary, to William Livingston of Kilfyth; and Mariota, to the second

earl Marshal.

Alexander, his son, second earl, succeeded him, and was made governor of Dumbarton castle, and one of the privy council to James IV. with whom he was in great favour. He married Christian, daughter of Sir Robert Crichton of Sanquhar; and his second wise was Helen, daughter of Alexander, first lord Home, by whom he had three sons and two daughters; Robert, Alexander, and Walter; lady Christian, wife of Sir David Stewart of Rosyth; and lady Agnes, of Sir William Menteith of Carse. He died before the year 1510, and was

fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Robert, third earl, who married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir George Campbell of Loudoun, ancestor of the earls of Loudoun; and being with his majesty, was slain at the battle of Floddon in 1513, and left issue five fons and four daughters, viz. Robert, who died unmarried, before his sather; John; James, ancestor of the Erskines of Balgony; Alexander, Wilam: lady Catharine, wise of Alexander, second lord Elphinstone; lady Margaret, first, of John Haldane of Gleneagles; and secondly, of George Home of Lawndies; lady Elizabeth, of Sir James Forbes of Torwood; and lady Janet, of John Murray of Touchaddam. He was succeeded by his eldest sur-

viving fon,
John, fourth earl, who being a nobleman of great honour
and probity, had the care and tuition of the young king James V.
in the caftle of Stirling, of which he was governor. In the
year 1534, when the king came of age, he was fent ambassador to France to propose a match between his Majesty and the
princes Magdalen de Valois, daughter of Francis I. which he
having performed to the king's satisfaction, he afterwards sent
him in the same quality to Henry VIII. of England; and in,
1537 he was one of those peers who attended his master into
France, where he espoused the said princes. In 1542, upon
the death of the king, young queen Mary was also committed

5 3

to his care in Stirling castle; and that great trust his lordship discharged with the same fidelity he had done in her father's minority; for in 1548, notwithstanding the endeavours of king Henry VIII. of England, and the party that was for him in acotland to get her out of his hands, he carried her fafe into France. He married lady Margaret, eldest daughter of Archibald, second earl of Argyll, and had iffue by her fix sons and two daughters; lady Elizabeth, wife of Walter Seton of Touch; and lady Margaret, mother of James, prior of St. Andrews, and earl of Murray, by king James V. and afterwards wife of Sir Robert Douglas of Lochleven, ancestor of the earl of Morton. The fons were, Robert, who married lady Margaret, eldest daughter of William earl of Montrose, and was slain at the battle of Pinkey, without iffue; Thomas, who thereupon became heir apparent, and being a nobleman of great capacity, was employed in feveral embaffies in England, where he acquired great reputation by faithfully ferving his country, but also died without issue; John; Sir Alexander of Gogar, ancestor of the earls of Kelly; Sir George, of Innerteel, a senator of the college of justice; and Sir James of Tillybody. His lordship deceased in 1552, and was succeeded by his eldest fur-

viving fon,

John, fifth earl. He was a person of such a noble generous nature, and other bright qualities, as rendered him very capable of fustaining the part of a confummate statesman, which he did afterwards in the highest and most eminent stations. On the demife of his father, though he was then very young, the queen regent in 1553 appointed him governor of Edinburgh cattle; after which he was one of her majesty's privy council, and obtained a grant of the abbey of Infmaconock, with divers other lands; and then renewing his claim to the earldom of Mar, it was finally allowed and ratified by an act of parlialiament, in 1563. When her majesty was happily delivered of the young prince, afterwards king James VI. fhe committed him to the guardianship of the earl of Mar, in the castle of Edinburgh; which great trust he so well discharged, that when the earl of Bothwell had married the queen, they could not prevail with the lord Mar, either by promifes or menaces, to deliver up the young prince to them, till he had folemnly fet the crown upon his majefty's head. This noble earl dying at Stirling in November 1572, left behind him an excellent reputation; for notwithstanding their mutual heats, he was acknowledged by both parties to be a person of great judgment and integrity: And having been elected regent of Scotland in 1571, during the minority of the faid king James VI. he, in the time of his fickness, when his fon was a minor, appointed the laird of Tullibairden, and his own brother, Alexander Erskine, to be governors of his majefty, and keepers of Stirling caftle.

calle. He married Annabella, daughter of William lord Murray of Tullibairden, ancestor of the duke of Athol, and by her had issue John, his successor; and lady Margaret, the

wife of Archibald earl of Angus.

John, fixth earl, who fucceeded his father, was also in great favour with king James VI. (with whom he was educated) who committed to his care the tuition of his young fon, prince Henry. In 1601, he was fent ambassador to queen Elizabeth, where, in his negotiation, he deported himself with fuch prudence and conduct, that his majesty gratefully owned his peaceable accession to the crown of England, next to the goodness of God, owing to the earl of Mar; and thereupon made him knight of the most noble order of the garter, one of his privy council in England, and lord high treasurer of Scotland, which office he held for fifteen years. He married first, Ann, daughter of David lord Drummond, ancestor of the earls of Perth, by whom he had iffue John, his heir; and fecondly, lady Mary Stewart, daughter of Elme duke of Lennox, by whom he had iffue feven fons and four daughters; Sir James, who marrying Christian, daughter and sole heir of Robert Douglas earl of Buchan, he in her right became earl thereof, the king bestowing the title by patent upon him and his heirs male; Henry, who was created lord Cardross, and was commendator of Dryburgh, from whom is descended the present earl of Buchan; Sir Alexander, fenator of the college of justice, who was blown up at Dunglass-house in 1640, without issue; Sir Charles, of Alva; Sir John, of Otterstown; Sir Arthur, of Scotscraig; and William, cupbearer to Charles II. and master of the charter-house, London: lady Mary, wife, first, of William fixth earl Marshal; and secondly, of Patrick earl of Panmure; lady Anne, of John earl of Kothes; lady Margaret, of John earl of Kinghorn, ancestor of the earl of Strathmore; and lady Catharine, of Thomas, fecond earl of Haddington. His lordship deceased in 1634, and was succeeded by his eldeft fon,

John, feventh earl, who was made knight of the Bath in 1610, at the creation of Henry prince of Wales, and afterwards one of his majefty's privy council, one of the judges in the court of fession, and governor of Edinburgh cattle; and when the civil war broke out in the reign of Charles I. he applied himself with great resolution and stdelity to promote his majefty's cause; for which he was reckoned among the first rank of malignants, and suffered accordingly in his estate. He married the lady Christian, daughter of Francis, ninth earl of Errol, and by her had issue the sons and two daughters, viz. John, Sir Francis, and William; the two last of which died without issue lady Elizabeth, wife of Alexander load

Napier; and lady Mary, who died unmarried. He died in

1654, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, eighth earl, who was ftrongly attached to the king, during the whole course of the civil war. He married first, lady Mary, daughter of Walter earl of Buccleugh, by whom he had no iffue; but by his second wife, lady Mary, daughter of George earl of Scasorth, he had issue Charles, his heir; George who died young; and three daughters, lady Barbara, married to James marquis of Douglas; lady Jane, to John Coningham, earl of Glencairn; and lady Sophia, to Alexander lord Pissingo, who all left issue. He died in 1664, and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

Charles, ninth earl, who was one of the privy council to king Charles II. and James VII. during whose reign he was colonel of a regiment of foot, which he raifed, and commanded till his death, fince known by the name of the Scotch Fufileers. He came heartily into the revolution, but dying in 1689, left issue by lady Mary, daughter of George earl of Panmure, who afterwards married Sir John Erskine of Alva, Bart. one daughter, lady Jane, who married Sir Hugh Paterson of Bannockburn, and had issue, but died in October 1763; and three fons, of which colonel Henry, the youngest, was killed at the battle of Almanza in Spain in 1707; James, the fecond, was promoted by queen Anne to be one of the fenators of the college of justice, and lord justice clerk; but upon passing the act for difabling the judges of Scotland to fit in parliament, he made a formal refignation of his office, and was elected reprefentative in parliament for the shire of Clackmannan. In 1715, he was returned to parliament for the burghs of Aberdeen, &c. in 1734, for the shire of Clackmannan; in 1741, for the burghs of Inverskeithing, &c. and was fecretary to the late prince of Wales for Scottish affairs. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, tenth earl of Mar, who was by queen Anne made colonel of a regiment of foot, knight of the thiftle, and in 1705 fecretary of state; and the next year was one of the commissioners for the treaty of union between the two nations; which being concluded, he was elected one of the fixteen peers to parliament, and in 1713 he was again made fecretary of state for Scotland. He was likewise one of the fixteen peers in the three fucceeding parliaments of queen Anne. Upon the accession of king George I. he was deprived of all his offices; and in the year 1715, retired to his estates in the north, where being joined by feveral noblemen and gentlemen, with their followers, to the number of 600, and fetting up his standard, and proclaiming the Pretender at Kirkmichael, in Perthshire, on Sept. 11, and his forces increasing to 6 or 7000 men, he marched to Sheriffmuir, near Dumblane, where being met by the king's army, commanded by the duke of Argyll, he was defeated.

defeated, after having behaved like an able and gallant commander. He afterwards made his escape beyond sea, and in the year 1716, was attainted with the duke of Ormond and lord Bolingbroke, whereby his estate and honours were forfeited to the crown. He went to Rome, and was in the Pretender's fervice until the year 1721; from thence repairing to Paris, he continued there till 1729, and from thence, on account of his ill ftate of health, went to Aix la Chapelle, where he died in May 1732. His estate was fold by the commissioners of forfeited estates, and bought by his brother, James Erskine of Grange, Efq; for the benefit of his nephew, lord Erskine, to whom he conveyed it in 1739. He married first, lady Margaret, daughter of Thomas earl of Kinnoul, by whom he had two fons, John, who died in his infancy; and Thomas lord Erskine: and fecondly, lady Frances, daughter of Evelyn duke of Kingston, by whom he had a daughter, lady Frances, who had fettled upon her, by king George I. the fame fortune the was intitled to by her mother's marriage fettlement, out of her father's estate. The king also granted to her mother her jointure out of the faid estate. Lady Frances was married to her cousin, James Erskine, Esq; son of the above Mr. Erskine of Grange, and has islue two sons, John-Francis, and James-Francis, both officers in the army. Thomas lord Erskine, who has the estate, as before observed, married lady Charlotte, daughter of Charles earl of Hopetoun, by whom he has iffue. In 1727, he was elected member to parliament for the burghs of Inverkeithing, &c. in 1746-7, for the shire of Stirling; and in 1747, for the shire of Clackmannan.

TITLES.] The right honourable John Erskine, earl of Mar,

and lord Erskine of Alloa.

CREATIONS.] Created or confirmed earl of Mar, and lord Erskine of Alloa, or Alloway, in the county of Clackmannan,

1436, by king James II.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th sapphire, a bend between fix cross crostets fitchy, topaz, for the title of Mar; 2d and 3d pearl, a pale diamond, for Erskine.

CREST.] On a wreath, a dexter hand, couped above the wrift, holding a dagger out, proper, the pomel and hilt, topaz.

SUPPORTERS.] Two griphons, pearl, beaked, winged, and armed, topaz.

Morro.] Je pense plus.

CHIEF SEATS.] Alloa; castle of Kildrimmie; Castletown of Mar; at Stirling, &c.

### MAXWELL, Earl of NITHSDALE.

HE firname of Maxwell is as antient as the first use of firnames in Scotland; but not to perplex my reader with traditionary and dark accounts of the origin of this family, I shall begin with Sir Hubert de Makswell, lord of Carlavarock, who was a man of great honour and abilities, and one of the Magnates Scotiæ, who was forced to swear fealty to Edward I. of England, for lands lying in different counties, in 1206. He left iffue Sir John, his heir; Sir Herbert, of whom presently; and Alexander. Sir John, the eldest fon and successor, died without iffue, and was fucceeded by his brother Sir Herbert, and he by his fon Sir Eustace, who was a firm adherent to king Robert Bruce. His fon and fucceffor, Sir John Maxwell of Carlayerock, was fucceeded by his fon, another Sir John, and he by his fon Sir Robert, who made a great figure in the reigns of Robert II. and III. and was knighted by the former. He died about the year 1420, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon, Sir Herbert, who was one of the hostages for king James the first's ransom in 1423, and was created lord Maxwell of Carlaverock in 1424. He had two fons, whereof Euftace, the youngest, was ancestor of the Maxwells of Tealing, in Forfar, and the eldest, Robert, dying in his life-time, his son Herbert, fecond lord, succeeded his grandfather. Herbert had by his first wife, a daughter of Sir Herbert Herries, two sons and a daughter, viz. Robert; Sir Edward, ancestor of the Maxwells of Tinwald, Monreith, &c. and Agnes, wife of Gilbert lord Kennedy. By his fecond wife, Isabel, daughter of William lord Seton, he had iffue George, ancestor of the Maxwells of Garnfalloch; David: Adam, progenitor of the Maxwells of Southbar, &c. in Renfrewshire; John; William; Janet and Marriotte. He died in 1452, and was fucceeded by his eldest fon,

Robert, third lord, who by his wife lady Janet, daughter of George earl of Caithnes, had iflue John; George, of Barnton; Thomas, ancestor of the Maxwells of Kirkconnel; and Janet, the wife of William lord Carlile of Torthorald. He was suc-

ceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, fourth lord, who loft his life at the battle of Floddon in 1513, leaving iffue by Agnes his wife, daughter of Sir Alexander Stewart of Gairlies, Robert, his heir; Herbert, anceftor of the Maxwells of Cloudon; Henry: Mary, wife of Sir John Johnstone of that ilk; Agnes, of — Charteris of Amsfield; and Elizabeth, of — Jardine of Applegirth. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Robert, fifth lord, who was in great favour with king James V. by whom he was made captain and governor of Lochmaben, and colonel of his guard. He was also by that king

king fent ambaffador to the court of France, to treat of a marriage between his majefty and Mary of Lorrain, daughter of the duke of Guife; which being concluded, he espoused the lady in his mafter's name, and brought her to Scotland: In recompense whereof, and other public services, the king beflowed on him the lands of Eskdale and Wachopdale; and made him gentleman of his bedchamber. He married first, Janet, daughter of Sir William Douglas of Drumlanrig, anceftor of the duke of Queensberry, by whom he had two sons, Robert; and Sir John, of whom hereafter: Also a daughter, Margaret, wife, first, of Archibald earl of Angus; and secondly, of Sir William Baillie of Lamington. By his fecond wife, lady Agnes, daughter of James earl of Buchan, he had no iffue; and dying in 1546, was succeeded by his eldest son, Robert, fixth lord, who married lady Beatrix, fister of Da-

vid earl of Douglas and Angus, and daughter of James earl of

Moreton, and by her had a posthumous son,

John, feventh lord, who was by king James VI. made warden of the west marches; but upon a new turn at court, was dismissed his office, and succeeded by the laird of Johnfton; upon which a great quarrel arose between the two families, and in a scuffle among a party of his own friends and the Johnstons, he was killed, in December 1593. He married lady Elizabeth, daughter of David earl of Douglas and Angus, and by her left two fons and three daughters; Elizabeth, married to William lord Herries; Agnes, to William Douglas of Panrie; and Margaret, to Hugh Wallace of Craigie: The fons were, John, and Robert, fuccessively lords, &c. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

John, eighth lord, who married lady Margaret, daughter of John marquis of Hamilton, without iffue; but he having killed the laird of Johnston, in revenge of Johnston's killing his father, was in 1613 beheaded at the cross of Edinburgh. and his honour forfeited; but in the year 1618, by the favour

of his majesty,

Robert, his brother, ninth lord, was restored to the lord-ship of Maxwell, created earl of Nithsdale in 1620, and suffered much by fequestration and imprisonment, for his loyalty to king Charles I. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Francis Beaumont, a near relation of George Villiers, the great duke of Buckingham; and dying in 1647, by her left issue,

Robert, fecond earl; but he dying unmarried in 1667, his estate and honour descended to his cousin and heir male, John, lord Herries, fon of John lord Herries, fon of Sir John Maxwell of Terregles, (fecond fon of Robert, fifth lord Maxwell) who by his wife Agnes, eldeft daughter and coheir of William lord Herries, became lord Herries.

Which John, lord Herries, third earl of Nithslale, by Eli-

zabeth his wife, daughter of Sir Robert Gordon of Lochinver,

ancestor to the viscount Kenmure, had issue,

Robert, fourth earl, who married the lady Lucy, daughter of William marquis of Douglas, and by her had a fon, William; and a daughter, lady Mary, wife of Charles Stewart, earl of Traquair; and dying in 1695, was succeeded by his

only fon,

William, fifth earl, who in January 1715-16, being brought prisoner from Preston to London, for appearing in rebellion against king George I. was tried, and condemned to be beheaded on the 24th of February following, with the lords Derwentwater and Kenmure; but the night before execution, he made his escape out of the Tower, and in the year 1744, died in his exile at Rome. He married Winifred, fifth and youngest daughter of William Herbert, marquis of Powis, by Elizabeth his wife, youngest daughter of Edward Somerset, marquis of Worcester, and by her left issue,

William, lord Maxwell, who, had not his father been attainted, would have been fixth earl of Nithsdale. He married his cousin german, lady Catharine Stewart, daughter of Charles earl of Traquair, by whom he had iffue two daughters, Mary, who died young; and Winifred, wife of William Constable of Effringame, Esq; by whom she has two sons and a daughter; Marmaduke-William, William, and Catharine: Also a daughter, lady Ann, married to John lord Bellew, of the kingdom

of Ireland.

TITLES. The right honourable William Maxwell, earl of Nithfdale, lord Maxwell and Herries.

CREATION. 1 Earl of Nithfdale, October 29, 1581, 16

Tames VI. ARMS.] Pearl, an imperial eagle displayed, diamond, beaked and membered, ruby; furmounted of a shield of the 1st, charged with a faltire of the 2d, and thereon a hedge-hog,

topaz. CREST.] On a wreath, a mount and holly-bush, and a stage

lodged or couchant, all proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two stags, proper, attired, pearl.

Motto.] Reviresco.

CHIEF SEATS were.] At Terregles; and Carlavarock, in Dumfriesshire.

## SEATON, Earl of WINTON.

HIS family is one of the noblest in North Britain, and many illustrious families are descended from it. The name is derived from their antient lands of Seton, in East Lothian, the first whereof was Dowgal Seaton, who lived in the reign of king Edgar, and Alexander I. who fucceeded to the

the crown in 1107, and was fucceeded by Secher, his fon, who also inherited the lands of Winton and Winsburgh, and was father of Alexander, whose fon, Philip, had issue Sir Alexander, his heir, who married Margaret, daughter of Walter Barclay, chancellor to king William the lion, and was fucceeded by his fon, Sir Serlo, or Secher, and he by Sir Alexander, his eldest fon, whose eldest fon and successor, Sir Christopher, in the reign of Robert I. bravely stood for the freedom of his country against the English usurpation; and was one of those worthies who, at the battle of Methwen, near Perth, in 1306, rescued the king from the English party; whereupon, for that fingular piece of fervice, the king gave him in marriage his fifter, the lady Christian Bruce; but at last he had the ill fortune to be taken by the English, and carried to London, where, with his brother John Seaton, and Nigel Bruce, the king's brother, he was put to death by order of king Edward I. for the faid revolt. He had iffue Sir Alexander, his heir. Which Sir Alexander, who fucceeded, made a great figure during the reign of his uncle, king Robert, from whom he obtained fundry grants of lands, and a charter under the great feal, for erecting his lands of Scaton into a free barony; and, on account of maternal descent and merit, had his three crescents surrounded with the double tressure; which, with the coat of augmentation given to his father, being ruby, a fword supporting an imperial crown, hath remained in the family ever fince. He married lady Isabel, daughter of Duncan earl of Fife, and by her had Sir Alexander, his heir; who marrying Christian, daughter of - Cheyne of Straloch, by Her had four fons, Alexander; William; Thomas; and Sir John, ancestor of the Seatons of Porbroath, Lathrisk, &c. William and Thomas were cruelly put to death by king Edward I. upon their father's bravely holding out the town of Berwick against him, in their father's fight, who bore it with amazing fortitude, not willing to forfeit his honour, and his country's cause, to save their lives. Alexander, the eldest son succeeded, and married Margaret, sister of William Murray, captain and governor of Edinburgh castle, and by her had Sir William Seaton, who married Katharine, daughter of Sir William Sinclair of Herdmanston, by whom he had two fons, Sir John; and Sir Alexander, who married Elizabeth, daughter and heir of Adam lord Gordon, of whom the dukes of Gordon, and the Seatons of Touch, Meldrum, &c. are descended: and four daughters, Margaret, wife of John lord Kennedy, ancestor of the earl of Cassilis; Marian, of Sir John Ogilvy, progenitor of the earl of Airly; Jane, of John lord Lisle; and Katharine, of Bernard Haldane of Gleneagles. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir John, who was one of the hostages for the ransom of king James I. to whom he was afterwards master of the houshold, and was the first lord Seaton. He attended the princes Margaret, that king's daughter, into France, in order to her marriage with Louis the Dauphin, eldest fon of Charles VII. of that realm, and married lady Janet, daughter of George Dunbar, earl of March, by whom he had Sir William, his successor, and two daughters, Janet, married to Robert master of Keith, fon of William earl Marshal of Scotland; and Christian, to Norman, lord Lesley of Rothes. He died in 1441, and his only son, Sir William, who was slain in 1424, at the battle of Vernuil, in France, leaving a son, George, he succeeded his grandfather. He had also two daughters, viz. Catharine, wise, sirts, of Sir Alan Stewart of Darnley, ancessor of the royal family; and second lord Haliburton.

Which George, fecond lord, married lady Jane Stewart, only daughter and heir of John earl of Buchan, by whom he had a fon, John, his heir; and fecondly, Chriftian —, by whom he had a daughter, wife of Hugh Douglas of Borgue. He died about the year 1470, and his fon, John, who died before him, having married Mary, daughter of John lord Lindfay, anceftor of the earl of Crawford, by her had George,

fucceffor to his grandfather.

Which George, third Iord Seaton, married the lady Ifabel, daughter of Colin Campbell, earl of Argyll, and by her left iffue a daughter, Martha, married to William Maitland, anceftor of the earl of Lauderdale; and two fons, George, his heir; and John, anceftor of the Seatons of Northrig. He died in 1507, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

George, fourth lord, who being flain at the battle of Floddon with king James IV. left by Janet his wife, daughter of Patrick Hepburn, earl of Bothwell, George, his heir; and a daughter, Marian, matried to Hugh Montgomery, the fecond

earl of Eglington. He was succeeded by his said son,

George, fifth lord, who married Elizabeth, daughter of John Hay, lord Yefter, anceftor of the marquis of Tweeddale, by whom he had two fons, George, his heir; John, anceftor of the Seatons of Carriftoun, and four daughters, Marian, wife of John, fourth earl of Menteith; Margaret, of Sir Roehett Logan of Reftalrig; Eleanor, of Hugh, feventh lord Somerville; and Beatrix, of Sir George Ogilvie of Dunluglas, anceftor of lord Banff. By a fecond wife, Mary Paris, a French lady, he had alfo a fon, Robert. He deceafed in 1545, and was fucceeded by his eldelt fon,

George, fixth lord, who being governor of Edinburgh caftle during the regency of queen Mary of Lorrain, was in 1557 commissioned by the estates of Scotland, to treat with the

French

French king about the marriage of queen Mary with Francis the Dauphin; and by the bounty of Henry II. had a pension for his fervice to that crown. After his return to Scotland, he was made one of her majesty's privy council, and by James VI. in 1583, was again sent ambassidador to France; but dying soon after his return, left silue by Isabel his wife, daughter of Sir William Hamilton of Sanquhar, four sons and one daughter; Margaret, married to Claud Hamilton, lord Paisley, ancestor of the earl of Abercorn. The sons were, Robert, his heir; John, ancestor of the Seatons of Barns; Alexander, created earl of Dumserlin; and Sir William, who had one son, but he died without silue.

Robert, the eldeft fon, feventh lord, being much efteemed by king James VI. his majefty, on the 10th of November 1600 raifed him to the honours of earl of Winton, &c. and he marrying lady Margaret, daughter of Hugh Montgomery, third earl of Eglington, by her had five fons and one daughter, viz. Robert, who died without iffue, before his father; George; Sir Alexander, who changed his name to Montgomery, and became the fixth earl of Eglington, purfuant to the entail made by his coufin german, Hugh, the fifth earl of Eglington; Sir Thomas, anceftor of the Seatons of Oliveftob; and Sir John. The daughter, lady Elizabeth, married James Drummond, the first earl of Perth; and fecondly, Francis Stewart, fon of Francis earl of Bothwell. He died in 1608, and was

fucceeded by his eldest furviving fon,

George, fecond earl, who was one of the privy council. He was also one of the privy council to Charles I. whom, with his whole retinue, in the king's progress to Scotland, he entertained at his house at Seaton with great splendor and magnificence, and was very faithful to that prince during the time of the civil war. He married first, lady Ann, daughter of Francis Hay, earl of Errol, by whom he had two fons, George; and Alexander, viscount Kingstoun: and a daughter, Elizabeth, married to William Keith, fixth earl Marshal. The faid Alexander, the youngest son, was created viscount Kingstoun; and George lord Seaton, the eldeft, dying in his father's lifetime, left by lady Henrietta, daughter of George Gordon, fecond marquis of Huntley, who after his decease, married John earl of Traquair, George, who succeeded his grandfather: and the faid George, the fecond earl, marrying to his fecond wife, Elizabeth, daughter of John Maxwell, lord Herries, by her had two fons and three daughters, viz. Sir John, of Garleton; Sir Robert, of Windygowl: lady Isabel, married to Francis lord Semple; lady Ann, to John earl of Traquair; and lady Mary, to James earl of Carnwath.

George, third earl, who in 1650 succeeded his grandsather, married first, lady Mary, daughter of Hugh, seventh earl of

Eglington,

Eglington, by whom he had no furviving iffue; and fecondly, Christian, daughter and coheir of John Hepburn of Aldiston, by whom he had two sons, George and Christopher. He died

in 1704, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

George, fourth earl, who being unhappily engaged in the rebellion in 1715, was brought prifoner to London from Preston in Lancashire, and committed to the Tower. In March following being tried, he was found guilty of high treafon, and received sentence of death, which was pronounced by lord chancellor Cowper, the lord high steward; but in August following, by some secret management, he made his escape, and ended his days at Rome, in 1749, without issue. The representation of this family is now vested in Sir George Seaton of Garleton, son of Sir George, son of Sir John, third son of George, second earl of Winton. Which Sir George, but for the attainder and forseiture of George the sourch earl, would now have been sight earl of Winton. He resides in France, and is unmarried.

Title.] The right honourable George Seaton, earl of

Winton, and lord Seaton of Tranent, in the county of Had-

dington.

CREATION.] Earl of Winton, 10 November 1600, the

31st of James VI. as king of Scotland.

ARMS.] Quarterly, Ist and 4th topaz, three crescents within a double tressure, slowered and counterslowered with sleurs de lis ruby, for Seaton; 2d and 3d sapphire, three garbs, topaz, the arms of Buchan, as having pretension to that earldom. And over all, by way of surtout, an escutcheon party per pale, ruby and sapphire; the first charged with a sword in pale, proper, pomelled and hilted, topaz, supporting an imperial crown with a double tressure of the last, given by king Robert Bruce, for their bravery and loyalty; and the 2d is charged with a star of 12 points, pearl, for the title of Winton.

CREST. In a ducal coronet, topaz, a dragon emerald,

spouting fire, his wings elevated.

Supporters.] Two foxes, proper, collared and chained, topaz, each collar charged with three crefcents, ruby; and upon a fcroll coming behind the shield, and passing over the middle of the supporters, are these words, Intaminatis sulget honoribus, relative to the surrout.

Mотто.] Invia virtuti via nulla.

CHIEF SEATS were] At Seaton, in East Lothian; at Winton, two miles from the former; and a fine house in Edinburgh.

#### LIVINGSTON, Earl of LINLITHGOW.

HE first of the name of Livingston is said to be one of the gentlemen who accompanied queen Margaret, wife of king Malcolm Canmore, to Scotland; where, in the reign of king David I. he got lands in West Lothian, which he called Livingston, after his own name; and was succeeded therein by his son Thurstan, the sather of Alexander, whose posterity enjoyed the barony of Livingston above 400 years, which was till the reign of James IV. when Bartholomew Livingston dying without issue male, with him that family became extinct; and of his three daughters and coheirs, Agnes, the cldeft, was the wife of - Learmont. Others, with more reason, suppose Livingston to be rather a modern Scotch name, both from the termination, which is fo common in North Britain, and Levin, which is the name of a town, lake, and river, in Fifeshire, Perthshire, and Lenos. In the reign of David II. Sir William Livingston, the immediate ancestor of this noble family, marrying Christian, daughter and heir of Patrick de Callender, lord of Callender, in the county of Stirling, with her had that barony; and afterwards obtained a royal grant, to him and his heirs, of the lands of Kilfyth, lying west of Callender, then in the king's hands. In 1346, he was one of the commanders at the battle of Durham, where he was taken prisoner with the king; but afterwards being released, he was commissioned to treat with the English about the redemption of his royal master; which being happily agreed to, on the payment of 100,000 merks, he delivered Sir William, his fon and heir, as one of the hostages for the fecurity thereof.

Sir William, who succeeded his father, had a son, Sir John, who being flain in 1402, at the battle of Homildon-hill, against the Piercies, left by his first wise, a daughter of Menteith of Carfe, Sir Alexander, his heir; and a younger fon, Robert, from whom sprung the Livingstons of West Quarter, and of Kinnaird, progenitors of the earls of Newburgh; and by his second wife, Agnes, daughter of Sir James Douglas of Dalkeith, he had Sir William Livington, first of the branch

of Kilfyth.

Sir Alexander, his eldest son, was one of the hostages for the ransom of king James I. when he was relieved from his captivity in England; and upon the decease of his master, was made choice of by the three estates of Scotland, to be governor to the young king James II. till he was fourteen years of age; but foon after, the earl of Douglas being the principal favourite at court, and bearing no good will to Sir Alexander, or any of the former ministry, prevailed fo far with the king as to call a parliament, which met at Perth, where he and others of his

party were fummoned to answer to such accusations as should be exhibited against them; and Sir Alexander being accused of having alienated the crown lands, wasted the royal revenues, seized upon the king's jewels, and the furniture of his houses, and what else he could divert to his own private use, was declared a rebel, his estate confiscated, and he sent prisoner the castle of Dunbarton; but after some time of imprisonment, the king was pleased to restore Sir Alexander to his estate, and made him one of his privy council, and justice general of Scotland. He married a daughter of Dundas of that ilk, by whom he had issue james, Alexander, ancestor of the Livingstons of Dunipace; Janet, wife of James, first lord Hamilton; and Elizabeth, of James Dundas of that ilk. He was succeeded by his eldest fon,

James, who was created lord Livingfton, and for his great prudence and ability, was made captain of Stirling castle, where he had the custody of the young king committed to him by his father, when he was the king's governor; which great trust he faithfully discharged, and was afterwards appointed master of the houshold, one of the privy council, and high chamberlain of Scotland; and dying in 1467, by Marian, his wife, had iffue two sons; James, his successfor; Alexander, of whom hereaster: and two daughters, Elizabeth, wife of John earl of Ros; and Eupheme, of Sir Malcolm Fleming, son and heir of Robert lord Fleming. He was succeeded by his

eldest fon,

James, fecond lord, who dying without iffue, his effate

and honour fell to his nephew,

Sir John Livingston, the son of his brother Alexander, who became third lord; and marrying Elizabeth, daughter of Robert lord Fleming, by her had William, his heir; and by his second wise, a daughter of Sir John Houstoun of that ilk, a son, Alexander, ancestor of the Livingstons of Glentyran, whose male line is extinct. He died in 1510, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

William, fourth lord, who married Agnes, daughter of Adam Hepburn, lord Hailes, and by her had Alexander, his fucceffor; and two daughters, Margaret, married to John Hay, lord Yefter, ancestor of the marquis of Tweeddale; and Isabel, to Nicholas Ramsay of Dalhousie, ancestor of the earl of Dal-

housie. He was succeeded by his son,

Alexander, fifth lord, who had the tuition of queen Mary committed to him in her nonage; and he afterwards accompanied her majefty into France, where he died, Jeaving issue by Agnes his second wife, daughter of John, second earl of Moreton, three sons and sour daughters, viz. John, master of Livingston, who was killed in the life-time of his father, at the battle of Pinkie, without issue; William, his successor; Tho-

mas, ancestor of the Livingstons of Haining; Elizabeth, wife of John Buchanan of that ilk; Janet, of Sir Alexander Bruce of Airth; Magdalen, first, of Arthur Erskine of Grange; and fecondly, of John Scrimgeor of Glastre; and Mary, wife of John Semple of Belltree, fon of lord Semple. He died in the

year 1550, and was fucceeded by his fon,

William, fixth lord, who was in great favour with the aforefaid queen Mary, to whom he continued loyal and ferviceable to the end of the civil war; and marrying Agnes, daughter of Malcolm lord Fleming, ancestor of the earl of Wigton, by her had Alexander, his heir; John and Henry, who both died young; Sir George, of Ogleface, ancestor of the Livingstons of Bedlamorlie; Sir William: and two daughters, Janet, married to Alexander, fourth lord Elphingston; and Margaret, wife, first, of Sir Lewis Ballantyne of Broughton; and fecondly, of Patrick Stewart, earl of Orkney. He was succeeded by his eldeft fon.

Alexander, feventh lord, who was much efteemed by king James VI. who, in recompence of his care in the education of his daughter, the princess Elizabeth, afterwards queen of Bohemia, created him earl of Linlithgow; and in 1603, when his majesty succeeded to the crown of England, his lordship carried the princess from Linlithgow to London, with a retinue, upon his own charge, fuitable to her birth and dignity. He married lady Eleanor, daughter of Andrew Hay, the eighth earl of Errol; and dying in 1622, left two fons and one daughter; Margaret, married to John Fleming, earl of Wigton. The fons were, Alexander; and Sir James, who acquiring honours and riches in the wars abroad, was, after his return, by king Charles I. in 1633, created lord Almond, and in 1641, earl of Callendar. He married Margaret, daughter of James lord Yester, ancestor of the marquis of Tweeddale, widow of Alexander Seton, earl of Dumferlin. He was fucceeded by the eldeft fon.

Alexander, fecond earl, who married first, the lady Elizabeth, daughter of George marquis of Huntley, by whom he had George, his heir; and by his fecond wife, lady Mary, daughter of William, the tenth earl of Angus, he had two daughters, lady Margaret, wife, first, of Sir Thomas Nicholson of Carnock; fecondly, of Sir George Stirling of Keir; and thirdly, of Sir John Stirling of Keir: and lady Eleanor, who died unmarried: and a fon, Alexander, to whom his uncle, James earl of Callendar, dying without iffue, left his estate and honours, whereby he became second earl of Callen-

dar, &c. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

George, third earl, who in the time of the civil war firmly adhered to the cause of king Charles I. and suffered much for it; but after the restoration, was made one of his majesty's

privy council, captain of the royal regiment of foot guards, and juffice general of Scotland. He married lady Elizabeth, daughter of Patrick Maul, first earl of Panmure, and widow of John Lyon, earl of Kinghorn; and dying in 1690, lest issue by her two sons, and a daughter, Henrietta, married to Robert Macgill, viscount Oxenford. The sons were, George; and Alexander, who was third earl of Callendar. The eldest, George, succeeded his father, and was fourth earl. He was one of the privy council to king William III. by whom he was also made one of the commissioners of the treasury. He married Henrietta, daughter of Alexander Sutherland, lord Duffus; but dying in 1695, without issue, his estate and honour devolved on his nephew,

James, the fourth earl of Callendar, fon of his brother A-lexander, fifth earl of Linlingow, and one of the fixteen peers of Scotland, by the titles of earl of Linlingow and Callendar, in 1710 and 1713, the third and fourth parliaments of Great Britain. He married lady Margaret, daughter of John Hay, twelfth earl of Errol, by whom he had a fon of his name, who died in 1715; and a daughter, lady Ann, who became his fole heir, and married William, fourth earl of Kilmarnock, whose

eldest fon is now earl of Errol. (See that title.)

James, the abovefaid earl, was attainted, and his estates and honours forfeited to the crown, for his concern in the rebellion in 1716.

TITLES.] The right honourable James Livingston, earl of

Linlithgow and Callendar, and lord Almond.

CREATIONS.] Earl of Lithgow, or Linlithgow, in West Lothian, 15 November 1600, by James VI. lord Almond, in 1633; and earl of Callendar, 1641, both in the county of

Stirling, by Charles I.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th, pearl, three cinquefoils, ruby, within a double tressure, sowered and counterslowered with steurs de lis, emerald, for the name of Livingston; 2d and 3d diamond, a berd between six billets, topaz, for Callendar; and over all, by way of surrout, in an escutcheon, sapphire, an oak growing out of the base, topaz, within a border, pearl, 'charged with eight julyslowers, ruby, as a coat of augmentation, for the title of earl of Linlithgow.

CREST.] On a wreath, a demi-savage, wreathed about the temples and waist with laurel, proper, holding in his right hand a batoon creek, and in the left a serpent, which is twitted

about his arm.

SUPPORTERS.] Two savages, proper, wreathed as the crest, each holding on his exterior shoulder a batoon, topaz.

Morro. ] Si je puis.

CHIEF SEATS were.] Callendar-castle, in Stirlingshire; and at Brighouse, near Lithgow.

DRUMMOND,

#### DRUMMOND, Earl of PERTH.

CIR Malcolm Drymen, or Drummond, flourished in the reign of king William, which commenced in 1,65, and ended in 1214. He was succeeded by his eldest son, Malcolm de Drummond, who married Ada, daughter of Maldurn, third earl of Lenox, by Beatrix, daughter of Walter, lord high steward of Scotland, and was succeeded by his eldest son, Malcolm Drummond, and he by his eldelt fon, Sir John, whose eldest fon, Sir Malcolm, was succeeded by his fon, another Sir Malcolm, who being probably killed at the battle of Durham, in 1346, was succeeded by his eldest son, Sir John, who maintained a long and troublesome dispute with the house of Menteith, which came to an open rupture, and being difputed in the field, wherein Menteith loft three fons, the king obliged both parties to go no farther in the quarrel; and, to compleat the agreement, appointed a meeting of the great men of the kingdom. The earls of Douglas, Angus, Arran, and the lord Robert, nephew to king Robert Bruce, being guardians for the performance of articles, their hands and feals are still to be feen in the deed of treaty, wherein lord Robert, the king's nephew, owns himself related to both families. Drummond, having by an article in the treaty, loft the lands which he held in the sheriffdom of Lennox, retired into Perthshire, where he took to wife Mary, eldest daughter and coheir of Sir William de Montesax, lord treasurer of Scotland, with whom he had divers lands in the faid county, beside the baronies of Scrobbal and Cargil, near Perth; and by his faid wife had iffue four fons and four daughters; Sir Malcolm; Sir John; William, ancestor of the Drummonds of Carnock and Hawthornden; and Dougal, bishop of Dunblain: Annabella, married to Robert III. king of Scotland, and mother of king James I. Margaret, wife of Sir Colin Campbell, ancestor of the duke of Argyll; Jane, of - Stewart of Dowallie; and Mary, of - Macdonald, lord of the Isles.

Sir Malcolm, the eldeft fon, fucceeding his father, and marrying lady Ifabel Douglas, daughter of William earl of Douglas, by Margaret his wife, countefs of Mar, fifter and fole heir of Thomas earl of Mar, he in her right was ftiled lord of Mar; and at the battle of Otterburn, or Chevy Chace, in 1388, joining his own men with his brother-in-law, James earl of Douglas, to fight the English, he there took prioner Sir Ralph Piercy, brother of Henry lord Piercy, called Hotspur, who in the same rencounter had killed earl Douglas: but dying without issue by his lady, the estate reverted to herself, and his

hereditary fortune descended to his next brother,

Sir John Drummond, who married lady Elizabeth, daughter

ter of Henry earl of Orkney, ancestor of the earl of Caithness, a person of great eminence both in Denmark and Scotland; and by this lady he had three sons and two daughters; Elizabeth, wise of Sir Archibald Kinnaird; and —, of John Lockhart of Bar, in Airshire. The sons were, Sir Walter, Robert, and John; which last settled in the Madeira islands, where his posterity made a considerable figure; and Robert married the heiress of Barnbougle, and changed his name to

Mowbray.

Sir Walter, the eldeft, who was knighted by James II. fucceeded his father. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir William Ruthven of that ilk, and by her had three fons; Walter, the youngeft, was baron of Liderief, from whom defeended the family of Blair Drummond, which produced the two other branches of Newton and Gairdrum; John, the fecond, was dean of Dumblain; and Sir Malcolm, the eldeft, marrying Mariotte, daughter of Sir David Murray of Tullibairden, an ceftor of the duke of Athol, had by her fix fons; Sir John; Walter, dean of Dumblain, and clerk register to James IV. James, ancestor of the Drummonds of Corrievechter, &c. Thomas, who was laird of Druminerinock, ancestor of those of Innermay, Cultmalindri, Culdee, &c. William and Andrew.

Sir John, the eldeft, fucceeded his father, and was made steward of Strathern, justice general of Scotland, and created lord Drummond by king James III. He married the lady Elizabeth Lindsay, daughter of David earl of Crawford, who was duke of Montrose for life; and being justice general, which in those days was the best post in the kingdom, he purchased all the estate which his kinsman the baron of Concraig was possessed of, in the sheriffdom of Strathern, and likewise, with the king's approbation, the heretable jurisdiction of Strathern. He likewise did great service to king James IV. having routed the earl of Lennox, and the lord Lifle, as they were upon their march to join the earl Marshal and lord Gordon, in order to feize the king and the administration, under pretence of revenging the death of king James III. after which he was fent ambassador into England, to conclude a peace with king Richard III. but after the death of the king of Scotland, he forfeited all his offices and eftate, for giving a box on the ear to Lyon King at Arms, who was fent to summon him before the parliament, to give an account of the queen's marriage with the earl of Lennox; but by the queen's interest, and the intercession of some great men, he was soon after restored to his honour and eftate. He had iffue by his faid lady, William, matter of Drummond, who died before his father; William, his heir apparent; Sir John, anceftor of the Drummonds of Innerpeffry, Riccarton, &c. and five daughters, whereof Margaret, the eldeft, was privately married to king James IV by whom

whom she had a daughter, lady Margaret, who was married to John lord Gordon, eldest son of Alexander earl of Huntley; and a fon, James, who was earl of Murray; Elizabeth, married to George, master of Angus, whose grand-daughter, lady Margaret Douglas, was mother of Henry lord Darnley, father of king James IV. Beatrix, wife of James lord Hamilton, and earl of Arran, nephew of James III. Annabella, of William earl of Montrose; and Eupheme, of John lord Fleming, anceftor of the earls of Wigton. He died in 1519.

William, who was heir apparent, married lady Isabel Campbell, daughter of Colin, the first earl of Argyll, and by her had two fons; Walter; and Andrew, ancestor of the Drummonds of Bellyclone; but the faid William and his family being in open defiance with that of Murray, among other feuds between them, there were feveral gentlemen of the house of Murray barbarously burnt in a church, by some of Drummond's party; for which crime, notwithstanding he pleaded innocence, yet being out of favour with the king, he was condemned to lose his head, and the sentence was executed accordingly, in 1511. Walter Drummond, his eldest son, marrying lady Elizabeth, daughter of William earl of Montrofe, and dying

before his grandfather, by her left an only fon, David, who in 1519 succeeded his great grandfather, and was fecond lord; and married lady Margaret Stewart, daughter of Alexander duke of Albany, by whom he had only one daughter, Sibilla, married to Sir Gilbert Ogilvie of that ilk; and by his fecond wife, Lillias, daughter of William lord Ruthven, he had two fons and five daughters; Jane, married to John Graham, earl of Montrose, chancellor of Scotland; Ann, to John, seventh earl of Mar, lord treasurer of Scotland; Lillias, to David lord Lindsay, eighth earl of Crawford; Katharine, to John Murray, earl of Tullibairden; and Mary, to Sir James Stirling of Keir. The fons were, Patrick and James; the latter, in the year 1607, was created lord Maderty by James VI. and from him descended the viscounts Strathallan. Patrick, the eldeft, was third lord Drummond, and married

lady Elizabeth, daughter of David earl of Crawfurd, by whom he had two fons, James, his heir; John: and five daughters, Katharine, married to James lord Lesley, eldest son of Andrew earl of Rothes; Lillias, to Alexander earl of Dumferlin, by whom she was mother of the countesses of Seaforth, Lauderdale, and Kelly, and of the lady Lindsay, mother of the earl of Balcarras; Jane, to Robert Ker, the first earl of Roxburgh, and governor to the children of king Charles I. Elizabeth, to Alexander lord Elphingston; and Anne, first, to Peter Barclay of Towie; and fecondly, to Andrew Fraser of Murchhill, ancestor of lord Fraser. By a second wife, Agnes, daughter and coheir of John Drummond of Innerpeffry, he had no species. TA

issue. He deceased before the year 1600, and was succeeded

by his eldeft fon,

James, who being much in favour with king James VI. was by him fent with Charles Howard, earl of Nottingham, ambassador to Spain, and after his return, was created earl of Perth, March 4, 1605; and marrying lady Elizabeth, daughter of Robert, first earl of Winton, by her had a daughter, lady Jane, who was married to John earl of autherland; but having no male iffue, his honour and estate descended to his brother.

John, fecond earl of Perth, who married lady Jane, daughter of Robert earl of Roxburgh, and had iffue by her four fons and two daughters; lady Jane, married to John earl of Wigton; and lady Lillias, to James earl of Tullibardin. The fons were, Henry, who died in infancy; James; Sir John, of Logiealmond, grandfather of John Drummond of Logicalmond, Efq; and of Dr. Thomas Drummond; Sir William, who became earl of Roxburgh, by marrying the lady Jane Ker, eldest daughter of Henry lord Ker, only fou of Robert earl of Roxburgh, and from him also descended the lord Bellenden. He

died in 1662, and was succeeded by his son,

James, third earl, who married lady Ann Gordon, daughter of George, third marquis of Huntley, by whom he had two fons, and a daughter, lady Anne, who was married to John, earl of Errol, lord high conftable of Scotland. The fons were, James and John, the latter of whom was created earl of Melfort by king James VII. and by him made fecrerary of ftate for Scotland. He married to his first wife the heires of Lundy, by whom he had three fons, and as many daughters; lady Ann, married to the laird of Houston; lady Elizabeth, to William viscount Strathallan; and lady Mary. The sons were, James, Robert, and Charles, the eldest of whom was called baron of Lundy, in Forfarshire. To his second wife, the said earl of Melfort married Eupheme, daughter of Thomas Wallace, baron of Craig, the chief of a very ancient family, and by her had fix fons and three daughters; which fons were, John, laird of Torth; Thomas, William, Andrew, Reynald, and Philip: and the daughters were, Katharine, Terefa, and Mary. In the Scots parliament, July 1695, this John earl of Melfort, and Charles earl of Middleton, were outlawed by an act of attainder. James, third earl, died in 1675, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

James, fourth earl, who by king Charles II. in 1678, was made one of the privy council; in 1682, justice general; and in 1684, lord chancellor of Scotland; in which station he was continued by king James VII. till the revolution in 1688, and then-following that prince into France, was by him made a duke, and knight of the garter, but was also outlawed in par-

liament.

liament. This noble lord, who died at St. Germains, in France, in the year 1716, and the 68th of his age, married to his first wife, lady Jane, daughter of William marquis of Douglas, by whom he had James lord Drummond; and two daughters, lady Mary, married to William Keith, the ninth earl Marshal; and lady Anne, who died unmarried. He married, fecondly, Lillias, daughter of Sir James Drummond of Machany, by whom he had two sons, John, who married the heires of Dalgerno; and Charles: And thirdly, lady Mary Gordon, daughter of Lewis marquis of Huntley, by whom he had a son, Edward; and a daughter, lady Teresa.

James, his eldelt son and heir apparent, was master of the horse to Mary, queen dowager of king James VII. and dying in his father's life-time, left by lady Jane his wife, daughter of George duke of Gordon, two sons, James and John; and two

daughters, ladies Mary and Henrietta.

James, the eldest fon, would have succeeded as earl of Perth, were it not for the outlawry. Both these brothers were in the rebellion in 1745; and next year, at the battle of Culloden, John commanded the centre, and James the left wing; but the latter being mortally wounded, died in his passage to France; John, the youngest, would have succeeded to the estate, which his brother had enjoyed; but it was forfeited by his attainder. As neither of them left iffue, the representative of the family was John, eldest son of their grandfather's fecond marriage; but he dying without iffue in 1757, Edward, the only fon of the chancellor's third marriage, became the representative; but he also died without iffue in 1760, and the chief of the family is now James, grandfon and heir of John earl of Melfort, before mentioned, fecond fon of James, third earl of Perth. He married lady Rachael Bruce, daughter of Thomas, feventh earl of Kincardin, by whom he has iffue Thomas, James, and a daughter, Rachael.

TITLES were.] Right honourable James Drummond, earl of Perth, and lord Drummond, and hereditary fleward of Stra-

thern and Menteith.

CREATIONS.] Lord Drummond, by James III. earl of Perth, March 14, 1604, 35 James VI. and I. of England.

ARMS.] Topaz, three closets wavey, ruby.

CREST.] On a ducal coronet, topaz, a greyhound, pearl,

collared and leashed, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two favages, bound about the temples and waifs with oak leaves, each holding on the outer shoulder a batoon, all proper; both standing on a green hill, semee of caltropps.

Morro.] Gang warily.

A CHIEF SEAT was.] At Drummond castle, in Perthshire.

MACKENZIE,

## MACKENZIE, Earl of SEAFORTH.

THE immediate ancestor of this family was a son of the Fitzgeralds, earls of Desmond, Kildare, &c. in Ireland. His name was Calinus, and upon fome discontent, he left Ireland, and with a number of followers, fettled in Scotland. about the year 1261, where he was kindly and hospitably received by Alexander III. whom he faithfully ferved as long as he lived. This prince made him a grant of the whole lands of Kintail, in Invernesshire, which were erected into a free barony, to him and his heirs for ever, by the royal charter, dated January 9, 1266. Having killed a stag, that was in full career at the king, on that account he had a ftag's head, &c. affigned him for his armorial bearing. He was fucceeded in the barony by his fon Kenneth, and he by another Kenneth, who was a firm friend to king Robert Bruce. He was fucceeded by his fon, a third Kenneth, he by his fon, Murdoch, and he by his fon, another Murdoch, who was succeeded by his son, Alexander, who married two wives, first, lady Agnes, daughter of Colin, first earl of Argyle, by whom he had his successor, Sir Kenneth: and fecondly, - M'Dowal, of the family of Lorn, by whom he had Duncan, ancestor of the Mackenzies of Logie, Hiltoun, &c. and Hector, of those of Garloch, &c. He died in 1488. Sir Kenneth, his fuccessor, was knighted by James IV. and by Agnes, daughter of Hugh, fecond lord Lovat, had John, his heir; Alexander, ancestor of the Mackenzies of Davachmaluack; Roderic, of those of Achiltry, Fairbourn, &c. Kenneth, of those of Suddy, Ord, Corrovielzier, Highfield, Inverlal, Little Findon, Scatwell, &c. Agnes, wife of Roderick Macleod of Lewis; and Katharine, of Hector Monro of Foulis. John, his eldest fon and successor, behaved gallantly in the field of Floddon, in 1513, and was of the privy council to James V. a faithful subject of queen Mary, and fought valiantly at the battle of Pinkey (tho' then an old man) in 1547. He was succeeded by his only son, Kenneth. who by his wife lady Elizabeth, daughter of John, second earl of Athol, had iffue, Colin; Roderick, ancestor of the Mackenzies of Redcastle, Kincraig, Rosend, &c. and five daughters. His eldest fon, Colin, succeeded him, who was a brave man, and of the privy council to James VI. By his first wife, Barbara, daughter of James Grant of that ilk, he had iffue Kenneth, afterwards lord Kintail; Sir Roderick, of Tarbat, anceftor of the earls of Cromartie; Colin, ancestor of the families of Kennock and Pitlundie; Alexander, of those of Kilcoy, &c. and three daughters. By his fecond wife, Mary, eldest daughter of Rorie Mackenzie of Devamaluack, he had Alexander, ancestor of the Mackenzies of Applecrofs, Coul, Delvin, Affint, -&c. - Kenneth, his eldest son, was created lord Mackenzie of Kintail,

Kintail, Nov. 19, 1609. He married first, Anne, daughter of George Ross of Balnagowan, by whom he had issue, Colin; John, of Lochslyne, who had no male issue, but whose daughter was wife of Sir Norman Macleod, ancestor, by her, of Macleod of Mureavenside; Barbara, wife of Donald lord Reay; Janet, of Sir Donald McDonald of Slate. He married secondly, Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Gilbert Ogilvie of Pourie, by whom he had issue George, earl of Seaforth; Thomas, of Plusearthy, a great loyalist; Simon, of Lochslyne; and Sibilla, wife of John McLeod of that ilk. He died in 1611, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Colin, second lord Kintail, a great favourite of king James VI. who on December 3, 1623, taised him to the dignity of earl of Seaforth. He married lady Margaret, daughter of Alexander earl of Dunsermlin, by whom he had two daughters; lady Margaret, first the wife of John lord Berrendale, by whom she had George, fisth earl of Caithnes; and secondly, of Alexander lord Dusser, and lady Anne, married first, to Alexander, the second earl of Balcarras, and afterwards was the second wife of Archibald, the ninth earl of Argyll; but the said earl, their father, having no male issue, his estate and honour de-

fcended to

George, his half-brother, fecond earl, who for his adherence to king Charles I. had his eftate fequeltered, was himfelf excommunicated, and forced to leave the kingdom; and repairing to king Charles II. in Holland, was very graciously received, and made fecretary of flate for Scotland. He married Barbara, daughter of Arthur lord Forbes; and dying in 1651, left two fons, Kenneth, his heir; Dr. George Mackenzie, the famous biographer: and a daughter, lady Mary, married to John Erkine, the nimth earl of Mar. He was succeeded by his eldeft fon.

Kenneth, third earl, who was an eminent loyalist to the aforesaid king during the usurpation, for which he suffered a long imprisonment, and was not relieved till the king was restored. He married Isabel, daughter of Sir John Mackenzie of Tarbat, Bart. ancestor of the earls of Cromartie, by whom he had three sons, Kenneth, John, and colonel Alexander; and four daughters, lady Margaret, married to James lord Dussus; lady Anne; lady Isabel, wife of Roderick Macleod of that ilk, and afterwards of Sir Duncan Campbell of Lochnell; and lady Mary, of Alexander McDonald of Glengary. He died in 1678; and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Kenneth, fourth earl, who in 1678, by king James VII, was made one of the privy council. He was also by that king made knight of the thiftle, which his majeffy was pleased to revive in 1687; and at the revolution, when the said king retired into France, and thence into Ireland, he following him thither.

thither, was created a marquis, though that honour was not allowed here. He married the lady Frances Herbert, daughter of William marquis of Powis, in England, by the lady Elizabeth his wife, younger daughter of Edward Somerfet, marquis of Worcester; and dying in 1701, left by her, who died at Paris in 1732, aged 98, a daughter, Mary, wise of —— Caryl, Esq.; and

William, fifth earl, who in 1715 married Mary, only daughter and heir of Nicholas Kennet of Coxhow, in Northumberland, Esq; and by her, who died in France in 1739, had three fons, Kenneth, lord Fortrose; Ronald, who died unmarried; and Nicol Mackenzie, Efq; and a daughter, lady Frances, married to John, representative of the family of Kenmure. His lordship being a party in the rebellion in 17.15, against king George I. he, with many lords and others, was fummoned by proclamation to furrender at Edinburgh; but he made his escape, and in April 1719, landed in the north-west of Scotland, with the marquis of Tullibairden, the earl Marshal, and fome Spanish forces, to carry on a second rebellion; but they were foon defeated at Glensheil by major general Wightman. He was attainted in June 1716, with the earls of Mar, Southesk, Lithgow, Marshal, and Panmure; but through the king's great clemency in 1726, he obtained a pardon, and returned home, where he remained in a quiet retirement till his death, in the year 1740.

Kenneth, lord Fortrofe, his eldest fon, was elected member of parliament for the burghs of Fortrofe, &c. in 1741, and for the shire of Ross in 1747, 1754, and 1761. He married lady Mary Stewart, daughter of Alexander earl of Galloway, by whom he had issue, Kenneth; Margaret, Mary, Agnes, Catharine, Frances, Euphemia. He died in 1762, and was

fucceeded by his fon,

Kenneth, who has been created (October 28, 1766) viscount Fortrole, of the kingdom of Ireland, who will consequently be treated of in the peerage of that kingdom, which is preparing by the same editors.

TITLES. | William Mackenzie, earl of Seaforth, &c.

CREATIONS. ] As before.

ARMS.] Sapphire, a stag's head caboffed, topaz.

CREST.] On a wreath, a mountain inflamed, proper. SUPPORTERS.] Two favages, wreathed about their temples and middles with laurel; each holding in his exterior hand a batoon erect, with fire iffuing out of the top of it, all proper.

MOTTO.] Luceo non uro.

CHIEF SEATS.] At the island of Donan, in Invernesshire; and at the castles of Fortrose and Brahan, in Rosshire.

## WEMYSS, Earl of WEMYSS.

THIS family name is local, and was first affumed by the proprietors of lands called (of old) Wemyls-shire, containing all that track lying between the lower part of the water of Ore and the fea. They are descended of Hugo, second son of Gillimichael, fourth earl of Fife, and great grandfon of Macduff, the first earl. The said Hugo had a son, Hugo, who was fucceeded by his fon, Sir John, who first assumed the firname of Wemyss. His fon, Michael, had a fon, another Sir John, who was succeeded by his eldest son, another Sir Michael, who was fent on an embaffy to Norway, to bring home the princess Margaret of Norway, undoubted heir of the crown of Scotland, after the death of Alexander III. This embaffy was in the year 1290; but on their return with the princess, to the universal misfortune of the nation, she died at the Orkneys; and thereupon happened the fatal competition between Bruce and Baliol, about the right of succeeding, which was at length fettled upon the latter. His fuccessor, Sir David, in the time of king Robert I, was one of those great men of the kingdom, who wrote that letter to the Pope, afferting the independency of their country; fo rare a piece of antiquity, that it deserves to be wrote in characters of gold, and preserved to all posterity: And this David obtaining from that king, by charter, the lands of Glasnock, was therein succeeded by Sir Michael, his fon.

Which Sir Michael obtained a grant from Duncan earl of Fife, of the lands of Easter Monikie, and Wester Dron; and had three sons, of whom the second, Sir John, was of Rires and Kincaldrum, of whom hereafter: his eldest fon, David, was fucceeded by his fon, Sir David, who having iffue only one daughter, gave his estate to Sir John Wemyss, his undoubted heir male, grandson of the above Sir John of Rires, his uncle. His daughter was wife of Sir John de Inchmartin; and the faid Sir John marrying Isabel, daughter and coheir of Sir Allen Erskine of Inchmartin, by which marriage the lines, male and female, of this noble family, were united, by her had Sir David, his heir; Duncan; and Alexander, ancestor of Wemvis of Lathocker: and two daughters, Elizabeth, married to Sir Andrew Gray of Foulis, ancestor of the lord Gray; and Eu-

pheme, to Sir William Livingston of Drumray.

Sir David, his fuccessor, married Christian, daughter of Sir William Douglas of Lochleven, and by her had Sir John Wemyss, whose wife was Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Livingston of Drumray, and by her he had issue Sir John, his heir, who by Christian his wife, a daughter of the family of Abernethy, was father of Sir David Wemyss, who in 1511 obtained a charter from king James IV. for erecting his lands

into the barony of Wemyfs; and being flain with the faid king at the battle of Floddon, in Northumberland, left a fon, Sir David, who fucceeded him, and married Catharine, daughter of Henry lord Sinclair, by whom he had Sir John, his fucceffor; and James Wemyfs of Cafkbierry; and the faid Sir John marrying Margaret, daughter of Sir David Otterburn of Redhall, by her had Sir David, his heir; and four daughters, of whom Eupheme was married to Sir David Carnegie of Coluthie, anceftor of the earl of Southefk. He married fecondly, Janet, daughter of Alexander Trail of Blebo, by whom he had Gavin Wemyfs of Powguild, who married Catharine Wemyfs, heirefs of Winthank, of whom the Wemyfs's, now of Winthank, are defeended.

Sir David, the eldest son, who in 1571 succeeded his father, married Cecil, daughter of William, second lord Ruthven, and hy her had five sons and five daughters, viz. Sir John; Sir James, of Bogie, ancestor of the Wemys's of Bogie, and those in Ireland; David, ancestor of the Wemys's of Fingask; Henry, of the Wemys's of Foodie; Patrick, of those of Rumgay, Craighall, &c. Margaret, wise of James Bethune of Creich; Cecilia, of — Kinnynmouth of that ilk; Jane, of James Maegill of Rankeillor; Elizabeth, of Alexander Wood of Lamyletham; and Isabel, of John Auchmoutie of that ilk. He died in 1501, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Sir John, who by his second wife, Anne Stewart, daughter of James lord Down, had issue David, his heir; Sir John, after earl of Wemys; and four daughters, Cecilia, married to William, second earl of Tullibardin; Janet, to Robert lord Colvil; Isabel, to Hugh Fraser, eighth lord Lovat; and Catharine, to John Haldane of Gleneagles. He died in 1616, and was succeeded by his second son, John; his eldest son, David, who died before him, by lady Elizabeth, daughter of Andrew, earl

of Rothes, having no iffue.

The faid Sir John being in great favour with king Charles I. was by him, in May 1625, created a baronet, and afterwards, in 1628, lord Eleho, and earl of Wemyfs, in 1633. He married Jane, daughter of Patrick, feventh lord Gray; and dying in 1653, by her left David, his fucceffor; and five daughters, lady Mary, married to John, the fixth lord Sinelair; lady Ann, to Sir Mungo Murray, vifcount Stormont; and lady Jane, to Harry Maule, fecond fon of Patrick, the first earl of Panmure, in Scotland; lady Elizabeth, to Sir John Ayton of that ilk; and lady Catharine, of Sir David Carnegic of Craig. He died in 1649, and was succeeded by his fon,

David, fecond earl, who married first, Jane, daughter of Robert Balfour, lord Burleigh, by whom he had lady Jane, who was married first, to Archibald earl of Angus and fecondly, to George earl of Sutherland. He married fecondly, lady

Eleanora.

Eleanora, daughter of John earl of Wigton, without issue; and thirdly, lady Margaret, daughter of John earl of Rothes, widow first, of Alexander lord Balgony; and secondly, of Francis Scot, earl of Buccleugh; and had another daughter, lady Margaret, who in 1680 became counters of Wemys, as successfor to her father, but the title of baronet ceased.

Which lady Margaret continued the honour; and marrying Sir James Wemyfs, defcended from James Wemyfs of Cafkberry, before-mentioned, he, by the favour of king Charles II. was honoured with the title of lord Bruntifland, in Fife, during life; and dying in 1685, left by the faid countefs his wife, David, their heir; and two daughters, lady Ann, married to David Lefley, earl of Leven and Melvil; and lady Margaret, to David Carnegie, earl of Northefs. The countefs died in 1705,

and was fucceeded by her fon,

David, third earl, who was one of the privy council to quen Anne, by whom he was conflituted lord admiral of Scotland, as alfo one of the commiffioners for the treaty of union with England. He was elected to reprefent the peerage of Scotland in the first and second British parliaments; and maried first, lady Anne, daughter of William duke of Queensberry, by whom he had issue David, lord Elcho, who died in the 17th year of his age, unmarried; and James, late earl. His second wise was Mary, daughter of Sir John Robertson of Faring-wood, in Northamptonshire, Bart. but by her had no issue, third wise was Elizabeth, daughter of Henry lord Sinclair, by whom he had two daughters, lady Elizabeth, wife of William earl of Sutherland, mother of the late earl; and lady Margaret, of James earl of Murray. He deceased in 1720, and was succeeded by his only surviving son,

James, fourth earl of Wemys, who married Janet, daughter and heir of colonel Francis Charteris of Amisfield, by whom he had issue three sons and sour daughters, viz. 1. David, lord Elcho, who having engaged in the rebellion of 1745, was attainted of treason, but escaped to France; 2. Francis-Charteris, who succeeded to his grandfather's estate at Amisfield, &c. and married lady Catharine, daughter of Alexander duke of Gordon, by whom he has issue one son; 3. James, who now represents the family. The four daughters were, lady Frances, wise of Sir James Stewart of Goodtrees, Bart. lady Walpole, of ——; lady Anne, of John Hamilton of Bargeny, Esq and lady Helen, of Hugh Dalrymple of Fordel, Esq. David lord Elcho, on account of his attainder, being incapable of fucceeding, his lordship made a conveyance of his estate in fa-

vour of his third fon, James, in which he was succeeded by him in 1756.

Which James Wemys, now of Wemys, Esq, is member in the present parliament for Fischire, &c. and married lady

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Elizabeth, daughter of William earl of Sutherland, by whom he has iffue three fons, James, William, and David.

TITLES were.] James Wemyss, earl of Wemyss, lord

Elcho, &c.

CREATIONS.] Lord Elcho, April 1, 1628; earl of Wemyfs, May 25, 1633.

ARMS.] Topaz, a lion rampant, ruby, armed and langued,

fapphire.

CREST.] On a wreath, a swan, proper. Supporters.] Two swans, as the crest.

Morro.] Je penfe.

CHIEF SEATS.] Wemys, in Fiscshire; and Elcho, near Perth.

## CARNEGIE, Earl of SOUTHESK.

HIS noble family were anciently proprietors of the lands of Carnegie, in the county of Forfar, which were long possessed by them. John, ancestor of this family, lived in the reign of Alexander III. From the faid John descended Duthac de Carnegie, who in the year 1400, by a charter from Robert duke of Albany, got part of the lands of Kinnaird; and eight years after purchafing the remainder, was therein fucceeded by his fon Walter, who joining the earl of Huntley against the Lindsays, in behalf of king James II. at the battle of Brechin, in 1452, had thereupon his house burnt, with all his writs and evidences; and dying in 1478, was fucceeded by his fon and heir John, who died in 1508, and was succeeded by his fon John, who being flain at the battle of Floddon, in Northumberland, in 1513, with king James IV. left a fon, Sir Robert; and a daughter, Janet, married to William Maul, fon of Sir Thomas Maul of Panmure. Sir Robert, the fon, was promoted by the regent, James Hamilton, duke of Chatelherault, first to be one of the judges in the court of fession, then ambaffador to England, and after his return was knighted. He was also sent ambassador to France by the said regent in 1551, and dying in 1565, left iffue by Margaret his wife, a daughter of the family of Guthry, fix fons and feven daughters, viz. Sir John, who fucceeded his father; David, of Coluthie, who carried on the line of the family; William, of Leuchland; Robert; James, ancestor of the Carnegies of Balmackie; Alexander, of Cookfton: Margaret, wife of Sir Tames Scrimgeor of Dudhope; Helen, first, of William Lundie of Benholm, and fecondly, of Robert Turren of Foveran; Elizabeth, of Andrew Arbuthnot of that ilk; Catharine, of David Ramsay of Balmain; Isabel, of - Gordon of Glenbucket; Jane, of \_\_\_\_; Mary, of \_\_\_ Strachan of Carmylie. He was succeeded, in 1565, by his eldest son, (as before-

fore observed) Sir John, who being a hearty friend to queen Mary in the time of her misfortunes, her majesty had so great an esteem for his fidelity and prudence, that in 1570, when a cessation was obtained by the bishop of Ross, she wrote to the faid John, craving his advice therein. He married first, Agnes, daughter of David Wood of Craig, and fecondly, Margaret Keith; but having no fon, his estate descended to Sir David, his next brother, who being bred to the law, and a person of great reputation, was by king James VI. made one of the lords of fession, one of his privy council, and a commissioner of the treasury. He married first, Elizabeth, daughter and heir of William Ramfay of Coluthie, and by her had three daughters, Catharine, wife of Sir John Ayton of Kinnaldie; Margaret, of William Dundas of Fingask; and Elizabeth, of John Inglis of Tarvat; which last only had issue; and her daughter, Catharine, was mother of Mr. George Martin of Clermont, the learned antiquary. His fecond wife was Eupheme, daughter of Sir David Wemyls, ancestor of the earl of Wemyfs, by whom he had four fons and three daughters; Agnes, married to Alexander Falconer of Halkerton, whose fon was created lord Halkerton; Jane, to James Carmichael of Balmedie, and afterwards to Archibald Dundas of Fingalk; and Eupheme, to Robert Graham of Morphy, who all left issue. The fons were, David; Sir John, first of the family of Northesk, which vide; Sir Robert; and Alexander, ancestor of the Carnegies of Balnamoon.

David, the eldeft fon, succeeded, and was created a baron and earl. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir David Lindfay of Edzal, and by her had iffue four fons and fix daughters; lady Margaret, married to William earl of Dalhousie; lady Agnes, to James lord Abercromby; lady Katharine, to John Stewart, earl of Traquair; lady Margery, to Robert viscount Arbuthnot; lady Elizabeth, to Sir Andrew Murray, ancestor of viscount Stormont; and lady Magdalen, to James, the great marquis of Montrole: and of the fons, David, the eldeft, who died in his father's life-time, having married lady Margaret, daughter of Thomas Hamilton, earl of Haddington, by her had issue two daughters, Margaret, married to Gavin Dalziel, earl of Carnwath; and Magdalen, to Sir John Crawford of Kilberney, ancestor of the earls of Crawford; but the said David having no male iffue, his next brother, Sir James Carnegie, became heir to his father, and fucceeded to the honours. Sir John, of Craig, the third for, had a fon, who died without iffue; and Sir Alexander, the youngest, was the first of the

family of Pittarro.

Which Sir James, fecond earl, was one of the privy council to king Charles II. by whom he was also made sheriff of Forfar. By his wife, lady liabel, he had issue, Robert; lady

Elizabeth, wife, first, of James Murray, earl of Annandale; and fecondly, of David, viscount Stormont; and lady Katharine, of Gilbert, eleventh earl of Errol. He was fucceeded,

in 1669, by his fon,

Robert, third earl, who was a fine gentleman, and captain of the guards to Lewis XIV. king of France. By his wife, lady Anne, daughter of William, fecond duke of Hamilton, he had iffue two fons, Charles lord Carnegie; and William, killed at Paris by William Talmash, son of the dutchess of Lauderdale, in 1681. He died in 1688, and was succeeded by his eldeft fon.

Charles, fourth earl, who by lady Mary, daughter of Charles

earl of Lauderdale, had iffue,

James, fifth earl, who married lady Margaret, daughter of James earl of Galloway, by whom he had a fon and a daughter, who both died young; and engaging in the rebellion of 1715, he was attainted, and his estate and honours forfeited to the crown. However, he made his escape, and died in France in 1729, and in him ended the male line of James, fecond earl of Southesk. Whereupon the representation of the family devolved upon Sir James Carnegie of Pitarro, Bart. lineally descended of Sir Alexander, fourth son of David, first earl of Southesk, and brother of James the second earl, who was member in the last parliament for the shire of Kincardine. He married Christian, eldest daughter of David Doig of Cookfton, by whom he has four fons and two daughters, viz. David, James, John, and George; Mary and Elizabeth.

TITLES. | The right honourable James Carnegie, earl of

Southesk, and lord Carnegie.

CREATIONS. ] Lord Carnegie of Kinnaird, in the county of Forfar, 24 April 1616, by James VI. and earl of Southerk, in the same county, 22 June 1613, by Charles I.

ARMS. Topaz, an eagle displayed, sapphire, beaked and

membered, ruby.

CREST.] On a wreath, a right hand, couped at the wrift, and erect, holding a thunderbolt, inflamed at both ends, all proper, shafted saltire, and winged in fess, topaz.

SUPPORTERS.] Two greyhounds, pearl, each gorged with

a plain collar, ruby,

Morro: 1 Deum timete.

CHIEF SEATS were. | Kinnaird, in the county of Angus; and the castle of Leuchars, in Fifeshire.

#### OGILVIE, Earl of AIRLY.

HIS noble family descended from Gilbert, second son of Gilibred, and brother of Gilchrift earl of Angus, a man of great distinction in the reign of king William the lion,

between 1165 and 1214. Gilbert affumed his sirname from his lands and barony of Ogilvie. He had a son, Alexander, and he a son, Patrick, whose son, Sir Patrick, had two sons, Alexander, and Patrick, first of the family of Auchterhouse, Alexander succeeded, and was succeeded by his son, Sir Patrick Ogilvie, of whom the Ogilvies of that ilk, and of Eafter Pourie, descended. Patrick, second son of Sir Patrick, abovementioned, was succeeded by his fon, Walter, and he by his eldest son, Sir Walter, who was killed in 1391, by Duncan Stewart, natural fon of the earl of Buchan, with his brother, and 60 of his followers. He had iffue three fons, Sir Alexander; Sir Walter, of Lintrethan; and Sir John; and was fucceeded by the eldett, Sir Alexander, whose grandson, Sir Alexander, dying without male iffue, was fucceeded by the next heir male, descended of Sir Walter of Lintrethan, above-mentioned. Which Sir Walter had iffue, Sir John; and Sir Walter, ancestor of the earls of Findlater. Sir John, the eldest, had iffue three daughters, and Sir James, his fucceffor, who was created lord Ogilvie by king James IV. He married Elizabeth, a daughter of the family of Kennedy, and by her had iffue,

John, second lord, who married Jane, daughter of William lord Graham, by whom he had two fons, James and Anthony. Tames, the eldest, third lord, succeeding, married lady Eliza-

beth Lindfay, daughter of David earl of Crawford, and had

three fons, James, John, and Archibald.

James, his heir, fourth lord, marrying Helen, daughter of Henry lord Sinclair, by her had five fons, James, John, David, William, and Archibald; and four daughters, of whom Marian was married to Patrick lord Gray; and Margaret, to David Graham of Fintrie.

James, the eldest son, fifth lord, succeeding his father, married Katharine, daughter of Sir John Campbell of Calder; and

dying in 1564, was succeeded by his only son,

James, fixth lord, who firmly adhering to queen Mary during her troubles, suffered a long imprisonment; but when king James VI. took the government on himself, he was released, and sent ambassador to Denmark. He married Jane, daughter of William lord Forbes, by whom he had fix fons, and a daughter, Margaret, who was wife of George Keith, earl Marshal. The sons were, James, his heir; Sir John, of Craig; David, of Pitmouis; Peter, ancestor of the Ogilvies of Clunie; George, of Fernault; and Sir Francis, of Grange. He died in 1606, and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

James, seventh lord, who marrying lady Jane, daughter of

William earl of Gowry, by her was father of

James, eighth lord, who was created earl of Airly. He married lady Isabel Hamilton, daughter of Thomas earl of Haddington. Haddington, and had iffue by her three fons, James, lord Ogilvie; Sir Thomas, a man of great honour and courage, killed at the battle of Inverlochie; and Sir David, of Clova: Alfo one daughter, lady Helen, wife of Sir John Carnegie of Bal-

namoon. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

James, fecond earl, who being also very zealous in the royal cause, he at length was taken prisoner at the battle of Philiphaugh, in 1645, when Montrose was defeated. He was condemned by the parliament to be executed, but escaping the night before in his fifter's habit, he engaged again in the fame service. He married Helen, daughter of George Ogilvie, lord Banff, and had a fon, David; and four daughters, lady Marion, married to John Lefley, lord Lindores; lady Margaret, to Alexander lord Halkerton; lady Helen, to Sir John Gordon of Park; and lady Mary, to Sir John Wood of Bonnytoun.

David, their brother, third earl, marrying lady Grifel, daughter of Patrick Lyon, the third earl of Strathmore, by her had two fons, James and John; whereof James, when he was lord Ogilvie, about twenty years of age, was attainted for joining in the rebellion 1715; the effate not being in his perfon, was faved, and went to his brother John. Some time after this, he obtained a pardon for his life, came home, and married Ann, daughter of David Erskine of Dun, Esq; one of the fenators of the college of juffice; but dying about a month

after the marriage, was fucceeded by

John, his brother, who now represents the family, and posfelles the estate. He married Margaret, heir of - Ogilvie of Clunie, by whom he had two fons, David; and Walter, advocate: and two daughters, Elizabeth, and Helen, wife of

Roger Robertson of Ladykirk, Esq;

In the year 1745, David, the eldest son, came over from France, and joined with the rebels in Scotland. He made his escape after the battle of Culloden, and was attainted by the act of parliament 1746. He commands a regiment in the French service, called Ogilvie's regiment. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir James Johnston of Westerhall, Bart. by whom he has one son, David, commonly called master of Ogilvie; and two daughters, Margaret and Joanna.

TITLES were. | James Ogilvie, earl of Airly; lord Ogil-

vie, &c. &c.

CREATIONS. | Lord Ogilvie, by James IV. in 1495; earl

of Airly, April 2, 1639, by Charles I.

ARMS. ] Pearl, a lion passant guardant, ruby, crowned with an imperial crown, proper, and gorged with a ducal crown, topaz.

CREST.] In an earl's coronet of the last, a woman from her

waift upwards, holding a portcullis.

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SUPPORTERS.] Two bulls, diamond, each gorged with a garland of flowers.

Morro. ] A Fin.

CHIEF SEAT. ] Airly castle, in Forfarshire.

### DALZIEL, Earl of CARNWATH.

THIS noble family is of great antiquity in the shire of Lanerk, and intermarried with many worthy samilies there, before they moved to the county of Dumsfries, where they settled; and Mr. Nisbet, the noted herald, gives the following story concerning the origin of their sirname. In the reign of Kenneth II. a near kinsman and favourite of that king being hung up by the Picts, it so exceedingly grieved his majesty, that he offered a great reward to any of his subjects that would venture to rescue his corpse; but none would undertake that dangerous enterprize. At last a certain gentleman came to the king, and said, dal zell, which in the Irish or old Scots language is, I DARE; and he effectually performing it to the king's satisfaction, his posterity took for their sirname the word Dalziel; and for their armorial ensign, that remarkable bearing, which has been continued to the present time.

In the year 1365, Sir Robert Dalziel, who faithfully adhered to king David Bruce during his captivity in England, obtained a grant of the barony of Selkirk; and Sir William Dalziel, his fucceffor, having a gift from king Robert III. of the revenue belonging to St. Leonard's hospital, within the town of Lanerk, was therein fucceeded by George, his son, from whom, after feveral generations, descended Sir Robert Dalziel of that ilk, who firmly adhered to queen Mary in all her troubles. He

was fucceeded by his fon,

Sir Robert, who was knighted by king James VI. and by Charles I. created lord Dalziel, and earl of Carnwath. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir Robert Crichton of Clunie, and had two fons, Robert, his heir; and Sir John Dalziel and Glenay, Bart. and a daughter, lady Mary, wife of Sir James Muirhead of Lachop. He was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Robert, fecond earl, who raifing both horse and foot for his majeth's service in the time of the civil war, in which he was a commander, suffered very much thereby, both by sequestration and other ways; and in 1651, attending king Charles II. to the battle of Worcester, was taken prisoner, and kept divers years confined. He married Christian, daughter of Sir William Douglas of Drumlanrig, ancestor of the duke of Queensberry, and by her had

Gavin, third earl, who married first, Margaret, daughter of David lord Carnegie, by whom he had two sons, James and John; and a daughter, lady Jane, wife of Claud Muirhead of

J 2

Wauchop

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Wauchop; and secondly, lady Mary Erskine, daughter of A. lexander, the third earl of Kelly, but by her had no iffue.

James, the eldest son, was fourth earl; and marrying lady Mary Seaton, daughter of George earl of Winton, by her had a daughter, lady Elizabeth, married to the lord John Hay, fon of John marquis of Tweeddale; but having no male iffue, his brother,

John, became fifth earl; and he dying a batchelor in 1702,

his estate and honour descended to

Sir Robert, son of Sir John Dalziel of Glenay, Bart. son of Sir Robert, fon of Sir John Dalziel of Glenay, second son of the first earl of Carnwath. Which Sir Robert, fixth earl, in January 1715, being brought prisoner to London from Preston in Lancashire, where he was taken in rebellion against king George I. he and fix other lords were condemned for high treafon on the 9th of February following; only two of them were executed, and the earl afterwards got a pardon for his life. He married first, lady Grace, daughter of Alexander earl of Eglingtoun, by whom he had a daughter, lady Margaret; and fecondly, Grizel, daughter of Alexander Urquhart of Newhall, Efq; by whom he had a fon, Alexander. His third wife was Margaret, daughter of John Hamilton of Bangower, Esq; by whom he had a daughter, who died young. His fourth wife was Margaret Vincent, a Yorkshire lady, by whom he had a fon, Robert. His eldest son, Alexander, but for the forfeiture, would have been seventh earl of Carnwath; and married Miss Elizabeth Jackson, an English lady, by whom he has iffue.

TITLES.] The right honourable Robert Dalziel, earl of

Carnwath, and lord Dalziel.

CREATION.] Lord Dalziel, in 1628; and earl of Carnwath, in the county of Dumfries, 1639, by Charles I.

ARMS.] Diamond, a naked man, with his arms extended,

CREST.] On a wreath, a dagger erect, the pomel and hilt topaz.

SUPPORTERS. ] Two chevaliers in complete armour, each having a target on his exterior arm, proper.

Morro I I dare.

CHIEF SEAT.] At Kirkmichael, in Annandale.

# MAULE, Earl PANMURE.

HIS very ancient and noble family is originally French, and derive their firname from the town and lordship of Maule, in France, eight leagues from Paris, upon the confines of Normandy. Anfold, lord of Maule, made a donation to the priory of St. Martin des Champs at Paris, in 1015, and his

fon-

fon, Guarin, is mentioned in a charter of Robert king of France, before 1030; and was fucceeded by another Anfold, and he by Peter, lord of Maule, who in 1078 founded a priory of Benedictines at his town of Maule, and was general of the French army against the king of England, 1098, and had issue Anfold, his successor; and Guarin de Maule, who came into England with William the conqueror, besides several other children.

Ansold of Maule was famous in the wars of Italy and Greece, and one of the chief of the Norman and French captains under Robert duke of Normandy, and was fo great at home, that he had his barons and knights, whom he caused to swear fealty, and do homage to his fon, before his death. He married Odeline, daughter to Raoul, lord of Rony, and was succeeded by his fon, Peter, lord of Maule, who was one of the generals of the French army at the battle of Breneville, in 1119, and went, with forty knights in his retinue, to the fiege of Bretteuill, in 1138. He married Ade, daughter of the earl of Guifnes, by his wife, fifter to the lord of Montmorency, by whom he had Robert, lord of Maule, who married Idoin, daughter of the viscount of Chamount. His son Robert went to the Holy Land with Louis king of France, where he was taken prisoner by the Saracens, and upon his return, founded the priory of St. Leonard at the castle of Panmore. This family continued to flourish in France, till another Robert, last lord of Maule there, whose arms are still remaining in the church of Maule, being the very fame the earls of Panmure carry for their paternal coat to this day. He was killed in Hungary, in the war against the Turks in 1308, leaving issue one daughter, his sole heir, who carried the lordship of Maule, and many other feigneuries, to her husband, Simon de Meranvilliers, lord of Flacourt, steward to the Dauphin of France.

Having done with the eldeft branch, we return to Guarin de Maule, younger fon of Peter lord of Maule, the direct anceftor of this noble family. Which Guarin came into England with William the Conqueror, amongst the names of whose followers Maule is always found, particularly in Holingshed, and got the lordship of Hatton de Cliveland, out of which Robert de Maule, his son, made a donation to the Abbay de Whiteby, in the reign of Henry I. from whom descended Serlo de Maule, who was a baron of England in the reign of king John.

Of this fame family was William de Maule, who fided with David I. king of Scotland, in the battle of the standard, in 1138; and continuing to follow that king's fortune, obtained from him the lordship of Fowlis, out of which he made donations to the priory of St. Andrews, and is witness to some of the charters made by king David, and his son prince Henry, before the year 1152. He dying without issue male, Sir Richard de

U

Maul

Maule, his nephew, carried on the line of the family, and was fucceeded by his fon, Sir Peter Maule. Which Sir Peter, about the year 1224, in the reign of Alexander II. obtained the barony of Panmure, by the marriage of Christian, daughter and sole heir of William de Valoignes, lord of Panmure, and great chamberlain of Scotland; and dying in 1254, by the faid Christian his wife, left iffue, Sir William, his successor; Sir Thomas, who was governor of Brechin caftle, which he defended forty days against king Edward I. and was there slain in 1303. Which William, baron of Panmure, was high sheriff of the county of Forsar at the death of king Alexander III. and one of the barons of Scotland who did homage to king Edward I. for his lands which he had of the crown in 1292. He married Echam, daughter of John de Vaus, lord of Dirleton, high fheriff of the county of Edinburgh, by whom he left iffue Henry, his fon and heir. Which Sir Henry de Maule was knighted by king Robert Bruce, whom he ferved in the wars against England; and married Margaret, daughter of William Hay of Locherrat, ancestor of the marquis of Tweeddale, by whom he had Walter de Maule, baron of Panmure, who was governor of Kildrimmy in the beginning of the reign of king David Bruce, and had Sir William, his fon and fucceffor.

Which Sir William married Marion, only daughter of Sir David Fleming of Biggar, ancestor of the earl of Wigton, by Jane his wife, daughter of David Barclay, lord Brechin, and by her had Thomas, his fon and successor. Which Thomas de Maule, baron of Panmure, was knighted by king Robert III. and was one of the commanders of the governor of Scotland's army at the battle of Hairlan, where he was flain, with many of his followers, in 1411, leaving iffue by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Sir Andrew Gray of Foulis, ancestor of the lord Gray, a fon born after his death, named Thomas, who preferved the family, that otherways would have been extinguished. Which Thomas, baron of Panmure, was knighted by king James I. and upon the death of Walter earl of Athol, who was executed for the murder of king James I. in 1437, laid claim to the lordship of Brechin, in right of his great grandmother, daughter of David lord Brechin, and obtained some parts of the estate of that family, but was kept out of the barony by the ministry of king James II. which after some time returned to the family of Panmure. He married Margaret, daughter of Sir Thomas Abercromby of that ilk, in the county of Fife, and left iffue Sir Thomas, his ton and fucceflor. Which Sir Thomas was also knighted, and was very powerful in the reign of king James III. and filled in records the noble and pulliant lord, Thomas de Maule, lord of Panmure. He married the lady Elizabeth Lindfay, daughter of Alexander earl of Crawfurd, and grandchild of the lady Jane, daughter of king Robert II. by whom he had a fon, Alexander, who died in his life-time, leaving iffue by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Sir David Guthrie of that ilk, Knt. lord high treasurer of Scotland, Thomas, who fucceeded his grandfather. Which Thomas was bailiff of Barrie, and knighted by king James IV. and married first, Elizabeth, eldest daughter and coheir of Sir David Rollo of Bailachie, by Elizabeth his wife, daughter of Andrew lord Gray; and after her death, Christian, daughter of William lord Graham, ancestor of the duke of Montrose. He was killed, with his mafter king James IV. at the fatal field of Floddon, in 1513, and was succeeded by his eldest son of the first marriage, Robert, baron of Panmure, who was Barrie, had a licence from king James V. exempting him from parliaments, was at the battle of Lithgow bridge, with the earl of Lennox, for that king's liberty, in 1526, and in queen Mary's reign, with the lord Gray, storm'd the town of Perth, which held out against the queen's authority; and after the battle of Pinkeycleugh, was befieged in his castle of Panmure by the English, wounded, and carried prisoner to the Tower of London. He married first, Isabel, daughter of Sir Laurence Mercer of Aldie, in the county of Perth; fecondly, Ifabel, daughter of Sir Robert Arbuthnot, ancestor of the lord vifcount Arbuthnot, and was succeeded by Thomas, his eldest fon of the first marriage.

Which Thomas went over with cardinal Beaton, ambaffador to France, in 1528; and upon his return, was taken prifoner at the fight of Haldenrig; and being releafed, was again with the earl of Angus in the van of the Scots army, at the bloody battle of Pinkeycleugh, in 1547, where he cleaped with great difficulty, having many of his followers killed. He was alfo amongft the Scots nobility, who entered into that memorable aflociation for the defence of king James VI. upon his inauguration. He married firft, Elizabeth, daughter of David earl of Crawford; and fecondly, Margaret, daughter of Sir George Haliburton of Pitcur; by the laft he had one fon, Patrick, who fucceeded him. Which Patrick was by king James VI. made hereditary bailiff of Barrie; and dying in 1605, left iffue by Margaret his wife, daughter of Sir John Erfkine of Dun, (privy counfellor, and one of the ambaffadors to France at the marriage of queen Mary) Patrick, his only

fon and heir.

Which Patrick was a gentleman of the bedchamber to king James VI. and king Charles I. keeper of the king's houfe and park at Eltham; high sheriff and vice admiral of the county of Forfar; and created lord Brechin and Navarre, and earl of Panmure, and to the heirs male of his body for ever. This earl was with king Charles in all the battles in which his royal

person was engaged, and attended his majesty in all his removes, after he was delivered up by the Scots army to the English commissioners; and staid with him till he was made prisoner in Caristonec castle, that all his old servants were forbid, upon their peril, to come near him; and after the king's murder, Oliver Cromwell imposed a fine of ten thouse and pounds sterling on him for his loyalty. This noble earl married first, Frances, daughter of Sir Edward Stanhope, lord president of the North, and elder brother of the lord Stanhope, by whom he had George lord Brechin, his successor. His second wife was Mary Waldrum, maid of honour to queen Henrietta, and a near cousin to the great duke of Buckingham: and his third wife was Mary, daughter of John earl of Mar, lord high treasurer of Scotland, and widow of William earl Marshal.

George, earl of Panmure, was colonel of a regiment of horse for the king, during the civil wars, with which he was prefent at the battles of Dunbar and Innerkeithing; and after the defeat at Worcester, commanded the remains of the king's army in Scotland, but was forced to furrender to Cromwell the year following. He married Jane, eldeft daughter of John earl of Loudoun, lord high chancellor of Scotland, and by her had George lord Maule, his successor; James Maule of Balcembie; and Harie Maule of Kellie. George was one of the privy council to king Charles II. and James VII. He married Jane, only daughter of John earl of Wigton, but died without furviving iffue, and was fucceeded by James his brother. Which James, earl of Panmure, was also of the privy council to king James VII. He married the lady Margaret, third daughter of William and Ann, duke and dutchess of Hamilton; but he dying without iffue also, in the year 1723, the honour would have devolved upon Harie, the youngest brother, had it not been for the forseiture of the said James, who was concerned in the rebellion with his nephew the earl of Mar, in 1715.

This Harie married first, the lady Mary, only daughter of William Fleming, earl of Wigton, by whom he had James, who died in the life-time of his father; and William, who succeeded him: and a daughter, Jane, who was married to George lord Ramsay, eldest son of William earl of Dalhousse, And by his second wise, Ann, sister of John, lord viscount of Garnock, he had a son, John, and a daughter, Margaret, who died unmarried. Which John was chosen member of parliament for the burghs of Aberdeen, Montrose, &c. in the year 1730, and in the year 1748, constituted one of the barons of

his majesty's court of exchequer in Scotland.

William, now earl Panmure, who entered into the king's fervice in the life-time of his cldeft brother, was chosen to repetent the shire of Forfar in parliament, in the year 1735,

had

had the command of a company of foot guards in the year 1741; ferved in Germany and Flanders the whole course of the last war; and upon the death of the earl of Crawford, in 1747, got the command of a regiment of foot; is now colonel of the Royal North British Fuzileers, and a lieutenant general of his majesty's forces. He was created a peer of Ireland, by his majesty's privy seal at St. James's, 6th April, and by patent at Dublin, on the 2d May 1743, by the titles of earl Panmure of Forth, and viscount Maule of Whitechurch, the honours being limited to the heirs male of his own body, and his brother John's.

TITLES were before the forfeiture.] Earl of Panmure, lord Maule of Navarre and Brechin, hereditable justice of Southesk

and Northesk, and bailiff of Barry.

CREATIONS.] Baron of Panmure, in Scotland, by tenure, in the reign of king Alexander II. Claimed the lordship and barony of Brechin, by semale descent, 1437. Created lord Brechin and Navarre, and earl of Panmure, in the county of Forfar, 3d of August 1646, by king Charles I. and lord Maule

by king Charles II.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st, party per pale, pearl and ruby, on a border, eight escallops, all counterchanged, for the name of Maule; 2d pearl, three pellets wavey, ruby, for Valoignes, as married to the heires of that family; 3d quarter counterquartered, 1st and 4th sapphire, a chevron between three crosses patees, topaz, for Barclay, lord of Brechin; 2d and 3d pearl, three piles issuing from the chief, conjoined by the points, ruby, for Brechin lord Brechin; 4th quarter as the first.

CREST.] On a wreath, a wyvern, emerald, fpouting fire

before and behind.

SUPPORTERS.] Two greyhounds, proper, each gorged with a collar, ruby, charged with three efcallop shells, pearl.

Motto.] Clementia et animis.

CHIEF SEATS.] At Panmure, in the county of Forfar; and at the castle of Brechin, in the same county.

#### MIDDLETON, Earl of MIDDLETON.

THE immediate anceftor of this noble family was Kenneth, who lived in the reigns of Malcolm IV. and his fuccessor, William, and was father of Malcolm, ancestor of all the Middletons in Scotland. He was succeeded by Humfridus, whose fon, Humfridus de Middleton, was one of the Scots barons that swore fealty to Edward I. of England, in 1296. His son Gilbert succeeded him, and was succeeded by his son, Laurence, as he was by his son, another Gilbert, whose son, John, was succeeded by his grandson, John Middle-

### 300 EARL OF MIDDLETON.

ton of Cadham, whose son, John Middleton, Esq; was a colonel belonging to the royal party; and in 1648, attended duke Hamilton into England, when he brought the army to Preston, which was defeated by Cromwell with less than half the number. At the battle of Worcester, 1651, he commanded as lieutenant general of horse, when he and most of the principal officers were made prisoners; but he had the good fortune, in a short time, to escape out of rhe Tower. Soon after the restoration, he was appointed the king's high commissioner in Scotland, and general of his forces in that kingdom. He was a great enemy to the marquis of Argyll, and the chief inftrument of his ruin, not without hopes to get part of his 'effate; and to procure that lord's condemnation, the letters which the marquis formerly wrote to general Monk, approving the commonwealth system, were now on his trial made high treason, which letters Monk himself sent down, in order to betray him. This John earl of Middleton had two daughters, lady Helen, married to Patrick Lyon, earl of Strathmore; and lady Grifel, to William earl of Morton: also a son,

Charles, fecond earl, who was fecretary of state for Scotland from the year 1684, to the revolution, when he followed king James into France. He was attainted by the Scots parliament in July 1695, with John Drummond earl of Melfort, it having been enacted treason to continue in France after the first of August 1693. They were both zealous managers at the French court for the projected invalion of 1696, and the affassination of king William. He married lady Katharine, daughter of Robert earl of Cardigan, by whom he had two fons, John lord Clairmont, and Charles Middleton, Efq; and two daughters, lady Elizabeth, married to Edward, commonly called lord Edward, son of James earl of Perth; and lady Mary, to Sir John Giffard, Knt. The fons were both taken at fea by admiral Byng, in the descent which the French intended to make in Scotland in 1708; but by the queen's order, they were foon released; after which they returned to France, and died without iffue. Who therefore now represents the family,

I cannot fay.

TITLES were. ] The right honourable Charles Middleton,

baron Clairmont, and earl of Middleton.

CREATIONS.] So created in 1660, by king Charles II.

ARMS.] Party per fefs, diamond and ruby, a lion rampant, within a double treffure, flowered and counterflowered with feeus de lis, all counterchanged.

CREST.] A tower embattled, ruby, and on the top of it a

lion rampant,

. Supporters.] Two eagles, ruby.

MOTTO.] Fortis in arduis.

A HIFF SHAT was.] At Montrole, in the county of Forfar:

### BOYD, Earl of KILMARNOCK.

THE first of the sirname of Boyd is said to be Robert, the fon of Simon, third fon of Alan, fecond lord steward of Scotland. The name is derived from Boydh, a Gallic or Celtic word, fair or yellow, the faid Robert being called fo from his fair complexion. His fon was Sir Robert Boyd, who in 1263 fignalized his valour at the battle of Largis, in Coningham, against the Norwegians, and had thereupon a grant of several lands in that district, wherein he was succeeded by another Sir Robert, and he by a third Sir Robert, who in the fecond of king Robert I. for his loyalty and merit, was rewarded with the lands of Kilmarnock. To him succeeded his son, Sir Thomas, the father of another Sir Thomas, whose wife being one of the daughters and coheirs of Sir John Gifford of Yester, in East Lothian, he thereby had part of those lands: and Sir Thomas, their fon, who was one of the hoftages for the ranfom of king James I. marrying Jane, a daughter of the family of Montgomery, by her had a fon, Sir Thomas, who was father of Sir Robert, lord Boyd of Kilmarnock, and Sir Alexan-

der Boyd of Duncow.

Sir Robert, the eldest, married Mariota, daughter of Sir Robert Maxwell of Calderwood, by whom he had three fons, Thomas; Alexander; Archibald, first of the Boyds of Bonshaw: and a daughter, Elizabeth, married to Archibald, earl of Douglas and Angus, and regent of Scotland in the minority of king James III. He was created lord Boyd in 1459, and marrying his fon Thomas to the princess Mary Stewart, king James the IIId's eldeft fifter, the faid Thomas was thereupon created earl of Arran, and afterwards fent ambaffador to Denmark, to treat of a marriage between his brother-in-law, the young king, and the princess Margaret of that crown; but while he was absent, his enemies contrived the ruin of his family, by reprefenting their ambition as too dangerous for the condition of subjects; and so far prevailed with the king, that he called a parliament, before whom the lord Boyd, his fon, the earl of Arran, and his brother, Sir Alexander Boyd, being fummoned, to give an account of their administration, the old lord fearing the power of his enemies, fled into England; but Sir Alexander was condemned for high treason, and executed. The earl of Arran arriving with the queen at Leith, and being informed of these melancholy circumstances, immediately retired into Denmark with his lady, from thence into France; and dying at Antwerp in 1471, was honourably interred by Charles duke of Burgundy, who erected a handsome monument, with an infcription, to his memory. By his faid lady (who in 1474 was arbitrarily divorced, and married to James Joi d

lord Hamilton) he left a fon, James; and a daughter, Margaret, who was first married to Alexander, fourth lord Forbes; and secondly, to David earl of Cassils; but had no issue by either.

James, third lord, and fecond earl of Arran, dying without iffue, the title of earl of Arran became extinct; but his uncle, Alexander, the second fon of Robert lord Boyd, continued the line. He married Jane, daughter of Sir Robert Colvil of Ochiltree, and had three fons, Thomas; Adam; and Robert, the eldeft, who was restored to the honours and estates of lord Bovd, in 1536, by James V. He married Helen, daughter of Sir John Somerville of Camnethan, and had iffue,

Robert, fourth lord, who marrying Margaret, daughter and fole heir of George Colquhoun of Glins, had iffue Robert, who died before him; Thomas, his heir; William; and Giles, wife of Hugh earl of Eglingtoun; Agnes, of Sir John Colguhoun of Luss; Christian, of Sir James Hamilton of Evandale; and Elizabeth, of Sir John Cunningham of Drumquhaffel.

He was succeeded by his son,

Thomas, fifth lord, who marrying Margaret, daughter of Sir Matthew Campbell, ancestor of the earl of Loudoun, had four fons, Robert, Sir Thomas, Adam, and John; and three daughters, Mariana, married to James earl of Abercorn; Isabel, to John Blair of that ilk; and Agnes, to Sir Gilbert Elphingfton of Blythfwood. Robert, the eldest son, dying before his father, left by his wife, the lady Jane Ker, daughter of Mark earl of Lothian, two fons, Robert and James; and

Robert, the eldeft, succeeding his grandfather, was fixth lord; who married lady Christian, daughter of Thomas earl of Haddington; and dying in 1628, left iffue Robert, his heir; and four daughters, Jane, wife of Alexander Morrison of Preston-grange; Isabel, of John Sinclair of Stevenson; Christian, of Sir William Scot of Harden; and Marian, of Sir James Dundas of Arniston. He died in 1628, and was fuc-

ceeded by his only fon,

Robert, feventh lord, who marrying lady Anne, daughter of John earl of Wigton, by her, who afterwards married George Ramfay, earl of Dalhousie, left no issue, and the

estate and honour devolved on his uncle,

James, eighth lord, who married Katharine, daughter of John Craik, of the city of York, Efg; and had iffue William, mafter of Boyd; and Eva, wife of Sir David Cunninghame of Robertland. He died in 1654, and was succeeded by his fon,

William, ninth lord, who was created earl of Kilmarnock by king Charles II. He married lady Jane Coningham, daughter of William earl of Glencairn; and dying in 1692, left four fons, William, James, Charles, and Robert; and two daughters, lady Mary, wife of Sir Alexander M'Laine; and lady

lady Catharine, of Alexander Porterfield of that ilk. His eldest fon,

William, lord Boyd, fucceeded, and was fecond earl; but dying in the same year as his father, left by Lettice his wife. daughter and heir of Thomas Boyd, of the city of Dublin. merchant, by Mary, daughter of Sir Adam Loftus, William, the third earl of Kilmarnock, and Thomas Boyd, Efq; advocate,

William, third earl, married Eupheme, daughter of William

lord Ross; and dying in 1717, left iffue by her,

William, fourth earl, who married lady Anne, daughter and fole heir of James, earl of Linlithgow and Calendar, by whom he had iffue, James, Charles, and William. Unfortunately engaging in the rebellion of 1745, this lord was taken prifoner at the battle of Culloden, tried, condemned, and beheaded on Towerhill, Aug. 18, 1746, for high treason, and his titles and estate thereby forfeited to the crown. His eldest son. James, is now earl of Errol. (See that title.)

TITLES were.] The right honourable William Boyd, earl of

Kilmarnock, and lord Boyd.

CREATION.] Earl of Kilmarnock, in Coningham of Air-Thire, 27 August 1661, by Charles II.

ARMS.] Sapphire, a fess cheque, pearl and ruby.

CREST.] On a wreath, a dexter hand, couped at the wrift. and erect, pointing with the thumb and the two next fingers. the other turning down.
Supporters.] Two squirrels, proper.

Morro.] Confido.

CHIEF SEAT was.] At Kilmarnock, in the county of Air.

# DRUMMOND, Earl of MELFORT.

THE descent of this family has been already deduced under the title of Drummond, earl of Perth; and that

John, second fon of James, third earl of Perth, was created earl of Melfort, viscount Forth, lord Drummond of Riccarton, Castlemain and Gilston, by king James VII. in 1686, whose fortunes he followed upon the revolution, and was created by him a duke at St. Germains en laye; but not returning to Scotland in the time limited by law, was attainted, and his effate and honours forfeited to the crown. By his fecond wife, Eupheme, daughter of Sir Thomas Wallace of Craigie, Bart. the iffue of which marriage only fuffered by his attainder, he hat fix fons and five daughters, (commonly called lords and ladies) viz. John; Thomas, an officer in the Austrian service, who died unmarried; William, abbe prioral of Liege, deceased; Andrew, colonel of horse in the French service, whose issue are now in being in France; Bernard, who died young; Philip, who was an officer in the French service, and died of his

wounds: Henrietta, who died unmarried; Mary, married to the count Caftle Blanco, a Spanish nobleman; Frances, who, by a dispensation from the pope, married the said count after her fister's death; Louisa and Theresa. He died in 1714, at St. Germains.

John, his eldest son, had three sons, Thomas; Lewis, major general in the French fervice, and late colonel of the Royal

Scots; and John, major general in the Saxon fervice.

The eldeft fon, Thomas, has a confiderable effate in Languedoc; and by Mary Berenger, his wife, has four fons and two daughters; James-Lewis, Charles-Edward, Henry-Benedict, Maurice; Maria-Cecilia-Henrietta, and Emilia-Felicitas.

### MACKENZIE, Earl of CROMARTIE.

HE rife and descent of this noble family is set forth under the title of Scaforth, where we find that Sir Roderick, fecond fon of Sir Colin Campbell of Kintail, was knighted by James VI. and his fon, Sir John, was by Charles I. created a baronet in 1628, and died in 1654, to whom fucceeded Sir George, his eldest son, a man of great learning, and well versed in the laws. He had a commission from king Charles II. then in exile, to raife what forces he could in order to promote his reftoration; and for those his good services, when his majesty came to the crown, he was made a senator of the college of justice, clerk register, one of the privy council, and justice general; and by king James VII. created viscount Tarbat. In the reign of queen Ann he was constituted fecretary of state, one of the privy council, created an earl, and continued in the post of justice general. He died in August 1714, in the 84th year of his age. He married first, Anne, daughter of Sir James Sinclair of May, and by her had three fons and four daughters; James, the youngest son, was created a baronet in 1764, and promoted to be one of the fenators of the college of justice. The second son, Kenneth, was created a baronet on the same day as his brother, but with precedence according to his grandfither's patent, 1628; one of whose sons married lady Elizabeth, daughter of Charles Gordon, the first earl of Aboyn. The daughters were, lady Margaret, wife of David Bruce of Clackmannan; lady Elizabeth, of Sir George Brown of Coalston; lady Jane, of Sir Thomas Stewart of Balcaskie; and lady Anne, of John, brother of the earl of Caithness. By his fecond wife, Margaret, countels dowager of Wemyls, he had no iffue. He was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, fecond earl, who married to his fecond wife, Mary, daughter of Alexander lord Elibank, by whom he had iffue, George, lord Macleod; captain Roderick, of the army; William, an officer in the India fervice, who was loft in a fform EARL OF CROMARTIE.

in 1737; and Patrick, a merchant: lady Mary, who died young; and lady Anne. By his third wife, Anne, daughter of Hugh lord Lovat, he had three sons and one daughter; James, who died young; Norman, an officer in the Durch service, but fince in Montgomery's Highland battalion: and lady Emilia, wife of Archibald Lawmont of that ilk. By his first wife, lady Elizabeth, daughter of Charles earl of Aboyne, he had no iffice. He died in 1731, and was succeeded by his eldelt son,

George, third earl, who having engaged himself, with 400 of his men, in the last rebellion, 1745, was surprized and defeated by the earl of Sutherland's militia, near Dunrobin caffle, in Sutherland, which happened on the 15th of April 1746, the day before the battle of Culloden. He, and his fon, lord Macleod, being taken prisoners, were sent to Inverness, and from thence to London, where the earl was committed to the Tower. In August, he being tried, was condemned, and received sentence of death, and his estate and honours were forfeited to the crown; but by great intercession, he was pardoned, and permitted to refide in England. He married Ifabel, daughter of Sir William Gordon of Invergordon, Bart. by whom he had two fons and seven daughters; his eldest fon, lord Macleod, was likewise pardoned, and in 1750, had leave to accept of a commission in the service of Sweden, where he is major, and aid de camp to the king of Sweden; George, an officer in the British army : lady Elizabeth, wife of admiral George Murray; lady Mary, of Mr. Drayton; lady Anne, of Mr. Atkins; lady Caroline, of Mr. Drake; ladies Jane, Margaret, and Augusta. This unfortunate nobleman died in 1766.

TITLES were.] The right honourable George Mackenzie,

earl of Cromartie, &c. &c.

CREATIONS.] Lord Macleod and viscount Tarbat, April 15, 1685, by James VII. earl of Cromartic, January 1, 1702,

by queen Anne.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st topaz, a mountain inflamed, proper, for Macleod; 2d fapphire, a stag's head cabossed, topaz, for Mackenzie; 3d ruby, three legs of a man armed, proper, conjoined in the center at the upper part of the thighs, sexed in triangle, and the spurs topaz, formerly belonging to the Macleods, as old possession of the slie of Man; 4th pearl, on a pale, diamond, an imperial crown within a double tressure.

CREST.] On a wreath, the fun in its splendor.

SUPPORTERS.] Two favages, each wreathed about the head and middle with laurel, and holding a batoon over his shoulder, proper.

#### 306 VISCOUNT KENMURE.

Motto.] Luceo non uro.

CHIEF SEATS were.] At Macleod castle, New Tarbat, and Castlehaven, all in the county of Cromattie.

#### GORDON, Viscount KENMURE.

IN the 10th of king Robert I. Sir Adam Gordon, in reward of his good fervices, obtained from that prince the barony of Stickel, in the county of Roxburgh, and was succeeded by his second son, William, in all his lands in the south, from whom descended Sir John Gordon of Lochinvar, who in the reign of James IV. marrying Annabella, daughter of Robert lord Boyd, had a son, Alexander; and by a second wife, Elizabeth Lindsay, had three sons, Sir Robert, his successful William, of Crauchlaw, ancestor of the Gordons of Pulvenan, Grange, Balmig, &c. and John: also two daughters. His eldest son, Sir Alexander, who succeeded, was in great favour with James III. but being slain in the battle of Floddon, was succeeded by his brother,

Sir Robert, who marrying Marian, daughter and fole heir of John Accafarlan of Glenfhyre-burn, had fix fons and three daughters, whereof Sir James, his heir, by Margaret his wife, daughter and heir of Robert Crichton of Kilpatrick, had five fons and five daughters; Janet, married to William Coningham, earl of Glencairn; Margaret, to William, fon of Sir James Douglas of Drumlanrig; Catharine, to Sir James Macculloch of Cardness; Helen, to Sir Thomas Maclellan of Bombie; and Elizabeth, to William Grierfon of Lag. The fons were, John; William, ancestor of the late lord; Robert, James, and Alexander. He was slain at the battle of Pinkie

in 1547, and was fucceeded by his eldest son,

John, who marrying to his first wise Juliana, daughter of Sir David Hume of Wedderburn, had one daughter, Margaret, married to Hugh lord Loudoun; and by his second wise, Elizabeth, daughter of John lord Herries, ancestor of the earl of Nithisdale, he had sive sons, Sir Robert, his heir; William; John; James, of whom hereaster; and Alexander: and soud daughters, Mary, married to Alexander Kennedy of Bargany; Janet, to John M'Dowal of Garthland; Elizabeth, to Alexander Stewart of Gairlies, ancestor of the earl of Galloway; and Grisel, to James lord Carille of Torthorald. He was succeeded, in 1604, by his eldest son.

Sir Robert, who was knighted, and then created a baronet, and was a gentleman of the privy chamber to Henry prince of Wales, eldeft fon of king James VI. He married lady Elizabeth, daughter of John earl of Gowrie, and had two fons, Sir John and Robert; and two daughters, Elizabeth, married to John earl of Nithifdale; and Ifabel, to Alexander Frafer, jun.

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of Philorth, ancestor of lord Salton. He was succeeded by his

eldeft fon.

Sir John, who was by king Charles I. created a baron and viscount. He married lady Jane Campbell, third daughter of Archibald, seventh earl of Argyll, and dying in 1634, was fucceeded by his only fon,

John, fecond vifcount, who dying young, the title de-

fcended to

John, third viscount, his cousin-german, son of James, son of John, before mentioned; but he dying unmarried, his brother, Robert, became fourth viscount; and dving in 1662, with-

out iffue, the title descended to

John, of Penygame, fon of William, fon of Alexander, fon of John, fon of William, fecond fon of Sir James, before mentioned; but the faid John, fifth viscount, dying without issue

in 1662, was succeeded by his brother,

Alexander, fixth vifcount, who married first, a daughter of the family of Gordon of Auchlauin, by whom he had a daughter, Agnes, wife, first, of William Maxwell of Kelton; and fecondly, of John Lindsay of Wauchop. He married secondly, Marian, daughter of - Macculloch of Ardwell, by whom he had William, his heir; and three daughters, Jane, wife of William Gordon of Skimmers; Marian, of Sir Alexander Gordon of Earlstoun; and Elizabeth, first, of Samuel Maxwell of Newlaw; and fecondly, of Samuel Brown of Mollance. His third wife was lady Grifel, daughter of James earl of Galloway, and by her he had two fons and three daughters; Mary, married to Sir Patrick Maxwell of Springel, Bart. Ifabel, to John Macgie of Balmagie; and Grifel, to Robert Gordon of Dundugh. The fons were, John, of Greenlaw; and James. Dving in 1698, he was fucceeded by his eldest son,

William, feventh viscount, who being engaged in the rebellion 1715, against king George I. was taken prisoner at Preston in Lancashire, and from thence, in January, brought to London, where, on Friday the 24th of February following, he was beheaded on Towerhill, with James Radeliffe, earl of Der-wentwater; but his corpse was carried by sea to Leith, where it was received by his relations in mourning, and conveyed to his burial-place at Kenmure. He married Mary, daughter of Sir John Dalziel of Glenae, and fifter of Robert earl of Carnwath, who was condemned for the fame rebellion, and had issue by her three sons, Robert, John, and James; and one

daughter, wife of John Dalziel, Efq;

Robert, the eldest fon, through his majesty's great indulgence, got possession of the estate by the care and management of lady Kenmure, but the title was forfeited; and he dving unmarried, was fucceeded therein by his brother John, who now represents the family. He married lady Frances, daugh-X 2 ter

ter of William earl of Seaforth, by whom he has iffue four fon3 and one daughter; William, John, Adam, Robert, and Frances. TITLES. 1 The right honourable William Gordon, vif-

count Kenmure, baron of Lochinvar, and baronet.

CREATIONS.] Baron and viscount of Kenmure castle, in the county of Kirkeudbright, 18 May 1633, by king Charles I. and baronet, 1 May 1626.

ARMS. 1 Sapphire, three boars head erzzed, topaz.

CREST. ] On a wreath, a demi favage, proper, wreathed about his temples and middle with laurel.

Supporters.] Two favages, wreathed as the creft; each

holding in his outer hand a batoon erect, proper.

Motto] Dread God.

CHIEF SEAT. ] At Kenmure castle, in the county of Kirkcudbright.

### LIVINGSTON, Viscount KILSYTH.

CIR William Livingston, fon of Sir John of Callendar, a branch of the family of Linlithgow, was the ancestor of this family, and married Elizabeth, daughter of William de Caldecoat, and was succeeded by his eldest son, Edward, and he by his fon, William, whose fon, another William, was fucceeded by his fon, a third William, who loft his life at the battle of Floddon, 1513; and by his wife, Janet Bruce, had a fon, William, whose eldest fon, Sir William Livingston of Kilfyth, married lady Christian, daughter of William earl of Menteith, by whom he had Sir William, his fucceffor, who by his first wife, Antonia de Board, had a son, Sir William; and a daughter: and by his fecond, Margaret, daughter of Sir John Houstoun of that ilk, Sir James, of whom prefently; and a daughter. His eldest son, Sir William, died before his sather; and by lady Anne, daughter of John earl of Wigton, had a fon, William, heir to his grandfather, whose fon, Wil-Jiam, married Margaret, daughter of George lord Ramfay, by whom he had a fon, William; and two daughters, Margaret, wife of Andrew Rutherford of Hunthill; and Christian, married to James Macgill, the first viscount Oxenford. The son, William, dying in his minority, was fucceeded by Sir James Livingston, his grand uncle, as above mentioned, who by Charles II. for his faithful fervices during the rebellion, was created viscount Kilsyth, lord Campsie, &c. Aug. 17, 1661; and marrying Euphenie, daughter of Sir David Cunningham of Robertland, had iffue James and William; and a daughter, Elizabeth, wife of major general Robert Montgomery, fon of Alexander earl of Eglingtoun. He died in 1661, and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

Tames,

# VISCOUNT STRATHALLAN.

James, fecond viscount, who dying unmarried in 1706,

was fucceeded by his brother,

William, third viscount, who married first, Jane, daughter of William lord Cochran, and had iffue a fon, William, who died in infancy; and fecondly, Barbara, daughter of -M'Dowgal of Mackerston, by whom he had a daughter, Bar-bara, who died young. He was elected one of the fixteen peers in the two last parliaments of queen Anne; but joining with the earl of Mar in the rebellion in 1715, and refufing to furrender, was attainted, and his estates and honours forseited.
TITLES. The right honourable William viscount Kilsyth,

lord Campfie, &c.

CREATIONS. ] As before.

ARMS. ] Pearl, three gilliflowers flipped, ruby, within a double treffure, flowered and counterflowered with fleurs de lis, emerald.

'CREST.] On a wreath, a demi favage wreathed about the temples and waift with laurel.

SUPPORTERS. | Two lions, proper. Motto. ] Spe expecto.

### DRUMMOND, Vifcount STRATHALLAN.

JAMES Drummond, commendator of Inchaffery, fecond fon of David, fecond lord Drummond, ancestor of the earl of Perth, by Lillias his wife, daughter of William lord Ruthven, was created lord Maderty by king James VI. and marrying Jane, daughter of Sir James Chifholm of Cromlix, by her had John, his heir; Sir James Drummond of Machony, anceftor of the last viscount; and several daughters, whereof Lillias was married to Laurence lord Oliphant, and Katharine, to Andrew Iord Rollo.

John, the eldest fon, second lord, married Margaret, daughter of Patrick lord Lindores, and by her had David lord Maderty, his fucceffor; and general William Drummond. David, third lord, dying without iffue male, was fucceeded by

his brother,

William Drummond of Cromlix, who from his youth chufing a military life, was a lieutenant general in Muscovy; and upon his return home, was advanced for his merit to the like post in Scotland by king Charles I. In the time of the usurpation, being taken prisoner at the battle of Worcester, 1651, he made his escape; but seeing no farther hopes of serving his mafter, he went into the service of the king of Prussia, under whom he had some high commands. On the restoration of king Charles II. he was called home, and made major general of the forces, in which character he ferved the crown many years; and when king James VII. ascended the throne, he

X 3 was

#### 210 VISCOUNT STRATHALLAN.

was made general of all the forces in Scotland, a commissioner of the treasury, and created a viscount. He married Elizabeth, daughter of Sir Archibald Johnston of Wariston, and dying in 1688, left William, his heir; and a daughter, Elizabeth, married to Thomas Hay, earl of Kinnoul. He died in 1688, and

was fucceeded by his fon,

William, fecond vifcount, who marrying lady Elizabeth, daughter of John earl of Melfort, by her had a fon, James, third viscount, who dying a youth in 1711, the honour of viscount devolved on William Drummond of Machony, fon of Sir John, fon of Sir James, fon of Sir James, fecond fon of James, first lord Maderty, who became fourth viscount, and married Margaret, daughter of William lord Nairn; and bearing a part in the rebellion 1715, was taken prisoner at the battle of Dunblain, and committed to the castle of Edinburgh, but was discharged by the act of grace in 1717. He afterwards, with his eldest fon, James Drummond, joining in the rebellion. 1745, were both attainted by the act of parliament in 1746. The viscount, however, was flain in the battle of Culloden. His issue, by the said Elizabeth Nairn, were James, William, Robert, Henry; Margaret, Anne, Mary, and Æmilia.

James, the eldest, master of Strathallan, was, upon the death of his father, fifth viscount, but was attainted by the name of James Drummond, eldest son of William viscount Strathallan; and perhaps, on account of that misnomer, the attainder may hereafter be fet aside. He married Eupheme, daughter of Peter Gordon of Abergeldy, Efq; by whom he had

a fon, James, and a numerous iffue beside.

TITLES, The right honourable William Drummond, ba-

ron and vifcount Strathallan, and baron Maderty.

CREATIONS.] Baron Maderty, in 1607, by king James VI. and baron and viscount Strathallan, in the county of Perth, the

16th of August 1686, by king James VII.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th topaz, three closets wavey, ruby, for Drummond; 2d and 3d topaz, a lion's head erazed, within a double treffure counterflory with fleurs de lis, ruby, as a coat of augmentation.

CREST.] On a wreath, a falcon rifing, proper, his bells

topaz.

SUPPORTERS.] Two favages, each holding a batoon over his shoulder, proper, and wreathed about his temples and middle with laurel.

MOTTO. ] Lord have mercy.

CHIEF SEAT was. ] At Inchaffery and Machany, in the county of Perth.

#### GRAHAM, Viscount DUNDEE.

JOHN Graham of Claverhouse, a branch of the Montrose family, was created baron Graham and viscount Dundee, in the county of Forfar, by king James VII. after whose abdication he commanded a body of Highlanders, and other troops in that prince's interest, but was killed in the battle with general Mackay, at Killicranky, near Blair, on July 27, 1689. He married Jane, daughter of William, first earl of Dundonald, by whom he had a son, James, who died in his infancy; whereupon the honours devolved upon his brother,

David, fecond viscount, who being with his brother in the battle of Killicrankie, was outlawed and forfeited, in 1690. He died in 1700, in France, and but for the outlawry would have been succeeded by William Graham of Duntroon, son of his uncle, Walter, of Duntroon; whose posterity engaging in the rebellions of 1715 and 1745, when they were called vis-

counts Dundee, were attainted.

### GRAHAM, Viscount PRESTON.

CIR John Graham of Kilbride, fecond fon of Malife, earl of Strathern and Menteith, a branch of the illustrious house of Montrose, was the immediate ancestor of this noble family. John, his fecond fon, fettled, in the reign of James V. in the north of England, where he acquired a confiderable estate, and of him was lineally descended Sir Richard Graham of Netherby and Plump, in Cumberland, gentleman of the horse to king Charles I. to whom, in all his troubles, he was a faithful fervant, and by whom he was created a baronet, 29th March 1629. He married Katharine, daughter and coheir of Sir Thomas Mufgrave of Cumeath, in Cumberland, Efq; by whom he had two fons, Sir George and Sir Richard; and four daughters, 1. Katharine, who died unmarried; 2. Mary, married to Sir Edward Mufgrave of Hayton, in Cumberland, baronet of Nova Scotia; 3. Elizabeth, married to Sir Cuthbert Heron of Chipchafe, in Northumberland, Bart. 4. Susan, to Reginald Carnaby of Hulton, in the faine county, Eig; Sir Richard, the second son, was of Norton Conyers, in Yorkshire, and was created a baronet November 17, 1662, from whom descended Sir Reginald Graham, the present baronet.

Sir George, who succeeded his father, married lady Mary Johnston, daughter of James earl of Annandale, and had issue two sons, Sir Richard, and James, who was member to parliament for Appleby in 1702 and 1705, and in the five succeeding parliaments, for the county of Westmoreland. He was

X 4

fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Sir

Sir Richard Graham, who was one of the commissioners of excise, and one of the council to her majesty Catharine, queen dowager, and member of parliament for Windsor in 1685. He was created baron of Esk, and viscount Preston, in the county of Haddington, in Scotland, by king Charles II. on May 12, 1681. By James VII. after his abdication, he was created baron Esk, in Cumberland, but the patent was rejected here by the house of lords. He was advanced to be secretary of state in 1688, in the room of Robert Spencer, earl of Sunderland, In 1690, he, and his brother, James Graham, with John Ashton, William Pen the Quaker, Dr. Turner, bishop of Ely, and Henry Hyde, earl of Clarendon, were apprehended for a treafonable conspiracy to restore king James. Lord Preston and Mr. Ashton were tried and condemned; the latter was executed, but the former had his life granted. He married lady Ann, daughter of Charles earl of Carlifle, and had iffue a fon,

Charles, who married Miss Cox, fister of the countess of

Peterborough, and died in February 1738-9, leaving a fon,
William Graham, now a clergyman of the church of England.

TITLES.] Richard Graham, viscount Preston, lord Esk,

CREATIONS. 7 As before.

ARMS. ] Quarterly, 1st and 4th topaz, on a chief, diamond, three escallop shells of the field; 2d and 3d topaz, a fess, pearl and fapphire; on a chief, a chevron, ruby, for Stewart.

CREST.] On a wreath, pearl and fapphire, two wings

conjoined.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter an eagle, on the finister a lion, both ermine, and ducally crowned, topaz.

Morro. Reason contents me.

# SINCLAIR, Lord SINCLAIR.

THE descent of this ancient samily may be seen under the title Earl of Caithness. William, earl of Orkney and Caithness, marrying to his first wife, lady Margaret, daughter of Archibald, fourth earl of Douglas, by her had a fon and heir, William, from whom descended the lords Sinclair. William married lady Elizabeth Lefley, daughter of George earl of

Rothes, and by her had a fon,

Henry Sinclair of Dyfart, who was created lord Sinclair by king James IV. and he marrying lady Margaret Hepburn, daughter of Patrick earl of Bothwell, by her had William, his heir; and three daughters, Katharine, married to Sir David Wemyss of that ilk; Helen, to James lord Ogilvy; and Jane, to Alexander, mafter of Crawfurd. He was in 1513 flain at the battle of Floddon, in Northumberland, and was succeeded by his fon,

William,

William, fecond lord, who married lady Elizabeth Keith, daughter of William earl Marshal, and by her liad two sons, Henry and Magnus,

Henry, the eldeft, third lord, married Elizabeth, daughter of William, feventh lord Forbes, by whom he had a fon,

James, his heir apparent, who dying before him, left by Isabel his wife, daughter of Andrew Lesley, the fifth earl of Rothes, two fons,

James, fourth lord, who succeeded his grandfather; but dying without iffue, the honour descended to his brother,

Patrick, fifth lord, who married Margaret, daughter of Sir John Cockburn of Ormston, and had

John, fixth lord, who married lady Mary, daughter of John

earl of Wemyss, by whom he had

Katharine, his only daughter, who married Sir John Sinclair

of Hermanston, by whom she had a son,

Henry, seventh lord, who succeeded her in the honour, and married Grifel, daughter of Sir James Cockburn of that ilk, and had five fons and five daughters, viz. 1. John, the eldeft, master of Sinclair, was returned to parliament in 1708, for the burghs of Dysart, Kinghorn, &c. but was voted incapable of fitting, as being the eldeft fon of a peer. He married first, Margaret, countels dowager of Southesk, daughter of James, the fixth earl of Galloway. He married fecondly, in 1750, Amelia, daughter of lord George Murray, brother of the luke of Athol, and died the same year. He was attainted for his concern in the rebellion of 1715; 2. James was twice member of parliament for Sutherland, three times for the burghs of Dyfart, Kinghorn, &c. and at last representative for the shire of Fife. He was made a lieutenant general of his majesty's forces June 4, 1745, and was colonel of the first British regiment of foot, commonly called the Royal, of two battalions, in which his younger brother, 3. William, was major; but he is deceased. 4. Henry; 5. Matthew: 6. Grifel; 7. Catharine, wife of Sir John Erskine of Alva; 8. Mary, of Sir William Baird of Newbyth; 9. Elizabeth, third wife of David earl of Wemys;

John, the mafter, was afterwards pardoned, and returned home, to whom his brother, the general, reftored the estate for his life, which had been settled upon him by his father; and both of them dying without issue, and his other brothers having no children, the general settled the estate upon John Paterson, Esq. son of his eldest sister, Grisel, by John Paterson of Prestonhall, Esq. her husband, who accordingly succeeded the general therein in 1762, and is now the representative of the family.

TITLE.] The right honourable Henry Sinclair, lord Sinclair. CREATION.] Lord Sinclair in 1489, the first of James IV.

ARMS. ] Quarterly, 1st and 4th sapphire, a ship at anchor, her oars erect, in saltire, within a double treffure, with fleurs de lis counterflory, topaz, for Orkney; 2d and 3d sapphire, a ship under sail, topaz, for Caithness: over all, by way of furtout, an escutcheon, pearl, charged with a cross ingrailed, diamond, for Sinclair.

CREST.] On a wreath, a fwan, pearl, having a ducal collar

and chain, topaz.

SUPPORTERS. | Two griffins, proper, armed and beaked, topaz.

Morro. | Fight. CHIEF SEAT.] At Dylart, in Fifeshire.

#### FRASER, Lord LOVAT.

S IR Alexander Fraser, thane of Cowie, and lord cham-berlain of Scotland, marrying lady Mary Bruce, fifter of king Robert I. by her had five fons; from the fecond, Sir Simon, descended this family; and William, the third, was anceftor of the lords Salton. Sir Simon had a grant of the barony of Lovat, and many other possessions, by which he greatly increafed his wealth and repute. His fon, Hugh, had a fon, Hugh Fraser of Lovat, who marrying Janet, fifter and coheir of William Fenton of that ilk, had a son, Hugh, who succeeded him, and married lady Janet, daughter of Thomas earl of Murray, and by her had two fons and one daughter; Thomas; Alexander, ancestor of the Frasers of Farahrie; and Agnes, wife of Sir Kenneth M'Kensie of Kintail. He died about 1494, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Thomas, who in the reign of James IV. was created a baron, and made justice general in the north; and marrying first, Janet, daughter of Sir Alexander Gordon of Midmar, had two fons, Thomas, mafter of Lovat, who was flain at Floddon, in the life-time of his father; and Hugh. He married secondly, Jane, daughter of Andrew, third lord Gray, by whom he had a fon, James, and a daughter, Janet, wife of John Crichton of Ruthven. He died in 1530, and was fuc-

ceeded by his only furviving fon,

Hugh, second lord, who by his first wife, Anne, daughter of John Grant of Freuchie, had a fon, Hugh, master of Lovat, killed at Lochlochy in 1544, and by his fecond, Janet, daughter of Walter Ross of Balnagoun, had two sons and one daughter; Alexander, his heir; and William, ancestor of the Frasers of Invernesshire: Agnes, his daughter, was the wife of William Macleod of Dunvegan, and afterwards of Alexander Bayne of Tulloch. He was killed, with his eldeft fon, in 1544, and was fucceeded by his eldeft furviving fon,

Alexander.

Alexander, third lord, who by Jane, daughter of Sir John Campbell of Calder, had four fons, Hugh; Thomas, ancefor of the Frasers of Strichen; James; and ——: and a daughter, Anne, wife of John Fraser of Dalcross. He died in 1558, and was succeeded by his eldest fon,

Hugh, fourth lord, who married lady Elizabeth, daughter of John, fourth earl of Athol; and dying in 1576, left iffue

Simon, fifth lord, who marrying first, Margaret, daughter of Sir Colin Mackenzie of Kintail, ancestor of the earl of Seaforth, by her had a fon, Hugh; and by his second, who was Jane, daughter of James lord Down, he had two sons and one daughter; Sir Simon, ancestor of the Frasers of Inncolachy; and Sir James, of Brac. His daughter, Margaret, was the wife of Sir Robert Arbuthout of that ilk, and afterwards of Sir John Haldane of Gleneagles. He died in 1633, and was succeeded by

Hugh, fixth lord, who married Isabel, daughter of Sir John Wemyls of that ilk, and had two sons, Hugh and Thomas; and three daughters, Anne, wife of John earl of Sutherland; Mary, of David Ross of Balnagowan; and Catharine, of Ro-

bert viscount Arbuthnot.

Hugh, the eldeft fon, dying before his father, left by his wife lady Ann, daughter of Alexander, the first earl of Leven, a fon,

Hugh, feventh lord, who fucceeded his grandfather. He married Ann, daughter of Sir George Mackenzie of Tarbat, Bart, by whom he had Hugh, his heir; and three daughters, Ann, married to Patrick lord Kinnaird; Ifabel, to Alexander Macdonald of Glengary; and Margaret, to colonel Andrew Monro. He died in 1672, and was fucceeded by his eldeft fon,

Hugh, eighth lord, who marrying lady Amelia Murray, daughter of John marquis of Athol, had iffue four daughters, Amelia, wife of Alexander Mackenzie of Preffonhall; Anne, of Norman Macleod of that ilk, and afterwards of Peter Fotheringhame of Pourie; Catharine, of Sir William Murray of Auchtertyre; and Margaret. After a long contest between the eldest daughter, Amelia, and Simon Fraser of Beaufort, son of Thomas, son of Hugh, sixth lord Lovat, which was at last determined in fayour of the said

Simon, he thereupon became ninth lord, who married first, Janet, daughter of Ludovick Grant of that ilk, by whom he had two sons, Simon, master of Lovat; and Alexander, who was an officer in the army, and died in August 1762: and two daughters, Janet, married to Macpherson of Cluny, chief of the Macphersons, who was attainted for the rebellion in 1745; and Sibilla, who died unmarried. His second wise was—Primrose, daughter of John Campbell of Mammore, father of the present duke of Argyll, by whom he had one son, Archibald, a merchant in London.

In the rebellion 1715, this Simon lord Lovat did the king great fervice, in fecuring the important town of Inverness, so fuddenly, that Sir John Mackenzie, who kept it for the rebels, not expecting the Frasers to be his enemies, was forced to deliver it up: for as lord Lovat had always been in the other interest, his turning about on that critical occasion was a surprize to many. But though he seemed herein to desert his old friends, it was only to recommend himself to the king and court, that by a new acquisition of influence and power, he might thereafter labour more effectually to destroy the Protestant settlement in the royal family; for in the next rebellion he was deeply concerned, and employed all the interest of his own clan to render it successful. Having no command in the Pretender's army, he was not at the battle of Culloden; fo that he was not taken till June 1746, when he was fent up to London. In the March following, he was tried as a British peer before the House of Lords, in Westminster-hall, where the lord chancellor Hardwicke fat as lord high steward. After seven days trial, he was unanimously found guilty, received fentence of death, and on the 9th of April 1747, was beheaded on Tower-hill, in the 80th year of his age, by which the title and estate were forfeited to the crown.

Simon, his eldest son, master of Lovat, was attainted, with many others, in the parliament of 1746; but it appearing that he was over-ruled and compelled by his father, he fome time after obtained his majesty's free pardon; and in January 1757, was appointed lieutenant colonel of the fecond battalion of the two new Highland battalions fent to North America. In 1762, he was advanced to the rank of a colonel, and afterwards to that of brigadier general, in which capacity he bravely ferved under lord Loudoun in Portugal, as he had also done all along in the war in America; and in 1761, was elected member of

parliament for Invernesshire.

TITLE. The right honourable Simon Fraser, lord Lovat.

CREATION.] Lord Lovat, by king James IV.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th sapphire, three cinquefoils, pearl, for Fraser; 2d and 3d ruby, three Eastern crowns, pearl.

CREST.] On a wreath, a flag's head erazed, proper.

SUPPORTERS.] Two stags of the last. Motto.] Je suis prest.

CHIEF SEATS were. ] At Lovat and Beaufort, in the county of Inverness; and at Beauly, in the county of Ross.

#### ELPHINGSTON, Lord BALMERINO.

SIR James Elphingston, youngest son of Robert, the third lord Elphingston, studying the law, became so highly effected for his abilities, that king James VI. made him one of the senators of the college of justice, secretary of state, a commissioner of the treasury, lord president of session, and created him lord Balmerino. He married first, Clara, daughter of Sir John Menteith of Carse, by whom he had John, his heir; and by his second, who was Margaret, daughter of Hugh Maxwell of Tealing, he had a son, James, who was created lord Coupar: also two daughters, Ann, married to Andrew lord Fraser; and Mary, to John Hamilton of Blair. He died in 1612, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

John, second lord, who marrying Ann, daughter of Sir Thomas Ker of Ferniherst, and sister of Robert Ker, earl of

Somerfet, by her had a fon,

John, third lord, who dying in 1704, left by his wife lady Margaret, daughter of John, the first earl of Loudoun, a son,

John, fourth lord, who by queen Anne was made general of the mint, fheriff of the county of Edinburgh, and in the two last parliaments of her reign, was one of the fixteen peers for Scotland. He married first, lady Christian, daughter of Hugh earl of Eglington, by whom he had two fons, Hugh and James; and two daughters, Margaret, matried to Sir John Preston, Bart. and Jane, to Francis Stewart, eighth earl of Murray. Of the sons, James succeeded his father; and the eldest, Hugh, was killed at the siege of Lisle, in Flanders, in 1708. His second wise was Ann Ross, daughter of Arthur, archbishop of St. Andrews, by whom he had two sons, Arthur; and Alexander, who died unmarried; and dying in 1736, was succeeded by his eldest surviving son,

James, fifth lord, who was many years one of the fenators of the college of juffice. He married lady Betty Carnegy, fecond daughter of David earl of Northefk; but dying without iffue in January 1745-6, was fucceeded in the honour by his

half-brother,

Arthur, fixth lord, who was born in 1688, and chusing a military life, had a commission in a regiment of foot during the reign of queen Anne. In the rebellion 1715, dissiliking the service of king George, he resigned his captain's commission to the duke of Argyll, and immediately joined the earl of Mar; but that rebellion being suppressed, he had the good fortune to obtain a pardon, after which he went into the French service; and in the next rebellion, commanded a troop of horse at the battle of Culloden, in April 1746; where he was taken prisoner, and brought to the Tower of London, with the earls of Kilmarnock and Cromertie, in May following. They were

all tried in Westminster-hall, before the House of Lords, in July, and on the first of August, received sentence of death, from the lord high steward; on the 18th of which month, this lord, and the earl of Kilmarnock, were beheaded on Tower-hill. He married Margaret, daughter of captain Chalmers, by whom he lest no islue. His majesty, in regard to her differs, was pleased to give orders that she might receive a yearly pension of 501. for life.

TITLE. The right honourable Arthur Elphingston, lord;

Balmerino, in the county of Fife.

CREATION.] Lord Balmerino, 25 February 1603, by king James VI.

ARMS.] Pearl, on a chevron, diamond, between three boars

heads erazed, ruby, as many buckles of the first.

MOTTO.] Prudentia fraudis nescia.

CREST.] A dove, pearl, with a fnake, proper, linked about its legs.

Supporters.] Two griffins, proper, beaked and armed, or.

# BALFOUR, Lord BURLEIGH.

OF this family, which originally took its firname from the barony and caftle of Burleigh, in Fifefhire, was Michael de Balfour, in the faid county, who lived after 1420. He was fucceeded by his fon, Sir John, who had two fons, Michael, and James, anceftor of the Balfours of Denmiln, Kinnaird, Forret, &c. Michael, the eldeft, dying about 1490, left iffue another Michael, whofe fon, David, had a fon, Sir Michael, whofe only daughter, Margaret, fucceeded him in his estates, and married Sir James Balfour of Montwhannie, who was in great favour with, and a faithful fervant of queen Mary. They had iffue five fons and three daughters.

In Sir Michael, their heir, the two families became united; and the faid Sir Michael being in great favour with king James VI. was by him fent ambassador to the dukes of Tuscany and Lorrain, and created lord Balsour of Burleigh.

This lord, whose honour was granted to his heirs general, marrying Margaret, a daughter of the family of Lundin, of that ilk, by her had an only daughter and sole heires,

Margaret; which lady being married to Robert Arnot of Ferney, Eiq; he, by the marriage articles, changed his name to Balfour, and in her right became fecond lord Burleigh. In 1641, he was elected prefident of the parliament, and by the faild lady had John, his heir; and three daughters, Jane, married to David, the fecond earl of Wemyls; Margaret, to Sir James Crawford of Kilbirny; Ifabel, to Thomas lord Ruthven; and \_\_\_\_\_, to \_\_\_\_ Arnot of Ferney.

John,

LORD BURLEIGH.

John, who fucceeded his father as third lord, marrying Isabel, daughter of Sir William Balfour of Pitcullo, who in the reign of king Charles I. was lieutenant of the Tower of London, by her had three sons, Robert; John, of Ferney; and Henry, of Dunbog: and six daughters, Margaret, married to Andrew lord Rollo; Isabel, who died unmarried; Emilia, wife of Sir John Malcolm of Inneshil; Jane, of - Oliphant of Gask, and afterwards of Sir Robert Douglas of Kirkness; Susan, of Robert Douglas of Strathendry; and Anne, of captain Robert Sinclair. He died in 1688, and was succeeded by his eldest son,

Robert, fourth lord, who marrying lady Margaret, daughter of George earl of Melvil, by her had a fon, Robert, mafter of Burleigh; and two daughters, Margaret, and Mary, wife of Alexander Bruce of Kennet, in Clackmannan, and had iffue.

He died in 1713; and

Robert, his fon, being guilty of a cruel murder, was forced to abscond, and fly from his native country; after which, entering into the rebellion 1715, he was attainted, but by the interest and good management of his fisters, the estate was recovered. He died in 1757, without issue, and his sister, Margaret, represents the family; but if she dies without iffue, the representation will devolve upon Robert Bruce of Kennet, Esq. fon and heir of her fifter Mary, now one of the lords of fession.

TITLE.] The right honourable Robert Balfour, lord Bur-

leigh, in the county of Fife.

CREATION.] Lord Burleigh, 16 July 1607, by king James VI.

ARMS.] Pearl, on a chevron, diamond, an otter's head erazed, of the first.

CREST.] On a wreath, a rock, and thereon a lady, holding in her right hand the head of an otter, and in her left the head of a fwan.

Supporters.] On the dexter side, an otter sejant, proper; on the finister, a swan of the last.

Morro.] Omni folum forti patria.

CHIEF SEAT.] Castle of Burleigh, in Kinross-shire.

### FORBES, Lord PITSLIGO.

SIR John Forbes of that ilk, anceftor of this branch of the family of Forbes, marrying Elizabeth Kennedy, of the family of Dunure, by her had three fons, who were all knights. Sir William, the fecond fon, married Agnes, daughter and heir of Sir William Fraser of Philorth, ancestor of the lord Salton; and with her having the barony of Pitsligo, in Aberdeenshire, he quartered the arms of Fraser. Alexander, the heir of that marriage, had a fon, Sir Alexander, and he a fon, Sir John, whose fon, John, was succeeded by Alexander,

whose fons were, Sir William, Alexander, John, Arthur, and Hector. Sir William, the eldest, succeeded, and having no male issue, was succeeded by Alexander, his brother, and he by Sir John, his son, who married Christian, daughter of Sir Walter Ogilvie of Deskford, ancestor of the earl of Finlater, and had sour daughters, the eldest of which, Anne, married Alexander, tenth lord Forbes; and a son,

Alexander, who was created lord Forbes of Pitsligo; and married lady Jane Keith, daughter of William, the fixth earl

Marshal, and had

Alexander, second lord, who marrying lady Mary, daughter

of James earl of Buchan, had

Alexander, third lord; and he dying in 1691, left by lady Sophia his wife, daughter of John Erskine, ninth earl of Mar,

Alexander, fourth lord, who married Rebecca, daughter of John Norton, of London, merchant, by whom he had one son, John, master of Pitsligo. By a fecond wise, Elizabeth Allen, an English lady, he had no issue. In the last rebellion he unfortunately took up arms, with a view to overturn the Protestant fettlement of Great Britain. The cause came soon to a sinal issue at the battle of Culloden, in April 1746; from the destruction of which day he had the luck to escape in a ship from his own country, on the coast of Buchan; but was actainted, with many others, in May following, and his estate and honours forseited to the crown. He died very old, in December 1762. His eldest son, John, master of Pitsligo, married Rebecca Ogilvie, of the family of Auchincross, but has no issue.

TITLE.] The right honourable Alexander Forbes, lord

Pitfligo.

CREATION.] Baron Pitsligo, in the county of Aberdeen,

24 July 1633, by Charles I.

ARMS.] Quarterly, 1st and 4th sapphire, three bears heads couped, pearl, and muzzled, ruby, for Forbes; 2d and 3d sapphire, three cinquesoils, pearl, for Fraser.

CREST. ] On a wreath, a falcon, pearl.

Supporters.] Two bears, proper, muzzled, ruby. Motto.] Altius ibunt qui ad fumma nituntur. Chief Seat was.] At Pitfligo, in Aberdeenshire.

### SUTHERLAND, Lord DUFFUS.

ENNETH, fixth earl of Sutherland, who in 1333 loft his life at the battle of Halidounhill, leaving two fons, from Nicholas, the youngest, descended the lord Dusting which Nicholas, by his brother's grant in 1360, having obtained the lands of Terboll, had the same confirmed by king David II. and marrying Jane, daughter and heir of Reynald de Chevne.

Cheyne, lord of Duffus, by her had those lands and barony. Henry, his heir, was father of Alexander, who married the heiress of Chisholm, and by her had two sons and one daughter, viz. Alexander, and William, of Quarrelwood. The daughter, Isabel, was wife of Sir Alexander Dunbar of Westfield. Alexander, the eldeft, fucceeded, who having only one daughter, Christian, married to William Oliphant of Berindale, the barony of Duffus thereupon descended to William Sutherland of Quarrelwood, fon of William, fecond fon of Alexander, before mentioned; and he marrying Janet, daughter of Sir Alexander Innes of that ilk, by her had a fon, William, whose fon, William, of Duffus, was fucceeded by his fon, Alexander, who was created lord Duffus by king Charles II. December 8, 1650. He married to his third wife, lady Margaret, daughter of James earl of Murray, and had iffue James, his heir; and a daughter, Henrietta, married to George Livingston, earl of Linlithgow.

James, who fucceeded as fecond lord, marrying lady Margaret Mackenzie, daughter of Kenneth, third earl of Seaforth, had three fons, Kenneth, his heir; Sir James Sutherland, who, on marrying Mary, daughter and heir of Sir William Dunbar of Hemprigs, Bart. changed his name to Dunbar; and William Sutherland of Roscomen, who married Mary, daughter

of William lord Forbes.

Kenneth, who in 1705 succeeded his father as third lord, was advanced by queen Anne to the command of the Advice, a 50 gun ship of war, in which character he served in several expeditions with good conduct and bravery; but being engaged in the rebellion in 1715, he made his escape, and was attainted by act of parliament: after which he was taken at Hamburg, brought to London, and committed prisoner to the Tower in 1716; but the next year being released by the act of grace, he withdrew to Russia, and became a flag officer in the navy of that empire. He married Charlotte, daughter of Eric, governor of Gottenburgh, in Sweden, by whom he had a son, Eric; and two daughters, married in Sweden.

Eric, his fon, married Elizabeth, daughter of his uncle, Sir James Dunbar of Hemprigs, Bart. by whom he has two fons and three daughters; James, Axle; Elizabeth, Charlotte,

and Anne,

TITLES.] The right honourable Kenneth Sutherland, lord

CREATION.] Baron Duffus, in Elginshire, 8 Dec. 1650,

by king Charles II.

ARMs.] Quarterly, 1st ruby, three stars, topaz, for Sutherland; 2d sapphire, three cross crossets, fitchy, pearl, for Cheyne; 3d sapphire, a bear's head erazed, pearl, for Chisholm; 4th as the first.

#### LORD NAIR N.

CREST.] On a wreath, a cat sejant, proper. SUPPORTERS.] Two savages, proper, each wreathed about his head and middle with laurel, and armed with a batoon. Motto.] Without sear.

CHIEF SEATS were. ] Skelbo, in Caithness; and Elgin-

house, in Elgin.

### NAIRN, Lord NAIRN.

THE first of this name on record is Michael de Nairn, a witness to the grant which Robert duke of Albany made to Andrew de Hamilton, of the lands of Galyston; from whom descended Alexander Nairn, who in the reign of James II. was many years comptroller of the houshold. His fon, John, was father of Alexander, whose second fon, John, carried on the line of this family. He had a fon, John, whose fon, a third John, was succeeded by his fon, Thomas, and he by his fon, Robert, whose eldest fon, Robert, in the reigns of James VI. and Charles I. raifed a competent fortune by the practice of the law; and by Margaret, daughter of Patrick Græme of Inchbraco, had one daughter, Margaret. After the king's death, taking arms in defence of king Charles II. he was furprifed by a party of the English, and committed prisoner to the Tower of London, where he remained ten years; but living to fee his mafter restored, was, in reward of his merit, created lord Nairn in 1681. He died in 1683, and his daughter, Margaret, lady Nairn, was married to lord William Murray, brother of John, the first duke of Athol, who, in right of his wife, was lord Nairn; and by him had four sons and eight daughters, viz. John, master of Nairn; Robert, of Aldie, who married Jane Mercer, which name his fon took up; William, a captain in the Swedish East-India service, who died without isiue; James, an officer in the British army: Margaret, wife of William viscount Strathallan; Emilia, of Laurence Oliphant of Gask; Catharine, of William earl of Dunmore; Marjory, of Duncan Robertson of Drumaguhan, heir male of the family of Strowan; Charlotte, of John Robertfon of Lude; Mary; Louisa, wife of David Græme of Orchil; and Henrietta. This lord being a party in the rebellion 1715, against king George I. was taken at the battle of Preston, in Lancashire, and being tried, received sentence of death; but his majefty being moved by his natural clemency and great compassion for the widow and children of the said lord Nairn, not only included him in the act of grace 1717, but gave back the eftate. He died in 1725, and was succeeded by his eldeft fon,

John, third lord, who marrying lady Katharine, daughter of Charles Murray, earl of Dunmore, by her, who died at Verfailles, May 16, 1754, had iffue John, mafter of Nairn, an officer in the army; Charles, an officer in the Dutch service;

Thomas; Henry: and a daughter, Clementina.

Notwithstanding the aforesaid events of the year 1715, this lord engaged himself as a captain in the rebellion 1745, and his name was put in the general act of attainder; but he escaped to France, where, if living, he now refides.

TITLE. 1 The right honourable William Nairn, lord Nairn,

of Nairn, in Perthshire.

CREATION.] Lord Nairn, by king Charles II. 27 Janu-

ary 1680. ARMS. ] Quarterly, 1st and 4th party per pale, diamond and pearl, a chaplet charged with four cinquefoils, all counterchanged, for Nairn; 2d fapphire, three stars, pearl, within a double treffure counterflory with fleurs de lis, topaz, for Murray; and the 3d is counterquartered, 1st and 4th pally of fix, topaz and diamond, for Athol; 2d and 3d topaz, a fess cheque, pearl and fapphire, for Stewart earl of Athol.

CHIEF SEATS were. ] At Nairn and Strathurd, in Perthshire.

### KEITH, Earl MARISHAL.

\* \* By an overfight, this family is improperly placed; for, according to the date of creation, it should have been put the first of the attainted peers.

THE family of Keith is one of the most ancient and illustrious in Scotland. Robert, from whom they are derived, performed many glorious exploits against the Danes, in the reign of Malcolm II. and had for his reward the lands and barony of Keith, in East Lothian, from which his posterity assumed their firname. Malcolm also appointed him hereditary great marshal of Scotland, which high office has continued in his family ever fince. From him was lineally descended Hervicus de Keith, who flourished in the reign of David I. He was father of Malcolm, and he of Philip, whose fon, Hervey, had a fon, Sir John, and he a fon, Sir William, who died before the year 1296, and was succeeded by his eldest son, Sir Robert, who was one of the Magnates Scotice who figned the famous letter to the pope in 1320. He was killed at the battle of Duplin in 1332, and was succeeded by his fon, John, whose fon, Sir Robert, was fucceeded by his fon, Sir Edward, as he was by his eldest fon, Sir William, his heir, who was one of the commissioners on the part of Scotland, that in 1369 were appointed to treat with the English about a peace between the two realms, which they concluded. He married Margaret, daughter and heir of Sir John Fraser, with whom he had a very large estate in the county of Kincardin, and elsewhere; and

¥ 2

and by her had a fon, John, whose wise was daughter of king Robert II. but he dying before his father, by her left a fon, Sir Robert, who was heir apparent to his grandfather, who dying without male isfue, his estate and honour sell to Robert Keith, his uncle, a person in great favour with king James I. under whom he held several important offices; and marrying lady Elizabeth, daughter of David earl of Crawfurd, by her he had several sons and daughters, and was succeeded by Sir William, the eldest, who was highly esteemed by king James II. and was created lord Keith and earl Marishal. He married Margaret, daughter of James lord Hamilton, by whom he had, inter alia, a son,

William, fecond lord, who married Mariota, daughter of lord Erskine, and by her had two sons, William and

Robert.

William, the eldest, third earl, married lady Elizabeth, daughter of Alexander earl of Huntley, by whom he had four fons, Robert, William, Gilbert, and Alexander; and five daughters, lady Janet, married to William earl of Montrofe; lady Elizabeth, to William lord Sinclair; lady Jane, to John lord Glammis; lady Agnes, to Sir Archibald Douglas of Glenbervy; and lady Beatrix, to Alexander Frafer of Philorth. He died in 1530. Robert, lord Keith, his eldeft fon, dying in his father's life-time, left iffue by his wife lady Elizabeth, daughter of James earl of Morton, two fons and two daughters; the eldeft, William, fucceeded his grandfather as fourth earl Marishal, who married Margaret, daughter and coheir of Sir William Keith of Innerugie, and by her had two fons and feven daughters; William, lord Keith; Robert, afterwards lord Altree: lady Anne, wife of James earl of Murray, regent of Scotland, and afterwards of Colin earl of Argyle; lady Elizabeth, of Sir Alexander Irvine of Drum; lady Alifon, of Alexander lord Abernethy; lady Mary, of Sir John Campbell of Calder; lady Beatrix, of John Allardice of that ilk; lady Janet, of James Crichton of Fendraught; and lady Margaret, of Sir John Kennedy of Blairquhain. He died in 1581. William, his eldest son, dying before his father, left issue by lady Elizabeth, daughter of George earl of Errol, George, William, Robert, and John; Mary, wife of Sir Robert Arbuthnot of that ilk; Barbara, of Alexander Forbes of Pitfligo; and Margaret, of Sir William Keith of Ludquhairn. George, the eldeft fon, succeeded his grandfather, and was fifth earl Marishal, who was one of the privy council to king James VI. by whom he was fent ambaffador to the court of Denmark, where, at his own expence, he espoused the princess Ann, a daughter of that crown, in the name of his majesty; and in the year 1593, founded the Marishal college, in the city of New Aberdeen. In 1609, he was high commissioner to the parliament; parliament; and dying in 1623, left iffue by Margaret his first wife, daughter of Alexander lord Hume, William, his heir; and two daughters, lady Ann, married to William earl of Morton; and lady Margaret, to Sir Robert Arbuthnot of that ilk. And by his second wife, who was Margaret, daughter of James lord Ogilvy, ancestor of the earl of Airly, he had Sir James Keith of Benholm, whose daughter, Elizabeth, married Sir Archibald Primrose, ancestor of the viscount Primrose, and the earl of Roseberry; and John. He died in 1623, and was succeeded by his eldest son.

William, fixth earl, who was one of the privy council to king Charles I. and dying in 1635, left iffue by lady Margaret his wife, daughter of John Erfkine, earl of Mar, three fons and two daughters; lady Mary, married to John lord Kilpont, fon and heir of William earl of Menteith; and lady Jane, to Alexander Forbes, lord Pitfligo. The fons were, William, lord Keith; George; and Sir John, who was created earl of

Kintore.

William fucceeded his father as feventh earl. In the time of the civil war, he, at his own charge, levied a troop of horfe for the king's fervice; but after being taken prifoner, and fent to the Tower of London, he remained there ten years; and then being releafed, was made one of the privy council to king Charles II. and lord privy feal. He married lady Elizabeth, daughter of George earl of Winton, by whom he had four daughters, lady Mary, wife of Sir James Hope, anceftor of the earl of Hopetoun; lady Elizabeth, of Robert vifcount Arbuthnot; lady Jane, of George lord Banff; and lady Ifabel, of Sir Edward Turner, an English baronet. Dying in 1661, without male issue, he was succeeded by his brother,

George, eighth earl; and he dying in 1694, left by the lady

Mary Hay, daughter of George earl of Kinnoul,

William, ninth earl, who, in the reign of queen Anne, strenuously opposed the union of the two kingdoms, and before the conclusion thereof, entered a protestation in these words:

I DO hereby protest, that whatever is contained in any article of the treaty of union between Scotland and England, shall in no manner derogate from, or be prejudicial to me or my successfors, in our heretable office of great marshal of Scotland, or in the full and free possession of the whole rights, dignities, powers, and privileges thereto belonging, which my ancestors and I have exercised as rights of property these 700 years. And I do further protest, that the parliament and constitution of Scotland may remain and continue as formerly, and desire that this my protestation may be recorded in the books of parliament.

But in 1710, he was elected one of the fixteen Scotch peers, to ferve in the parliament of Great Britain; and dying in 1712,

left by lady Mary his wife, daughter of James earl of Perth, two fons, George and James; and two daughters, lady Mary, married to John earl of Wigton; and lady Ann, to Alexander

earl of Galloway: and of the fons,

George, the eldeft, fucceeded, and was tenth earl; and being a nobleman of a military genius, queen Anne gave him, while he was lord Keith, a troop of horfe, and afterwards made him a colonel in her majefty's guards; but after the acceffion of king George I. to the crown, his lordfhip was removed; and in 1715, joining in the rebellion with the earl of Mar, his eftate and honours were forfeited by an act of attainder, in 1716, with the earls of Mar, Southeft, Linlithgow, Panmure, and Seaforth. His lordfhip has been for many years in the fervice of the king of Pruffia, and is now governor of Neuffehattel, in Switzerland; and being the next of kin to John earl of Kintore, who died without iffue in December 1761, an act of parliament paffed to enable his lordfhip to inherit the eftate of Kintore, or any other eftate that might devolve to him.

James, the late renowned Pruffian field marshal, followed his brother's fortune; and after their disappointment in Scotland, engaged in the service of Peter the Great, emperor of Ruffia, who gave him the rank of brigadier general. He was afterwards raised to the rank of field marshal, and commanded the Ruffian army in the war which broke out between Ruffia and Sweden in 1740; after which war, he entered into the service of the king of Pruffia, and after many fignal services, was unfortunately killed, October 14, 1758, when the right wing of the Pruffian army, where he commanded, was surprised at Hockirchen by the Austrians, under marshal Daun, who, after the action, buried marshal Keith with great military honours; but the king of Pruffia had his corpse taken up, and sent bellin, where a superb monument is erected to his memory.

TITLES. ] Right honourable George Keith, earl Marishal,

lord Keith, &c. &c.

CREATION.] Earl Marishal, of Keith, in 1455, by James II.
ARMs.] Pearl, on a chief, ruby, three pallets, topaz.

CREST.] On a wreath, a stag's head crazed, proper, and attired with ten types, topaz.

SUPPORTERS.] Two stags proper, attired as the crest.

Morro. | Veritas vincit.

CHIEF SEATS were.] Dunotar castle, and Fateresso, in Kincardinshire; Inverugy and Newburgh, in Aberdeenshire.

# RADCLIFFE, Earl of NEWBURGH.

I HAVE purposely placed this family last, though, in order of creation, it should have preceded the earl of Kilmarnock, because I am not certain whether, from some legal impediment, the present possession of the title has been placed upon the roll of parliament.

From

From Robert, fecond fon of Sir John Livingston of Calendar, who lived in the reigns of king James I. and II. was lineally descended Sir John Livingston of Kinnaird, whose son and successor. Sir James Livingston of Kinnaird, being greatly in favour with king Charles I. that prince, on the 13th of Nowember 1647, raised him to the dignity of viscount Newburgh, (See Livingston, earl of Linlithgow, p. 273.) After the refloration, he was constituted captain of the guards, and further honoured with the titles of earl of Newburgh, viscount Kinnaird, lord Livingston of Flancraig, &c. by patent, to his heirs whatsoever, dated December 31, 1660. He married lady Catharine, daughter of Theophilus, earl of Suffolk, by whom he had issue a fon,

Charles, fecond earl, who fucceeded in 1670, and married Frances, daughter of Francis lord Brudenel, fon and heir apparent of Robert, and brother of George, earls of Cardigan, who after his decease, married secondly, Richard, third lord Bellew, of the kingdom of Ireland, and had issue. By her the

earl had only one daughter and fole heirefs,

Charlotte, countefs of Newburgh, who fucceeded to his honours and effates in 1694. She married firft, Thomas, fon and heir apparent of Hugh lord Clifford of Chudleigh, by whom fhe had iffue two daughters, ladies Frances and Anne. She married fecondly, the honourable Charles Radcliffe, fecond fon of Francis earl of Derwentwater, by whom fhe had iffue two fons and three daughters, all born in France, viz. James, James-Clement; ladies Charlotte, Barbara, and Mary.

Charles Radeliffe, her husband, being taken at sea, in a French ship, in the year 1745, was sent prisoner to the Tower to London, and upon a former sentence of death, for the rebellion in 1715, was beheaded upon Towerhill, Dec. 8, 1746.

His countefs dying in 1755,

James, his eldest son, took the title of earl of Newburgh, as third earl.

TITLE.] The right honourable James Radcliffe, earl and vifcount of Newburgh, and lord Kinnaird.

CREATIONS. ] As above recited.

ARMS.] Pearl, on a bend, between three juliflowers, ruby, an anchor of the first, all within a double tressure, flowered and counterflowered, emerald.

CREST.] A moor's head couped, proper, bended, ruby and

pearl, with pendlets, pearl, at his ears.

SUPPORTERS.] On the dexter, a favage, proper, wreathed about the head and middle, emerald; and on the finisher, an horse, pearl, furnished, ruby.

Motto.] Si je puis.

CHIEF SEAT.] When the family refided in Scotland, was at Kinnaird.

# EXTINCT PEERS OF SCOTLAND,

In Alphabetical Order.

ABercrombie, Sandilands, lord, fo created December 12,

1647, and his fon died without iffue.

Abernethy, Abernethy, lord, fo created by Alexander III. His fon, Alexander, having no heir male, the title became extinct about 1312. See Lord Salton.

Albany, Stewart, duke of, fo created in 1399 by Robert III. His fon, Murdoch, was executed, and forfeited for treason,

Albany, Stewart, duke of, so created in 1452, and died

without iffue in 1536.

Albany, Henry lord Darnley, duke of, husband of queen Mary, and fince his death, the title has been enjoyed by the royal families of Scotland and England.

Altree, Keith, lord, fo created in 1587 by James IV. He

died without iffue, in 1612.

Ancrum, Robert Ker, earl of, so created in 1633 by Charles I. Upon the death of his fon, Charles, the title devolved upon the

family of Lothian.

Angus, Gilchrift, earl of, so created about 1220, and the title, after five descents, was carried to the Umfravilles by Matilda, only daughter and heir of Malcolm, the fifth earl. That family enjoyed the title for feven descents, and became extinct in 1437.

Angus, Stewart, earl of, fo created in 1330 by king David Bruce. The title merged in 1377, in the family of the Douglas's, and on the death of the late duke, came to the duke of

Hamilton.

Annandale, Murray, earl of, fo created in 1624 by James VI.

His fon, James, died without issue in 1658.

Athol, Malcolm, earl of, fo created by David I. His fon, Henry, dying without iffue male, the title was conferred by Alexander II. on Alanus de Londinus in 1223; and he dying without iffue, it was conferred, in the fame year, on Thomas of Galloway, whose son, Patrick, dying without iffue, Sir David Hastings had the title bestowed upon him, which went with his daughter and heir to John de Strabolgie. It became extinet in that family, for want of heirs male, in 1375, and king Robert Bruce conferred it upon his nephew, Sir John Campbell of Moulin, but he died without iffue. It was then conferred on William Douglas, lord of Liddesdale, in 1341, by David II. (see earl of Morton) but he having no male issue, Robert II. bestowed the title upon lord Walter Stewart, his second son, who was forfeited and executed for being concerned in the mur-

der of James I. James II. then conferred it upon his uterine brother, Sir John Stewart of Balveny, in 1457. The title returned to the crown, for want of iffue male, in 1625.

Badenoch, Cumming, lord of, became extinct in 1306.

Bargeny, Hamilton, lord, fo created in 1639 by Charles I.
became extinct, for want of heirs male, in the person of James,

fourth lord.

Belhaven, Douglas, viscount, so created by Charles I. in 1633, but died without issue male.

Bewlie, Hay, lord, so created by James VI. in 1609. For

want of issue male, the title expired in 1660.

Bothwell, Moray, lord of. The title became extinct in 1366.
Bothwell, Ramfay, lord, fo created in 1486 by James III.

and forfeited at the beginning of the reign of James IV.

Bothwell, Hepburn, earl of, created in 1488 by James IV. forfeited by James V. (earl and duke of Orkney, second hufband of queen Mary, in 1567.)

Bothwell, Stewart, earl of, created by James VI. between

1584 and 1587. Extinct in 1624.

Brechin, Brechin, lord, created by David I. David, fourth lord, was executed for high treason in 1321, whereupon the title went with his fifter to Sir David Barclay of Cairns, but was forfeited by his great great grandson, Robert, third lord, a party in the murder of James I.

Bruntisland, Wemyss, lord. See Earl of Wemyss.

Buchan, Cummin, earl of, became possession of that title by marriage with the daughter and heir of Fergus, earl of Buchan, in the reign of Alexander II. It was forfeited by John, fourth earl, about 1329, whose son died without issue. Robert II. afterwards bestowed it upon Alexander Stewart, his fourth son, in 1374, but he had no male issue; and James III. created Sir James Stewart, second son of the black knight of Lorn, earl of Buchan. It went by the grand-daughter and heir of earl John, in 1551, to Robert Douglas, second son of Sir Robert of Lochleven, and by his grand-daughter, Mary, to James Erskine, eldest son, by the second venter of John earl of Mar, in 1625; upon whose decease, according to the entail, it devolved upon David Erskine, lord Cardross, ancestor of the present earl.

Caithnefs, earl of. One Macwilliam held this title in 1129. In 1222, Magnus, fon of Gilibred earl of Angus, had it, who was forfeited. In 1450, George Crichton was fo created, who

died five years after, without issue.

Carlyle, Carlyle, lord, created in 1471 by James III. Michael, fourth lord, leaving no furviving iffee male, it 1580 the title expired. But the faid Michae's daughter having a daughter, Elizabeth, who married Sir James Dou-

glas of Parkhead, the title, after a long dispute, was adjudged to their son, Sir James; but his son William, lord Carlyle of

Torthorald, died without iffue.

Carrick, earl of. King William the Lion conferred this title, about 1180, upon Duncan, fon of Gilbert, lord of Galloway. By his grand-daughter, Margaret, in 1256, it went to her hufband, Adam Kilconath, who died without iffue. His countefs married, fecondly, Robert de Bruce, lord of Annandale, who thereby became earl of Carrick; and the title came to the crown by the death of earl Thomas, in 1344. It was only enjoyed by the royal family from thence to 1633, when it was conferred by Charles I. on John Stewart, lord Kincleven, and is now claimed in right of his grand-aunt, Margaret Heath, great grand-daughter of the faid John, earl of Carrick, by lord Willouethy de Broke.

Colville of Ochiltree, Colville, lord, created by K. Charles II.

in 1651. Robert, third lord, died without issue.

Coupar, Elphingston, lord, created in 1607 by James VI. but died without male issue in 1660. (See Balmerino.)

Cramond, Richardson, lord. Created in 1628 by Charles I. and expired in Elizabeth Beaumont, wife of Sir Thomas Richardson, who was the patentee.

Crawfurd, Crawfurd, lord, became extinct in 1248. (See

earl of Crawfurd.)

Crichton, Crichton, lord, and viscount Frendraught. Created in 1445. Extinct in 1483.

Denniston, Denniston, lord. Created in 1375, became extinct in 1394.

Dingwall, Keith, lord. Created in 1584 by James IV. but extinct, for want of iffue male in the patentice, about 1589.

Dingwall, Preston, lord. Created in 1607 by James VI. Became extinct in the person of James, late duke of Ormond, grandson of the heires.

Dirleton, Maxwell, earl of. Created in 1646 by Charles I.

but died without iffue male.

Douglas, Douglas, duke of. Created by queen Anne in 1703. Extinct on the death of the late duke Archibald, in 1761; but his titles of marquis of Douglas and earl of Angus devolved on the duke of Hamilton. Which fee.

Dunbar, Home, earl of. Created in 1605; became extinct,

for want of iffue male, about 1689.

Dunbar, Constable, viscount. Created in 1620 by James VI. Became extinct by the decease of William, fourth viscount, without issue. The representation of the family, however, is now in the Constables of Burton-constable, descended from Cecily, listed of the last viscount.

Dunbarton,

Dunbarton, Douglas, earl of. Created in 1675 by Charles II.

His fon, George, fecond earl, died without iffue.

Dundee, Scrymgeour, earl of. Created viscount Dudhope in 1641, and earl of Dundee in 1661. John, the third viscount and first earl, died without issue in 1688.

Dunfermline, Seton, earl of. Created in 1605 by James VI.

Became extinct, for want of iffue, in 1694.

Dunkeld, Galloway, lord. Created in 1645 by Charles I. The title was forfeited after the battle of Killicrankie, but the family still subsists.

Elgin, Bruce, earl of. See Kincardin, earl of.

Eythen, King, lord. Created in 1642 by Charles I. The honour has never been claimed fince the death of the patentee.

Forfar, Douglas, earl of. Created in 1651 by Charles II. The second earl was killed at the battle of Sheriff-muit in 1715, and left no iffue.

Forrester, Forrester, lord. Created in 1633 by Charles I.

William, the seventh lord, died without issue, in 1748.

Forth, Ruthven, earl of. Created in 1642 by Charles I. and earl of Brentford, in England, in 1645. He died in 1651, leaving only a daughter, who died without iffue, by her hufband, James, lord Forrefter.

Fraser, Fraser, lord. Created in 1633 by Charles I. Charles,

fourth lord, died without iffue. See Lovat.

Fyfe, Macduff, earl of. Created in 1057 by Malcolm Canmore. Ifabel, only daughter of Duncan, thirteenth earl, (who died in 1353) married Sir William Ramfay, who became earl in her right, but by him, and a fecond and third hufband, lett no iffue.

Galleway, lords of. The hereditary fovereign lords of Galloway governed that country from 1165 to 1234. Their names being Fergus, Uchtred, Gilbert, Roland and Alan; Alan left a daughter, Dervegild, who was wife of John Baliol, king of Scotland, by whom she is faid to have had a daughter, wife of John Cummin, lord of Badenoch, whose only daughter was wife of Archibald, tenth lord Douglas, ancestor of the late duke.

Glasford, Abercrombie, lord. Created in 1685 by James VII.

See Lord Semple.

Gowrie, Ruthven, earl of. Created in 1581 by James V. John, third earl, was flain in the attempt upon the person of James VI. at Petth, in 1600, with his brother Alexander, and the honour forfeited.

Haddington, Ramfay, viscount. Created in 1606, the pa-

tentee being Sir John Ramfay, who killed the earl of Gowrie in the above attempt. He died without iffue in 1625.

Halyburton, Halyburton, lord. Created in 1440, or 1441, by James II. Patrick, fixth and last lord, died without issue male in 1506. Halyburton of Pitcur has a claim to the title, which he has not yet made.

Harries, Harries, lord. Created in 1493. John, the feventh lord, fucceeding to the honours of earl of Nithifdale, &c. the title of Herries merged in that family.

Holyroodhouse, Bothwell, lord. Created in 1607 by James VI. John, the fecond-lord, died unmarried.

'Fedburgh, Ker, lord. Created in 1622 by James VI. Upon the death of Robert, third lord, the title merged in the family of Lothian.

Irvine, Campbell, earl of. Created in 1642 by Charles I.

but the patentee died without iffue.

Iflay, Campbell, earl of. See Duke of Argyle.

Kingston, Seton, viscount. Created in 1650 by Charles II. James, the third viscount, died in 1726, without iffue.

Lennox, earls of. The first who bore this ancient title was Mac Arkill, fo created by king Malcolm IV. Donald, fixth earl, lineally descended from him, left an only daughter, Margaret, who married Walter, of Faslane. Her eldest son by him, Sir Duncan, was created earl of Lennox by Robert II. He was beheaded in 1425, for high crimes and misdemeanours; and leaving three daughters, Ifabel, the eldeft, conveyed the title, by marriage, and indenture of her father, to Murdoch, duke of Albany. After the death of her husband, she continued countefs of Lennox till her death, in 1452, when Elizabeth, her next fifter, who married Sir John Stewart of Darnley, her eldeft fon, Sir Alan, of Darnley, having a fon, John, he was ancestor of the dukes and earls of Lennox, of the name of Stewart.

Lennox, Stewart, duke of. Succeeded as earl of Lennox about 1468; duke in 1581: and Charles, the fixth duke, dying without iffue in 1672, the honours and estates of the family devolved on king Charles II. who gave the life-rent to his widow, and thereafter created his natural fon, Charles,

duke of Lennox, &c. See Duke of Lennox.

Lorn and Innermeath, Stewart, lord. Created about 1404.

See Duke of Athol.

Lyle, Lyle, lord. Created in 1446 by James II. James, master of Lyle, only son of John, fourth lord, died without isTue.

Maderty, Drummond, lord. Created in 1607 by James VI. See Viscount Strathallun.

March, Dunbar, earl of. Created about 1128. The title was forfeited about 1434. March, Stewart, earl of. Created by James VI. but the

patentee died without iffue in 1586. Menteth, Menteth, earl of. Created about 1248. Mary, daughter of earl Alan, married Robert duke of Albany, upon

the death of whose son, the title expired.

Menteth, Graham, earl of. Created, or rather exchanged for the earldom of Strathern, in 1428. William, eighth earl, died without issue in 1694. His estate went to the family of Montrofe.

Methven, Stewart, lord. Created in 1528. Henry, third

lord, died without issue, about 1570.

Moneypenny, Moneypenny, lord. Created in 1450 by James II.

Alexander, third lord, died without iffue in 1495.

Murray, Randolph, earl of. Created about 1313 by Robert II. John, third earl, was killed at the battle of Durham in 1346, leaving no iffue.

Murray, Dunbar, earl of. Created in 1372. James, fifth

earl, forfeited in 1455.

Newburgh, Barret, Iord. Created in 1627 by Charles I.

but the patentee died without male iffue.

Newhaven, Chevne, viscount. Created in 1681 by Charles II. His fon, William, fecond viscount, died without male issue, leaving an only daughter, wife of Sir Henry Monson, of Lincolnshire, Bart.

Ochiltree, Stewart, Iord. Created, or rather exchanged for the lordship of Evandale, and confirmed by act of parliament in 1543. Andrew, the fourth lord, fold it to his coufin, Sir James Stewart of Killeth, and was created lord Castle-Stewart, of the kingdom of Ireland, in 1619; and that title became extinct by his grandson's dying without iffue. William, grandfon of the above Sir James of Killeth, fecond lord Ochiltree, died unmarried in 1675, by which the title expired.

Orkney, Sinclair, earl of. Created in 1379 by Haco, king of Norway, and confirmed the same year by Robert II. Surrendered by William, the third earl, in favour of king James III. and annexed to the crown. See Earl of Caithness, and Lord

Sinclair.

Orkney, Hepburn, duke of. Created in 1567 by queen Mary, who married him. He died without issue, in exile, in 1577. See Bothwell, before.

Orkney, Stewart, earl of. Created in 1581 by James VI.

The title returned to the crown in 1614.

Oxenford,

Oxenford, Macgill, viscount. Created in 1651 by Charles II. Robert, the third vifcount, died without iffue. Arthur Macgill of Kemback is now the representative of the family,

Panmure, Valonüs, lord of. Created about 1066. See Earl of Panmure.

Pittenweem, Stewart, lord. Created in 1609 by James VI. but the patentee died without male iffue.

Primrofe, Primrofe, vifcount. See Rofeberry, Earl of.

Ross, Ross, earl of. Created by Malcolm IV. Eupheme, countess of Ross, died without issue.

Ross, Ross, lord. Created in 1489 by James IV. George,

the twelfth lord, died without iffue male.

Rothfay, duke of. David, prince of Scotland, eldeft fon of king Robert III. was created duke of Rothfay, earl of Carrick, &c. in 1398. Since his death in 1401, the eldest sons of the kings of Scotland are born dukes of Rothfay, earls of Carrick, lords of Renfrew, &c.

Ruglen, Hamilton, earl of. See Earl of March.

Salton, Abernethy, lord. Created in 1445 by James II. See Lord Salton.

Spynie, Lindfay, lord. Created in 1698 by James VII. George, the fourth lord, died without iffue about 1676.

St. Colme, Stewart, lord. Created in 1511 by James VI.

His fon and fuccessor died without issue.

Stair, Dalrymple, earl of. See Earl of Dumfries and Stair. Strathern, earl of. Created in 1068 by Malcolm Canmore. Malife, seventh earl, died without issue.

Strathern, Stewart, earl of. Created in 1358. Malife, third

earl, had that of Menteith in lieu of it, temp. Jac. I.

Tarras, Scot, earl of. Created in 1660 by Charles II. for life only.

Teviot, Rutherford, earl of. Created in 1661 by Charles II.

The patentee was killed, leaving no issue, in 1664.

Teviot, Spencer, viscount. Created in 1686 by James VII. but died without iffue.

Teviot, Livingston, viscount. Created in 1698 by Wil-

liam III. but died without iffue in 1711.

Yester, Giffard, lord. Created by William the Lion. Hugh, fixth lord, died without iffue.

## ADDITIONS and CORRECTIONS.

Since the foregoing Sheets were worked off at Press.

P. 13. Lord Campbell Scott, only furviving brother of the

duke of Buccleugh, died in August 1766.

P. 34. The marquis of Lorn, eldeft fon and heir apparent of the duke of Argyll, was, on Dec. 20, created a peer of Great Britain, by the title of baron Sundridge, of Coombank, in Kent, to him and his heirs male; which failing, to his brothers, lords Frederick and William, and their heirs male, fucceffively.

P. 39, line 22, for James, read John.

P. 53. William lord Newbottle has issue a fon, William,

master of Newbottle.

P. 65. The earl of Errol's first lady dying in 1764. he married secondly, Miss Carr, daughter of William Carr of Etal, in Northumberland, Esq; by whom he has one daughter, lady Charlotte.

P. 70, line 6. For had iffue a fon, read, a daughter, lady Katherine, who, &c. Line 10. For infant fon, read, eldest daughter. Line 19, read, Their remains were carried to Scotland,

and interred in the Abbey Church, at Edinburgh.

P. 95, line 26. The viscount M Duff succeeded as earl of Fife in 1763. Alexander, ninth earl of Caithness, died in 1766. His successor we do not yet know.

P. 105. It feems it has been determined by the house of lords, that Dr. Fleming has no right to the title of earl of

Wigton.

P. 109. The earl of Strathmore married, Feb. 14, 1767, Miss Bowes, only daughter and heir of the late George Bowes of Gibfide, in the county palatine of Durham, Efq; a lady of an immense fortune.

P. 114. Duddingston, one of the earl of Abercorn's seats, is

in Mid-Lothian.

P. 115. Lady Anne, second daughter of the earl of Kelly, is the wife of Sir Robert Anstruther, Bart.

P. 120, line 6, from the bottom; read, and Keith, captain

in the royal navy.

P. 124. The counters of Lauderdale was delivered of a fifth fon, in August 1765. Line 22, for Edinburgh or Mid-read, West-

P. 132. The earl of Dumfries and Stair married fecondly, Anne, daughter of William Duff of Crombie, Efq; therefore

dele, His loroship is now a widower.

P. 137. The countess of Elgin and Kincardin, in June 1766, was delivered of a son, —, lord Bruce.

P. 137

P. 137 et feq. for Dalhotfie, read Dalhousie.

P. 141. Charles, fifth earl of Traquair, dying in 1764, without iffue, was fucceeded by his brother, John, now fixth earl of Traquair.

P. 144, line 26. After John Ogilvie, Efq; add, who died in 1764. Line 31, after issue, read, His lordship dying in 1765, was succeeded by his only son, James, now fixth earl of Finlater, &c.

P. 151, line 19. For Hamilton, read Douglas.

P. 152, line ult. Read, Lady Elizabeth, married in 1766 to the Hon. James Hope, fecond fon of the earl of Hopetoun, and lady Margaret.

P. 158, line 4. For Paisley, read, Culross; and for Renfrewshire, read Fifeshire; and dele Kilmarnock in Lenos.

P. 160, line 18. After Carolina, read, who died in 1766. P. 163, The earl of Dunmore has likewife a fon, George, lord Fincastle. Line 2 from the bottom, for William, read John.

P. 164, lines 23 and 24, read, At Dunmore Park, in the

county of Stirling.

P. 166. The earl of March has also a seat at Barnton, in the county of Mid-Lothian.

P. 170, line 1. After Margaret, read, married to - Stuart, lieutenant colonel in the army. She died in 1765, without iffue.

P. 175, line 30. Read, Lady Mary, who died young; and lady Dorothea, married to Adam Inglis, Efq; eldest son of Sir John Inglis of Cramond, Bart. Line 31, dele who died young: The present earl of Roseberry, in 1764, married Miss ----, only daughter and heir of Sir \_\_\_\_\_, Bart.

P. 177, line 22. For David, read John.

P. 181, line 6, from the bottom. After James, read, who married lady Betty Carnegie. fifter of the earl of Northelk.

P. 182, line 2. After Sophia, read, His lordship married fecondly, Jane, daughter of Robert Oliphant of Rossie, Esq. by whom he has one fon and two daughters. Line 3, dele police and of.

P. 187, line 7, from the bottom. After Bunace, read, (who

died at Vienna in March 1766.)

P. 190. The viscountes Irvine was delivered of a daughter

in May 1765, and of another in June 1766.

P. 199, line 31. Dele and. Line 32, read, and John. Line ib. after Jane, read, who married Francis lord Down, fon and heir of the earl of Moray.

P. 202, line 3. After Airshire, read, and Sauchie, in Stir-

lingshire.

P. 203, line 25. After infancy, read, and his lordship dying in 1766, was succeeded by his eldest son, James, now fourth lord Somerville.

P. 209,

P. 209, line 32. After Quebec, read, who married Miss Anne Ruthven, eldest daughter of lord Ruthven, by whom he has iffue.

P. 210, line 2. For Elphinstone castle, read, Cumbernauld. P. 214. Walter, lord Torphichen, died in 1765, and was fucceeded by his eldest son, James, now ninth lord. P. 223, line 15. For Edinbellie, in Stirlingshire, read,

Merchiston, in Mid-Lothian. P. 228, line 25. For he left no iffue, read, he had iffue Donald, mafter of Reay. Line 28, after succeeded by, read, his fon Donald, &c. and dele what follows lord; and add to that word, His lordship is married, and had a son and heir born in May 1766.

P. 231. Walter, the present lord Aston, married in 1767,

Miss Anne Hutchinson.

P. 234. Lord Banff has four daughters, but the name of the youngest is not known to us. His third son, Archibald, is deceased.

P. 234. The dowager lady Halkerton married again in 1765, to the honourable Anthony Brown, fon and heir of the vifcount Montague.

P. 239. John, fourth lord Belhaven, died in 1763, and was fucceeded by his brother James, fifth lord Belhaven.

P. 244, lines 9 and 10. For who also died young, read, wife

of captain Caulfield.

P. 247, line 10 from the bottom. For David, read Alexander. P. 284, line 30. After Mary, read, who is wife of Harry Howard, Efq;

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